

The screenshot shows a two-panel interface. The top panel is a login screen for 'code-server' with a password input field and a 'SUBMIT' button. The bottom panel is the VS Code code editor interface, displaying a file named 'environment.js'. The code in the editor is:

```
To address all issues, run:
npm audit fix

Run 'npm audit' for details.
npm notice New major version of npm available! 10.8.2 -> 11.8.0
npm notice Changelog: https://github.com/npm/cli/releases/tag/v11.8.0
npm notice To update run: npm install -g npm@11.8.0
npm notice
[nodemon] 1.19.1: app crashed and did not exit gracefully, killing process [1]
```

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CLDSRV 3

The screenshot shows two separate terminal windows side-by-side. Both windows have tabs for PROBLEMS, OUTPUT, DEBUG CONSOLE, TERMINAL, and PORTS. The top window's terminal tab is active, displaying the command `[ec2-user@ip-10-0-1-99 environment]$`. The bottom window's terminal tab is active, displaying the command `[ec2-user@ip-10-0-1-99 app_server_1]$`. Both windows show the output of an `npm audit` command. The top window's output includes:

```
26 packages are looking for funding
  run `npm fund` for details

12 vulnerabilities (4 low, 1 moderate, 6 high, 1 critical)

To address all issues, run:
  npm audit fix

Run `npm audit` for details.
```

The bottom window's output includes:

```
26 packages are looking for funding
  run `npm fund` for details

12 vulnerabilities (4 low, 1 moderate, 6 high, 1 critical)

To address all issues, run:
  npm audit fix

Run `npm audit` for details.
```

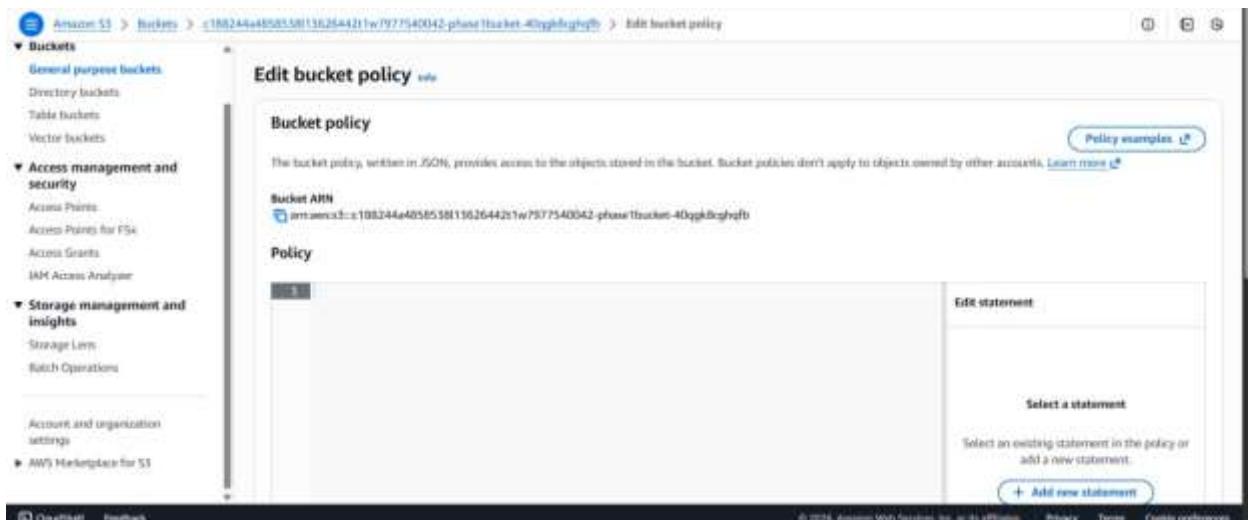
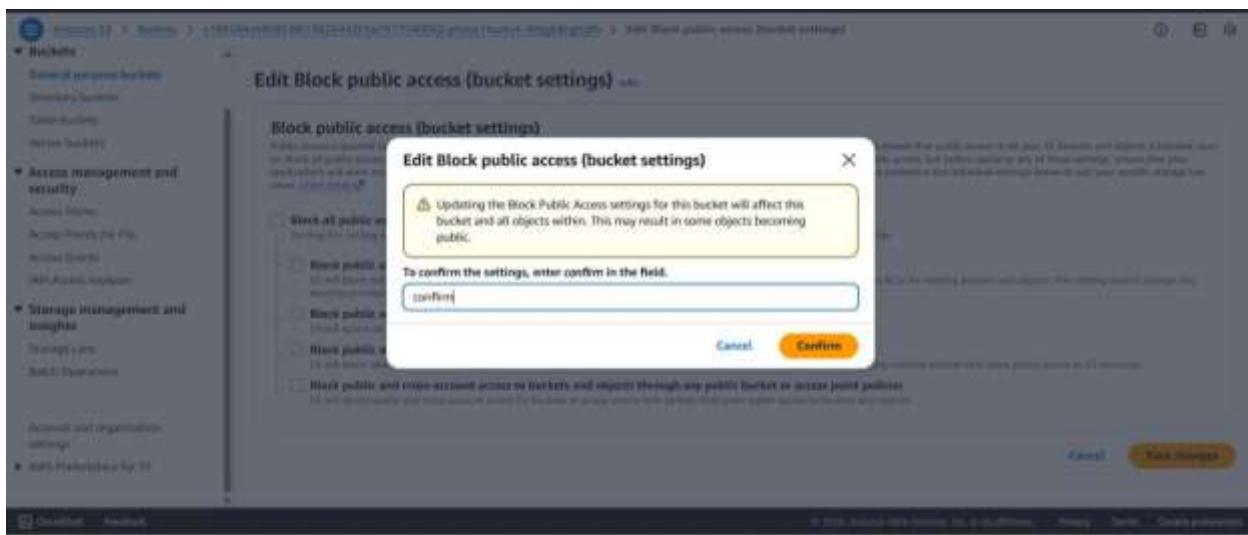
The screenshot shows the AWS S3 console interface. The left sidebar has sections for Buckets, Access management and security, and Storage management and insights. The main area displays 'General purpose buckets' with two entries:

