Formalization, Mechanization and Automation of Gödel's Proof of God's Existence

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SPIEGEL ONLINE WISSENSCHAFT

olitik Wirtschaft Panorama Sport Kultur Netzwelt Wissenschaft Gesundheit einestages Karriere Uni Schule Reise Aut

Nachrichten s Wissenschaft s Mensch s Methemetik s Formel von Kurt Girlet Methemetiker heetitinen Gottenheueis

Formel von Kurt Gödel: Mathematiker bestätigen Gottesbeweis

Von Tobias Hürter



curt Goder (um das Jahr 1935): Der Machemacker niert seinen Gottesbeweis jahrzenhtellung geneim

Ein Wesen existiert, das alle positiven Eigenschaften in sich vereint. Das bewies der legendäre Mathematiker Kurt Gödel mit einem komplizierten Formelgebilde. Zwei Wissenschaftler haben diesen Gottesbeweis nun überprüft – und für gültig befunden.

Montag, 09.09.2013 - 12:03 Uhr

Drucken | Versenden | Merken

Jetzt sind die letzten Zweifel ausgeräumt: Gott existiert tatsächlich. Ein Computer hat es mit kalter Logik bewiesen - das MacBook des Computerwissenschaftlers Christoph Benzmüller von der Freien Universität Berlin.

Germany

- Telepolis & Heise
- Spiegel Online
- FAZ
- Die Welt
- Berliner Morgenpost
- Hamburger Abendpost

- . . .

Austria

- myscience.at
- Wiener Zeitung
- ORF
- . . .

Italy

- Repubblica
- Today.it
- Ilsussidario
- . . .

India

- DNA India
- Delhi Daily News
- Indoa Today
- . . .

International

- Spiegel International
- Yahoo Finance
- CNET
- United Press Intl.

- . . .

Def: Ontological Argument/Proof

- * deductive argument
- * for the existence of god
- * starting from premises, which are justified by pure reasoning, i.e. they do not depend on observation in the world.

Existence of God: different types of arguments/proofs

posteriori (use experience/observation in the world — teleological — cosmological — moral
priori (based on pure reasoning, independent) ontological argument definitional modal
— — other a priori arguments

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Existence of God: different types of arguments/proofs

 a posteriori (use experience/observation in the world teleological cosmological moral

 a priori (based on pure reasoning, independent)
— ontological argument
— definitional
modal

— other a priori arguments

Wohl eine jede Philosophie kreist um den ontologischen Gottesbeweis

(Adorno, Th. W.: Negative Dialektik. Frankfurt a. M. 1966, p.378)













Rich history on ontological arguments (pros and cons)



Anselm's notion of God:

"God is that, than which nothing greater can be conceived."

Gödel's notion of God:

"A God-like being possesses all 'positive' properties."

To show by logical reasoning:

"(Necessarily) God exists."



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Different Interests in Ontological Arguments:

- Philosophical: Boundaries of Mataphysics & Epistemology
 - We talk about a metaphysical concept (God),
 - but we want to draw a conclusion for the real world.
- Theistic: Successful argument should convince atheists.
- Our: Can computers (theorem provers) be used
 - to formalize the definitions and axioms?
 - to verify the arguments step-by-step?
 - to fully automate (sub-)arguments?

"Computer-assisted Theoretical Philosophy"



Main Challenge: No theorem provers for Second-order Modal Logic

Our Idea: Exploit an embedding in Classical Higher-order Logic

[BenzmüllerPaulson, Logica Universalis, 2013]

What we did (rough outline for remaining presentation!):

A: pen and paper: detailed natural deduction proof

B: formalization: axioms, defs, thms in TPTP THF

C: consistency: automatic verification with Nітріск

D: proof automation: theorems provers Leo-II and Satallax

E: step-by-step verification: proof assistant Coo

F: automation & verification: proof assistant Isabelle Conclusion

Did we get anything new? ... Probably yes — let's discuss afterwards!



Gödel's Manuscript

ToDo: Show Goedel's Manuscript

Proof Overview

$$\mathbf{D1:}\ G(x) \equiv \forall \varphi.[P(\varphi) \rightarrow \varphi(x)]$$

$$\mathbf{D2:}\ \varphi \ ess\ x \equiv \varphi(x) \land \forall \psi.(\psi(x) \rightarrow \Box \forall x.(\varphi(x) \rightarrow \psi(x)))$$

$$\mathbf{D3:}\ E(x) \equiv \forall \varphi.[\varphi \ ess\ x \rightarrow \Box \exists y.\varphi(y)]$$

$$\mathbf{A3}$$

$$\underline{P(G)}$$

$$\mathbf{T1:}\ \forall \varphi.[P(\varphi) \land \Box \forall x.[\varphi(x) \rightarrow \psi(x)]) \rightarrow P(\psi)]$$

$$\mathbf{C1:}\ \Diamond \exists x.G(x)$$

$$\mathbf{C1:}\ \Diamond \exists x.G(x)$$

$$\mathbf{A1b}$$

$$\underline{\forall \varphi.[P(\varphi) \rightarrow \Diamond \exists x.\varphi(x)]}$$

$$\mathbf{C1:}\ \forall \varphi.[P(\varphi) \rightarrow \Box P(\varphi)]$$

$$\underline{\mathbf{A4}}$$

$$\underline{\forall \varphi.[P(\varphi) \rightarrow \Diamond \exists x.\varphi(x)]}$$

$$\mathbf{C1:}\ \Diamond \exists x.G(z) \rightarrow \Box \exists x.G(x)$$

$$\underline{\Diamond \exists z.G(z) \rightarrow \Diamond \Box \exists x.G(x)}$$

$$\underline{\nabla \xi.[\Diamond \Box \xi \rightarrow \Box \xi]}$$

$$\mathbf{L2:}\ \Diamond \exists z.G(z) \rightarrow \Box \exists x.G(x)$$

$$\mathbf{C1:}\ \Diamond \exists x.G(x)$$

$$\mathbf{L2:}\ \Diamond \exists z.G(z) \rightarrow \Box \exists x.G(x)$$

T3:

