

A decorative graphic on the left side of the slide consisting of two overlapping parallelograms. The front one is blue and the back one is light green. They are positioned diagonally, with the blue one partially covering the green one.

Quote Painter

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1. Project Overview

My program functions as a basic drawing application which also provides a challenge in the format of a timed challenge to draw a random prompt (pulled from zen quotes).

A problem that this program solves is providing fun prompt to draw when you're bored and have no idea what to draw.

The LaunchPage Class

```
public class LaunchPage extends JFrame implements ActionListener { 4 usages  ⚙️ Oscarz
    JFrame frame = new JFrame(); 10 usages
    int pageHorizontal = 600; 5 usages
    int pageVertical = 600; 4 usages
    JLabel title = new JLabel(text: "Welcome to Quote Painter"); 3 usages
    JLabel options = new JLabel(text: "Please select a challenge"); 3 usages
    JButton button = new JButton(text: "Continue to selection page"); 5 usages

    LaunchPage(){ 2 usages  ⚙️ Oscarz
        // Title
        title.setFont(new Font( name: "Arial", Font.PLAIN, size: 20));
        title.setBounds( x: pageHorizontal / 2 - (500 / 4), y: 0, width: 500 , height: 50);

        // Explanation
        JLabel explanation = new JLabel(text: "Challenge yourself to paint quotes with a time constraint!");
        explanation.setBounds( x: pageHorizontal / 2 - (500 / 3) + 20, y: (pageVertical / 2) - 100, width: 500 , height: 50);
        frame.add(explanation);

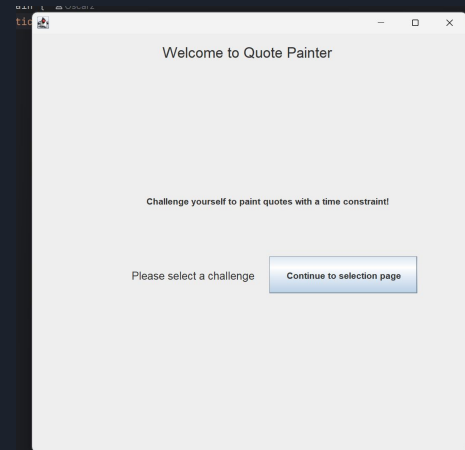
        //Option
        options.setFont(new Font( name: "Helvetica", Font.PLAIN, size: 15));
        options.setBounds( x: pageHorizontal / 2 - (500 / 3), (pageVertical / 2), width: 500 , height: 50);

        //Button
        button.setBounds( x: pageHorizontal / 2 + 20, (pageVertical / 2), width: 200, height: 50);
        button.setFocusable(false);
        button.addActionListener( | this);

        //Frame
        frame.setSize(pageHorizontal , pageVertical);
        frame.setLocationRelativeTo(null);
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        frame.setLayout(null);
        frame.add(title);
        frame.add(options);
        frame.add(button);
        frame.setVisible(true);
    }

    @Override  ⚙️ Oscarz
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
        if(e.getSource() == button){
            frame.dispose();
            SelectionPage page = new SelectionPage();
        }
    }
}
```

The LaunchPage class isn't very exciting. It a JFrame that contains mainly just JLabels as text to introduce the user to the application. It contains an button which leads to another JFrame or window: The SelectionPage Object.



