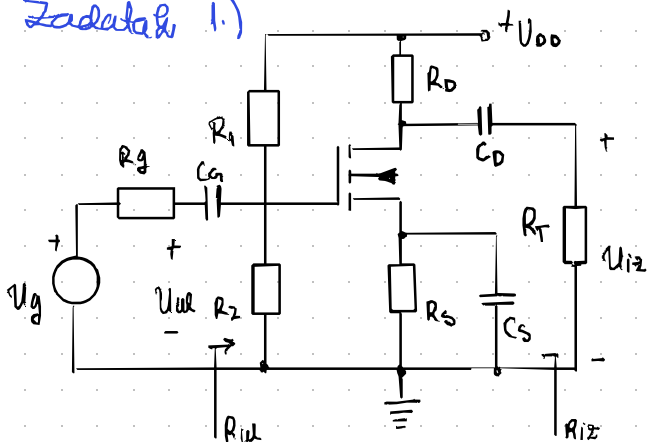


# ZADACI: Sklopovi s unipolarnim tranz.

## Zadatok 1.)



$$V_{DD} = 18V$$

n-kanalni

$$R_g = 500 \Omega$$

$$K = 2,25 \text{ mA/V}^2$$

$$R_1 = 3,3 \text{ M}\Omega$$

$$U_{GS0} = 0,5V$$

$$R_2 = 1,1 \text{ M}\Omega$$

$$\lambda = 0,0045/V$$

$$R_D = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$R_T = 3,3 \text{ k}\Omega$$

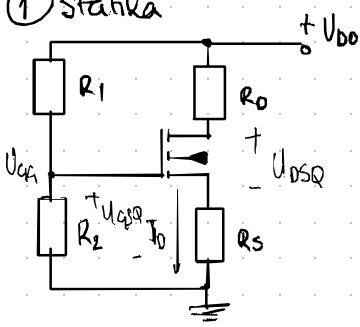
a)  $R_S = ?$   $I_{DQ} = 2,915 \text{ mA}$

c) ulazni otpor  $R_{in}$ ,

b)  $A_v = \frac{U_{iz}}{U_{ue}}$ ,  $A_{vj} = \frac{U_{iz}}{U_g} = ?$

izlazni otpor  $R_{iz}$

## 1) Statika



$$U_{GG} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \cdot V_{DD}$$

$$U_{GG} = U_{GSQ} + I_D \cdot R_S$$

$$V_{DD} = U_{DSQ} + I_{DQ} (R_D + R_S)$$

$$I_{DQ} = \frac{K}{2} (U_{GSQ} - U_{GS0})^2$$

$$I_{DQ} = \frac{K}{2} (U_{GSQ}^2 - 2U_{GSQ} \cdot 0,5 + 0,25)$$

$$\frac{2}{K} I_{DQ} = U_{GSQ}^2 - U_{GSQ} + 0,25$$

n-kanalni

$$\rightarrow U_{GSQ} > U_{GS0}$$

$$U_{GSQ}^2 - U_{GSQ} + 0,25 - \frac{2 \cdot 2,915}{2,5} = 0$$

$$U_{GSQ} = 2,11 \quad U_{GSQ} = -1,03$$

$$R_S = \frac{U_{GG} - U_{GSQ}}{I_{DQ}}$$

$$U_{GG} = 4,5V$$

$$\rightarrow R_S = \frac{4,5 - 2,11}{2,915 \times 10^{-3}} \rightarrow R_S = 820 \Omega$$

$$U_{DSQ} = V_{DD} - I_{DQ} (R_D + R_S) = 18 - 2,915 \times 10^{-3} (2000 + 820)$$

