

# Introduction to PySPEDAS plug-in development

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# Introduction

- We're doing development on GitHub:

<https://github.com/spedas/pyspedas>

- Plug-in developers can have their own branch, e.g.,

<https://github.com/spedas/pyspedas/tree/elfin/pyspedas>

- When you're ready to merge the updates from your branch, submit a pull request to master. You can also create a fork of PySPEDAS in your own account and submit a pull request.

# Introduction

- We're distributing PySPEDAS using the Python Package Index (PyPI); you can get the latest version using pip:

```
pip install pyspedas
```

- You can update PySPEDAS in your environment using the --upgrade flag:

```
pip install --upgrade pyspedas
```

- You can install the bleeding edge from your development branch using:

```
pip install --upgrade https://github.com/spedas/pyspedas/archive/branch.zip
```

# Introduction

- Advice on creating isolated virtual environments can be found in our README:

<https://github.com/spedas/pyspedas>

- Google has a free tool that allows you to run PySPEDAS using Jupyter notebooks in the cloud called “Colab”, available at:

<https://colab.research.google.com/>

- I suggest using this to get to know PySPEDAS, test your plug-in code and create examples, reproduce issues others are running into, etc.

# Introduction

- We use the MIT license (available in the repo), so the code you contribute will be under this license.
- We have user documentation available at:

<https://pyspedas.readthedocs.io/>

- These docs are built automatically using the files in the ‘docs’ directory, and the docstrings in your code:

<https://github.com/spedas/pyspedas/tree/master/docs>

(when code is contributed to the master branch)

# Introduction

We only have a few big rules:

- Please do not modify code that belongs to someone else without talking to them first. Changes are always welcome, but it's important to make sure the owner doesn't have their own changes locally that might conflict with your changes. They may also want to review your changes before merging with the master branch.
- PySPEDAS is cross-platform, so please be sure to properly handle file paths in a way that works on unix-like machines as well as Windows

# Introduction

And some suggestions:

- Please use the logging module instead of `print()` for sending output to the console (some users prefer to turn off all console messages other than errors, e.g., in processing scripts)
- We suggest following PEP-8, at least where it makes sense (i.e., where it improves the readability of the code)
- If your code depends on a package that requires a compiler to install, you'll have to provide instructions to install the package in your documentation (because we won't be able to install it automatically), and use a `try/except` to catch the possible `ImportError`
- Minimize adding additional external dependencies where possible

# Introduction

- We try to support all versions of Python that numpy supports (which I think goes back 5 years), so limit usage of features that require newer versions of Python. I think we'll be bumping to requiring Python 3.8+ soon
- Dockerfiles for quickly running PySPEDAS in different versions of Python can be found here:

<https://github.com/supervised/pyspedas-docker>



# Mission plug-in design

- A simple plug-in for loading mission data in PySPEDAS looks like this:
  - README.md: simple documentation that gets rendered on GitHub
  - config.py: contains a CONFIG dictionary with remote data directory and your other configuration options
  - load.py: core load routine; mostly instrument independent code for accessing the data and loading the CDF files
  - \_\_init\_\_.py: instrument load routines (or wrappers for instrument load routines if you decide to put them into their own files/directories)
  - tests/: directory containing the test suite

tests	Large update to the test suite	3 months ago
README.md	Update README.md	3 years ago
__init__.py	Adding datasets() functions to the missions that load data from SPDF;...	2 months ago
config.py	Removing .sci. from SPDF paths	2 years ago
load.py	Removing unused imports	last year

☰ README.md



## Colorado Student Space Weather Experiment (CSSWE)

The routines in this module can be used to load data from the Colorado Student Space Weather Experiment (CSSWE) mission.

### Instruments

- Relativistic Electron and Proton Telescope integrated little experiment (REPTile)

### Examples

Get started by importing pyspedas and tplot; these are required to load and plot the data:

```
import pyspedas
from pytpplot import tplot
```

### Relativistic Electron and Proton Telescope integrated little experiment (REPTile)

```
reptile_vars = pyspedas.csswe.reptile(trange=['2013-11-5', '2013-11-6'])

tplot(['E1flux', 'E2flux', 'E3flux', 'P1flux', 'P2flux', 'P3flux'])
```

<> Code Issues 9 Pull requests 1 Discussions Actions Projects Wiki Security ...

master ↕ pyspedas / pyspedas / csswe / config.py / <> Jump to ↕

Go to file

...



