

AP[®] Computer Science A 2013 Free-Response Questions

About the College Board

The College Board is a mission-driven not-for-profit organization that connects students to college success and opportunity. Founded in 1900, the College Board was created to expand access to higher education. Today, the membership association is made up of more than 6,000 of the world's leading educational institutions and is dedicated to promoting excellence and equity in education. Each year, the College Board helps more than seven million students prepare for a successful transition to college through programs and services in college readiness and college success — including the SAT* and the Advanced Placement Program*. The organization also serves the education community through research and advocacy on behalf of students, educators, and schools.

© 2013 The College Board. College Board, Advanced Placement Program, AP, AP Central, SAT, and the acorn logo are registered trademarks of the College Board. Admitted Class Evaluation Service and inspiring minds are trademarks owned by the College Board. All other products and services may be trademarks of their respective owners. Visit the College Board on the Web: www.collegeboard.org. Permission to use copyrighted College Board materials may be requested online at: www.collegeboard.org/inquiry/cbpermit.html.

Visit the College Board on the Web: www.collegeboard.org. AP Central is the official online home for the AP Program: apcentral.collegeboard.org.



COMPUTER SCIENCE A SECTION II

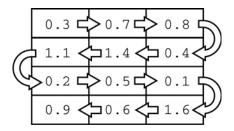
Time—1 hour and 45 minutes
Number of questions—4
Percent of total score—50

Directions: SHOW ALL YOUR WORK. REMEMBER THAT PROGRAM SEGMENTS ARE TO BE WRITTEN IN JAVA.

Notes:

- Assume that the classes listed in the appendices have been imported where appropriate.
- Unless otherwise noted in the question, assume that parameters in method calls are not null and that methods are called only when their preconditions are satisfied.
- In writing solutions for each question, you may use any of the accessible methods that are listed in classes defined in that question. Writing significant amounts of code that can be replaced by a call to one of these methods may not receive full credit.

4. A telescope scans a rectangular area of the night sky and collects the data into a 1-dimensional array. Each data value scanned is a number representing the amount of light detected by the telescope. The telescope scans back and forth across the sky (alternating between left to right and right to left) in the pattern indicated below by the arrows. The back-and-forth ordering of the values received from the scan is called *telescope order*.



The telescope records the data in telescope order into a 1-dimensional array of double values. This 1-dimensional array of information received from a single scan will be transferred into a 2-dimensional array. which reconstructs the original view of the rectangular area of the sky. This 2-dimensional array is part of the SkyView class, shown below. In this question you will write a constructor and a method for this class.

```
public class SkyView
   /** A rectangular array that holds the data representing a rectangular area of the sky. */
  private double[][] view;
   /** Constructs a SkyView object from a 1-dimensional array of scan data.
       @param numRows the number of rows represented in the view
                Precondition: numRows > 0
       @param numCols the number of columns represented in the view
                Precondition: numCols > 0
       @param scanned the scan data received from the telescope, stored in telescope order
                Precondition: scanned.length == numRows * numCols
       Postcondition: view has been created as a rectangular 2-dimensional array
                      with numRows rows and numCols columns and the values in
                      scanned have been copied to view and are ordered as
                      in the original rectangular area of sky.
    * /
  public SkyView(int numRows, int numCols, double[] scanned)
      /* to be implemented in part (a) */ }
   /** Returns the average of the values in a rectangular section of view.
       @param startRow the first row index of the section
       @param endRow the last row index of the section
       @param startCol the first column index of the section
       @param endCol the last column index of the section
       Precondition: 0 <= startRow <= endRow < view.length</pre>
       Precondition: 0 <= startCol <= endCol < view[0].length</pre>
       @return the average of the values in the specified section of view
  public double getAverage(int startRow, int endRow,
                                   int startCol, int endCol)
      /* to be implemented in part (b) */
  // There may be instance variables, constructors, and methods that are not shown.
```

© 2013 The College Board. Visit the College Board on the Web: www.collegeboard.org.

}

(a) Write the constructor for the SkyView class. The constructor initializes the view instance variable to a 2-dimensional array with numRows rows and numCols columns. The information from scanned, which is stored in the telescope order, is copied into view to reconstruct the sky view as originally seen by the telescope. The information in scanned must be rearranged as it is stored into view so that the sky view is oriented properly.

For example, suppose scanned contains values, as shown in the following array.

	-	1		_		_	_		_	-	_		
scanned	0.3	0.7	0.8	0.4	1.4	1.1	0.2	0.5	0.1	1.6	0.6	0.9	I

Using the scanned array above, a SkyView object created with new SkyView (4, 3, values), would have view initialized with the following values.

view		0	1	2	
	0	0.3	0.7	0.8	
	1	1.1	1.4	0.4	
	2	0.2	0.5	0.1	
	3	0.9	0.6	1.6	

For another example, suppose scanned contains the following values.

A SkyView object created with new SkyView(3, 2, values), would have view initialized with the following values.

Complete the SkyView constructor below.

Part (b) begins on page 19.

(b) Write the SkyView method getAverage, which returns the average of the elements of the section of view with row indexes from startRow through endRow, inclusive, and column indexes from startCol through endCol, inclusive.

For example, if nightSky is a SkyView object where view contains the values shown below, the call nightSky.getAverage(1, 2, 0, 1) should return 0.8. (The average is (1.1 + 1.4 + 0.2 + 0.5) / 4, which equals 0.8). The section being averaged is indicated by the dark outline in the table below.

view		0	1	2	
	0	0.3	0.7	0.8	
	1	1.1	1.4	0.4	
	2	0.2	0.5	0.1	
	3	0.9	0.6	1.6	

Class information repeated from the beginning of the question

public class SkyView

WRITE YOUR SOLUTION ON THE NEXT PAGE.

Complete method getAverage below.

STOP

END OF EXAM

 $\ \ \,$ $\ \ \,$ $\ \ \,$ $\ \ \,$ $\ \ \,$ $\ \ \,$ $\ \ \,$ $\ \ \,$ $\ \ \,$ $\ \ \,$ $\ \$ $\$ $\ \$ $\ \$ $\ \$ $\ \$ $\ \$ $\ \$ $\ \$ $\$ $\ \$ $\ \$ $\ \$ $\ \$ $\ \$ $\$ $\ \$ $\$ $\$ $\ \$ $\$ $\$ $\$ $\ \$ $\$ $\$ $\$ $\ \$ $\$ $\$ $\$ $\$ $\ \$ $\$ $\$ $\$ $\$ $\ \$ $\$