$$U_{DSQ} = 9,8V$$

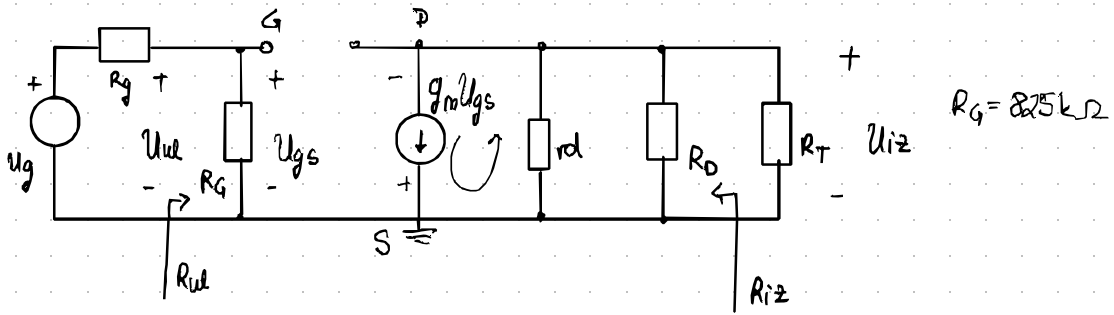
$$i_D = \frac{K}{2} (U_{GS} - U_{GS0})^2 (1 + \lambda U_{DS})$$

$$g_m = \frac{\partial i_D}{\partial U_{GS}} = K (U_{GSQ} - U_{GS0}) (1 + \lambda U_{DSQ}) = 2,5 \times 10^{-3} (2,11 - 0,5) (1 + 0,0045 \cdot 9,8)$$

$$g_m = 3,8 \text{ mA/V}^2$$

$$\frac{1}{r_d} = \frac{\partial i_D}{\partial U_{DS}} = \frac{K}{2} (U_{GSQ} - U_{GS0})^2 \lambda = I_{DQ} \cdot \lambda = 13,12 \mu S \rightarrow r_d = 76,22 \text{ k}\Omega$$

b)  $A_v, A_{vg} = ?$



$$u_{iz} = -g_m u_{gs} \cdot (r_d \parallel R_D \parallel R_T) \quad \left\{ \quad A_V = \frac{u_{iz}}{u_{ue}} = -g_m (r_d \parallel R_D \parallel R_T) \right.$$

$$U_{ul} = U_{gs}$$

$$A_V = -3,8 \times 10^{-3} \left( \frac{1}{76,22} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3,3} \right)^{-1} 10^3$$

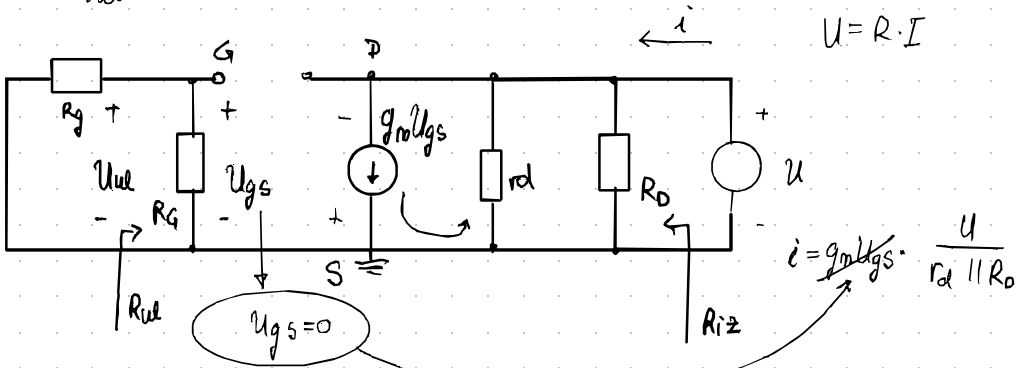
$$Avg = \frac{U_{iz}}{U_g} = \frac{U_{iz}}{U_{rel}} \cdot \frac{U_{rel}}{U_g}$$

$$A_v = -4,66$$

$$A_{vg} = A_v \cdot \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\frac{R_g}{R_g + R_4}}} \rightarrow A_{vg} = -4.66$$