**supervised** Removing .sci. from SPDF paths

Latest commit 93c2a45 on Aug 9, 2020

🕒 History

👤 1 contributor

11 lines (8 sloc) | 409 Bytes

Raw

Blame



```
1  import os
2
3  CONFIG = {'local_data_dir': 'csswe_data/',
4           'remote_data_dir': 'https://spdf.gsfc.nasa.gov/pub/data/csswe/'}
5
6  # override local data directory with environment variables
7  if os.environ.get('SPEDAS_DATA_DIR'):
8      CONFIG['local_data_dir'] = os.sep.join([os.environ['SPEDAS_DATA_DIR'], 'csswe'])
9
10 if os.environ.get('CSSWE_DATA_DIR'):
11     CONFIG['local_data_dir'] = os.environ['CSSWE_DATA_DIR']
```

**supervised** Removing unused imports ✖Latest commit 9791d7f on May 28, 2021 [🕒 History](#)

👤 1 contributor

54 lines (41 sloc) | 1.63 KB

Raw

Blame



```
1  from pyspedas.utilities.dailynames import dailynames
2  from pyspedas.utilities.download import download
3  from pyspedas.analysis.time_clip import time_clip as tclip
4  from pyplot import cdf_to_tplot
5
6  from .config import CONFIG
7
8  def load(trange=['2013-11-5', '2013-11-6'],
9          instrument='reptile',
10         datatype='flux',
11         level='l2',
12         suffix='',
13         get_support_data=False,
14         varformat=None,
15         varnames=[],
16         downloadonly=False,
17         notplot=False,
18         no_update=False,
19         time_clip=False):
20     """
21     This function loads data from the CSSWE mission; this function is not meant
22     to be called directly; instead, see the wrapper:
23         pyspedas.csswe.reptile
24
25     """
26
```



```
18         no_update=False,
19         time_clip=False):
20     """
21     This function loads data from the CSSWE mission; this function is not meant
22     to be called directly; instead, see the wrapper:
23         pyspedas.csswe.reptile
24
25     """
26
27     if instrument == 'reptile':
28         pathformat = level+'/'+instrument+'/'+datatype+'/%Y/csswe_'+instrument+'_6sec-'+datatype+'-'+level+'_%Y%m%d_v??.cdf'
29
30     # find the full remote path names using the trange
31     remote_names = dailynames(file_format=pathformat, trange=trange)
32
33     out_files = []
34
35     files = download(remote_file=remote_names, remote_path=CONFIG['remote_data_dir'], local_path=CONFIG['local_data_dir'],
no_download=no_update)
36     if files is not None:
37         for file in files:
38             out_files.append(file)
39
40     out_files = sorted(out_files)
41
42     if downloadonly:
43         return out_files
44
45     tvars = cdf_to_tplot(out_files, suffix=suffix, get_support_data=get_support_data, varformat=varformat, varnames=varnames,
notplot=notplot)
46
47     if notplot:
48         return tvars
49
50     if time_clip:
51         for new_var in tvars:
52             tclip(new_var, trange[0], trange[1], suffix='')
53
54     return tvars
```

