STA 3180 Statistical Modelling: Logistic Regression

Logistic Regression

Definition

Logistic regression is a type of supervised machine learning algorithm used for classification problems. It is a generalized linear model that uses a logistic function to model a binary dependent variable. The goal of logistic regression is to find the best fitting model to describe the relationship between the independent variables and the dependent variable.

Key Concepts

- Logistic regression is used to predict the probability of an event occurring, such as whether a customer will purchase a product or not.
- The logistic function is used to map the input values to output values between 0 and 1.
- Logistic regression can be used for binary classification problems, where the outcome is either a "yes" or "no".
- Logistic regression can also be used for multi-class classification problems, where the outcome can be one of multiple classes.

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## Coding Examples
### Start of Code
# Importing the libraries
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
# Importing the dataset
dataset = pd.read_csv('Social_Network_Ads.csv')
X = dataset.iloc[:, [2, 3]].values
y = dataset.iloc[:, 4].values
# Splitting the dataset into the Training set and Test set
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.25,
random_state = 0)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test = sc.transform(X_test)
# Fitting Logistic Regression to the Training set
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
classifier = LogisticRegression(random_state = 0)
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classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
# Predicting the Test set results
y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
# Making the Confusion Matrix
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
### End of Code
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Practice Multiple Choice Questions

Q1: What is the goal of logistic regression?

A. To predict the probability of an event occurring

B. To find the best fitting model to describe the relationship between the independent variables and the dependent variable

C. To map the input values to output values between 0 and 1

D. To classify data into different classes

Answer: B. To find the best fitting model to describe the relationship between the independent variables and the dependent variable