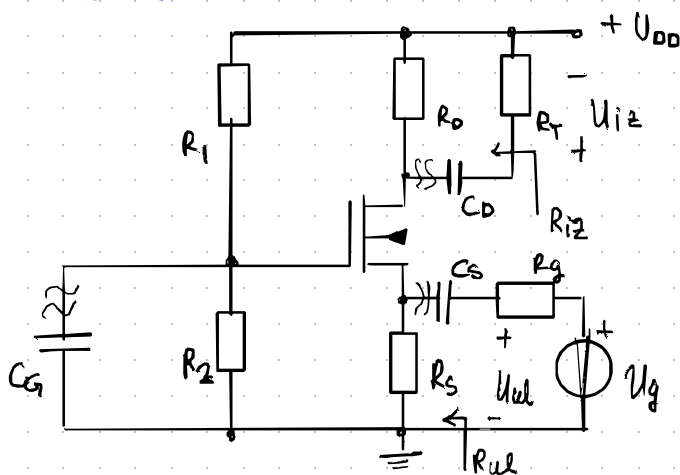
b)  $R_{ul}, R_{iz} = ?$

$$R_{ul} = \frac{U_{ul}}{i_{ul}} = R_g \longrightarrow R_g = 825 \text{ k}\Omega$$



$$R_{i2} = \frac{U}{i} = \frac{U}{\frac{U}{r_d \parallel R_D}} = r_d \parallel R_D \rightarrow R_{i2} = 1948,9 \Omega$$

# Zadatok 3.)



$$U_{DD} = 12V$$

$$R_g = 500 \Omega$$

$$R_1 = 3,9 M\Omega$$

$$R_2 = 1,2 M\Omega$$

$$R_D = 1 k\Omega$$

$$R_f = 4,7 k\Omega$$

$$R_s = 560 \Omega$$

$$K = 2,2 mA/V^2$$

$$U_{GS0} = -2V$$

$$\lambda = 0,004/V$$

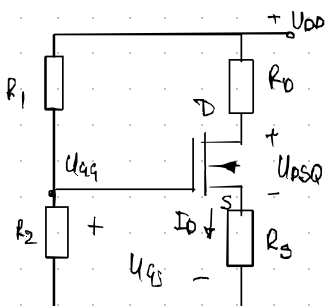
a) statická rodná točka?

b) napensko pojačuyje  $A_v = \frac{U_{i2}}{U_{ul}}$

c)  $R_{ul} = ?$

$R_{i2} = ?$

1) Statika  $\rightarrow$  STR  $U_{GSQ}, U_{DSQ}, I_{DQ}$



$$U_{GS} = U_{GS0} + I_{DQ} R_s$$

$$U_{GS} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \cdot U_{DD}$$

$$I_{DQ} = \frac{K}{2} (U_{GSQ} - U_{GS0})^2$$

$$U_{DD} = U_{DSQ} + I_{DQ} (R_D + R_s)$$

$$U_{GS} = 2,82V$$

$$\frac{U_{GS} - U_{GS0}}{R_s} = \frac{K}{2} (U_{GSQ} - U_{GS0})^2$$

$$\frac{2}{K \cdot R_s} U_{GS} - \frac{2}{K \cdot R_s} \cdot U_{GS0} = U_{GSQ}^2 - 2 U_{GSQ} \cdot U_{GS0} + U_{GS0}^2$$

$$U_{GSQ}^2 - 2 \left( U_{GS0} - \frac{1}{K \cdot R_s} \right) + U_{GS0}^2 - \frac{2}{K \cdot R_s} \cdot U_{GS} =$$

$$U_{GSQ}^2 - 2 \left( -2 - \frac{1}{2,2 \cdot 560} \right) + 4 - \frac{2}{2,2 \cdot 560} \cdot 2,82 = 0$$