The SelectionPage Class

```
package com.example;

import ...

public class SelectionPage extends JFrame implements ActionListener {
    JFrame frame = new JFrame(); // 11 usages
    JRadioButton shortTime; // 6 usages
    JRadioButton midTime; // 6 usages
    JRadioButton longTime; // 6 usages
    JButton button; // 5 usages
    int time = 0; // 5 usages

    public SelectionPage() { // 1 usage @Oscarz
        //Buttons
        shortTime = new JRadioButton(text: "1 minute");
        midTime = new JRadioButton(text: "2 minutes");
        longTime = new JRadioButton(text: "3 minutes");
        button = new JButton(text: "Begin");
        shortTime.setFocusable(false);
        midTime.setFocusable(false);
        longTime.setFocusable(false);
        button.setFocusable(false);

        //Group
        ButtonGroup group = new ButtonGroup();
        group.add(shortTime);
        group.add(midTime);
        group.add(longTime);

        //Event Listener
        shortTime.addActionListener(this);
        midTime.addActionListener(this);
        longTime.addActionListener(this);
        button.addActionListener(this);

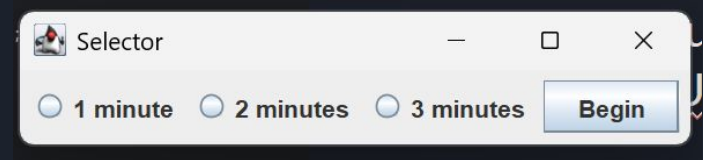
        //Frame
        frame.add(shortTime);
        frame.add(midTime);
        frame.add(longTime);
        frame.add(button);
        frame.setLocationRelativeTo(null);
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        frame.setTitle("Selector");
        frame.setLayout(new FlowLayout());
        frame.pack();
        frame.setVisible(true);
    }

    @Override @Oscarz
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
        if(e.getSource() == shortTime){
            time = 1;
        }
        else if(e.getSource() == midTime){
            time = 2;
        }
        else if(e.getSource() == longTime){
            time = 3;
        }

        if(e.getSource() == button){
            if (time != 0){
                frame.dispose();
                paint();
            }
        }
    }

    public void paint() { // 1 usage @Oscarz
        SwingUtilities.invokeLater(new Runnable() { @Oscarz
            @Override @Oscarz
            public void run() { new PaintGUI(time).setVisible(true); }
        });
    }
}
```

This class is a JFrame which contains 3 radial buttons that correspond to the minutes you want draw for. The value of minutes gets passed onto a new PaintGUI object.



PaintGUI: constructor

```
public class PaintGUI extends JFrame { 3 usages  @Oscarz
    JFrame frame = new JFrame(); no usages
    private int startTime; 2 usages
    MenuBar menuBar; 3 usages
    Menu fileMenu; 4 usages
    MenuItem saveItem; 3 usages
    MenuItem importItem; 3 usages
    private Canvas canvas; 13 usages

    PaintGUI(int time){ 1 usage  @Oscarz

        //Menu
        menuBar = new MenuBar();
        fileMenu = new Menu( label: "File");
        saveItem = new MenuItem( label: "Save");
        importItem = new MenuItem( label: "Load");
        fileMenu.add(saveItem);
        fileMenu.add(importItem);

        menuBar.add(fileMenu);
        this.setMenuBar(menuBar);

        //Frame
        this.setPreferredSize(new Dimension( width: 1800, height: 1000));
        this.pack();
        this.setFocusable(true);
        this.setLocationRelativeTo(null);
        this.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        startTime = time * 60;
        addGUI();
    }
}
```

The PaintGUI class is the backbone of the UI

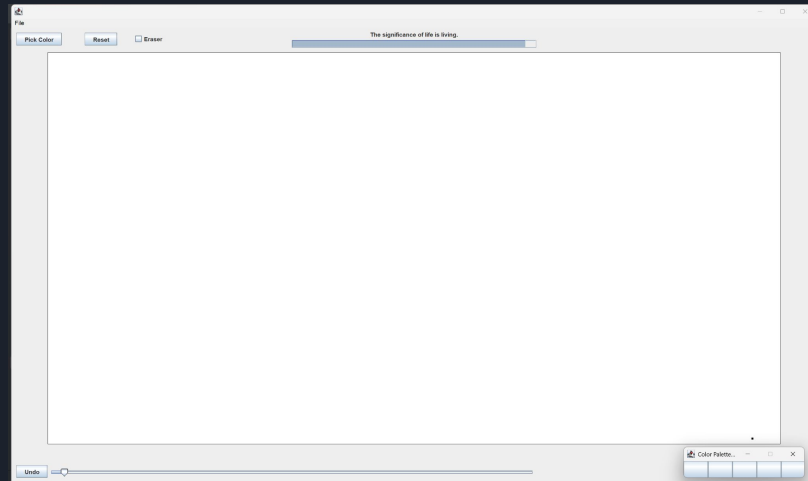
This is the constructor:

-sets the time

-sets up the menu items

-sets up the JFrame

-and calls a very important method addGUI





```
public class PaintGUI extends JFrame {
    private JPanel canvasPanel;

    public void addGUI() {
        //Canvas
        JPanel canvasPanel = new JPanel();
        SpringLayout springLayout = new SpringLayout();
        canvasPanel.setLayout(springLayout);

        //Canvas
        canvas = new Canvas(1000, 1000, 1000);
        canvasPanel.add(canvas);
        springLayout.putConstraint(SpringLayout.NORTH, canvas, 0, 0, springLayout.NORTH, canvasPanel);
        springLayout.putConstraint(SpringLayout.WEST, canvas, 0, 0, springLayout.WEST, canvasPanel);

        //Color chooser
        JButton chooseColorButton = new JButton("Pick Color");
        chooseColorButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
            @Override
            public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
                JColorChooser chooser = new JColorChooser();
                Color color = JColorChooser.showDialog(this, "Pick a color", Color.BLACK);
                canvas.setColor(color);
            }
        });
        canvasPanel.add(chooseColorButton);
        springLayout.putConstraint(SpringLayout.NORTH, chooseColorButton, 10, 0, springLayout.NORTH, canvasPanel);
        springLayout.putConstraint(SpringLayout.WEST, chooseColorButton, 10, 0, springLayout.WEST, canvasPanel);

        //Reset canvas
        JButton resetButton = new JButton("Reset");
        resetButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
            @Override
            public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
                canvas.resetCanvas();
            }
        });
        canvasPanel.add(resetButton);
        springLayout.putConstraint(SpringLayout.NORTH, resetButton, 10, 0, springLayout.NORTH, canvasPanel);
        springLayout.putConstraint(SpringLayout.WEST, resetButton, 10, 0, springLayout.WEST, canvasPanel);

        //Eraser
        JCheckBox eraserToggle = new JCheckBox("Eraser");
        eraserToggle.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
            @Override
            public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
                eraserToggle.setSelected(!eraserToggle.isSelected());
                canvas.setEraser(!eraserToggle.isSelected());
            }
        });
        canvasPanel.add(eraserToggle);
        springLayout.putConstraint(SpringLayout.NORTH, eraserToggle, 10, 0, springLayout.NORTH, canvasPanel);
        springLayout.putConstraint(SpringLayout.WEST, eraserToggle, 10, 0, springLayout.WEST, canvasPanel);

        //Timer
        Timer barTimer = new TimerBar(startTime, 1000000, this);
        canvasPanel.add(barTimer);
        springLayout.putConstraint(SpringLayout.NORTH, barTimer, 10, 0, springLayout.NORTH, canvasPanel);
        springLayout.putConstraint(SpringLayout.WEST, barTimer, 10, 0, springLayout.WEST, canvasPanel);

        //Quote
        Quote quote = new Quote();
        canvasPanel.add(quote);
        springLayout.putConstraint(SpringLayout.NORTH, quote, 10, 0, springLayout.NORTH, canvasPanel);
        springLayout.putConstraint(SpringLayout.WEST, quote, 10, 0, springLayout.WEST, canvasPanel);

        //Brush size
        JSlider brushSlider = new JSlider(0, 100, 100, 100);
        brushSlider.addChangeListener(newChangeListener());
        brushSlider.setMajorTickMarks(100);
        brushSlider.addChangeListener(newChangeListener());
        canvasPanel.add(brushSlider);
        springLayout.putConstraint(SpringLayout.NORTH, brushSlider, 10, 0, springLayout.NORTH, canvasPanel);
        springLayout.putConstraint(SpringLayout.WEST, brushSlider, 10, 0, springLayout.WEST, canvasPanel);

        //Undo button
        JButton undo = new JButton("Undo");
        undo.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
            @Override
            public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
                canvas.undo();
            }
        });
        canvasPanel.add(undo);
        springLayout.putConstraint(SpringLayout.NORTH, undo, 10, 0, springLayout.NORTH, canvasPanel);
        springLayout.putConstraint(SpringLayout.WEST, undo, 10, 0, springLayout.WEST, canvasPanel);

        this.getContentPane().add(canvasPanel);

        setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        setTitle("PaintGUI");
        setSize(1000, 1000);
        setVisible(true);
    }
}
```

