

In [1]:

```
1 #import required packages  
2 import pandas as pd
```

DATASET (<https://www.kaggle.com/abbasit/kyphosis-dataset>)

```
In [2]: 1 df = pd.read_csv("kyphosis.csv")  
2 df
```

Out[2]:

	Kyphosis	Age	Number	Start
0	absent	71	3	5
1	absent	158	3	14
2	present	128	4	5
3	absent	2	5	1
4	absent	1	4	15
5	absent	1	2	16
6	absent	61	2	17
7	absent	37	3	16
8	absent	113	2	16
9	present	59	6	12
10	present	82	5	14
11	absent	148	3	16
12	absent	18	5	2
13	absent	1	4	12
14	absent	168	3	18
15	absent	1	3	16
16	absent	78	6	15
17	absent	175	5	13
18	absent	80	5	16
19	absent	27	4	9
20	absent	22	2	16
21	present	105	6	5
22	present	96	3	12
23	absent	131	2	3
24	present	15	7	2
25	absent	9	5	13
26	absent	8	3	6
27	absent	100	3	14
28	absent	4	3	16
29	absent	151	2	16
...
51	absent	9	2	17
52	present	139	10	6

	Kyphosis	Age	Number	Start
53	absent	2	2	17
54	absent	140	4	15
55	absent	72	5	15
56	absent	2	3	13
57	present	120	5	8
58	absent	51	7	9
59	absent	102	3	13
60	present	130	4	1
61	present	114	7	8
62	absent	81	4	1
63	absent	118	3	16
64	absent	118	4	16
65	absent	17	4	10
66	absent	195	2	17
67	absent	159	4	13
68	absent	18	4	11
69	absent	15	5	16
70	absent	158	5	14
71	absent	127	4	12
72	absent	87	4	16
73	absent	206	4	10
74	absent	11	3	15
75	absent	178	4	15
76	present	157	3	13
77	absent	26	7	13
78	absent	120	2	13
79	present	42	7	6
80	absent	36	4	13

81 rows × 4 columns

In [3]: 1 df.shape

Out[3]: (81, 4)

In [4]: 1 df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 81 entries, 0 to 80
Data columns (total 4 columns):
Kyphosis      81 non-null object
Age           81 non-null int64
Number        81 non-null int64
Start         81 non-null int64
dtypes: int64(3), object(1)
memory usage: 2.6+ KB
```

In [5]: 1 df.describe()

Out[5]:

	Age	Number	Start
count	81.000000	81.000000	81.000000
mean	83.654321	4.049383	11.493827
std	58.104251	1.619423	4.883962
min	1.000000	2.000000	1.000000
25%	26.000000	3.000000	9.000000
50%	87.000000	4.000000	13.000000
75%	130.000000	5.000000	16.000000
max	206.000000	10.000000	18.000000

In [6]: 1 df.isnull().sum()

Out[6]: Kyphosis 0
Age 0
Number 0
Start 0
dtype: int64

In [7]: 1 df.head()

Out[7]:

	Kyphosis	Age	Number	Start
0	absent	71	3	5
1	absent	158	3	14
2	present	128	4	5
3	absent	2	5	1
4	absent	1	4	15

```
In [8]: 1 df.Kyphosis.value_counts()
```

```
Out[8]: absent      64  
        present    17  
        Name: Kyphosis, dtype: int64
```

```
In [9]: 1 df.Number.value_counts()
```

```
Out[9]: 3      23  
        4      18  
        5      17  
        2      12  
        7       5  
        6       4  
        10      1  
        9       1  
        Name: Number, dtype: int64
```

```
In [10]: 1 # features  
        2 x = df.drop("Kyphosis",axis=1)
```

```
In [11]: 1 #target  
        2 y = df["Kyphosis"]
```

```
In [12]: 1 # splitting the data for training and testing  
        2  
        3 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

```
In [13]: 1 x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3,random_st
```

```
In [14]: 1 # model  
        2 from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
```

```
In [15]: 1 dtc = DecisionTreeClassifier()
```

```
In [16]: 1 dtc.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

