

IMPLEMENTACIJA LOG. SKLOPOVA

1. Koji fkt. odstranjuje neg. sklop u dig. log.?

A	B	f
-2V	-2V	-4V
-2V	-4V	-4V
-4V	-2V	-4V
-4V	-4V	-2V

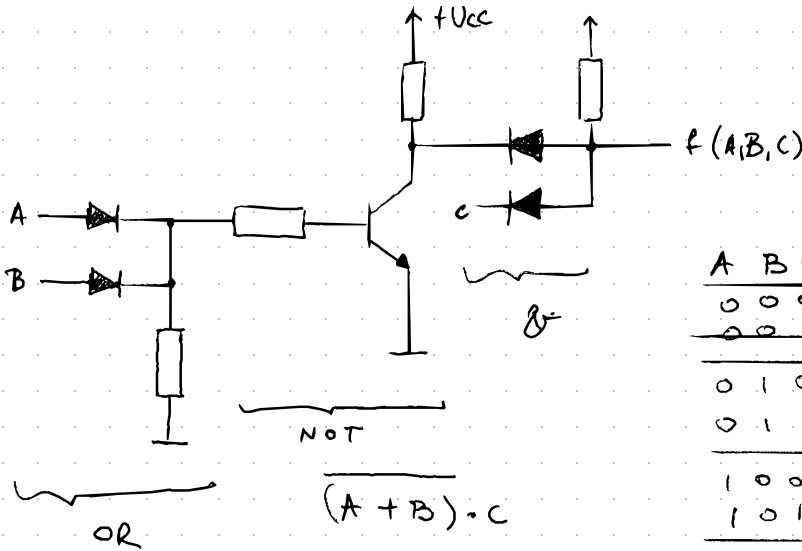
pozitivna

0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

$\rightarrow N1 \Rightarrow N11$ u neg. log.

(B)

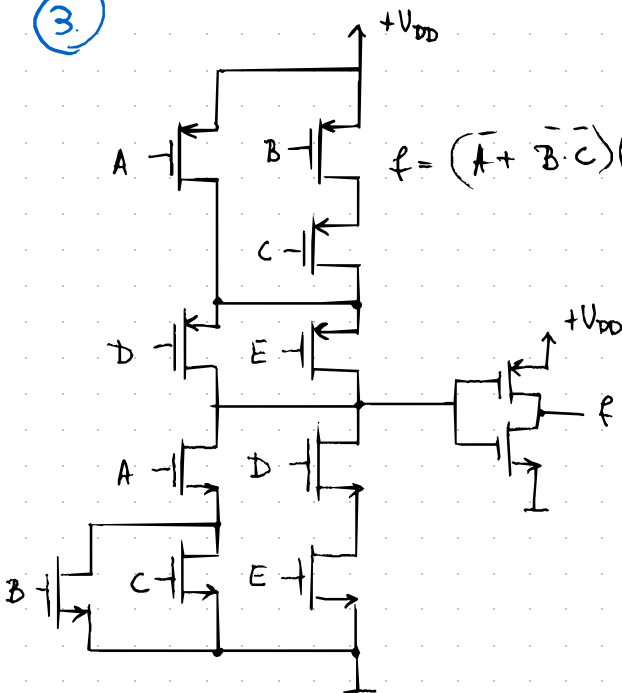
2.



A	B	C	f
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	0

(*) $\Pi M(0, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7)$

3.

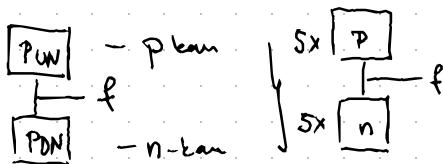


$$f = (A + \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C})(\bar{D} + \bar{E})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{f} &= \overline{(A + \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C})(\bar{D} + \bar{E})} \\ &= \overline{(A + \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C})} \cdot \overline{(\bar{D} + \bar{E})} \\ &= (\bar{A} + B \cdot C) \cdot (D + E) \\ &= \bar{A} \cdot (B + C) + D \cdot E \\ \boxed{g} &= A(B + C) + DE \end{aligned}$$