$$U_{GSQ}^2 + 5,62 U_{GSQ} - 0,58 = 0$$

$$U_{GSQ} = -5,72V$$

$$U_{GSQ} = 0,1V$$

$$I_{DQ} = \frac{K}{2} (0,1 + 2)^2$$

$$I_{DQ} = 4,85 mA$$

$$U_{DSQ} = U_{DD} - I_{DQ} \cdot (R_D + R_s)$$

$$U_{DSQ} = 4,43V$$

provera radi li u području zatiranja

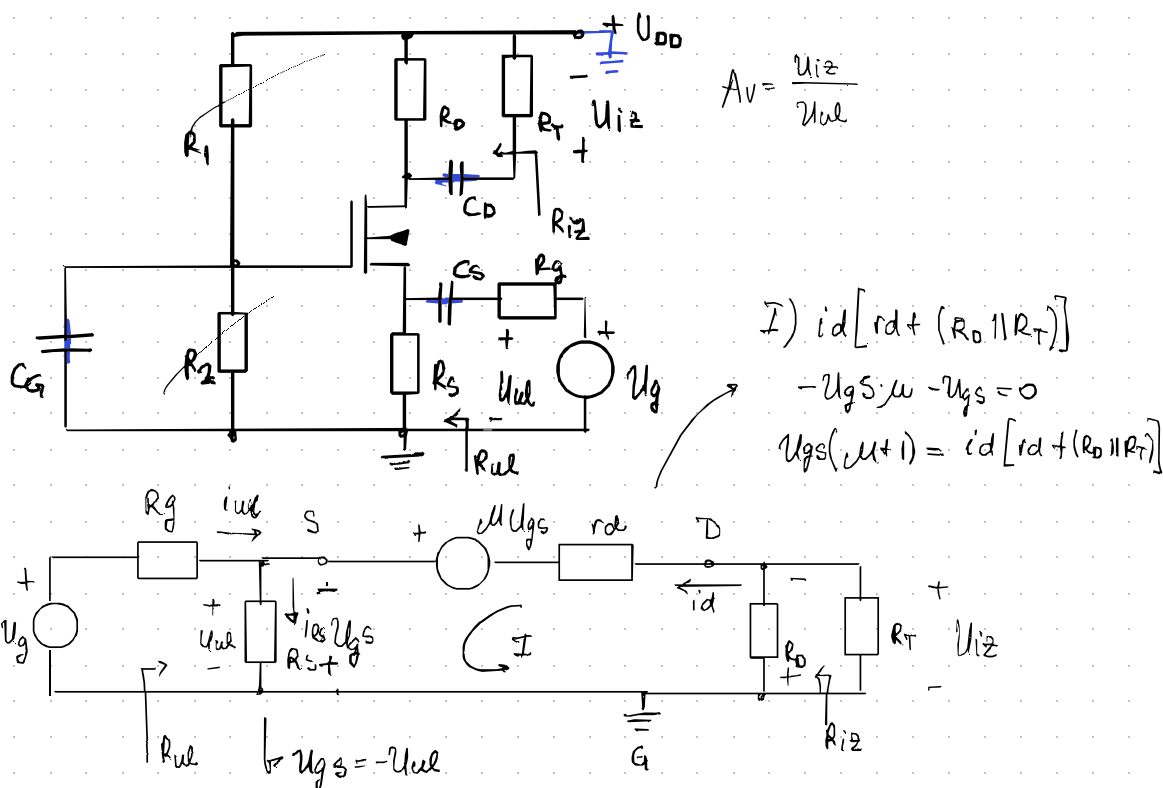
$$U_{DSQ} = 4,43V > U_{GSQ} - U_{GS0} = 0,1 + 2 \rightarrow 4,43 > 2,1V$$

b) naponsko pojačanje  $A_v = \frac{U_{i2}}{U_{ul}}$

$$I_D = \frac{K}{2} (U_{GS} - U_{GS0})^2 (1 + \lambda U_{DS})$$

$$g_m = \frac{\partial I_D}{\partial U_{GS}} = K(U_{GSQ} - U_{GS0})(1 + \lambda U_{DSQ}) \rightarrow g_m = 4,7 \text{ mA/V}^2$$

$$\frac{1}{r_d} = \frac{\partial I_D}{\partial U_{GS}} = \frac{K}{2} (U_{GSQ} - U_{GS0})^2 \lambda = I_{DQ} \cdot \lambda \rightarrow r_d = 51,55 \text{ k}\Omega$$