PaintGUI: addGUI

The addGUI method creates a JPanel with a SpringLayout. Which acts a container for most of the elements such as other objects of different classes. It creates and adds the Quote object, TimerBar Object, Canvas Object,

Functionality calls on Canvas object's methods

- creates undo button
- creates a Jslider for brush size
- creates a JColorChooser
- eraser checkbox
- undo button
- reset button

PaintGUI: more methods

```
public Canvas getCanvas(){ 2 usages  ⚡Oscarz
    return canvas;
}

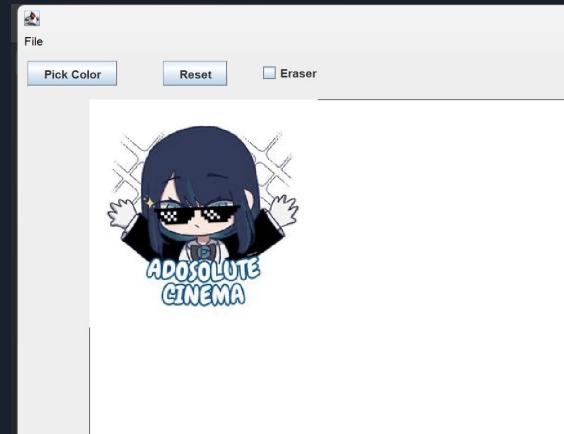
public void savePanel(JPanel panel){ 2 usages  ⚡Oscarz
    BufferedImage imageBuf=null;
    JFileChooser fileChooser = new JFileChooser();
    int response = fileChooser.showSaveDialog( parent, null);

    if(response == JFileChooser.APPROVE_OPTION){
        try {
            imageBuf = new Robot().createScreenCapture(panel.getBounds());
        } catch (AWTException e1) {
            // TODO Auto-generated catch block
            e1.printStackTrace();
        }
        Graphics2D graphics2D = imageBuf.createGraphics();
        panel.print(graphics2D);
        try {
            ImageIO.write(imageBuf, "jpeg", new File(fileChooser.getSelectedFile().getAbsolutePath()));
        } catch (Exception e) {
            // TODO Auto-generated catch block
            System.out.println("error");
        }
    }
}
```

```
public void loadImage(){ 1 usage  ⚡Oscarz
    JFileChooser fileChooser = new JFileChooser();
    int response = fileChooser.showOpenDialog( parent, null);

    if(response == JFileChooser.APPROVE_OPTION){
        File selectedFile = fileChooser.getSelectedFile();
        try {
            BufferedImage image = ImageIO.read(new File(selectedFile.getAbsolutePath()));
            canvas.setImage(image);
        } catch (IOException e) {
            throw new RuntimeException(e);
        }
    }
}
```