Name	AWS Region	Creation date
c189344485853ff15626442f1 w7977540042-phaneibucket- 40spq1phofh	US East (N. Virginia)	January 29, 2026, 22:14:30 (UTC+08:00)
c189344485858ff13626442f1 w7977540042-phaneibucket- tz/pg1sqtgj7	US East (N. Virginia)	January 29, 2026, 22:14:31 (UTC+08:00)

On the right, there are three summary boxes: 'Account snapshot' (updated daily), 'External access summary' (updated daily), and 'Storage Lens' (provides visibility into storage usage and activity trends).

The screenshot shows the AWS S3 Bucket Permissions Overview page. The left sidebar includes sections for Buckets, Access management and security, Storage management and insights, and Account and organization settings. The main content area has tabs for Objects, Metadata, Properties, Permissions (which is selected), Metrics, Management, and Access Points. Under the Permissions tab, there's a section titled 'Permissions overview' with a note about access findings. Below it is the 'Block public access (bucket settings)' section, which is currently set to 'Block all public access' (status: On). A note says these settings apply only to this bucket and its access points. At the bottom of this section is a link to 'Individual Block Public Access settings for this bucket'. The footer contains links for Classified, Feedback, and AWS Marketplace for S3.

The screenshot shows the 'Edit Block public access (bucket settings)' dialog box. It lists four options under 'Block public access (bucket settings)': 1. Block public access to buckets and objects granted through new access control lists (ACLs) (status: Off). A note says this setting applies to the bucket and its access points. 2. Block public access to buckets and objects granted through any access control lists (ACLs) (status: Off). A note says this setting applies to the bucket and its access points. 3. Block public access to buckets and objects granted through new public bucket or access point policies (status: Off). A note says this setting doesn't charge any existing policies that allow public access to S3 resources. 4. Block public and cross-account access to buckets and objects through any public bucket or access point policies (status: Off). A note says this setting applies to the bucket and its access points. At the bottom right are 'Cancel' and 'Save changes' buttons. The footer contains links for Classified, Feedback, and AWS Marketplace for S3.



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The screenshot shows the AWS Bucket Policy editor for a bucket named 'c100244a40558f136264421w7977540042-phase'. The policy is defined as follows:

```
1 * {
2     "Version": "2012-10-17",
3     "Statement": [
4         {
5             "Sid": "PublicRead",
6             "Effect": "Allow",
7             "Principal": "*",
8             "Action": "GetObject",
9             "Resource": "[bucketArn]/{*}",
10            "Condition": {
11                "IpAddress": {
12                    "NotIpAddress": "192.168.1.1"
13                }
14            }
15        }
16    ]
17}
```

The right panel contains a sidebar with 'Edit statement' and a main area with 'Select a statement' and a '+ Add new statement' button.

The screenshot shows the AWS Bucket Policy editor for the same bucket. The policy has been modified to include a condition that restricts access to IP address 192.168.1.1:

```
1 * {
2     "Version": "2012-10-17",
3     "Statement": [
4         {
5             "Sid": "PublicRead",
6             "Effect": "Allow",
7             "Principal": "*",
8             "Action": "GetObject",
9             "Resource": "[bucketArn]/{*}",
10            "Condition": {
11                "IpAddress": {
12                    "NotIpAddress": "192.168.1.1"
13                }
14            }
15        }
16    ]
17}
```

The right panel contains a sidebar with 'Edit statement' and a main area with 'Select a statement' and a '+ Add new statement' button.

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The screenshot shows the AWS S3 Bucket Policy editor. On the left, there's a sidebar with navigation links like 'Buckets', 'Access management and security', 'Storage management and insights', and 'Account and organization settings'. The main area displays a JSON-based bucket policy:

```
Version: '2012-10-17',
Statement: [
    {
        "Sid": "PublicRead",
        "Effect": "Allow",
        "Principal": "*",
        "Action": "s3:GetObject",
        "Resource": "arn:aws:s3:::c188244a4858558f136264421w7977540042::*",
        "Condition": {
            "IpAddress": {
                "aws:SourceIp": "223.25.65.69"
            }
        }
]
```

A green success message at the top says 'Successfully edited bucket policy.' There are 'Edit' and 'Delete' buttons at the top right.