74 lines (57 sloc) | 2.51 KB

Raw

Blame



```
1  from .load import load
2  from pyspedas.utilities.datasets import find_datasets
3
4
5  def reptile(trange=['2013-11-5', '2013-11-6'],
6              datatype='flux',
7              level='l2',
8              suffix='',
9              get_support_data=False,
10             varformat=None,
11             varnames=[],
12             downloadonly=False,
13             notplot=False,
14             no_update=False,
15             time_clip=False):
16     """
17     This function loads data from the Relativistic Electron and Proton Telescope integrated little experiment (REPTile)
18
19     Parameters
20     -----
21     trange : list of str
22             time range of interest [starttime, endtime] with the format
23             'YYYY-MM-DD','YYYY-MM-DD'] or to specify more or less than a day
24             ['YYYY-MM-DD/hh:mm:ss','YYYY-MM-DD/hh:mm:ss']
25
26     datatype: str
27             Data type; Valid options:
28             'counts' for L1 data
29             'flux' for L2 data
30
31     level: str
32             Data level; options: 'l1', 'l2' (default: l2)
33
34     suffix: str
35             The tplot variable names will be given this suffix.  By default,
36             no suffix is added.
```

```

40         # If not loaded into tplot, by default, only load in data when a
41         "VAR_TYPE" attribute of "data".
42
43     varformat: str
44         The file variable formats to load into tplot. Wildcard character
45         "*" is accepted. By default, all variables are loaded in.
46
47     varnames: list of str
48         List of variable names to load (if not specified,
49         all data variables are loaded)
50
51     downloadonly: bool
52         Set this flag to download the CDF files, but not load them into
53         tplot variables
54
55     notplot: bool
56         Return the data in hash tables instead of creating tplot variables
57
58     no_update: bool
59         If set, only load data from your local cache
60
61     time_clip: bool
62         Time clip the variables to exactly the range specified in the trange keyword
63
64     Returns
65     -----
66     List of tplot variables created.
67
68     """
69     return load(instrument='reptile', trange=trange, level=level, datatype=datatype, suffix=suffix,
70 get_support_data=get_support_data, varformat=varformat, varnames=varnames, downloadonly=downloadonly, notplot=notplot,
71 time_clip=time_clip, no_update=no_update)
72
73 def datasets(instrument=None, label=True):
74     out = find_datasets(mission='Smallsats/Cubesats', instrument='csswe', label=label)
75     return out

```

# Documentation

- The docs at <https://pyspedas.readthedocs.io/> are built using the docstrings in your files
- For this to work properly, use **Numpy** style docstrings (see any of our current code for examples)
- To change the default in PyCharm use Preferences -> Tools -> Python Integrated Tools and change the docstring style to Numpy



# Unit tests

- We use the unittest framework to ensure that the code runs.
- The full test suite runs every time code is merged with the master branch; the config file is at `.github/workflows/pythonpackage.yml`. By default, the tests run on Ubuntu, but you can change to macOS or Windows by modifying `pythonpackage.yml`.
- The test status, including full logs, can be found by clicking 'Actions' in the Github repo, or at:

<https://github.com/spedas/pyspedas/actions>

- You'll want to look for the long-running 'build' workflows to see the logs

🏠 Summary

Jobs

✔ build (ubuntu-latest, 3.9)

Run details

🕒 Usage

📄 Workflow file

build (ubuntu-latest, 3.9)

succeeded yesterday in 2h 14m 59s

🔍 Search logs



- > ✔ Set up job 2s
- > ✔ Run actions/checkout@v2 2s
- > ✔ Set up Python 3.9 0s
- > ✔ Install dependencies (Linux) 1m 56s
  - 🕒 Install dependencies (Windows) 0s
  - 🕒 Install dependencies (macOS) 0s
- > ✔ Lint with flake8 12s
- ▾ ✔ Test with unittest 2h 12m 45s

1 ▶ Run # coverage run -a -m pyspedas.akebono.tests.tests

89 .....  
90 -----

91 Ran 9 tests in 18.919s

92

93 OK

94 ...  
95 -----

96 Ran 3 tests in 3.505s

97

98 OK

99 ....  
100 -----

101 Ran 4 tests in 3.646s

# Code coverage of the unit tests

- We're using coveralls to measure test coverage:

<https://coveralls.io/github/spedas/pyspedas>

- This tool will show you which lines in your code have been executed by the test suite, and which haven't
- Note: files that the test suite doesn't see won't be included, so be sure to have tests that execute code in every file