- getCanvas: Just a getter method for the canvas object created
- savePanel: Lets you choose a file location in file explorer and save the canvas' image as a png.
- loadImage: Lets you select a file in file explorer to import into your canvas. Calls on a method in canvas object



```
package com.example;
```

```
import javax.swing.*;  
import java.awt.*;  
import java.awt.event.*;  
import java.awt.image.BufferedImage;  
import java.util.ArrayList;  
import java.util.List;
```

```
public class Canvas extends JPanel { 5 usages 2 Oscarz *
```

```
    private int strokeSize = 4; 9 usages  
    private Color color; 11 usages  
    private Color tempColor; 2 usages  
    private int x; 5 usages  
    private int y; 5 usages  
    private int width; 2 usages  
    private int height; 2 usages  
    private ColorHistory colorHistory; 3 usages  
    private Indicator indicator; 5 usages  
    private BufferedImage image; 4 usages
```

```
    public void mousePressed(MouseEvent e) {  
        //get mouse location  
        x = e.getX();  
        y = e.getY();  
  
        //draw in location  
        Graphics g = getGraphics();  
        g.setColor(color);  
        g.fillRect(x, y, strokeSize, strokeSize);  
        g.dispose();  
  
        //start path  
        currentPath = new ArrayList<ColorPoints>(100);  
        currentPath.add(new ColorPoints(x, y, color, strokeSize));  
    }
```

```
    @Override 2 Oscarz  
    public void mouseReleased(MouseEvent e) {  
        //reset current path  
        resetColorHistory();  
        allPath.add(currentPath);  
        currentPath = null;  
    }
```

```
    @Override 2 Oscarz  
    public void mouseDragged(MouseEvent e) {  
        indicator.setVisible(false);  
        //get mouse location  
        x = e.getX();  
        y = e.getY();  
  
        //
```

```
        Graphics2D g2d = (Graphics2D) getGraphics();  
        g2d.setColor(color);  
        if(!currentPath.isEmpty()){
```

```
            ColorPoints prevPoint = currentPath.get(currentPath.size() - 1);  
            g2d.setStroke(new BasicStroke(strokeSize));
```

```
            //connect current to previous point by drawing a line  
            g2d.drawLine(prevPoint.getX(), prevPoint.getY(), x, y);  
        }  
        g2d.dispose();
```

```
        //add new point to path  
        ColorPoints nextPoint = new ColorPoints(x, y, color, strokeSize);  
        currentPath.add(nextPoint);  
    }
```

```
    @Override 2 Oscarz  
    public void mouseMoved(MouseEvent e) {  
        indicator.setVisible(true);  
        indicator.setBounds(e.getX(), e.getY(), 100, 100, 100, 100);  
        indicator.updateIndicator(strokeSize, color);  
    }  
}
```

ColorPoints Class

```
public class ColorPoints { 9 usages 2 Oscarz  
    private Color color; 2 usages  
    private int strokeSize; 2 usages  
    private int x; 2 usages  
    private int y; 2 usages  
  
    public ColorPoints(int x, int y, Color color, int strokeSize) { 2 usages 2 Oscarz  
        this.x = x;  
        this.y = y;  
        this.color = color;  
        this.strokeSize = strokeSize;  
    }  
  
    public Color getColor() { return color; }  
    public int getX() { return x; }  
    public int getY() { return y; }  
    public int getStrokeSize() { return strokeSize; }  
}
```

Canvas class: constructor

This constructor does a lot, the first notable part of this is it's mouse listeners which tracks your mouse movement. Whenever you click you create a custom object the ColorPoints object is created with a color and x and y coordinates. These ColorPoints are added to a ColorPoints List called currentPath. This list represents a line (which is made out of smaller lines interpolated between points to make a smooth continuous line like a S curve). And there is a list of currentPaths called allPaths which represent all of the lines on the canvas.

