What is data structure?

- Data structures are used to stroe a collection of related data.
- · There are four built-in data structures in python-list, tuple, dictionary and set.

List

- · Data list is a collection of different data types.
- List is mutable(changeable).
- In python lists are written with square brackets.

```
In [1]:
```

```
1 | lst = [12,'a','b',8.7,34,'c',9.7]
2 | print(lst)
```

```
[12, 'a', 'b', 8.7, 34, 'c', 9.7]
```

In [6]:

```
print(len(lst))
```

7

In [7]:

```
1 print(lst[0])
```

12

In [8]:

```
print(lst[1:4])
```

```
['a', 'b', 8.7]
```

In [9]:

```
1 print(lst[0:])
```

```
[12, 'a', 'b', 8.7, 34, 'c', 9.7]
```

In [10]:

```
1 print(lst[-1])
```

9.7

```
In [11]:
 1 print(lst[-1::-1])
[9.7, 'c', 34, 8.7, 'b', 'a', 12]
In [2]:
 1 lst = [1,2,3,[4,5,[6,7,8],9,10],11,12,13]
 2 len(lst)
Out[2]:
7
In [13]:
 1 lst[3]
Out[13]:
[4, 5, [6, 7, 8], 9, 10]
In [15]:
 1 lst[3][2]
Out[15]:
[6, 7, 8]
In [16]:
 1 lst[3][2][2]
Out[16]:
8
In [3]:
 1 lst
Out[3]:
[1, 2, 3, [4, 5, [6, 7, 8], 9, 10], 11, 12, 13]
In [4]:
1 lst[-1::-1]
Out[4]:
[13, 12, 11, [4, 5, [6, 7, 8], 9, 10], 3, 2, 1]
```

```
In [5]:
 1 lst
Out[5]:
[1, 2, 3, [4, 5, [6, 7, 8], 9, 10], 11, 12, 13]
In [6]:
 1 res = lst[-1::-1]
   res
Out[6]:
[13, 12, 11, [4, 5, [6, 7, 8], 9, 10], 3, 2, 1]
In [7]:
 1 res[3][-1::-1]
Out[7]:
[10, 9, [6, 7, 8], 5, 4]
In [8]:
 1 res[3][2][-1::-1]
Out[8]:
[8, 7, 6]
In [28]:
 1 res
Out[28]:
[13, 12, 11, [4, 5, [6, 7, 8], 9, 10], 3, 2, 1]
In [10]:
 1 lst[3]
Out[10]:
[4, 5, [6, 7, 8], 9, 10]
In [14]:
 1 lst[3][-1::-1]
Out[14]:
[10, 9, [6, 7, 8], 5, 4]
```

```
In [17]:
    1 | lst[3][2][-1::-1]
Out[17]:
[8, 7, 6]
In [18]:
   1 lst
Out[18]:
[1, 2, 3, [4, 5, [6, 7, 8], 9, 10], 11, 12, 13]
In [19]:
   1 res
Out[19]:
[13, 12, 11, [4, 5, [6, 7, 8], 9, 10], 3, 2, 1]
In [20]:
   1 print(dir(lst))
['__add__', '__class__', '__contains__', '__delattr__', '__delitem__', '__di
r__', '__doc__', '__eq__', '__format__', '__ge__', '__getattribute__', '__ge
titem__', '__gt__', '__hash__', '__iadd__', '__imul__', '__init__', '__init__
subclass__', '__iter__', '__le__', '__len__', '__lt__', '__mul__', '__ne__',
'__new__', '__reduce__', '__reduce_ex__', '__repr__', '__reversed__', '__rmu
l__', '__setattr__', '__setitem__', '__sizeof__', '__str__', '__subclasshook
__', 'append', 'clear', 'copy', 'count', 'extend', 'index', 'insert', 'pop',
'remove', 'reverse', 'sort']
 'remove', 'reverse', 'sort']
In [21]:
    1 # append()
   2 lst
Out[21]:
[1, 2, 3, [4, 5, [6, 7, 8], 9, 10], 11, 12, 13]
In [22]:
   1 lst = [12, 'a', 'b', 8.7, 34, 'c', 9.7]
    2 lst
```

Out[22]:

[12, 'a', 'b', 8.7, 34, 'c', 9.7]

```
In [23]:
 1 #append()
 2 lst.append('cse')
In [24]:
 1 print(lst)
[12, 'a', 'b', 8.7, 34, 'c', 9.7, 'cse']
In [25]:
 1 lst.append([1,2,3])
In [26]:
 1 lst
Out[26]:
[12, 'a', 'b', 8.7, 34, 'c', 9.7, 'cse', [1, 2, 3]]
In [27]:
 1 # extend()
 2 lst.extend([1.2,13])
 3 lst
Out[27]:
[12, 'a', 'b', 8.7, 34, 'c', 9.7, 'cse', [1, 2, 3], 1.2, 13]
In [28]:
 1 # insert()
 2 lst.insert(3,'KKR')
 3 1st
Out[28]:
[12, 'a', 'b', 'KKR', 8.7, 34, 'c', 9.7, 'cse', [1, 2, 3], 1.2, 13]
In [29]:
 1 # index()
 2 lst.index('KKR')
Out[29]:
3
```

```
In [30]:
 1 # count()
 2 lst.count('cse')
Out[30]:
1
In [31]:
 1 | # copy()
 2 lst2 = lst.copy()
 3 print(lst)
 4 print(1st2)
[12, 'a', 'b', 'KKR', 8.7, 34, 'c', 9.7, 'cse', [1, 2, 3], 1.2, 13]
[12, 'a', 'b', 'KKR', 8.7, 34, 'c', 9.7, 'cse', [1, 2, 3], 1.2, 13]
In [32]:
 1 #clear()
 2 lst.clear()
In [33]:
 1 lst
Out[33]:
[]
In [34]:
 1 1st2
Out[34]:
[12, 'a', 'b', 'KKR', 8.7, 34, 'c', 9.7, 'cse', [1, 2, 3], 1.2, 13]
In [35]:
 1 # pop()
 2 lst2.pop()
Out[35]:
13
In [36]:
 1 lst2.pop()
Out[36]:
1.2
```

```
In [37]:
 1 lst2
Out[37]:
[12, 'a', 'b', 'KKR', 8.7, 34, 'c', 9.7, 'cse', [1, 2, 3]]
In [38]:
 1 lst2.pop(2)
Out[38]:
'b'
In [39]:
 1 lst2
Out[39]:
[12, 'a', 'KKR', 8.7, 34, 'c', 9.7, 'cse', [1, 2, 3]]
In [52]:
 1 lst = [4,1,6,13,-12]
In [53]:
 1 # sort()
 2 lst.sort()
In [54]:
 1 lst
Out[54]:
[-12, 1, 4, 6, 13]
In [50]:
 1 lst.reverse()
In [51]:
 1 lst
Out[51]:
[13, 6, 4, 1, -12]
```

In [55]:

```
1 # remove()
 2 lst
Out[55]:
[-12, 1, 4, 6, 13]
In [56]:
 1 lst.remove(4)
In [57]:
 1 lst
Out[57]:
[-12, 1, 6, 13]
In [58]:
   lst.remove(9)
ValueError
                                           Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-58-5bc6dc696b81> in <module>
----> 1 lst.remove(9)
ValueError: list.remove(x): x not in list
In [ ]:
 1 # input
 2 | lst = [2.5,13,8,'kkr',2.3,'ksr','guntur']
 3
 4 # output
 5 charlst = ['kkr','ksr','guntur']
 6 intlst = [13,8]
 7 flst = [2.5, 2.3]
In [69]:
 1 | lst = [2.5,13,8,'kkr',2.3,'ksr','guntur']
   charlst = []
 3
    intlst = []
    flst = []
    for i in lst: # i = 2.5, i=13, i=8, i = 'kkr'
 5
        if(type(i) == float):
 6
 7
            flst.append(i)
 8
        elif(type(i) == int):
 9
            intlst.append(i)
10
        else:
            charlst.append(i)
11
```

```
In [70]:
 1 print(charlst)
 2 print(intlst)
 3 print(flst)
['kkr', 'ksr', 'guntur']
[13, 8]
[2.5, 2.3]
In [74]:
 1 | lst = [2.5,13,8,'kkr',2.3,'ksr','guntur']
 2 charlst = []
 3
    intlst = []
 4
   flst = []
    for ele in 1st: # ele=2.5, ele=13, ele=8, ele = 'kkr'
 5
        if(str(ele).isalpha()):
 6
 7
            charlst.append(ele) # charlst = ['kkr', 'ksr', 'guntur']
 8
        elif(str(ele).isnumeric()):
            intlst.append(ele) #intlst = [13, 8]
 9
10
        else:
11
            flst.append(ele) \#flst = [2.5, 2.3]
12 print(charlst)
13 print(intlst)
14 print(flst)
['kkr', 'ksr', 'guntur']
[13, 8]
[2.5, 2.3]
In [75]:
 1 s = 'kkr'
 2 s.isalpha()
Out[75]:
True
In [76]:
 1 s = 'kkr123'
 2 s.isalpha()
```