```
Out[16]: DecisionTreeClassifier(class_weight=None, criterion='gini', max_depth=None,  
                                max_features=None, max_leaf_nodes=None,  
                                min_impurity_decrease=0.0, min_impurity_split=None,  
                                min_samples_leaf=1, min_samples_split=2,  
                                min_weight_fraction_leaf=0.0, presort=False, random_state=None,  
                                splitter='best')
```

```
In [17]: 1 pred = dtc.predict(x_test)
```

In [18]: 1 pred

Out[18]: array(['absent', 'absent', 'present', 'absent', 'absent', 'absent',
 'absent', 'absent', 'absent', 'absent', 'present', 'absent',
 'absent', 'absent', 'present', 'present', 'present', 'absent',
 'absent', 'absent', 'absent', 'absent', 'absent', 'absent',
 'present'], dtype=object)

In [19]: 1 from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix, classification_r

In [20]: 1 accuracy_score(y_test, pred)

Out[20]: 0.8

In [21]: 1 confusion_matrix(y_test, pred)

Out[21]: array([[16, 2],
 [3, 4]], dtype=int64)

In [22]: 1 print(classification_report(y_test, pred))

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
absent	0.84	0.89	0.86	18
present	0.67	0.57	0.62	7
micro avg	0.80	0.80	0.80	25
macro avg	0.75	0.73	0.74	25
weighted avg	0.79	0.80	0.80	25

Decicion Tree Regressor

- Target - continous
- MSE, RMSE, R2_SCORE

DATASET (https://drive.google.com/file/d/1vcickFtqFPzR9EsE7_NzElqx6iB1b0G/view?usp=sharing)

```
In [23]: 1 data = pd.read_csv("IceCreamData.csv")
         2 data.head()
```

Out[23]:

	Temperature	Revenue
0	24.566884	534.799028
1	26.005191	625.190122
2	27.790554	660.632289
3	20.595335	487.706960
4	11.503498	316.240194

```
In [24]: 1 data.shape
```

Out[24]: (500, 2)

```
In [25]: 1 data.isnull().sum()
```

Out[25]: Temperature 0
Revenue 0
dtype: int64

```
In [26]: 1 # splitting data for features and target
         2 data.columns
```

Out[26]: Index(['Temperature', 'Revenue'], dtype='object')

```
In [27]: 1 #feature
         2 x = data[["Temperature"]]
```

```
In [28]: 1 #target
         2 y = data[["Revenue"]]
```

```
In [29]: 1 # split the data for training and testing
```

```
In [30]: 1 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

```
In [31]: 1 x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3,random_st
```

```
In [32]: 1 # model
         2 from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
```

```
In [33]: 1 reg = DecisionTreeRegressor(max_depth=3)
```

```
In [34]: 1 reg.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

```
Out[34]: DecisionTreeRegressor(criterion='mse', max_depth=3, max_features=None,
                                max_leaf_nodes=None, min_impurity_decrease=0.0,
                                min_impurity_split=None, min_samples_leaf=1,
                                min_samples_split=2, min_weight_fraction_leaf=0.0,
                                presort=False, random_state=None, splitter='best')
```

```
In [35]: 1 # predict the results
          2 y_pred = reg.predict(x_test)
```