This screenshot shows the AWS CloudWatch Metrics Insights interface. It displays a log query result for a 'config' log stream. The log entries show the processing of an image file through various stages: original image, app server received image, app server got original image buffer, processed image, and saved adjusted to x. The log entries also mention URLs for upload, download, and image retrieval.

```
process_file web_server_1 static_file config
  1 /000000
  2 COMPILE=1
  3
  4 IMAGE_RECEIVED_S3_URL =
  5 "Saved original image",
  6 "Saved original image to x",
  7 "App server received image url",
  8 "App server got original image buffer",
  9 "Processed image",
  10 "Saved adjusted to x",
  11 "Complete"
  12
  13 COMPILE_FILE_URL = "http://[ELBIP]:8080/upload"
  14 COMPILE_FILE_DOWNLOAD_URL = "https://[MetricBucket].s3.amazonaws.com/"
  15 COMPILE_FILE_DOWNLOAD_URL = "http://[ELBIP]:8080/get_image/[ID]"
  16 COMPILE_APP_SERVER_URL = "http://[ELBIP]:8080/"
```

This screenshot shows the AWS Lambda CloudWatch Logs interface. It displays a log stream named 'LOGS'. The logs show the execution of a function named 'lambda_handler'. The logs indicate that the function is listening on port 8080 and performing a migration warning about the deprecation of the AWS SDK for JavaScript (v2).

```
> start
> NODE_ENV=development node index.js

App is listening on port 8080
(node:42497) [DEPRECATION] We are formalizing our plans to enter AWS SDK for JavaScript (v2) into maintenance mode in 2023.

Please migrate your code to use AWS SDK for JavaScript (v3).
For more information, check the migration guide at https://a.co/7P2fCcY
(Use `node --trace-warnings ...` to show where the warning was created)
```

Image Tinter

Start checking for images before you upload your first image.

Start checking for images Stop checking for images

Click Start checking to get your images

Please upload an image (png only) and it will be resized to 300x300 and will become tinted.

No file chosen



A screenshot of a terminal window in a development environment. The window has tabs for PROBLEMS, OUTPUT, DEBUG CONSOLE, TERMINAL, and PORTS. The TERMINAL tab is active, showing the command `> start` and `> NODE_ENV=development node index.js`. The output pane shows the message "App is listening on port 8080" and a warning from AWS: "(node:43302) NOTE: We are formalizing our plans to enter AWS SDK for JavaScript (v2) into maintenance mode in 2023. Please migrate your code to use AWS SDK for JavaScript (v3). For more information, check the migration guide at https://a.co/7PzMcCc (Use 'node --trace-warnings ...' to show where the warning was created)". The right side of the terminal window shows a sidebar with icons for npm app, npm web, and npm dev.

Nothing to see here

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SQSFair queues is now available for standard queues.
Automatically manage noisy neighbors in your queues with fair queues, a new feature that limits noisy neighbor impact across all message groups. Add a group identifier to your messages, and SQS re-orders messages to ensure no single noisy neighbor impacts the time in queue for any other tenants.

[Learn more](#)

Create queue

Details

Type

Choose the queue type for your application or message distribution.

Standard (0) At least once delivery, message ordering isn't preserved

- At-least-once delivery
- Batch-ordering

FIFO (0) First-in-first-out delivery, message ordering is preserved

- First-in-first-out delivery
- FIFO-order processing

Info You can't change the queue type after you create a queue.

Name

MyQueue

A queue name is case-sensitive and can have up to 80 characters. You can use alphanumeric characters, hyphens (-), and underscores (_).

Classification: Feedback

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Amazon SQS > Queues > ImageApp

Queue ImageApp created successfully. You can now send and receive messages.

Notifications Edit Delete Purge Send and receive messages Start DLQ rotation

ImageApp

Details

Name	ImageApp	Type	Standard	ARN	arn:aws:sqs:us-east-1:797754004259:ImageApp
Encryption	Amazon SQS key (SSE-SQS)	URL	https://sqs.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/797754004259/ImageApp	Dead-letter queue	