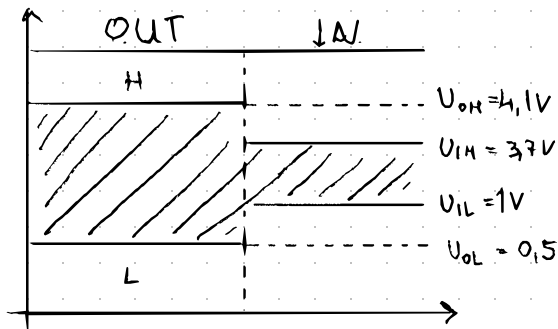
⊕

4. Koliko je minimalno potrebno p-kanalnih MOSFET-ov da bi se u CMOS tehnologiji ostvarila $f = (A + B)(C + D \cdot E)$?



direktna: Invertora + 5 p-kan
+ 5 n-kan
10 p-kan

5. $V_{OH_{min}} = 4,1V$ $V_{IH_{min}} = 3,7V$
 $V_{OL_{max}} = 0,5V$ $V_{IL_{max}} = 1V$



$$V_{GS} = \min(V_{GSV} - V_{GSN})$$

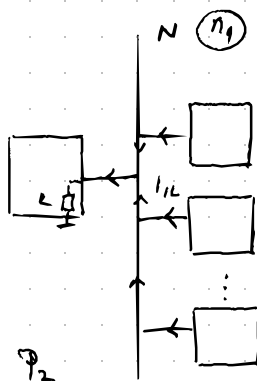
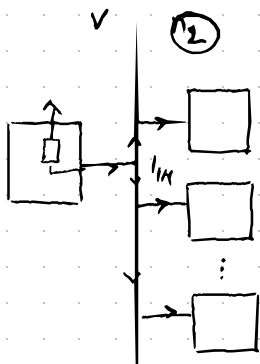
$$V_{GSV} = V_{OH} - V_{IH} = 0,4V$$

$$V_{GSN} = V_{IL} - V_{OL} = 0,5V$$

$$V_{GS} = 0,4V \quad \textcircled{C}$$

6. n - faktor gramauja

	$I_{OL} / \mu A$	$I_{IL} / \mu A$	$I_{OH} / \mu A$	$I_{IH} / \mu A$
P_1	16	1600	200	20
P_2	8	400	400	20



$$I_{OH} \geq n_2 \cdot I_{IH}$$

$$n_2 \leq \left\lfloor \frac{I_{OH}}{I_{IH}} \right\rfloor = \left\lfloor \frac{400}{20} \right\rfloor = 20$$

$$n_2 \leq \left\lfloor \frac{I_{OL}}{I_{IL}} \right\rfloor = \left\lfloor \frac{8}{0,4} \right\rfloor = 20$$

$$n_2 - 1 = \left\lfloor \frac{16}{0,4} \right\rfloor = 40$$

$$n_2 - 1 = \left\lfloor \frac{200}{20} \right\rfloor = 10$$

(gledamo manji) $\Rightarrow 10$

$$n_1 \leq \left\lfloor \frac{I_{OH}}{I_{IH}} \right\rfloor = \left\lfloor \frac{200}{20} \right\rfloor = 10$$

$$n_1 \leq \left\lfloor \frac{I_{OL}}{I_{IL}} \right\rfloor = \left\lfloor \frac{16}{1,6} \right\rfloor = 10$$

$$n_1 / n_2 / n_2 = 10 / 20 / 10$$

\textcircled{D}

7. Kako treba promijeniti napon napajanja dig. sklopa ako f poračamo za 10%, a dinamička disperzija mora ostati ista?

Tolerancija je 1%.

$$f_2 = 1.1 f_1$$

$$p_d = f \cdot C \cdot u^2$$

$$p_d = p_d$$

$$f_1 \cdot \phi \cdot u_1^2 = f_2 \cdot \phi \cdot u_2^2$$

$$f_1 \cdot u_1^2 = 1.1 \cdot f_1 \cdot u_2^2$$

$$u_1^2 = 1.1 u_2^2 / r$$

$$u_2 = \frac{u_1}{\sqrt{1.1}} = 0.95 u_1$$

→ smanjit za 5% (B)