```
In [36]: 1 y_pred
```

```
Out[36]: array([723.58870803, 632.88586938, 723.58870803, 539.92351342,
                 539.92351342, 452.92759761, 632.88586938, 378.70426705,
                 861.59281911, 632.88586938, 539.92351342, 539.92351342,
                 304.40899262, 452.92759761, 632.88586938, 632.88586938,
                 539.92351342, 539.92351342, 632.88586938, 539.92351342,
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                 378.70426705, 632.88586938, 452.92759761, 452.92759761,
                 632.88586938, 539.92351342, 632.88586938, 378.70426705,
                 452.92759761, 539.92351342, 304.40899262, 539.92351342,
                 539.92351342, 539.92351342, 452.92759761, 632.88586938,
                 632.88586938, 632.88586938, 452.92759761, 304.40899262,
                 452.92759761, 539.92351342, 723.58870803, 632.88586938,
                 452.92759761, 452.92759761, 632.88586938, 723.58870803,
                 185.56296183, 304.40899262, 723.58870803, 632.88586938,
                 304.40899262, 723.58870803, 539.92351342, 539.92351342,
                 539.92351342, 539.92351342, 452.92759761, 452.92759761,
                 539.92351342, 452.92759761, 185.56296183, 632.88586938,
                 304.40899262, 539.92351342, 452.92759761, 304.40899262,
                 452.92759761, 861.59281911, 632.88586938, 452.92759761,
                 861.59281911, 632.88586938, 452.92759761, 452.92759761,
                 539.92351342, 723.58870803, 378.70426705, 452.92759761,
                 452.92759761, 539.92351342, 632.88586938, 452.92759761,
                 539.92351342, 452.92759761, 632.88586938, 378.70426705,
                 632.88586938, 861.59281911, 723.58870803, 632.88586938,
                 632.88586938, 539.92351342, 632.88586938, 452.92759761,
                 539.92351342, 452.92759761, 539.92351342, 632.88586938,
                 723.58870803, 452.92759761, 304.40899262, 861.59281911,
                 539.92351342, 861.59281911, 378.70426705, 632.88586938,
                 185.56296183, 539.92351342, 452.92759761, 539.92351342,
                 632.88586938, 304.40899262, 452.92759761, 539.92351342,
                 185.56296183, 539.92351342, 632.88586938, 452.92759761,
                 539.92351342, 378.70426705, 452.92759761, 723.58870803,
                 632.88586938, 723.58870803, 632.88586938, 304.40899262,
                 304.40899262, 304.40899262, 539.92351342, 861.59281911,
                 185.56296183, 539.92351342, 539.92351342, 304.40899262,
                 539.92351342, 861.59281911, 452.92759761, 452.92759761,
                 378.70426705, 304.40899262])
```



```
In [37]: 1 reg.score(x_test,y_pred)
```

```
Out[37]: 1.0
```

```
In [38]: 1 1.0*100
```

```
Out[38]: 100.0
```

```
In [39]: 1 from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
```

```
In [40]: 1 mean_squared_error(x_test,y_pred)
```

```
Out[40]: 270065.8700413512
```

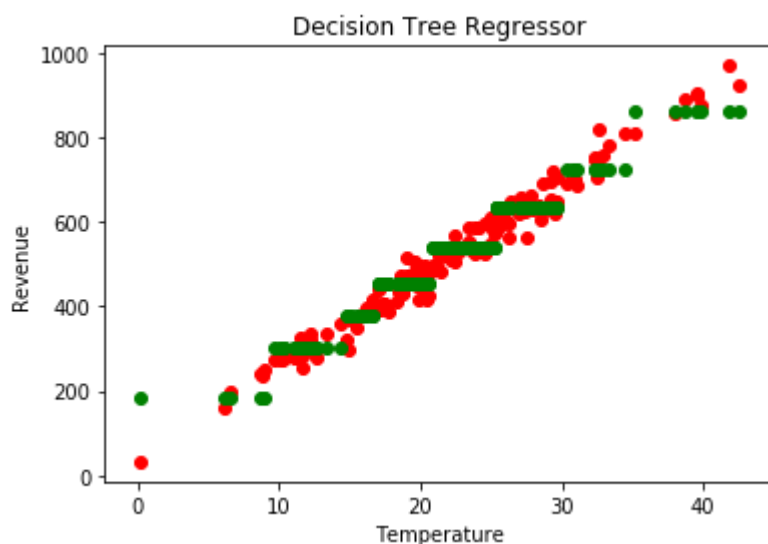
```
In [41]: 1 import math
```