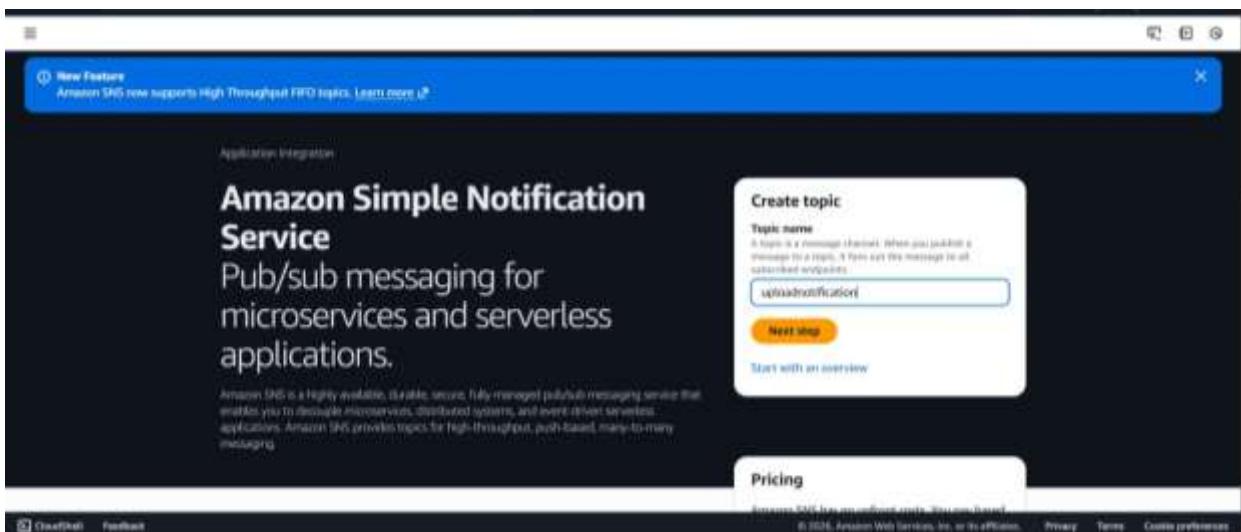
More

Queue policies Monitoring SNS subscriptions Lambda triggers EventBridge Pipes Dead-letter queue Tagging Encryption Dead-letter queue redri

Access policy

Classification: Feedback

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Amazon SNS > Topics > Create topic

New Feature: Amazon SNS now supports High Throughput FIFO topics. Learn more [\[?\]](#)

▼ Access policy - optional [\[?\]](#)
This policy defines who can access your topic. By default, only the topic owner can publish or subscribe to the topic.

Choose method:

Basic Use simple criteria to define a basic access policy.

Advanced Use a JSON object to define an advanced access policy.

Publishers
Specify who can publish messages to the topic.
 Only the topic owner Only the owner of the topic can publish to the topic.

Subscribers
Specify who can subscribe to this topic.
 Only the topic owner Only the owner of the topic can subscribe to the topic.

JSON preview

```
{ "Version": "2008-10-17", "Id": "..._default_policy_0", "Statement": [ { "Sid": "..._default_statement_0", "Effect": "Allow", "Principal": "aws", "Action": "sns:Publish" } ] }
```

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Amazon SNS > Topics > Create topic

New Feature: Amazon SNS now supports High Throughput FIFO topics. Learn more [\[?\]](#)

Choose method:

Basic Use simple criteria to define a basic access policy.

Advanced Use a JSON object to define an advanced access policy.

JSON editor

```
1: { "Version": "2008-10-17", "Id": "..._default_policy_0", "Statement": [ { "Sid": "..._default_statement_0", "Effect": "Allow", "Principal": "aws", "Action": "sns:Publish" } ] }
```

► Data protection policy - optional [\[?\]](#)

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The screenshot shows the AWS SNS 'Create Topic' interface. At the top, there's a blue banner with the text 'New Feature: Amazon SNS now supports High Throughput FIFO topics. Learn more' and a 'Create topic' button. Below the banner, the 'Choose method' section has two options: 'Basic' (selected) and 'Advanced'. The 'Advanced' option allows defining an IAM object to define an advanced access policy. A large JSON editor window displays the following policy:

```
1 * | "Version": "2012-10-17",
2 * | "Statement": [
3 * | | "Effect": "Allow",
4 * | | "Principal": "*",
5 * | | "Service": "sns.amazonaws.com",
6 * | | "Action": [
7 * | | | "SQS:SendMessage",
8 * | | ],
9 * | | "Resource": "arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:123456789012:myfifo-topic-arn",
10 * | | "Condition": {
11 * | | | "ArnLike": [
12 * | | | | "arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:123456789012:myfifo-topic-arn"
13 * | | ]
14 * | | }
15 * | | "Condition": [
16 * | | | "ArnLike": [
17 * | | | | "arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:123456789012:myfifo-topic-arn"
18 * | | ]
19 * | | "Condition": [
20 * | | | "ArnLike": [
21 * | | | | "arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:123456789012:myfifo-topic-arn"
22 * | | ]
23 * | ]
24 * ]
25 * ]
```

At the bottom of the JSON editor, it says '25:30 JSON'.

Below the JSON editor, there's a link to 'Data protection policy - optional' and a note: 'Optional. Headers'.

At the very bottom of the page, there are links to '© 2024 Amazon Web Services, Inc. or its affiliates.', 'Privacy', 'Terms', and 'Cookie preferences'.

This screenshot is identical to the one above, showing the 'Create Topic' interface with the 'Advanced' access policy selected. The JSON editor contains the same complex policy as the first screenshot, detailing permissions for the 'myfifo-topic-arn' resource across three different conditions based on ARN-like patterns.

At the bottom of the JSON editor, it says '203:37 JSON'.

Below the JSON editor, there's a link to 'Data protection policy - optional' and a note: 'Optional. Headers'.

At the very bottom of the page, there are links to '© 2024 Amazon Web Services, Inc. or its affiliates.', 'Privacy', 'Terms', and 'Cookie preferences'.

