## STA 3180 Statistical Modelling: Markov Chain Monte Carlo

# Extra Practice Problems: Markov Chain Monte Carlo

1. Explain how to calculate the acceptance probability for a Metropolis-Hastings algorithm.

The acceptance probability for a Metropolis-Hastings algorithm is calculated by comparing the ratio of the posterior probabilities of the current and proposed states. The acceptance probability is then given by the formula:

```
A(x_i, x_j) = min\left(1, \frac{P(x_j|y)}{P(x_i|y)}\right)
```

Where \$x\_i\$ is the current state and \$x\_j\$ is the proposed state.

## [CORRECT]

2. Write a code in R to generate a random walk using the Metropolis-Hastings algorithm.

```
Start of Code
# Generate a random walk using the Metropolis-Hastings algorithm
# Set the number of steps
n <- 100
# Set the initial value
# Create an empty vector to store the values
x_vec <- c()
# Set the step size
step_size <- 0.5
# Set the acceptance probability
acceptance prob <- 0.5
# Generate the random walk
for (i in 1:n) {
   # Generate a random number
   x \text{ proposed} \leftarrow x + \text{rnorm}(1, \text{ mean} = 0, \text{ sd} = \text{step size})
   # Calculate the acceptance probability
   acceptance prob <- min(1, exp(x proposed - x))</pre>
   # Generate a random number between 0 and 1
   u <- runif(1)</pre>
   # Accept or reject the proposed value
   if (u < acceptance prob) {
```

```
x <- x_proposed
}

# Store the value
x_vec <- c(x_vec, x)
}
End of Code</pre>
```

## [CORRECT]