```
In [42]: 1 math.sqrt(mean_squared_error(x_test,y_pred))
```

```
Out[42]: 519.6786218821698
```

```
In [43]: 1 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [44]: 1 fig, ax = plt.subplots()
2 ax.scatter(x_test,y_test,color = "red",label = "original data")
3 ax.scatter(x_test,y_pred,color = "green",label = "predicted data")
4
5 plt.title("Decision Tree Regressor")
6 plt.xlabel("Temperature")
7 plt.ylabel("Revenue")
8 plt.show()
```



```
In [45]: 1 from sklearn.datasets import load_boston
```

```
In [46]: 1 boston = load_boston()
        2 boston
```

```
Out[46]: {'data': array([[6.3200e-03, 1.8000e+01, 2.3100e+00, ..., 1.5300e+01, 3.9690e+0
2,
        4.9800e+00],
        [2.7310e-02, 0.0000e+00, 7.0700e+00, ..., 1.7800e+01, 3.9690e+02,
        9.1400e+00],
        [2.7290e-02, 0.0000e+00, 7.0700e+00, ..., 1.7800e+01, 3.9283e+02,
        4.0300e+00],
        ...,
        [6.0760e-02, 0.0000e+00, 1.1930e+01, ..., 2.1000e+01, 3.9690e+02,
        5.6400e+00],
        [1.0959e-01, 0.0000e+00, 1.1930e+01, ..., 2.1000e+01, 3.9345e+02,
        6.4800e+00],
        [4.7410e-02, 0.0000e+00, 1.1930e+01, ..., 2.1000e+01, 3.9690e+02,
        7.8800e+00]]),
        'target': array([24. , 21.6, 34.7, 33.4, 36.2, 28.7, 22.9, 27.1, 16.5, 18.9, 1
5. ,
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        13.1, 13.5, 18.9, 20. , 21. , 24.7, 30.8, 34.9, 26.6, 25.3, 24.7,
        21.2, 19.3, 20. , 16.6, 14.4, 19.4, 19.7, 20.5, 25. , 23.4, 18.9,
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        19.4, 22. , 17.4, 20.9, 24.2, 21.7, 22.8, 23.4, 24.1, 21.4, 20. ,
        20.8, 21.2, 20.3, 28. , 23.9, 24.8, 22.9, 23.9, 26.6, 22.5, 22.2,
        23.6, 28.7, 22.6, 22. , 22.9, 25. , 20.6, 28.4, 21.4, 38.7, 43.8,
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        21.7, 22.8, 18.8, 18.7, 18.5, 18.3, 21.2, 19.2, 20.4, 19.3, 22. ,
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        25. , 50. , 23.8, 23.8, 22.3, 17.4, 19.1, 23.1, 23.6, 22.6, 29.4,
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        31.7, 41.7, 48.3, 29. , 24. , 25.1, 31.5, 23.7, 23.3, 22. , 20.1,
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        20.1, 23.2, 22.3, 24.8, 28.5, 37.3, 27.9, 23.9, 21.7, 28.6, 27.1,
        20.3, 22.5, 29. , 24.8, 22. , 26.4, 33.1, 36.1, 28.4, 33.4, 28.2,
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        18.6, 30.1, 18.2, 20.6, 17.8, 21.7, 22.7, 22.6, 25. , 19.9, 20.8,
        16.8, 21.9, 27.5, 21.9, 23.1, 50. , 50. , 50. , 50. , 50. , 13.8,
        13.8, 15. , 13.9, 13.3, 13.1, 10.2, 10.4, 10.9, 11.3, 12.3, 8.8,
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        12.5, 8.5, 5. , 6.3, 5.6, 7.2, 12.1, 8.3, 8.5, 5. , 11.9,
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```

```

      8.8, 8.4, 16.7, 14.2, 20.8, 13.4, 11.7, 8.3, 10.2, 10.9, 11. ,
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      15.2, 16.1, 17.8, 14.9, 14.1, 12.7, 13.5, 14.9, 20. , 16.4, 17.7,