$$I) i_d [r_d + (R_D \parallel R_L)] - U_{gs} \mu - U_{gs} = 0$$

$$U_{gs} (\mu + 1) = i_d [r_d + (R_D \parallel R_L)]$$

$$-U_{ul} (\mu + 1) = i_d [r_d + (R_D \parallel R_L)] \rightarrow i_d = -\frac{U_{ul} (\mu + 1)}{r_d + (R_D \parallel R_L)}$$

$$\Rightarrow U_{i2} = -i_d \cdot (R_D \parallel R_L) = + \frac{U_{ul} (\mu + 1)}{r_d + (R_D \parallel R_L)} (R_D \parallel R_L)$$

$$\Rightarrow A_v = \frac{U_{i2}}{U_{ul}} = (\mu + 1) \cdot \frac{R_D \parallel R_L}{r_d + (R_D \parallel R_L)}$$

$$\mu = g_m \cdot r_d \rightarrow 4,7 \times 10^{-3} \cdot 51,55 \times 10^3$$

$$\mu = 242,3 > 1$$

$$A_v = g_m \cdot r_d \cdot \frac{R_D \parallel R_L}{r_d + (R_D \parallel R_L)} \rightarrow A_v = g_m (r_d \parallel R_D \parallel R_L) \rightarrow A_v = 3,8$$

c) Vlastni odpor

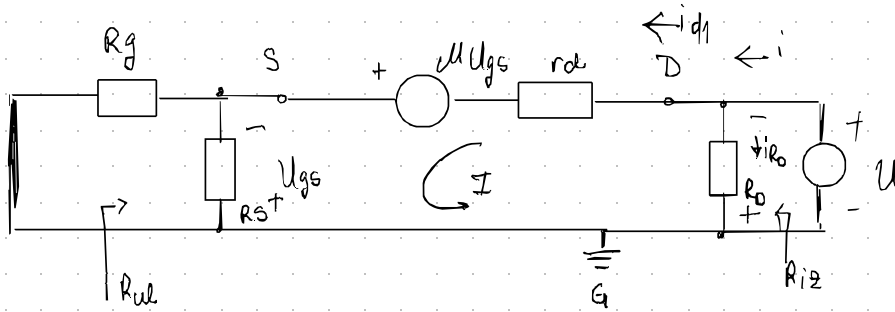
$$R_{ul} = \frac{U_{ul}}{i_{ul}}$$

$$i_{ul} = i_{AS} - i_d$$

$$i_{AS} = \frac{-U_{gs}}{R_s} \rightarrow i_{ul} = \frac{-U_{gs}}{R_s} - \frac{U_{gs} (\mu + 1)}{r_d + (R_D \parallel R_L)}$$

$$i_{ul} = \frac{+U_{ul}}{R_s} + U_{ul} \frac{g_m \cdot r_d}{r_d + (R_D \parallel R_L)} = U_{ul} \left( \frac{\mu}{r_d + R_D \parallel R_L} + \frac{1}{R_s} \right)$$

$$R_{ul} = \frac{1}{\frac{\mu}{r_d + R_D \parallel R_L} + \frac{1}{R_s}} = R_s \parallel \frac{r_d + R_D \parallel R_L}{242} \rightarrow R_{ul} = 156,1 \Omega$$



$$R_{i2} = \frac{u}{i}$$

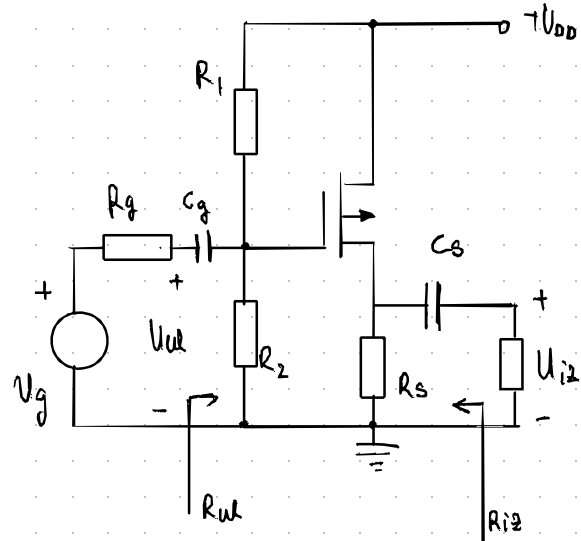
$$i = i_{d1} + i_{R_D} \quad i_{R_D} = \frac{u}{R_D}$$