The screenshot shows the Amazon SNS 'Topics' section. A green success message at the top states: "Topic uploadnotification created successfully. You can create subscriptions and send messages to them from this topic." Below this, the topic name "uploadnotification" is displayed. The ARN is listed as "arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:797754004258:uploadnotification". The display name is empty. The type is set to "Standard". The "Subscriptions" tab is selected, showing 0 subscriptions. Other tabs include "Access policy", "Data protection policy", "Delivery policy (HTTP/S)", "Delivery status logging", "Encryption", and "Tags". At the bottom, there are links for "Create subscription", "Edit", "Delete", "Request confirmation", and "Confirm subscription".

The screenshot shows the "Edit uploadnotification" page. The "Details" section includes the topic name "uploadnotification", type "Standard", and a "Display name - optional" field containing "My Topic". The "Encryption - optional" section notes that AWS provides in-transit encryption by default. The "Access policy - optional" section states that the policy defines who can access the topic, with a note that by default, only the topic owner can publish or subscribe to the topic.

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This policy defines who can access your topic. By default, only the topic owner can publish or subscribe to the topic.

JSON editor

```
1  {
2    "Version": "2012-10-17",
3    "Id": "UploadNotificationPolicy",
4    "Statement": [
5      {
6        "Sid": "SS-SNS-topic-millity",
7        "Effect": "Allow",
8        "Principal": "*",
9        "Service": "sns.amazonaws.com"
10       ],
11      {
12        "Action": "SQS:ReceiveMessage",
13        "Resource": "arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:797754004259:uploadnotification",
14        "Condition": {
15          "StringEquals": {
16            "aws:SourceArn": "arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:797754004259"
17          }
18        }
19      }
20    ]
21  }
```

12/24 JSON

Data protection policy - optional [info](#)
This policy defines which sensitive data to monitor and to prevent from being exchanged via your topic.

Delivery policy (HTTP/S) - optional [info](#)
The policy defines how Amazon SNS retries failed deliveries to HTTP/S endpoints. To modify the default settings, expand this section.

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Amazon SNS

Dashboard Topics Subscriptions

Mobile Push notifications Text messaging (SMS)

uploadnotification

Save changes Topic uploadnotification saved successfully.

Details

Name:	uploadnotification	ARN:	arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:797754004259:uploadnotification	Display name:	Type:
Topic owner:	797754004259				

Subscriptions [Edit](#) [Delete](#) [Request confirmation](#) [Confirm subscription](#) [Create subscription](#)

ID	Endpoint	Status	Protocol

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The screenshot shows the Amazon S3 console. On the left, a sidebar navigation includes: Buckets (General purpose buckets, Directory buckets, Table buckets, Vector buckets), Access management and security (Access Points, Access Points for FSx, Access Grants, IAM Access Analyzer), Storage management and insights (Storage Lens, Batch Operations), and Account and organization settings. The main content area is titled "General purpose buckets (2)" and contains a table with two rows:

Name	AWS Region	Creation date
c188244a4858538113626442t1w7977540042-phase2bucket-tz7pg3syqyj7	US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1	January 29, 2026, 22:14:30 (UTC+08:00)
w7977540042-phase2bucket-tz7pg3syqyj7	US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1	January 29, 2026, 22:14:31 (UTC+08:00)

On the right, there are two cards: "Account snapshot" (last updated today) and "External access summary" (last updated today).

The screenshot shows the Amazon S3 console, specifically the bucket details page for "c188244a4858538113626442t1w7977540042-phase2bucket-tz7pg3syqyj7". The sidebar navigation is identical to the previous screenshot. The main content area is titled "Objects (0)" and contains a table with one row:

Name	Type	Last modified	Size	Storage class
No objects				

A message states: "You don't have any objects in this bucket." There is a prominent "Upload" button at the bottom.

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Amazon S3 > Buckets > c188244a4858538l13626442t1w7977540042-phase2bucket-tz7pg3syqyj7 > Edit Block public access (Bucket settings)

Edit Block public access (Bucket settings)

Block public access (Bucket settings)

Public access is granted to buckets and objects through access control lists (ACLs), bucket policies, access point policies, or all. In order to ensure that public access to all your S3 buckets and objects is blocked, turn on block all public access. These settings apply only to this bucket and its access points. AWS recommends that you turn on block all public access, but before applying any of these settings, ensure that your applications will work correctly without public access. If you require some level of public access to your buckets or objects within, you can customize the individual settings below to suit your specific storage use case. [Learn more](#)

Block all public access.
Turning this setting on is the same as turning on all four settings below. Each of the following settings are independent of one another.

Block public access to buckets and objects granted through new access control lists (ACLs).
S3 will block public access permissions applied to newly created buckets or objects, and prevent the creation of new public access ACLs for existing buckets and objects. This setting doesn't change any existing permissions that allow public access to S3 resources using ACLs.

Block public access to buckets and objects granted through any access control lists (ACLs).
S3 will ignore all ACLs that grant public access to buckets and objects. This setting doesn't change any existing policies that allow public access to S3 resources.

Block public access to buckets and objects granted through new public bucket or access point policies.
S3 will block new bucket and access point policies that grant public access to buckets and objects. This setting doesn't change any existing policies that allow public access to S3 resources.