Canvas class: constructor continued

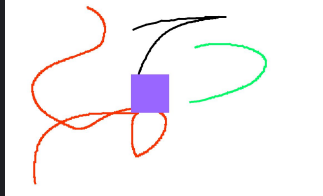
Indicator Class

```
public class Indicator extends JPanel { 2 usages 1 Oscarz
    public int strokeSize; 3 usages
    private Color color; 2 usages

    public Indicator() { 1 usage 1 Oscarz
        this.setOpaque(false);
        this.setBackground(new Color(0, 0, 0, 0));
        this.setSize(new Dimension(100, 100));
    }

    public void updateIndicator(int strokeSize, Color color) { 1 usage 1 Oscarz
        this.strokeSize = strokeSize;
        this.color = color;
        repaint();
    }

    @Override 1 Oscarz
    protected void paintComponent(Graphics g) {
        Graphics2D g2 = (Graphics2D) g.create();
        g2.setColor(color);
        g2.fillRect(0, 0, strokeSize, strokeSize);
        g2.dispose();
    }
}
```



Color history class

```
import java.awt.Color;
import java.awt.Graphics;
import java.awt.Graphics2D;
import java.awt.RenderingHints;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;
import java.awt.event.MouseAdapter;
import java.awt.event.MouseEvent;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;

import javax.swing.JButton;
import javax.swing.JFrame;
import javax.swing.JPanel;
import javax.swing.WindowConstants;

public class ColorHistory {
    private List<Color> history;
    private Color currentColor;

    public ColorHistory() {
        history = new ArrayList<>();
        currentColor = Color.BLACK;
    }

    public void addColor(Color color) {
        history.add(color);
        currentColor = color;
    }

    public Color getCurrentColor() {
        return currentColor;
    }

    public void setCurrentColor(Color color) {
        currentColor = color;
    }

    public void clearHistory() {
        history.clear();
    }

    public void paint(Graphics g) {
        Graphics2D g2 = (Graphics2D) g.create();
        g2.setRenderingHints(new RenderingHints(RenderingHints.KEY_ANTIALIASING, RenderingHints.VALUE_ANTIALIAS_ON));
        g2.setColor(currentColor);
        g2.fillRect(0, 0, 100, 100);
        g2.dispose();
    }
}
```

```
from matplotlib.figure import Figure
import numpy as np

fig = Figure(figsize=(5, 5), dpi=100)
ax = fig.add_subplot(111)

# Create a color bar
cmap = plt.get_cmap('magma')
color_bar = plt.colorbar(cmap, ax=ax)

# Add a mouse listener to the color bar
color_bar.callbacks.connect('color_changed', update_color)

def update_color(event):
    # Get the color of the selected bar
    color = color_bar.get_colors()[event.index]

    # Set the color of the canvas
    canvas.set_color(color)

    # Redraw the canvas
    canvas.draw()

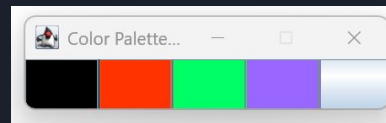
# Create a canvas
canvas = Canvas()

# Add a mouse listener to the canvas
canvas.callbacks.connect('button_press', update_color)

# Show the figure
fig.show()
```

The constructor also creates a Indicator object which is to show your brush size as your mouse pointer. It is a JPanel which follows your mouse' xy. Its transparent and redraw the brush indicator based on color and stroke size. Updates the xy and color (using update indicator) in the mouseMoved listener method.

The constructor also makes a ColorHistory Object. Which is a small JFrame that cycles between 5 colors which are buttons that can be pressed on to reselect recent colors that have just been used. The average color of this history can be returned too. The mouse released listener adds the color via the addColor method in ColorHistory



