

Lab 8

Jiasen Zhou, Jon Johnston

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1 Executive Summary

The purpose of this lab is to design and simulate the execute stage of the datapath. The execute stage is made up of the primary ALU for executing instructions, another ALU for branching, and control modules for their operation. This stage is responsible for performing the necessary arithmetic to execute instructions on data in registers and memory as well as branching. Mostly, this lab pertained to connecting modules created in earlier labs. After running the test for the module and comparing it to expected results, the lab proved to be successful.

2 Test Report

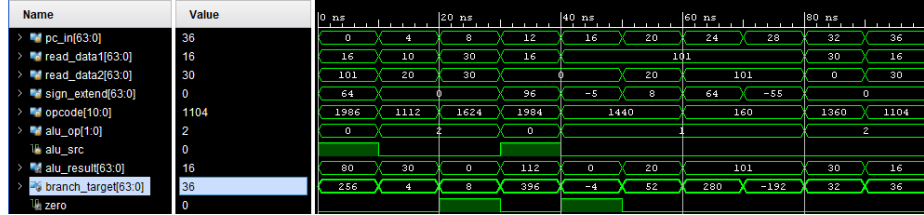
To verify operation of this module, this lab requires one test bench.

1. iExecute Test Bench

Figure 1: Expected Results of the iExecute test.

	Instruction 1	Instruction 2	Instruction 3	Instruction 4	Instruction 5	Instruction 6	Instruction 7	Instruction 8	Instruction 9	Instruction 10
Instruction	LDUR X9, [X22, #64]	ADD X10, X19, X9	SUB X11, X20, X10	STUR X11, [X22, #96]	CRZ X11, -5	CRZ X9, 8	8 64	8 -55	ORR X9, X10, X21	AND X9, X22, X10
Machine instruction (hex)	F8402C9	8B09026A	C8DA0288	F89602CB	84FFFF68	84000109	14000040	17FFFFC9	AA130149	BADA02C9
opcode (binary)	11111000101	10001011000	11001011000	11111000000	011101000	101101000	000101	17FFFFC9	000101	10101010000
sign_extended_output (hex)	0000000000000040	0000000000000000	0000000000000000	0000000000000000	FFFFFFFFFFFFFFF8	0000000000000008	0000000000000040	FFFFFFFFFFFFFFC9	0000000000000000	0000000000000000
reg2_loc	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
branch	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
mem_read	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
mem_to_reg	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
alu_op	0	10	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
mem_write	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
alu_src	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
reg_write	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
uncondbranch	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
write_data (decimal)	20	30	0	X	X	X	X	X	30	16
read_data1 (decimal)	16	10	30	16	X	X	X	X	30	16
read_data2 (decimal)	X	20	30	0	0	20	X	X	0	30
branch_target	X	X	X	X	-20	52	28	256	-220	X
alu_result	80	30	0	112	0	20	X	X	30	16
zero	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0

Figure 2: Timing diagram for the iExecute test.



3 Code Appendix

Listing 1: Verilog code for testing the iExecute module.

```

`include "definitions.vh"
module iExecute_test;
    reg [WORD-1:0] pc_in, read_data1, read_data2, sign_extend;
    reg [10:0] opcode;
    reg [1:0] alu_op;
    reg alu_src;
    wire [WORD-1:0] alu_result, branch_target;
    wire zero;

    iExecute execute_module(
        .pc_in(pc_in),
        .read_data1(read_data1),
        .read_data2(read_data2),
        .sign_extend(sign_extend),
        .opcode(opcode),
        .alu_op(alu_op),
        .alu_src(alu_src),
        .alu_result(alu_result),

```

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        .branch_target(branch_target),
        .zero(zero));

initial
begin
    // 1
    pc_in = 0;
    read_data1 = 16;
    read_data2 = 101;
    sign_extend = 64'h0000000000000040;
    opcode = 11'b11111000010;
    alu_op = 2'b00;
    alu_src = 1;
    #10;
    // 2
    pc_in = 4;
    read_data1 = 10;
    read_data2 = 20;
    sign_extend = 64'h0000000000000000;
    opcode = 11'b10001011000;
    alu_op = 2'b10;
    alu_src = 0;
    #10;
    // 3
    pc_in = 8;
    read_data1 = 30;
    read_data2 = 30;
    sign_extend = 64'h0000000000000000;
    opcode = 11'b11001011000;
    alu_op = 2'b10;
    alu_src = 0;
    #10;
    // 4
    pc_in = 12;
    read_data1 = 16;
    read_data2 = 0;
    sign_extend = 64'h0000000000000060;
    opcode = 11'b11111000000;
    alu_op = 2'b00;
    alu_src = 1;
    #10;
    // 5
    pc_in = 16;
    read_data1 = 101;
    read_data2 = 0;
    sign_extend = 64'hFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFB;

```

```

opcode = 11'b10110100000;
alu_op = 2'b01;
alu_src = 0;
#10;
// 6
pc_in = 20;
read_data1 = 101;
read_data2 = 20;
sign_extend = 64'h0000000000000008;
opcode = 11'b10110100000;
alu_op = 2'b01;
alu_src = 0;
#10;
// 7
pc_in = 24;
read_data1 = 101;
read_data2 = 101;
sign_extend = 64'h0000000000000040;
opcode = 11'b00010100000;
alu_op = 2'b01;
alu_src = 0;
#10;
// 8
pc_in = 28;
read_data1 = 101;
read_data2 = 101;
sign_extend = 64'hFFFFFFFFFFFFFFC9;
opcode = 11'b00010100000;
alu_op = 2'b01;
alu_src = 0;
#10;
// 9
pc_in = 32;
read_data1 = 30;
read_data2 = 0;
sign_extend = 64'h0000000000000000;
opcode = 11'b10101010000;
alu_op = 2'b10;
alu_src = 0;
#10;
// 10
pc_in = 36;
read_data1 = 16;
read_data2 = 30;
sign_extend = 64'h0000000000000000;
opcode = 11'b10001010000;

```

```

alu_op = 2'b10;
alu_src = 0;
#10;
$finish;
end
endmodule

```

Listing 2: Verilog code for the iExecute module

```

`include "definitions.vh"
module iExecute(
    input  [`WORD-1:0] pc_in ,
    input  [`WORD-1:0] read_data1 ,
    input  [`WORD-1:0] read_data2 ,
    input  [`WORD-1:0] sign_extend ,
    input  [10:0] opcode ,
    input  [1:0] alu_op ,
    input  alu_src ,
    output  [`WORD-1:0] alu_result ,
    output  zero ,
    output  [`WORD-1:0] branch_target
);

    wire  [`WORD-1:0] mux_out;
    wire  [3:0] alu_ctrl_out;
    wire  [`WORD-1:0] shift_result;

    mux MUX (
        .a_in(read_data2),
        .b_in(sign_extend),
        .control(alu_src),
        .mux_out(mux_out));

    ALU alu(
        .a_in(read_data1),
        .b_in(mux_out),
        .alu_control(alu_ctrl_out),
        .alu_result(alu_result),
        .zero_flag(zero)
    );

    alu_control alu_ctrl(
        .ALUOp(alu_op),
        .opcode(opcode),
        .ALU_control(alu_ctrl_out));

```

```
        //shift sign extend left by 2 = *4  
        assign shift_result = sign_extend*4;  
  
        adder pc_adder(  
            .a_in(pc_in),  
            .b_in(shift_result),  
            .add_out(branch_target)  
        );  
  
    endmodule
```
