COMP 1017

Day 03

Tags <open> and </close>, wrapping our content.

Attributes control an element's behaviour. They are only in the opening tag.

```
<element attribute="value">
Content goes here!
</element>
```

Anchors

The `<a>` tag defines a hyperlink.

Anchor tags have an href attribute.

href is short for hyperlink reference

The href tells the browser where to go when the link is clicked.

```html
<a href="itsbaby.ca">

Click here to visit

Baby's First Website!

</a>
```

Anchor tags can link to all manner of things, including documents, files, email links, and more!

Images

Let's learn about a super common tag that uses an attribute: <img>

img is short for image

The <img> tag uses the src attribute to tell the browser where to find the image file.

src is short for source

```html
<img src="img/logo.png" />
```

<img> tags are self-contained, meaning they do not need a closing tag.

Lists

There are two types of lists:

<ul> unordered lists

think: bullet points

<ol> ordered lists

think: numbered lists

- this is
- an unordered
- list

1. this is
2. an ordered
3. list

Alright, so those are the types of lists — but how do we differentiate between each item on the list?

With the <li> tag

li is short for list item

```html
<ul>

    <li>Item One</li>

    <li>Item Two</li>

    <li>Item Three</li>

</ul>
```