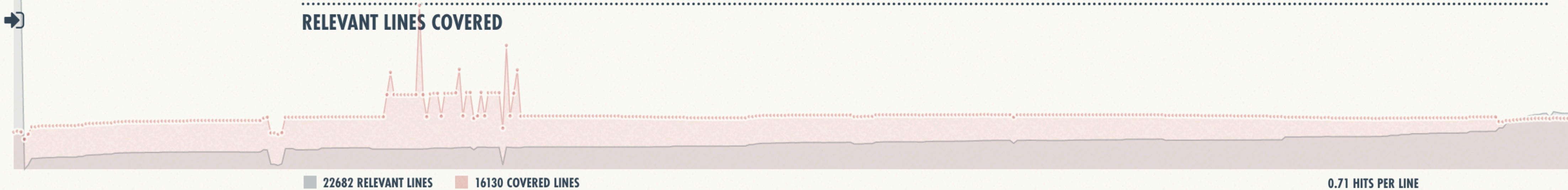
LAST BUILD ON BRANCH MASTER

BRANCH: MASTER

COMMITTED 11 JAN 2023 - 3:20 COVERAGE: 71.114%. REMAINED THE SAME

BUILD #	BUILD TYPE	COMMITTED BY	COMMIT MESSAGE	RUN DETAILS
3886764794	push github-actions	GitHub	Merge pull request #294 from spedas/eric	16130 of 22682 relevant lines covered (71.11%) 0.71 hits per line

RELEVANT LINES COVERED



SOURCE FILES ON MASTER

TREE LIST 492 CHANGED 0 SOURCE CHANGED 0 COVERAGE CHANGED 0

▼	71.11	pyspedas/
▼	99.19	ace/
▶	100.0	tests/
	96.67	__init__.py
	100.0	config.py
	100.0	load.py
▶	16.22	akebons/



# Validation tests

- We have tools for checking that IDL matches Python available at:

<https://github.com/spedas/pyspedas-validation>

- These tools run in IDL and use the mgunit unit test framework.
- See the following example:

[https://github.com/spedas/pyspedas-validation/blob/main/src/example/  
validation\\_example\\_ut\\_define.pro](https://github.com/spedas/pyspedas-validation/blob/main/src/example/validation_example_ut_define.pro)

# Creating a new mission plug-in

- I have a tool that uses AI to generate all of the initial files for a mission:

<https://github.com/supervised/pyspedas-add-project>

This requires an API key for Codex

```

8 ;
9 ; NOTES:
10 ;     To run:
11 ;         IDL> mgunit, 'validation_example_ut'
12 ;
13 ;     For the MMS validation tests, see:
14 ;         projects/mms/common/tests/mms_python_validation_ut__define.pro
15 ;
16 ; $LastChangedBy: egrimes $
17 ; $LastChangedDate: 2020-10-08 10:37:39 -0700 (Thu, 08 Oct 2020) $
18 ; $LastChangedRevision: 29225 $
19 ; $URL: svn+ssh://thmsvn@ambrosia.ssl.berkeley.edu/repos/spdsoft/trunk/general/spedas_tools/python_validation/py_validation_examp
20 ; -
21
22 ; the individual unit tests are implemented as methods that start with "test_"
23 function validation_example_ut::test_example
24     ; first run IDL code to produce some tplot variables
25     store_data, 'tplot_variable', data={x: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10], y: [0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 2, 2, 1, 0, 1]}
26
27     ; next, create an array containing a script to run in Python that should produce the same variables as above
28     pyscript = ["from pyplot import store_data", $
29                 "store_data('tplot_variable', data={'x': [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10], 'y': [0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 2, 2, 1, 0, 1]})"]
30
31     ; next, create an array containing the variables you would like to check
32     vars = ['tplot_variable']
33
34     ; the unit tests must return 1 if they pass, 0 if they fail
35     ; spd_run_py_validation returns 1 if the variables in the array 'vars' match
36     ; in both IDL and Python, and 0 if differences are found
37     ; note: for performance reasons, only N data points are checked, where N is specified
38     ; by the points_to_check keyword (default: 10)
39     ; the maximum difference is specified by the tolerance keyword (default: 1e-6)
40     return, spd_run_py_validation(pyscript, vars)
41 end
42
43 ; the setup procedure runs before each test runs
44 pro validation_example_ut::setup
45     del_data, '*'
46 end

```