A SuperPixelGrid Companion

Instructions:

- 1. Consult the project README hosted at http://github.com/APCSJava/SuperPixelGrid
 - a. What is the stated purpose of this lab?
 - b. In order to compile the classes, what additional libraries will be needed?
 - c. How can MacOS users avoid errors that occur when holding keys down?
- 2. Download or clone the project using the green button.
- 3. Unzip the downloaded file, if necessary, and move it to your CS folder
- 4. Open the project using your favorite IDE (JGrasp, for example)

Getting to know SuperPixelGrid:

SuperPixelGrid comes with an executable JAR file. Use it to experiment with the running program and answer the following questions:

- 1. Describe the appearance of the window, when opened.
- 2. Place the mouse toward the center of the screen and type a 'T'. Describe and interpret what you observe.
- 3. Type 'T' a second time. What happens?
- 4. Type 'W' then the space bar. Repeat several times and describe.
- 5. Experiment with the 'R', 'G', 'B' and 'C' keys. Which one does not behave like the others? In what significant way is it different?
- 6. Try out the Left and Right keys. In what ways are they similar? How different?
- 7. Experiment with the Up and Down keys. Again, does their behavior match exactly?
- 8. How does clicking the mouse on a superpixel affect the grid?

Exploring the class structure:

- 1. There are 3 classes involved, SuperPixel, Colorizer, and SuperPixelGrid
 - a. Which of these is responsible for running the program?
 - b. Which is the simplest/most straightforward class?
 - c. Which class will you need to implement/develop?
- 2. Examine the source code for the *Colorizer* class.
 - a. How many methods are there? How many have been implemented for you?
- 3. How is information passed from SuperPixelGrid to the Colorizer class?
- 4. How is information passed from Colorizer to the SuperPixelGrid class? Always?

That's Life:

Research mathematician John Conway and his Game of Life a form of cellular automata. What rules determine whether a cell lives or dies from one generation to the next? Implement those rules in response to the 'L' key. Once all is working correctly, modify SuperPixelGrid to simulate and display a grid much larger than 32 x 32.