$$u = i_{d1} (r_d + R_g \parallel R_s) - U_{gs} (\mu + 1) \quad U_{gs} = -i_{d1} \cdot R_s \parallel R_g$$

$$\Rightarrow i_{d1} = \frac{u}{r_d + (1 + \mu) \cdot R_s \parallel R_g} \quad i = \frac{u}{R_D} + \frac{u}{r_d + (1 + \mu) \cdot R_s \parallel R_g} = u \left( \frac{1}{R_D} + \frac{1}{r_d + (1 + \mu) \cdot R_s \parallel R_g} \right)$$

$$R_{i2} = \frac{u}{i} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R_D} + \frac{1}{r_d + (1 + \mu) \cdot R_s \parallel R_g}} = 991,4 \, \Omega$$

# Zadatak 4.)



$$U_{DD} = -15V$$

$$R_g = 500 \Omega$$

$$R_1 = 2M\Omega$$

$$R_2 = 1M\Omega$$

$$R_r = 3,9k\Omega$$

$$R_s = 2k\Omega$$

p-kanalni MOSFET

$$U_{GS0} = 1V$$

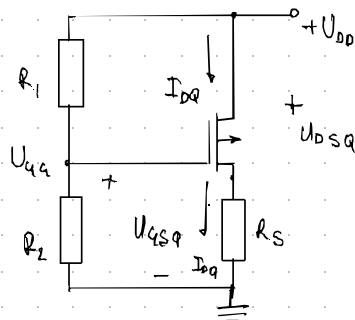
$$K = -2mA/V^2$$

$$\lambda = -0,0055/V$$

a) SAT?

b)  $A_v = \frac{U_{iz}}{U_{ul}}$

c)  $R_{ul}, R_{iz} = ?$



1) Statika

- ganim izmjenične izvore
- odspojimo C  $\rightarrow \frac{1}{\omega C} = \infty$

$$U_{G1} = U_{DD} \cdot \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} = -15V \cdot \frac{1}{3}$$

$$U_{G1} = -5V$$

$$U_{G1} = U_{GSQ} + I_{DQ} \cdot R_s$$

$$U_{DD} = U_{DSQ} + I_{DQ} \cdot R_s$$

$$I_D = \frac{K}{2} (U_{GSQ} - U_{GS0})^2$$

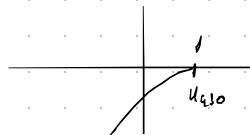
$$U_{DSQ} = U_{DD} - I_{DQ} \cdot R_s$$

$$I_{DQ} = \frac{U_{G1} - U_{GSQ}}{R_s}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{U_{G1} - U_{GSQ}}{R_s} \cdot \frac{2}{K} = U_{GSQ}^2 - 2U_{GS0} \cdot U_{GSQ} + U_{GS0}^2$$

$$\frac{U_{G1}}{R_s} \cdot \frac{2}{K} - \frac{2 \cdot U_{GS0}}{R_s \cdot K} = U_{GSQ}^2 - 2U_{GS0} \cdot U_{GSQ} + 1 \rightarrow U_{GSQ}^2 - 2U_{GS0} \left(1 - \frac{1}{R_s \cdot K}\right) - \frac{5}{2} = 0$$

\* p-kanalni MOSFET:



\* Za p kanalni MOSFET  $U_{GSQ} < U_{GS0}$ !