      19.5, 20.2, 21.4, 19.9, 19. , 19.1, 19.1, 20.1, 19.9, 19.6, 23.2,
      29.8, 13.8, 13.3, 16.7, 12. , 14.6, 21.4, 23. , 23.7, 25. , 21.8,
      20.6, 21.2, 19.1, 20.6, 15.2, 7. , 8.1, 13.6, 20.1, 21.8, 24.5,
      23.1, 19.7, 18.3, 21.2, 17.5, 16.8, 22.4, 20.6, 23.9, 22. , 11.9]],
'feature_names': array(['CRIM', 'ZN', 'INDUS', 'CHAS', 'NOX', 'RM', 'AGE', 'DIS',
'S', 'RAD',
'TAX', 'PTRATIO', 'B', 'LSTAT'], dtype='<U7'),
'DESCR': ".. _boston_dataset:\n\nBoston house prices dataset\n-----
-----\n\n**Data Set Characteristics:** \n\n      :Number of Instances: 506
\n\n      :Number of Attributes: 13 numeric/categorical predictive. Median Value
(attribute 14) is usually the target.\n\n      :Attribute Information (in orde
r):\n      - CRIM      per capita crime rate by town\n      - ZN      propo
rtion of residential land zoned for lots over 25,000 sq.ft.\n      - INDUS
proportion of non-retail business acres per town\n      - CHAS      Charles Ri
ver dummy variable (= 1 if tract bounds river; 0 otherwise)\n      - NOX
nitric oxides concentration (parts per 10 million)\n      - RM      average
number of rooms per dwelling\n      - AGE      proportion of owner-occupied u
nits built prior to 1940\n      - DIS      weighted distances to five Boston
employment centres\n      - RAD      index of accessibility to radial highway
s\n      - TAX      full-value property-tax rate per $10,000\n      - PTRAT
IO pupil-teacher ratio by town\n      - B      1000(Bk - 0.63)^2 where Bk
is the proportion of blacks by town\n      - LSTAT      % lower status of the p
opulation\n      - MEDV      Median value of owner-occupied homes in $1000's\n
\n      :Missing Attribute Values: None\n\n      :Creator: Harrison, D. and Rubinfe
ld, D.L.\n\nThis is a copy of UCI ML housing dataset.\nhttps://archive.ics.uci.
edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/housing/\n\n\nThis dataset was taken from the
StatLib library which is maintained at Carnegie Mellon University.\n\nThe Bosto
n house-price data of Harrison, D. and Rubinfeld, D.L. 'Hedonic\nprices and the
demand for clean air', J. Environ. Economics & Management,\nvol.5, 81-102, 197
8. Used in Belsley, Kuh & Welsch, 'Regression diagnostics\n...', Wiley, 1980.
N.B. Various transformations are used in the table on\npages 244-261 of the lat
ter.\n\nThe Boston house-price data has been used in many machine learning pape
rs that address regression\nproblems. \n\n      \n.. topic:: References\n\n      -
Belsley, Kuh & Welsch, 'Regression diagnostics: Identifying Influential Data an
d Sources of Collinearity', Wiley, 1980. 244-261.\n      - Quinlan,R. (1993). Comb
ining Instance-Based and Model-Based Learning. In Proceedings on the Tenth Inte
rnational Conference of Machine Learning, 236-243, University of Massachusetts,
Amherst. Morgan Kaufmann.\n",
'filename': 'C:\\Users\\Alekhya\\Anaconda3\\lib\\site-packages\\sklearn\\datas
ets\\data\\boston_house_prices.csv'}

```

In [47]: 1 x = boston["data"]

In [48]:

1 x

Out[48]: array([[6.3200e-03, 1.8000e+01, 2.3100e+00, ..., 1.5300e+01, 3.9690e+02,
4.9800e+00],
[2.7310e-02, 0.0000e+00, 7.0700e+00, ..., 1.7800e+01, 3.9690e+02,
9.1400e+00],
[2.7290e-02, 0.0000e+00, 7.0700e+00, ..., 1.7800e+01, 3.9283e+02,
4.0300e+00],
...,
[6.0760e-02, 0.0000e+00, 1.1930e+01, ..., 2.1000e+01, 3.9690e+02,
5.6400e+00],
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6.4800e+00],
[4.7410e-02, 0.0000e+00, 1.1930e+01, ..., 2.1000e+01, 3.9690e+02,
7.8800e+00]])

In [49]:

```
1 x1 = pd.DataFrame(boston["data"],columns = ['CRIM', 'ZN', 'INDUS', 'CHAS', '
2         'TAX', 'PTRATIO', 'B', 'LSTAT'])
3 x1.head()
```

Out[49]:

	CRIM	ZN	INDUS	CHAS	NOX	RM	AGE	DIS	RAD	TAX	PTRATIO	B	LSTAT
0	0.00632	18.0	2.31	0.0	0.538	6.575	65.2	4.0900	1.0	296.0	15.3	396.90	4.98
1	0.02731	0.0	7.07	0.0	0.469	6.421	78.9	4.9671	2.0	242.0	17.8	396.90	9.14
2	0.02729	0.0	7.07	0.0	0.469	7.185	61.1	4.9671	2.0	242.0	17.8	392.83	4.03
3	0.03237	0.0	2.18	0.0	0.458	6.998	45.8	6.0622	3.0	222.0	18.7	394.63	2.94
4	0.06905	0.0	2.18	0.0	0.458	7.147	54.2	6.0622	3.0	222.0	18.7	396.90	5.33

In [50]:

```
1 y = pd.DataFrame(boston["target"],columns=["target"])
```

In [51]:

```
1 y.head()
```

Out[51]:

	target
0	24.0
1	21.6
2	34.7
3	33.4
4	36.2

In [52]: 1 x1.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>  
RangeIndex: 506 entries, 0 to 505  
Data columns (total 13 columns):  
CRIM      506 non-null float64  
ZN        506 non-null float64  
INDUS     506 non-null float64  
CHAS      506 non-null float64  
NOX       506 non-null float64  
RM        506 non-null float64  
AGE       506 non-null float64  
DIS       506 non-null float64  
RAD       506 non-null float64  
TAX       506 non-null float64  
PTRATIO   506 non-null float64  
B         506 non-null float64  
LSTAT     506 non-null float64  
dtypes: float64(13)  
memory usage: 51.5 KB
```

In [53]: 1 y.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>  
RangeIndex: 506 entries, 0 to 505  
Data columns (total 1 columns):  
target    506 non-null float64  
dtypes: float64(1)  
memory usage: 4.0 KB
```

In [54]: 1 x1.isnull().sum()

```
Out[54]: CRIM      0  
ZN        0  
INDUS     0  
CHAS      0  
NOX       0  
RM        0  
AGE       0  
DIS       0  
RAD       0  
TAX       0  
PTRATIO   0  
B         0  
LSTAT     0  
dtype: int64
```

In [55]: 1 y.isnull().sum()

```
Out[55]: target    0  
dtype: int64
```

```
In [56]: 1 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

```
In [57]: 1 X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x1,y,test_size=0.3,random_s
```

```
In [58]: 1 #Training the Decision Tree Regression model on the training set  
2 # Fitting Decision Tree Regression to the dataset  
3 from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor  
4 regressor = DecisionTreeRegressor(max_depth=3)  
5 regressor.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
Out[58]: DecisionTreeRegressor(criterion='mse', max_depth=3, max_features=None,  
                                max_leaf_nodes=None, min_impurity_decrease=0.0,  
                                min_impurity_split=None, min_samples_leaf=1,  
                                min_samples_split=2, min_weight_fraction_leaf=0.0,  
                                presort=False, random_state=None, splitter='best')
```

```
In [59]: 1 #Predicting the Results  
2 y_pred = regressor.predict(X_test)
```

```
In [60]: 1 regressor.score(X_test,y_pred)
```

```
Out[60]: 1.0
```