Block public and cross-account access to buckets and objects through any public bucket or access point policies.
S3 will ignore public and cross-account access for buckets or access points with policies that grant public access to buckets and objects.

[Cancel](#) [Save changes](#)

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Amazon S3 > Buckets > c188244a4858538l13626442t1w7977540042-phase2bucket-tz7pg3syqyj7

Successfully edited Block Public Access settings for this bucket.

Objects Metadata Properties Permissions Metrics Management Access Points

Permissions overview

Access findings

Access findings are provided by IAM internal access analysis. Learn more about how IAM analyzer finds your [View Analyzer for us-east-1](#).

Block public access (Bucket settings)

Public access is granted to buckets and objects through access control lists (ACLs), bucket policies, access point policies, or all. In order to ensure that public access to all your S3 buckets and objects is blocked, turn on block all public access. These settings apply only to this bucket and its access points. AWS recommends that you turn on block all public access, but before applying any of these settings, ensure that your applications will work correctly without public access. If you require some level of public access to your buckets or objects within, you can customize the individual settings below to suit your specific storage use case. [Learn more](#)

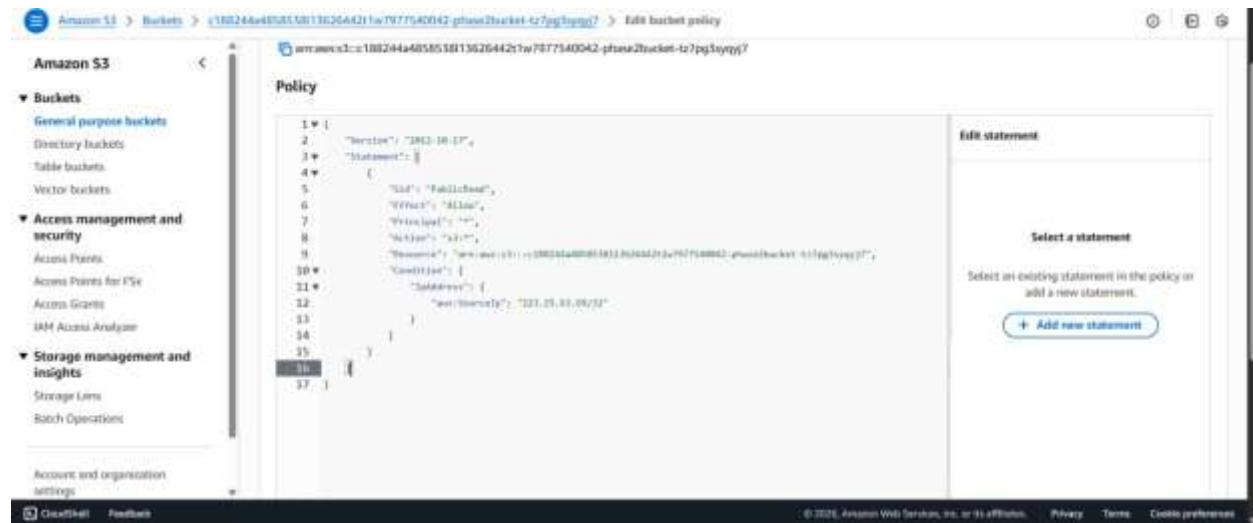
Block all public access.

[Edit](#)

Individual Block Public Access settings for this bucket

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The screenshot shows the AWS S3 Bucket Policy editor. On the left, there's a navigation sidebar with 'Amazon S3' at the top, followed by 'Buckets', 'General purpose buckets', 'Access management and security', 'Storage management and insights', and 'Account and organization settings'. Under 'Access management and security', 'Access Points' is expanded. On the right, the main area is titled 'Policy' and contains the following JSON code:

```
1  "Version": "2012-10-17",
2  "Statement": [
3    {
4      "Sid": "FullRead",
5      "Effect": "Allow",
6      "Principal": "*",
7      "Action": "s3:GetObject",
8      "Resource": "arn:aws:s3:::188244a48585136264421w7877540042-phns2bucket-tz7pg3yqj7",
9      "Condition": {
10        "IpAddress": {
11          "aws:SourceIp": "223.25.83.69/32"
12        }
13      }
14    }
15  ]
16 }
```

To the right of the policy code, there's a panel titled 'Edit statement' with a sub-section 'Select a statement' containing the text 'Select an existing statement in the policy or add a new statement' and a button '+ Add new statement'.



The screenshot shows the AWS S3 Bucket Policy editor after saving. A green success message at the top says '(+) Successfully edited bucket policy.' Below it, the 'Bucket policy' section displays the same JSON code as the previous screenshot. At the top of this section, there are 'Edit' and 'Delete' buttons, and a 'Copy' button on the far right. The rest of the interface is identical to the first screenshot, including the sidebar and footer.

