# I-Cube 3D Engine User Manual

v1.1

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#### **Overview**

I-Cube 3D Engine (**IcEng**) is an open source, light weight OpenGL/C++ 3D graphics Engine. It's designed with simple structure and interface to fit small cross platform 3D application. It can also serve as OpenGL example, or foundation code base that you can develop your own 3D engine upon.

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For more information check website <a href="http://www.simviu.com/dev.">http://www.simviu.com/dev.</a>

#### Features:

- OpenGL 2.0, with C++ 0x11 code and shader.
- Cross Platform (Mac/Windows/Linux/iOS/Android), project file provided.
- Auto memory and resource management with C++ 0x11 std::shared ptr.
- Model loading with Waveform .OBJ file. ( More format in future )
- Basic lighting, material.
- Abstract C++ wrapper class with OpenGL function hidden.

### **Architecture**

The IcEng applications are wrapped in IcApp/IcWindow/IcScene structure.

- There is only one **IcApp** instance(singleton).
- An IcApp application can contain several **IcWindow**.
- Each window has it's own OpenGL context.
- Each window one or more Quick Start.
- Each IcScene contain one IcCamera, and many IcObject.
- An **IcObject** has it's **IcModel**, loaded from **OBJ** file or created dynamically.
- IcModel are constructed by IcMesh, IcTexture and IcMaterial.

In most case your simple 3d application has one **IcWindow** and one **IcScene**. For iOS/Android mobile App. There should only be one window.

#### **Quick Start**

#### Step1: Create Scene

The I-Cube 3D Application start with overriding **IcScene** class, and override virtual function **onInit()** to initialize a 3D scene, and override virtual function **onUpdate(double deltaT)** for animation.

```
#include "MyTestApp.h"
using namespace Ic3d;
using namespace ctl;
using namespace std;
//-----
// MyTestScn
//-----
class MyTestScn : public IcScene
protected:
   Sp<IcObject> m pObj = nullptr;
   float m degree = 0; // rotation degree
public:
   //-----
   // onInit
   //----
   void onInit() override
   {
       IcScene::onInit();
      logInfo("MyTestScn::onInit()");
      IcMeshData mshd:
      mshd.createCube(TVec3(1,1,1), TVec3(0,0,0));
       auto pModel = makeSp<IcModel>(mshd);
       auto p0bj = makeSp<IcObject>(pModel);
       addObj(pObj);
       auto& cam = *getCamera();
       cam.setPos(TVec3(10, 4, -6));
       cam.lookAt(TVec3(0,0,0), TVec3(0,1,0));
      m p0bi = p0bi;
   };
   //----
   // onUpdate
   //----
   void onUpdate(double deltaT) override
   {
       static float K rotSpeed = 30.0;
       float dt = deltaT > 1.0 ? 1.0 : deltaT;
       if(m p0bj==nullptr) return;
```

```
m_degree += K_rotSpeed*dt;
if(m_degree>360) m_degree -= 360;
TQuat q(TVec3(0, deg2rad(m_degree), 0));
m_p0bj->setQuat(q);
}
};
```

The above code initialize a 3D scene, create **IcModel** of cube, then create **IcObject** with this model and add to scene.

The template function ctl::makeSp<class> , ctl::Sp<class> is aliase to make\_shared and shared\_ptr, provided by C++ 0x11. The memory of shared pointers are automatically managed, meaning it's not required to be deleted manually. When all the reference of one pointer is out of scope, it will be automatically deleted. So there is no new/delete pair in Ic3d code. This is very convenient for 3D application, as lots of resource sharing happen.

The aliases of **makeSp/Sp** is for in case you want replace it by other memory management library such as **BOOST**. It's defined in **ctl.h**, where you can easily modify. If you replace them with standard **new/delete**, you need to handle deletion manually to avoid memory leak.

#### Step2: Create Scene

Once the 3D scenery are established, this scene can be put into a **IcWindow** and **IcApp** easily.

```
// MyTestWindow
//----
class MyTestWindow : public IcWindow
{
public:
   virtual void onInit() override
   {
       IcWindow::onInit();
       logInfo("MyTestWindow::onInit()");
       addScene(makeSp<MyTestScn>());
   }
};
// MyTestApp
//----
void MyTestApp::onInit()
   IcApp::onInit();
   logInfo("MyTestApp::onInit()");
   addWindow(makeSp<MyTestWindow>());
};
```

**Note**: For cross platform consistence, put none OpenGL initialization code in overrided **IcApp::onInit()**. The overrided **IcWindow::onInit()** is the place where OpenGL context are ready.

#### Step3: Launch App

Once your App is established, the last thing is launch our app. It vary on deferent on platforms. The purpose of **IcApp/IcWindow/IcScene** structure is to wrap all your functions and logic inside **IcApp**, maintain consistence cross platforms.

### A) Launch App on **PC**(Mac/Linux/Windows)

the default Ic3d window system is **GLUT**. So **GLUT** command line options are supported here. You can replace with other window system with your choice, such as **GLFW** or **WGL** (MS Windows). As long as it provide OpenGL 2.0 context. To do that you need to override default **IcWinMng** class, and set it's singleton instance.

```
#include "MyTestApp.h"
//-----
// main
//-----
int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
    MyTestApp app;
    return app.runCmdLine(argc, argv);
}
```

## B) Launch App on iOS

First in your view controller instantiate your App.

```
#import "ViewController.h"
#import "IcViewController.h"
#import "MyTestApp.h"
@interface ViewController ()
{
     MyTestApp m_myApp;
}
@end
```

Then some where in your view controller launch **IcViewController** and call **initIcApp()** with your app. The following code showed example of launch **IcViewController** by press a button.

#### c) Launch App on Android

On android, JAVA code communicate with C++ code indirectly via JNI interface. In your JNI code, init app as showed below.

The code above is standard JNI function can called from JAVA class. .... more detail coming soon...

### **Project Setup**

### Directory structure:

• IcEng: Root of I-Cube 3d Engine

o inc : include header path

o src : Engine source code

o doc: documents

o demo: IcEng Demo src

o proj : Project file for each platform

o IcEngBuild: Binary build of Engine, for each platform

o IcShader : default Shader

We provide project file for each platform.

• Mac : Xcode project

• iOS : Xcode project

• Linux : Use CMake. Steps:

o cd./IcEng/proj/linux/

o mkdir build

- o cd build/
- o cmake ..
- o make
- Android: use Android studio to open project
- windows : Visual C++ project

## .... more detail coming soon...

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## Contact

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