

# Colors

## Color Name Keywords

Color name keywords can be used to set color property values for elements in CSS.

### **CSS Color Alpha Values**

Alpha values determine the transparency of colors in CSS. Alpha values can be set for both RGB and HSL colors by using rgba() and hsla() and providing a fourth value representing alpha. Alpha values can range between 0.0 (totally transparent) and 1.0 (totally opaque).

The CSS transparent value can also be used to create a fully transparent element.

#### **CSS Hexadecimal Colors**

CSS colors can be represented in *hexadecimal* (or *hex*) notation. Hexadecimal digits can represent sixteen different values using 0-9 and a-f. Hexadecimal colors are composed of 6 characters—each group of two represents a value between 0 and 255 for red, green, or blue. For example #ff0000 is all red, no green, and no blue. When both characters of all three colors are repeated,

hex colors can be abbreviated to only three values, so #0000ff could also be represented as #00f.

#### **CSS HSL Colors**

CSS colors can be declared with the HSL color system using hsl() syntax. This syntax contains three values: hue (the color value itself), saturation (intensity), and lightness.

Hue values range from 0 to 360 while saturation and lightness values are represented as percentages.

```
h1 {
  color: aqua;
}
li {
  color: khaki;
}
```

```
.midground {
  background-color: rgba(0, 255, 0,
0.5);
}
.foreground {
  background-color: hsla(34, 100%,
50%, 0.1);
}
.transparent {
  color: transparent;
}
```

```
.red {
  color: #ff0000;
}

.short-blue {
  color: #00f;
}
```

```
.light-blue {
  background-color: hsl(200, 70%,
50%);
}
```

# CSS rgb() Colors

CSS colors can be declared with RGB colors using

```
rgb() syntax.
```

rgb() should be supplied with three values representing red, green, and blue. These values range can from 0 to 255.



```
.hot-pink {
   color: rgb(249, 2, 171);
}
.green {
   color: rgb(0, 255, 0);
}
```