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Amazon S3 > Buckets > c188244a485853813626442t1w7977540042-phase2bucket-tz7pg3syqqj7

Buckets

General purpose buckets

Amazon S3

Properties

Permissions

Metrics

Management

Access Points

Bucket overview

AWS Region: US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1

Amazon Resource Name (ARN): arn:aws:s3::c188244a485853813626442t1w7977540042-phase2bucket-tz7pg3syqqj7

Creation date: January 29, 2026, 22:14:31 (UTC+08:00)

Bucket Versioning

Bucket Versioning: Disabled

Multi-factor authentication (MFA) delete

It's a whitelisted layer of security that requires multi-factor authentication for changing bucket versioning settings and permanently deleting object versions. To modify MFA delete settings, see the AWS S3 AWS CLI or the Amazon S3 REST API.

Disabled

Account and organization settings

Feedback

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Amazon S3 > Buckets > c188244a485853813626442t1w7977540042-phase2bucket-tz7pg3syqqj7 > Create event notification

Create event notification

To enable notifications, you must first add a notification configuration that identifies the events you want Amazon S3 to publish and the destinations where you want Amazon S3 to send the notifications.

General configuration

Event name: S3event

Event name can contain up to 255 characters.

Prefix - optional:

Prefix the notifications to objects with key starting with specified characters.

Images/

Suffix - optional:

Prefix the notifications to objects with key ending with specified characters.

.jpg

Event types

Specify at least one event for which you want to receive notifications. For each group, you can choose an event type for all events, or you can choose one or more individual events.

Object creation

Feedback

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Amazon S3 > Buckets > c188244a485853813626442t1w7977540042-phase2bucket-tz7pg3syqqj7 > Create event notification

Create event notification

To enable notifications, you must first add a notification configuration that identifies the events you want Amazon S3 to publish and the destinations where you want Amazon S3 to send the notifications.

General configuration

Event name: S3event

Event name can contain up to 255 characters.

Prefix - optional:

Prefix the notifications to objects with key starting with specified characters.

Images/

Suffix - optional:

Prefix the notifications to objects with key ending with specified characters.

.jpg

The screenshot shows the 'Event types' section of the Lambda function configuration. It includes sections for 'Object creation' and 'Object removal'. Under 'Object creation', the 'All object create events' checkbox is selected, with a note below it stating 'Select at least one event for which you want to receive notifications. For each group, you can choose an event type for all events, or you can choose one or more individual events.' Below this are checkboxes for 'Put', 'Post', 'Copy', and 'Multipart upload completed'. Under 'Object removal', there are checkboxes for 'Permanently deleted' and 'Delete marker created'. At the bottom of the page, there are links for 'Create new function', 'CloudWatch Metrics', 'Feedback', and 'AWS Lambda User Guide'.

The screenshot shows the 'Destination' section of the Lambda function configuration. A note at the top states: 'Before Amazon SNS can publish messages to a destination, you must grant the Amazon SNS principal the necessary permissions to call the relevant API to publish messages to an SNS topic, an SQS queue, or a Lambda function. Learn more.' Below this, the 'Destination' section is shown with the 'SNS topic' option selected. It includes a note: 'Forward messages to consumers for parallel processing or directly to endpoints.' Other options shown are 'Lambda function' (unchecked) and 'SQS queue' (unchecked). The 'Specify SNS topic' section shows 'Choose from your SNS topics' selected, with a dropdown menu containing 'uploadnotification'. At the bottom of the page, there are links for 'Create new function', 'CloudWatch Metrics', 'Feedback', and 'AWS Lambda User Guide'.

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The screenshot shows the 'Queues' page in the Amazon SQS console. A blue banner at the top informs about the availability of SQS Fair queues. The main table lists one queue:

Name	Type	Created	Messages available	Messages in flight	Encryption	Content-based deduplication
imagepipe	Standard	2026-01-29T23:23:08+00:00	0	0	Amazon SNS key (SSE-SQS)	-

The screenshot shows the 'Subscribe to Amazon SNS topic' dialog box. It includes a title 'Amazon SNS topic', a description, and a dropdown menu labeled 'Choose a topic'. At the bottom are 'Cancel' and 'Save' buttons.

The screenshot shows the 'Subscribe to Amazon SNS topic' dialog box again, but this time with a specific topic selected in the dropdown: 'arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:797754004252:uploadedNotification'. The 'Save' button is highlighted.

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Amazon SQS > Details > ImageApp

Subscribed successfully to topic arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:797754004259:uploadNotification.

Notifications: 0 0 0 1 0 0

ImageApp

Details [Edit](#) [Delete](#) [Purge](#) [Send and receive messages](#) [Start DLQ redrive](#)

Name: ImageApp Type: Standard ARN: arn:aws:sqs:us-east-1:797754004259:ImageApp

Encryption: Amazon SQS key (SS-T-SQS) URL: https://queue.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/797754004259/ImageApp

Dead-letter queue: -

More

Queue policies Monitoring SNS subscriptions Lambda triggers EventBridge Pipes Dead-letter queue Tagging Encryption Dead-letter queue redri... >

Subscription region: us-east-1

Feedback

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Amazon SNS > Dashboard

New Feature: Amazon SNS now supports High Throughput FIFO format. Learn more

Amazon SNS

Dashboard Topics Subscriptions

Mobile Push notifications Test messaging (SMS)

Topics: 1 Platform applications: 0 Subscriptions: 1

Overview of Amazon SNS

Application-to-application (A2A)
Amazon SNS is a managed messaging service that lets you decouple publishers from subscribers. This is useful for application-to-application messaging for microservices, distributed systems, and serverless applications. Learn more

Dead-letter queue: If a message is undeliverable, it's sent to a dead-letter queue for analysis or troubleshooting.