$$I_{DQ} = \frac{-5 + \frac{1}{2}}{2000} \rightarrow I_{DQ} = -2,25mA$$

$$\Rightarrow U_{DSQ} = U_{DD} - I_{DQ} \cdot R_s = -15 + 2,25 \cdot 2 \rightarrow U_{DSQ} = -10,5V$$

Radi li MOSFET u području zasićenja  $\Rightarrow |U_{DSQ}| > |U_{GSQ} - U_{GS0}|$ ?

$$|-10,5| > |-\frac{1}{2} - 1| \rightarrow 10,5 > \frac{3}{2} \checkmark$$

Da, MOSFET radi u području zasićenja

Dinamički parametri:  $i_D = \frac{K}{2} (U_{GS} - U_{GS0})^2 (1 + \lambda U_{DS})$

$$g_m = \left. \frac{\partial i_D}{\partial U_{GS}} \right|_Q = K (U_{GS} - U_{GS0}) (1 + \lambda U_{DS}) \Big|_Q = K (U_{GSQ} - U_{GS0}) (1 + \lambda U_{DSQ})$$

$$g_m = -2 \times 10^{-3} (-0,5 - 1) (1 + 0,0055 \cdot 10,5)$$

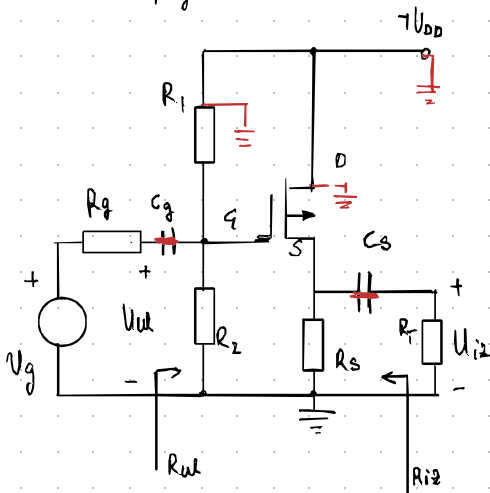
$$g_m = 3.173 \text{ mA/V}^2$$

$$\frac{1}{r_d} = \frac{\partial i_D}{\partial U_{DS}} = \frac{K}{2} (U_{GSQ} - U_{GS0})^2 \cdot \lambda = I_{DQ} \cdot \lambda \rightarrow r_d = 80.81 \text{ k}\Omega$$

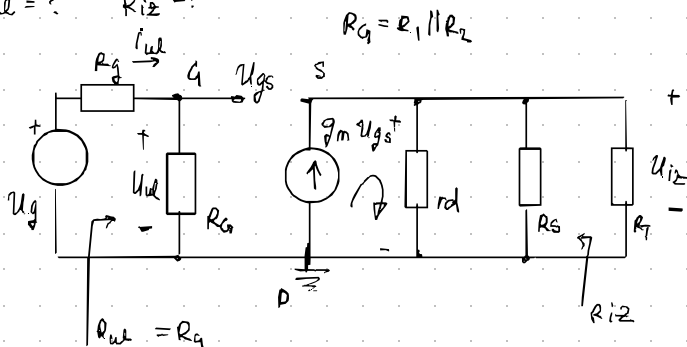
2) Dinamika  $A_v = \frac{U_{i2}}{U_{ul}} = ?$   $R_{ul} = ?$   $R_{i2} = ?$

• gornjo istosmjerna izvor

• kratko spojamo C



$$A_v = \frac{4.127}{5.127} \rightarrow A_v = 0.805$$



$$U_{ul} = U_{GS} + U_{i2}$$

$$U_{ul} = U_{GS} [1 + g_m (r_d \parallel R_S \parallel R_T)]$$

$$A_v = \frac{U_{i2}}{U_{ul}} = \frac{g_m U_{GS} (r_d \parallel R_S \parallel R_T)}{U_{GS} [1 + g_m (r_d \parallel R_S \parallel R_T)]}$$

$$x = 4.127$$

$$R_{ul} = R_g \Rightarrow R_g = R_1 \parallel R_2 = \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{1} \right) = \frac{2}{3} \text{ M}\Omega$$