Canvas class: More methods

```
public void setColor(Color c) { color = c; }

public void resetCanvas() { 1 usage @Oscarz
    Graphics g = getGraphics();
    g.clearRect(0, 0, width, height);
    g.dispose();

    currentPath = null;
    allPath = new ArrayList<> (initialCapacity: 200);

    repaint();
    revalidate();
}

@Override @Oscarz*
protected void paintComponent(Graphics g) {
    super.paintComponent(g);
    Graphics2D g2d= (Graphics2D) g;

    //draws picture
    if(image != null){
        g2d.drawImage(image, 0, 0, observer: null);
    }

    //redraws lines
    for(List<ColorPoints> path: allPath){
        ColorPoints from = null;
        for(ColorPoints points: path){
            if(path.size() == 1){
                g2d.fillRect(points.getX(), points.getY(), strokeSize, strokeSize);
            }

            if(from != null){
                g2d.setColor(points.getColor());
                g2d.setStroke(new BasicStroke(points.getStrokeSize()));
                g2d.drawLine(from.getX(), from.getY(), points.getX(), points.getY());
            }
            from = points;
        }
    }
}
```

```
public void setIsEraser(boolean isEraser) { 2 usages @Oscarz
    if(isEraser){
        tempColor = color;
        color = Color.WHITE;
    }
    else{
        color = tempColor;
    }
}

public void setBrushSize(int brushSize) { strokeSize = brushSize; }

public void Undo() { 1 usage @Oscarz
    allPath.remove(allPath.getLast());
    paintComponent(getGraphics());
}

public void setImage(BufferedImage image) { 1 usage @Oscarz
    Graphics g = getGraphics();
    g.drawImage(image, 0, 0, observer: null);
}

public void addColorHistory() { 1 usage @Oscarz
    colorHistory.addColor(color);
}

public ColorHistory returnColorHistory() { 1 usage @Oscarz
    return colorHistory;
}
```

-set color: sets color

-reset canvas: clears the canvas

-paintComponent: to ensure the lines don't disappear when canvas is updated it redraws all of allPath and imported image

-isEraser: toggles brush color to white

-setBrushSize: sets brush size

-Undo: Delete most recent currentPaths from allPaths and reloads

setImage: draws image of import

addColor history: helps add color history

returnColor history: returns Color history

Quote Class

```
public class Quote extends JPanel { 2 usages  ⚠ Oscarz
    JSONArray quotes; 2 usages

    public Quote(){ 1 usage  ⚠ Oscarz
        //API quote
        try {
            quotes = new JSONArray(getData(endpoint: "https://zenquotes.io/api/random"));
        } catch (Exception e) {
            throw new RuntimeException(e);
        }

        JSONObject obj = quotes.getJSONObject(index: 0);
        String quote = obj.getString(key: "q");
        System.out.println(quote);

        this.setPreferredSize(new Dimension(width: 1000, height: 50));
        //JLabel
        JLabel display = new JLabel(quote);
        display.setSize(width: 1000, height: 50);
        this.add(display);
    }
    // this.setLayout(null);

    public static String getData(String endpoint) throws Exception { 1 usage  ⚠ Oscarz
        /*endpoint is a url (string) that you get from an API website*/
        URL url = new URL(endpoint);
        /*connect to the URL*/
        HttpURLConnection connection = (HttpURLConnection) url.openConnection();
        /*creates a GET request to the API.. Asking the server to retrieve information for our program*/
        connection.setRequestMethod("GET");
        /* When you read data from the server, it will be in bytes, the InputStreamReader will convert it to text.
        The BufferedReader wraps the text in a buffer so we can read it line by line*/
        BufferedReader buff = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(connection.getInputStream()));
        String inputLine; /*variable to store text, line by line
        /*A string builder is similar to a string object but faster for larger strings,
        you can concatenate to it and build a larger string. Loop through the buffer
        (read line by line). Add it to the stringBuilder */
        StringBuilder content = new StringBuilder();
        while ((inputLine = buff.readLine()) != null) {
            content.append(inputLine);
        }
        buff.close(); //close the bufferreader
        connection.disconnect(); //disconnect from server
        return content.toString(); //return the content as a string
    }
}
```

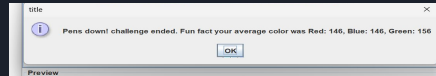
Uses's Ms. Turin's `getData` method to pull a `JSONArray` from zen quotes. Stores the first element in a `JSONObject` and gets the string of the object to input into a `JLabel` which is by extension put into the `PaintGUI` as mentioned previously.

