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THE WORLD'S LARGEST WEB DEVELOPER SITE

PHP Delete Data From MySQL

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Delete Data From a MySQL Table Using MySQLi and PDO

The DELETE statement is used to delete records from a table:

DELETE FROM table_name
WHERE some_column = some_value

Notice the WHERE clause in the DELETE syntax: The WHERE clause specifies which record or records that should be deleted. If you omit the WHERE clause, all records will be deleted!

To learn more about SQL, please visit our <u>SQL tutorial</u>.

Let's look at the "MyGuests" table:

| id | firstname | lastname | email | reg_date |
|----|-----------|----------|------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | John | Doe | john@example.com | 2014-10-22 14:26:15 |
| 2 | Mary | Moe | mary@example.com | 2014-10-23 10:22:30 |



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The following examples delete the record with id=3 in the "MyGuests" table:

```
Example (MySQLi Object-oriented)
 <?php
 $servername = "localhost";
 $username = "username";
 $password = "password";
 $dbname = "myDB";
 // Create connection
 $conn = new mysqli($servername, $username, $password, $dbname);
 // Check connection
 if ($conn->connect_error) {
     die("Connection failed: " . $conn->connect_error);
 }
 // sql to delete a record
 $sql = "DELETE FROM MyGuests WHERE id=3";
 if ($conn->query($sql) === TRUE) {
     echo "Record deleted successfully";
 } else {
     echo "Error deleting record: " . $conn->error;
 }
 $conn->close();
```







Example (MySQLi Procedural)

```
<?php
$servername = "localhost";
$username = "username";
$password = "password";
$dbname = "myDB";
// Create connection
$conn = mysqli_connect($servername, $username, $password, $dbname);
// Check connection
if (!$conn) {
    die("Connection failed: " . mysqli_connect_error());
}
// sql to delete a record
$sql = "DELETE FROM MyGuests WHERE id=3";
if (mysqli_query($conn, $sql)) {
    echo "Record deleted successfully";
} else {
    echo "Error deleting record: " . mysqli_error($conn);
}
mysqli_close($conn);
?>
```

Example (PDO)

```
<?php
$servername = "localhost";
$username = "username";
$password = "password";
$dbname = "myDBPDO";</pre>
```







After the record is deleted, the table will look like this:

| id | firstname | lastname | email | reg_date |
|----|-----------|----------|------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | John | Doe | john@example.com | 2014-10-22 14:26:15 |
| 2 | Mary | Moe | mary@example.com | 2014-10-23 10:22:30 |

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