### **Batch: Hinglish**

# **Subject: Programming in C**



## **Topic: Iterative Statements**

### [NAT]

Consider the following program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
     int i=3;
     for(;i++<=9;++i);
     printf("%d",i);
     return 0;
}
The output is _____.
```

### [NAT]

Consider the following program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
    int i=3;
    for(;i++<=9;++i)
        printf("best hai GATE Wallah");
         if(i>8) break;
  return 0;
```

The number of times printf() executed is \_

### [MCQ]

Consider the following program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
    int a=0, b=1;
    for(;b;printf("%d\t", a))
           b=a++<=3;
    return 0;
```

The output sequence is-

- (a) 01234
- (b) 0123
- (c) 1234
- (d) 12345

### [MCQ]

Consider the following program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
  int i=0;
  for(i=2; i <= n; i *= 2)
  printf("GATE WALLAH 2024");
  return 0:
```

The number of times printf() executed is approximated as-

- (a)
- (b) log<sub>2</sub>n
- (c)  $log_2log_2n$
- (d) 2

### [MCQ]

**5.** Consider the following program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
     int i;
     for(i=printf("GATE");i<printf("Wallah2023");)</pre>
            if(i\%2==0) i=i-1;
            else i=i+2;
     return 0;
```

The number of times "Wallah2023" is printed is-

- (a) 4
- (b) 5
- (c) 6
- (d) 7

### [MCQ]

Consider the following program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int i, j, n;
    for(i=1;i \le n;i++)
    for(j=1;j<=n;j++)
    printf("GATE Wallah");
    return 0;
}
```

How many times will the printf() statement be executed when n=32?

- (a) 128
- (b) 1024
- (c) 512
- (d) 256

### [NAT]

Consider the following program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int i, j, n, count=0;
    for(i=1;i \le n;i++)
    for(j=1;j<=i;j++)
    count+=1;
```

```
printf("%d", count);
    return 0;
}
When n=31, the output is _____
```

### [MCQ]

**8.** Consider the following program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
int a,i;
a = 12.5/5 + 31.2/2*5 - 5;
for(i=a; i<90; i=i+3)
     printf("%c\t", i+32);
   return 0;
The output is-
(a) 107 110 113 116 119
```

- (b) KLMNO
- (c) knqtw
- (d) Garbage values

# **Answer Key**

- (12) 1.
- 2. **(4)**
- 3. **(d)**
- 4. **(b)**
- 5. (c)

- 6. (b) 7. (496) 8. (c)



### **Hints and solutions**

#### 1. (12)

3<=9 TRUE. i is incremented to 4. Loop is executed.

++i is executed. i takes value 5.

5<=9 TRUE. i is incremented to 6. Loop is executed.

++i is executed. i takes value 7.

7<=9 TRUE. i is incremented to 8. Loop is executed.

++i is executed. i takes value 9.

9<=9 TRUE. i is incremented to 10. Loop is executed.

++i is executed. i takes value 11.

11<=9 FALSE. i is incremented to 12. Loop is not

executed.

Final value of i = 12.

### 2. (4)

3<=9 TRUE. i is incremented to 4 as i++ was used. printf() executed.

(i>8) false;

++i is executed. i takes value 5.

5<=9 TRUE. i is incremented to 6 as i++ was used.

printf() executed.

(i>8) false;

++i is executed. i takes value 7.

 $7 \le 9$  TRUE. i is incremented to 8 as i++ was used.

printf() executed.

(i>8) false;

++i is executed, i takes value 9.

 $9 \le 9$  TRUE. i is incremented to 10 as i++ was used.

printf() executed.

(i>8) True; So, it breaks out from the loop.

Therefore, printf() is executed 4 times.

#### 3. (d)

Condition of for loop: b

1-> TRUE; b=a++<=3 is executed; b=0<=3-> TRUE;

b=1, a is incremented to 1.

1 is printed.

1-> TRUE; b=a++<=3 is executed; b=1<=3-> TRUE;

b=1, a is incremented to 2.

2 is printed.

1-> TRUE; b=a++<=3 is executed; b=2<=3-> TRUE;

b=1, a is incremented to 3.

3 is printed.

1-> TRUE; b=a++<=3 is executed; b=3<=3-> TRUE;

b=1, a is incremented to 4.

4 is printed.

1-> TRUE; b=a++<=3 is executed; b=4<=3->

FALSE; b=0, a is incremented to 5.

5 is printed.

0->FALSE; Loop terminates.

Output: 1 2 3 4 5

### 4. (b)

The for loop runs for i values- 2,  $2^2$ ,  $2^3$ ...  $2^k$ 

The loop terminates when  $2^{k+1} > n$ 

$$k = log_2 n$$

### 5. (c)

i = printf ("GATE"); // i is initialized to 4

i < printf ("Wallah2023"); // i < 10

printf () executed

### i 43379

i takes values→

$$(4 \% 2) = 0 \rightarrow i = i - 1 \Rightarrow i = 3$$

 $3 < 10 \rightarrow printf()$  executed

$$(3\%2)! = 0 \rightarrow i = i + 2 = 3 + 2 = 5$$

 $5 < 10 \rightarrow printf$  () executed

$$(5 \% 2)! = 0 \rightarrow i = 7$$

 $7 < 10 \rightarrow printf$  () executed

$$(7\%2)! = 0 \rightarrow i = 9$$

 $9 < 10 \rightarrow printf$  () executed

$$(9\%2)! = 0 \rightarrow i = 11$$

 $11 < 10 \rightarrow \text{printf}$  () executed but loop terminates as condition is false.

: "Wallah2023" is printed 6 times.

### **6. (b)**

The given nested loops are independent.

The loop will run (n\*n) times.

:. The printf() statement is executed for (32\*32) = 1024 times when n = 32.

### 7. (496)

The given nested loops are dependent loops.

				•
i	1	2	3	 n
j	1	1, 2	1, 2, 3	1, 2, 3, n
Count	1	(1+2)	(1+2+3)	(1+2+3+ n)

The final value of count is-

$$\Rightarrow$$
 (1 + 2 + 3 + ..... n)

$$\Rightarrow (1+2+3+.....+31) \text{ when } n = 31$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{31 \times 32}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 496

$$a = 12.5/5 + 31.2/2 * 5 - 5$$

$$a = 75.5$$

∵ a is integer

The for loop converts each character to lower case corresponding to the ASCII values.

Output ASCII: 
$$(75 + 32)(78 + 32)$$
...... $(87 + 32)$ 

Output characters: k n q t w





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