Feedback

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Amazon SNS > Subscriptions > Create subscription

New Feature: Amazon SNS now supports High Throughput FIFO topics. Learn more ↗

Create subscription

Details

Topic ARN:

Protocol:

After your subscription is created, you must confirm it. [Info](#)

Subscription filter policy - optional [Info](#)
This policy filters the messages that a subscriber receives.

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Amazon SNS > Subscriptions > Create subscription

New Feature: Amazon SNS now supports High Throughput FIFO topics. Learn more ↗

Create subscription

Endpoint
An email address that can receive notifications from Amazon SNS.

After your subscription is created, you must confirm it. [Info](#)

Subscription filter policy - optional [Info](#)
This policy filters the messages that a subscriber receives.

Redrive policy (dead-letter queue) - optional [Info](#)
Send undeliverable messages to a dead-letter queue.

Cancel **Create subscription** © 2026, Amazon Web Services, Inc. or its affiliates. Privacy Terms Cookies preferences

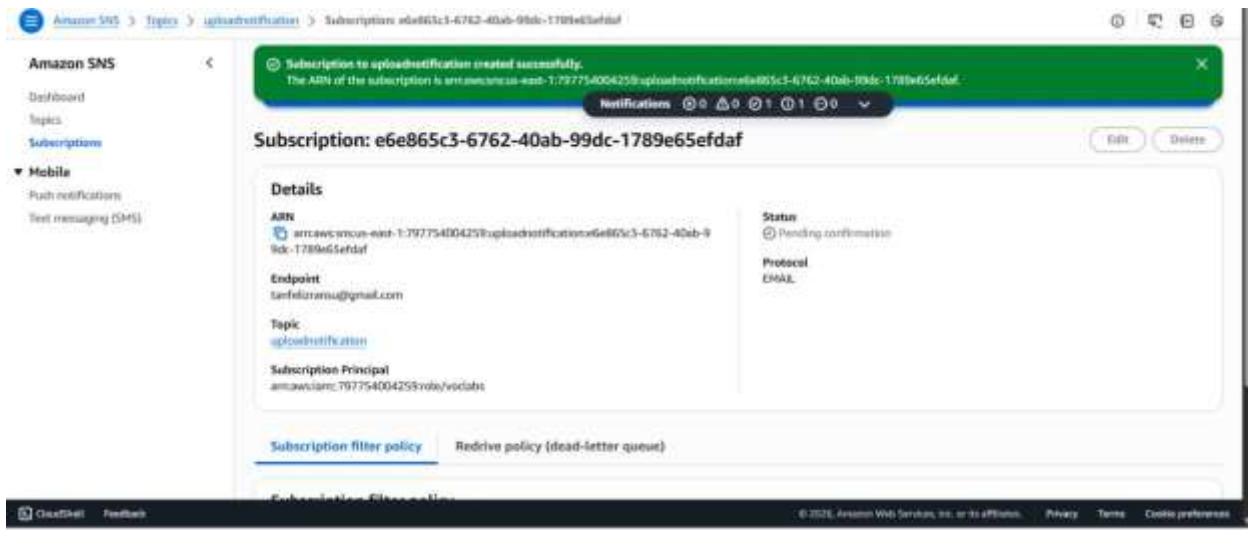


Image Tinter

Start checking for images before you upload your first image.

Start checking for images Stop checking for images

Click Start checking to get your images

Please upload an image (png only) and it will be resized to 300x300 and will become tinted.

No file chosen

Guided lab: Building Decoupled Applications by Using Amazon SQS

Due: No Due Date Points: 55 Submitting as external tool

Subscription Confirmation

In the email, choose the [Confirm subscription](#) link.

You have now configured all the required services for the image processing application. Next, you configure the application parameters and start the application.

Task 8: Configuring parameters and starting the application

In this task, you configure three separate configuration files for each application tier: browser, web application, and application server.

110. In the Lab IDE that you kept open, from the explorer on the left, expand the folder `Web phase 3`.
First, you make changes for the browser tier.
111. Open the following file for editing in the IDE: `web_server_3maticjs/config.js`
112. Assign or replace the following values with the variables that you copied into a text editor earlier.

Total score 25/30

[Task 1] - S3 buckets with correct configuration found 5/5

[Task 2] - Message queue found 5/5

[Task 3] - SNS Topic created 5/5

[Task 4] - SNS Topic with SQS subscription created 5/5

[Task 5] - SNS Topic with Email subscription created 5/5

[Task 6] - S3 event notification created 0/5

01:25 ► Start Lab ■ End Lab AWS Details Details X

Submit Submission Report Grades

Total score 25/30

[Task 1] - S3 buckets with correct configuration found 5/5

[Task 2] - Message queue found 5/5

[Task 3] - SNS Topic created 5/5

[Task 4] - SNS Topic with SQS subscription created 5/5

[Task 5] - SNS Topic with Email subscription created 5/5

[Task 6] - S3 event notification created 0/5