One is never afraid of the unknown; one is afraid of the known coming to an end.

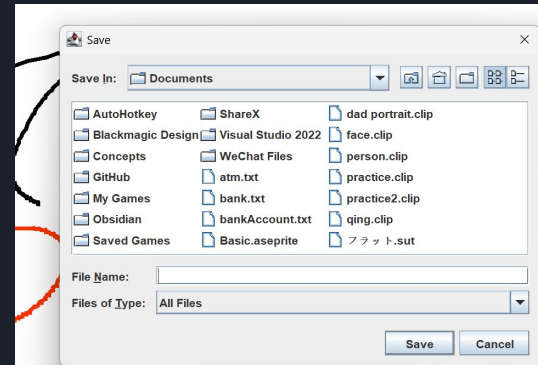
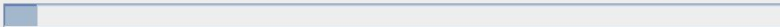
TimerBar Class

```
1 package com.example;
2
3 > import ...
4
5
6
7
8 public class TimerBar extends JProgressBar { 2 usages & Oscarz
9     private JProgressBar barTimer = new JProgressBar(); 7 usages
10    private Timer timer; 2 usages
11    private int startTime; 1 usage
12    private boolean ended; 3 usages
13    private PaintGUI paintGUI; 6 usages
14
15    public TimerBar(int startTime, PaintGUI paintGUI){ 1 usage & Oscarz
16        this.startTime = startTime;
17        ended = false;
18        this.setPreferredSize(new Dimension( width: 500, height: 15));
19        barTimer.setBounds( x: 0, y: 0 , width: 500, height: 15);
20        barTimer.setMaximum(startTime);
21        barTimer.setValue(startTime);
22        this.add(barTimer);
23        this.paintGUI = paintGUI;
24        countDown();
25        timer.start();
26    }
27
28
29    public void countDown() { 1 usage & Oscarz
30        timer = new Timer(500, new ActionListener() { & Oscarz
31            @Override & Oscarz
32            public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
33                barTimer.setValue(barTimer.getValue() - 1);
34                if(barTimer.getValue() == 0 && ended == false){
35                    ended = true;
36                    Color averageColor = paintGUI.getCanvas().returnColorHistory().averageColor();
37                    JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(paintGUI.getComponent(), null, "Pens down! challenge ended. Fun fact: "
38                        + "your average color was Red: " + averageColor.getRed() + ", Blue: "
39                        + averageColor.getBlue() + ", Green: " + averageColor.getGreen() + ", BM: " + "title",
40                        JOptionPane.INFORMATION_MESSAGE);
41                    paintGUI.savePanel(paintGUI.getCanvas());
42                    paintGUI.getCanvas().returnColorHistory().closeHistory();
43                    paintGUI.dispose();
44                    LaunchPage launchPage = new LaunchPage();
45                }
46            }
47        });
48    }
```

The constructor creates a JProgressbar that starts from the max value. Then in the countDown method it counts the time down. When it reaches 0 it gives you a JOptionPane message (which gives you your average color from color history), asks you to save your image, and closes all windows to loop back into the Launchpage.



Welcome every morning with a smile. Look on the new day as another gift from your Creator, another golden opportunity.





Features added

✓ Base Project (+88%)

- Drawing app

✓ Statistics / ML / Basic Computations (+6%)

- Calculate the average color

✓ GUI (+2%)

- Java Swing to build a drawing app GUI

✓ Save/Load (+2%)

- Ability to save and load a PNG

= 98%



What did I learn?

- I learned how to use Swing for GUI
- Got experience for making larger projects
- Learned about some of the drawing features in Swing
- How to deal with a basic API

Quote: "Don't let the fear of losing be greater than the excitement of winning"



I think its telling
us that you
Should gamble

Pick Color

Reset

☐ Eraser

Great minds are always feared by lesser minds.



$2 + 1 = 0$



$f = ma$

Undo

Color Palette...