Natural Deduction Calculus

$$\frac{\overline{A} \quad \overline{B}}{\vdots \quad \vdots} \quad \frac{\overline{A} \quad \overline{B}}{A \wedge B} \wedge_{I} \qquad \frac{\overline{A} \quad \overline{B}}{A \rightarrow B} \rightarrow_{I}^{n}$$

$$\frac{A \vee B \quad \overline{C} \quad \overline{C}}{C} \vee_{E} \qquad \frac{A \wedge B}{A \wedge B} \wedge_{I} \qquad \frac{B}{A \rightarrow B} \rightarrow_{I}^{n}$$

$$\frac{A}{A \vee B} \vee_{I_{1}} \qquad \frac{A \wedge B}{A} \wedge_{E_{1}} \qquad \frac{B}{A \rightarrow B} \rightarrow_{I}$$

$$\frac{B}{A \vee B} \vee_{I_{2}} \qquad \frac{A \wedge B}{B} \wedge_{E_{2}} \qquad \frac{A \quad A \rightarrow B}{B} \rightarrow_{E}$$

$$\frac{A[\alpha]}{\forall x. A[x]} \forall_{I} \qquad \frac{\forall x. A[x]}{A[t]} \forall_{E} \qquad \frac{A[t]}{\exists x. A[x]} \exists_{I} \qquad \frac{\exists x. A[x]}{A[\beta]} \exists_{E}$$

$$\neg A \equiv A \rightarrow \bot$$

Detailed Natural Deduction Proof of T1 and C1

$$\frac{A2}{\forall \varphi. \forall \psi. [[P(\varphi) \land \Box \forall x. [\varphi(x) \rightarrow \psi(x)]) \rightarrow P(\psi)]} \forall_{E}$$

$$\frac{\forall \psi. [(P(\rho) \land \Box \forall x. [\rho(x) \rightarrow \psi(x)]) \rightarrow P(\psi)]}{(P(\rho) \land \Box \forall x. [\rho(x) \rightarrow \neg \rho(x)]) \rightarrow P(\neg \rho)} \forall_{E}$$

$$\frac{(P(\rho) \land \Box \forall x. [\neg \rho(x)]) \rightarrow P(\neg \rho)}{(P(\rho) \land \Box \forall x. [\neg \rho(x)]) \rightarrow P(\neg \rho)} \forall_{E}$$

$$\frac{(P(\rho) \land \Box \forall x. [\neg \rho(x)]) \rightarrow \neg P(\rho)}{P(\neg \rho) \rightarrow \Diamond \exists x. \rho(x)}$$

$$\frac{(P(\rho) \land \Box \forall x. [\neg \rho(x)]) \rightarrow \neg P(\rho)}{P(\rho) \rightarrow \Diamond \exists x. \rho(x)} \forall_{I}$$

$$\frac{A3}{P(G)} \frac{\forall \varphi. [P(\varphi) \rightarrow \Diamond \exists x. \varphi(x)]}{P(G) \rightarrow \Diamond \exists x. G(x)} \forall_{E}$$

$$\frac{A3}{\Diamond \exists x. G(x)} \frac{\forall \varphi. [P(\varphi) \rightarrow \Diamond \exists x. \varphi(x)]}{\Diamond \exists x. G(x)} \forall_{E}$$

$$\frac{\alpha : \stackrel{:}{A}}{A} \Box_{I} \qquad \frac{\Box A}{t : \stackrel{:}{\Box}} \Box_{E}$$

$$\frac{t : \stackrel{:}{A}}{\Diamond A} \diamondsuit_{I} \qquad \frac{\diamondsuit A}{\beta : \stackrel{:}{\Box}} \diamondsuit_{E}$$

$$\Diamond A \equiv \neg A$$

Detailed Natural Derivation of part of T2

$$\frac{ \frac{\Box P(\psi)^7}{P(\psi)} \Box_E \qquad \frac{\Box \Pi_3}{P(\psi) \rightarrow \forall x. (G(x) \rightarrow \psi(x))}}{\frac{\forall x. (G(x) \rightarrow \psi(x))}{\Box \forall x. (G(x) \rightarrow \psi(x))} \Box_I} \rightarrow_E \frac{ \frac{\forall x. (G(x) \rightarrow \psi(x))}{\Box \forall x. (G(x) \rightarrow \psi(x))} \Box_I}{\frac{\Box P(\psi) \rightarrow \Box \forall x. (G(x) \rightarrow \psi(x))}{\psi(x) \rightarrow \Box \forall x. (G(x) \rightarrow \psi(x))} \rightarrow_E^6$$

Embedding, Application of THF Provers

Coq Proof

Isabelle Proof

Criticisms No Neutral Properties

Summary of Results

Conclusion