Out[76]:

False

```
In [84]:
```

```
lst = [2.5,13,8,'kkr',2.3,'ksr','guntur']
 2 charlst = []
 3
    intlst = []
 4
    flst = []
 5
    for i in range(len(lst)):#i=0
 6
        if(str(lst[i]).isalpha()):
 7
            charlst.append(lst[i])
 8
        elif(str(lst[i]).isnumeric()):
 9
            intlst.append(lst[i])
10
        else:
11
            flst.append(lst[i])
    print("CharList= ",charlst)
12
    print("IntList= ",intlst)
13
14 | print("FloatList= ",flst)
CharList= ['kkr', 'ksr', 'guntur']
IntList= [13, 8]
FloatList= [2.5, 2.3]
In [80]:
 1 | lst = [2.5,13,8,'kkr',2.3,'ksr','guntur']
   for i in range(len(lst)):#i=0
        print(i,"-->",lst[i])
 3
0 --> 2.5
1 --> 13
2 --> 8
3 --> kkr
4 --> 2.3
5 --> ksr
6 --> guntur
In [78]:
 1 lst[0]
Out[78]:
2.5
In [ ]:
 1
In [61]:
 1 | 11 = [1, 2, 3, [4, 5, [6, 7, 8], 9, 10], 11, 12, 13]
 2
    11.reverse()
 3
    11
Out[61]:
[13, 12, 11, [4, 5, [6, 7, 8], 9, 10], 3, 2, 1]
```

```
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  In [62]:
   1 | 12 = 11[3]
   2
      12
 Out[62]:
  [4, 5, [6, 7, 8], 9, 10]
  In [63]:
   1 l2.reverse()
  In [64]:
   1 12
  Out[64]:
  [10, 9, [6, 7, 8], 5, 4]
  In [66]:
   1 | 11[3][2].reverse()
  In [67]:
   1 11
 Out[67]:
  [13, 12, 11, [10, 9, [8, 7, 6], 5, 4], 3, 2, 1]
  In [87]:
   1 # mutable
      lst = [12, 'a', 'b', 8.7, 34, 'c', 9.7]
```

```
3 | lst[1] = 'kkr'
4 lst
```

Out[87]:

```
[12, 'kkr', 'b', 8.7, 34, 'c', 9.7]
```

Tuple

- A tuple is a collection of different data types.
- Immutable.
- · Iterations in tuple is faster than list.
- In python tuples are written with rounded brackets-->().

```
In [88]:
 1 t = ('cse',12,42,'ece',9.8)
 2 t
Out[88]:
('cse', 12, 42, 'ece', 9.8)
In [89]:
 1 t[0]
Out[89]:
'cse'
In [90]:
 1 t[0:]
Out[90]:
('cse', 12, 42, 'ece', 9.8)
In [91]:
 1 t[-1::-1]
Out[91]:
(9.8, 'ece', 42, 12, 'cse')
In [92]:
 1 print(dir(tuple))
['__add__', '__class__', '__contains__', '__delattr__', '__dir__', '__doc_
__str__', '__subclasshook__', 'count', 'index']
In [93]:
 1 # count()
 2 | t.count('cse')
Out[93]:
```

1

```
In [94]:
 1 t.index('cse')
Out[94]:
In [95]:
 1 t
Out[95]:
('cse', 12, 42, 'ece', 9.8)
In [96]:
 1 t2 = ('cse', 12, 42, 'ece', 9.8, 'ece')
Out[96]:
('cse', 12, 42, 'ece', 9.8, 'ece')
In [97]:
 1 t2.count('ece')
Out[97]:
2
In [98]:
 1 t2.index('ece')
Out[98]:
3
In [99]:
 1
   for i in range(len(t2)):
 2
        print(i)
0
1
2
3
4
5
```

```
In [100]:
```

```
for i in range(len(t2)):
    if(t2[i] == 'ece'):
  2
                print(t2[i],"=",i)
  3
ece = 3
ece = 5
In [ ]:
```

1