

1) What is the definition of an orthogonal complement?

A) A subspace  $W$  of a vector space  $V$  is an orthogonal complement of  $V$  if  $W$  is orthogonal to  $V$ .

B) A subspace  $W$  of a vector space  $V$  is an orthogonal complement of  $V$  if  $W$  is a subset of  $V$ .

C) A subspace  $W$  of a vector space  $V$  is an orthogonal complement of  $V$  if  $W$  is a subspace of  $V$  that is orthogonal to  $V$ .

D) A subspace  $W$  of a vector space  $V$  is an orthogonal complement of  $V$  if  $W$  is a subspace of  $V$  that is not orthogonal to  $V$ .

2) Which of the following is not a property of an orthogonal complement?

A)  $W$  is a subspace of  $V$ .

B)  $W$  is orthogonal to  $V$ .

C)  $W$  is a subset of  $V$ .

D)  $W$  is a subspace of  $V$  that is orthogonal to  $V$ .

3) Which of the following is not true about an orthogonal complement?

A) Every vector space has an orthogonal complement.

B) Every subspace of a vector space has an orthogonal complement.

C) The orthogonal complement of a subspace is a subspace.

D) The orthogonal complement of a vector space is a vector space.

4) Which of the following is not an example of an orthogonal complement?

A) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the  $x$ -axis.

B) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the  $y$ -axis.

C) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the  $z$ -axis.

D) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the  $x$ - $y$  plane.

5) Which of the following is not an example of an orthogonal complement?

A) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^4$  that are orthogonal to the  $x$ -axis.

B) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^4$  that are orthogonal to the  $y$ -axis.

C) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^4$  that are orthogonal to the  $z$ -axis.

D) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^4$  that are orthogonal to the  $x$ - $y$  plane.

6) Which of the following is not an example of an orthogonal complement?

A) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^5$  that are orthogonal to the  $x$ -axis.

- B) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^5$  that are orthogonal to the y-axis.
- C) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^5$  that are orthogonal to the z-axis.
- D) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^5$  that are orthogonal to the x-y plane.
- 7) Which of the following is not an example of an orthogonal complement?
- A) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^6$  that are orthogonal to the x-axis.
- B) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^6$  that are orthogonal to the y-axis.
- C) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^6$  that are orthogonal to the z-axis.
- D) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^6$  that are orthogonal to the x-y plane.
- 8) Which of the following is not an example of an orthogonal complement?
- A) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^7$  that are orthogonal to the x-axis.
- B) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^7$  that are orthogonal to the y-axis.
- C) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^7$  that are orthogonal to the z-axis.
- D) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^7$  that are orthogonal to the x-y plane.
- 9) Which of the following is not an example of an orthogonal complement?
- A) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^8$  that are orthogonal to the x-axis.
- B) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^8$  that are orthogonal to the y-axis.
- C) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^8$  that are orthogonal to the z-axis.
- D) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^8$  that are orthogonal to the x-y plane.
- 10) Which of the following is not an example of an orthogonal complement?
- A) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^9$  that are orthogonal to the x-axis.
- B) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^9$  that are orthogonal to the y-axis.
- C) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^9$  that are orthogonal to the z-axis.
- D) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^9$  that are orthogonal to the x-y plane.
- 11) Which of the following is not an example of an orthogonal complement?
- A) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{10}$  that are orthogonal to the x-axis.
- B) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{10}$  that are orthogonal to the y-axis.
- C) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{10}$  that are orthogonal to the z-axis.
- D) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{10}$  that are orthogonal to the x-y plane.
- 12) Which of the following is not an example of an orthogonal complement?

A) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the x-axis.

B) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the y-axis.

C) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the z-axis.

D) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the x-y plane.

13) Which of the following is not an example of an orthogonal complement?

A) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the x-axis.

B) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the y-axis.

C) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the z-axis.

D) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the x-y plane.

14) Which of the following is not an example of an orthogonal complement?

A) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the x-axis.

B) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the y-axis.

C) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the z-axis.

D) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the x-y plane.

15) Which of the following is not an example of an orthogonal complement?

A) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the x-axis.

B) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the y-axis.

C) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the z-axis.

D) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the x-y plane.

16) Which of the following is not an example of an orthogonal complement?

A) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the x-axis.

B) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the y-axis.

C) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the z-axis.

D) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the x-y plane.

17) Which of the following is not an example of an orthogonal complement?

A) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the x-axis.

B) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the y-axis.

C) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the z-axis.

D) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the x-y plane.

18) Which of the following is not an example of an orthogonal complement?

- A) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{17}$  that are orthogonal to the x-axis.
- B) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{17}$  that are orthogonal to the y-axis.
- C) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{17}$  that are orthogonal to the z-axis.
- D) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{17}$  that are orthogonal to the x-y plane.

19) Which of the following is not an example of an orthogonal complement?

- A) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{18}$  that are orthogonal to the x-axis.
- B) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{18}$  that are orthogonal to the y-axis.
- C) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{18}$  that are orthogonal to the z-axis.
- D) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{18}$  that are orthogonal to the x-y plane.

20) Which of the following is not an example of an orthogonal complement?

- A) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{19}$  that are orthogonal to the x-axis.
- B) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{19}$  that are orthogonal to the y-axis.
- C) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{19}$  that are orthogonal to the z-axis.
- D) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{19}$  that are orthogonal to the x-y plane.

21) Which of the following is not an example of an orthogonal complement?

- A) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{20}$  that are orthogonal to the x-axis.
- B) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{20}$  that are orthogonal to the y-axis.
- C) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{20}$  that are orthogonal to the z-axis.
- D) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{20}$  that are orthogonal to the x-y plane.

22) Which of the following is not an example of an orthogonal complement?

- A) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{21}$  that are orthogonal to the x-axis.
- B) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{21}$  that are orthogonal to the y-axis.
- C) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{21}$  that are orthogonal to the z-axis.
- D) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{21}$  that are orthogonal to the x-y plane.

23) Which of the following is not an example of an orthogonal complement?

- A) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{22}$  that are orthogonal to the x-axis.
- B) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{22}$  that are orthogonal to the y-axis.
- C) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^{22}$  that are orthogonal to the z-axis.

D) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  that are orthogonal to the x-y plane.

24) Which of the following is not an example of an orthogonal complement?

A) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the x-axis.

B) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the y-axis.

C) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the z-axis.

D) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  that are orthogonal to the x-y plane.

25) Which of the following is not an example of an orthogonal complement?

A) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^4$  that are orthogonal to the x-axis.

B) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^4$  that are orthogonal to the y-axis.

C) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^4$  that are orthogonal to the z-axis.

D) The set of all vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^4$  that are orthogonal to the x-y plane.

1) C

2) D

3) B

4) D

5) D

6) D

7) D

8) D

9) D

10) D

11) D

12) D

13) D

14) D

15) D

16) D

17) D

18) D

19) D

20) D

21) D

22) D

23) D

24) D

25) D