

## How Does That Work?

Python Environments and Packages/External Libraries

# Why use external libraries?

- Using external libraries in Python can enhance your Python projects and make development more efficient
  - External libraries often provide functionalities that you would otherwise need to code from scratch
  - Many of these libraries are maintained by experts
  - In addition, a lot of libraries have advanced functionalities that are optimized for performance, let you work with complex data and do advanced processing tasks (like computer vision and machine learning!)

# What are packages?

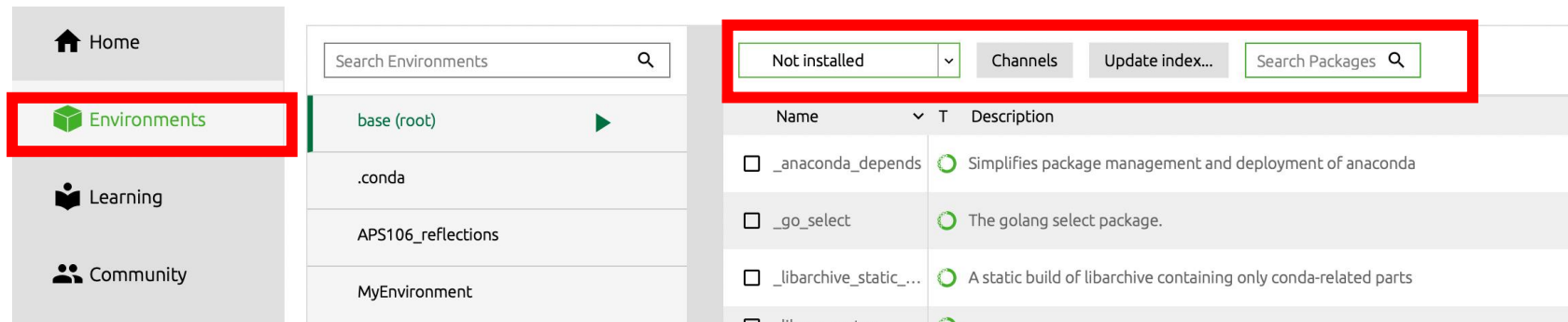
- Two main ways to get these:
  - Installation by running pip in terminal or a notebook cell

```
!pip install numpy
```

Python Package Installer

Library name

- Environment management tools, like Anaconda

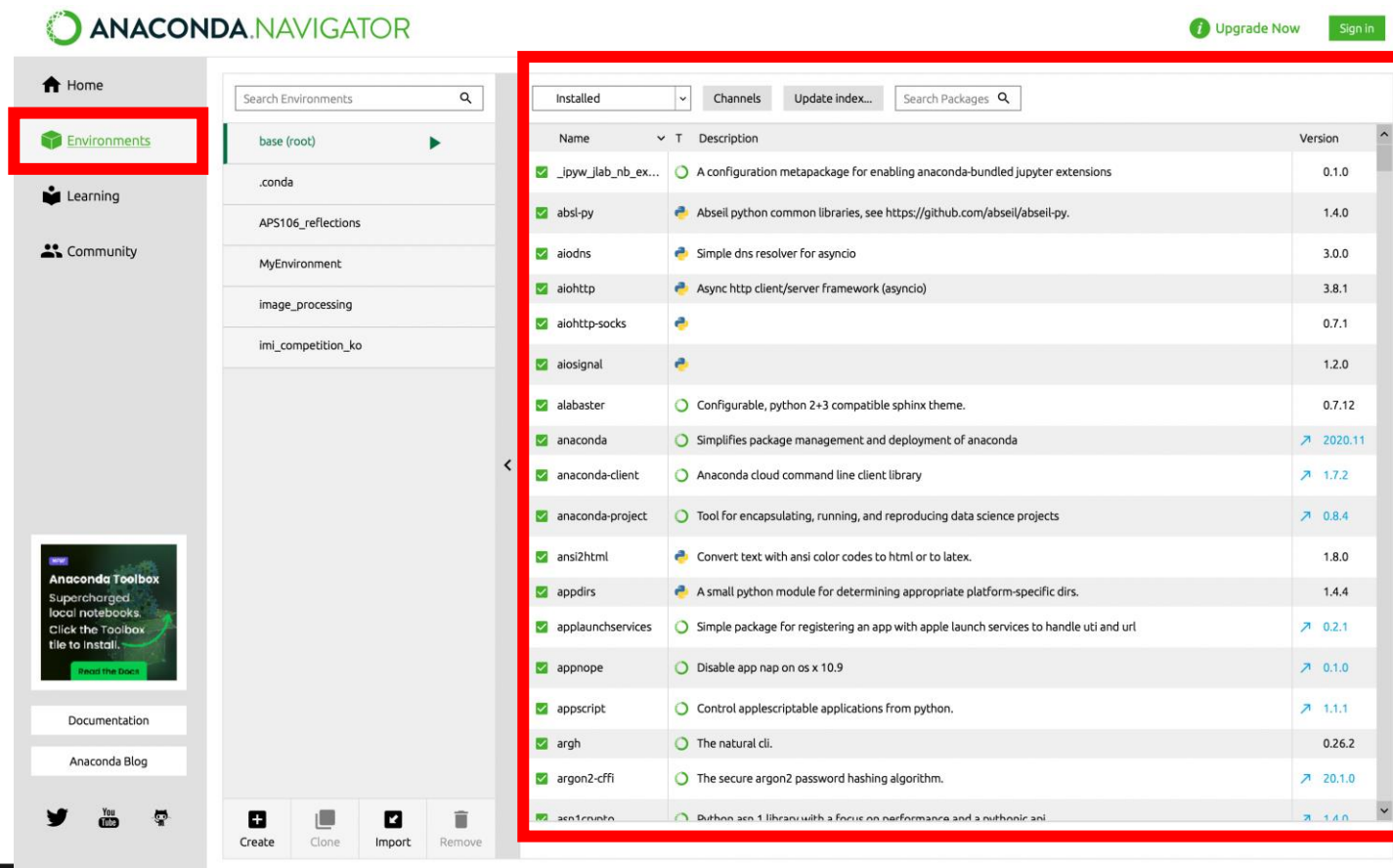


# What is an Environment

- An environment is a directory that contains a specific collection of Python packages that have been installed, along with the specific version of Python.
- There are a few use cases to use them:
  - Need to ensure that dependencies are managed on large projects between different people.
  - Working with a specific version of code meant to run with specific libraries.
  - Resolving conflicts in different environment versions.

# Anaconda simplifies environment management

- You can create, export, list, remove and update environments
- Also can create requirements.txt files from an environment, that can be shared as a pip install package as well



# APS106

## Demo