Heading1

Heading2

Heading3

Heading4

Heading5

Heading6

Bold

italic

Bold and italic

- Normal Text
 - sublist1
 - sublist2
 - suvlist3



Comments in python

- Single line comment
- · Multi line comment

In [1]:

```
1 # single line comment
2 print("Python Programming")
```

Python Programming

```
In [2]:
```

```
1 """
2 Multi
3 line
4 comments
5 """
6 print("Hai, everyone")
```

Hai, everyone

```
In [4]:
```

```
1 print("This is keerthi's meeting")
```

This is keerthi's meeting

```
In [5]:
```

```
1 print('This is keerthi\'s meeting')
```

This is keerthi's meeting

```
In [6]:
```

```
1 print('c:docs\navin')
```

c:docs
avin

```
In [7]:
```

```
print('c:docs\\navin')
```

c:docs\navin

In [10]:

```
1 print("apssdc "*100)
```

```
apssdc ap
```

Variables

A python variable is a reserved memory location to store values.

```
In [11]:
```

```
1 # single variable assignment
2 a = 23
3 print(a)
```

23

In [12]:

```
1 # multiple variable assignment with multiple values
2 | x,y,z = 12,14,16
3 print(x,y,z)
```

12 14 16

In [13]:

```
1 print(x, '\n', y, '\n', z)
12
```

14 16

In [14]:

```
1 # multiple variable assignment
2 m = 134
3 \mid a=b=c=m
4 print(b)
5 print(a)
```

134

134

Python keywords

 Keywords are the reserved words. We can not use a keyword as a varibale name, function name, or any other identifiers.

In [15]:

```
1 import keyword
   2 print(keyword.kwlist)
['False', 'None', 'True', 'and', 'as', 'assert', 'async', 'await', 'break',
'class', 'continue', 'def', 'del', 'elif', 'else', 'except', 'finally', 'for', 'from', 'global', 'if', 'import', 'in', 'is', 'lambda', 'nonlocal', 'not', 'or', 'pass', 'raise', 'return', 'try', 'while', 'with', 'yield']
```

Data types and conversions

```
1. int
```

2. float

3. string

```
In [16]:
 1 n = 12
 2 print(n)
12
In [17]:
 1 type(n)
Out[17]:
int
In [18]:
 1 f = 9.5
 2 print(type(f))
<class 'float'>
In [19]:
 1 s = 'kits'
 2 print(type(s))
<class 'str'>
In [20]:
 1 f = 13.8
 2 print(int(f))
13
In [21]:
 1 n = 13
 2 print(float(n))
13.0
In [22]:
 1 s = '123'
 2 print(type(s))
<class 'str'>
```

```
In [23]:
 1 print(int(s))
123
In [24]:
 1 s1 = 'apssdc'
 2 print(int(s1))
                                          Traceback (most recent call last)
ValueError
<ipython-input-24-1701b9f937a8> in <module>
     1 s1 = 'apssdc'
----> 2 print(int(s1))
ValueError: invalid literal for int() with base 10: 'apssdc'
In [33]:
 1 f = '23.9'
 2 print(type(f))
 3 res = float(f)
 4 print(res)
 5 print(type(res))
 6 print(int(res))
<class 'str'>
23.9
<class 'float'>
23
In [34]:
 1 for i in range(1,11):
        print(i,end=" ")
 2
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
In [37]:
 1 for i in range(1,11):
 2 print(i,end=" ")
  File "<ipython-input-37-85dfd068cd98>", line 2
    print(i,end=" ")
IndentationError: expected an indented block
In [ ]:
 1
```