

# CS & IT ENGINEERING

## Data Structure



**Tree**  
**Chapter- 5**  
**Lec- 07**



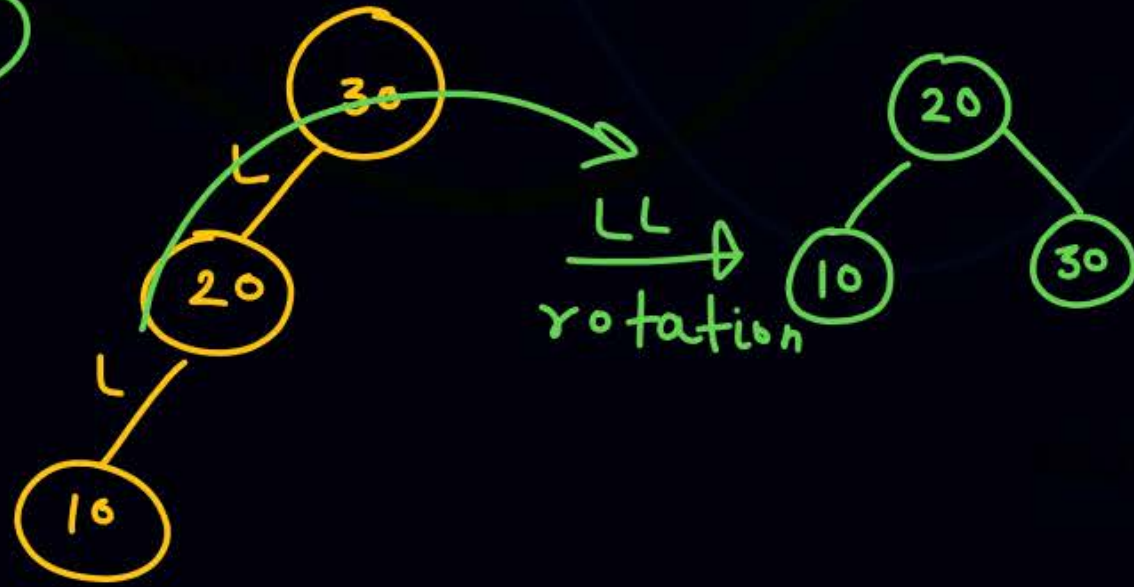
By- Pankaj Sharma sir

TOPICS TO BE  
COVERED

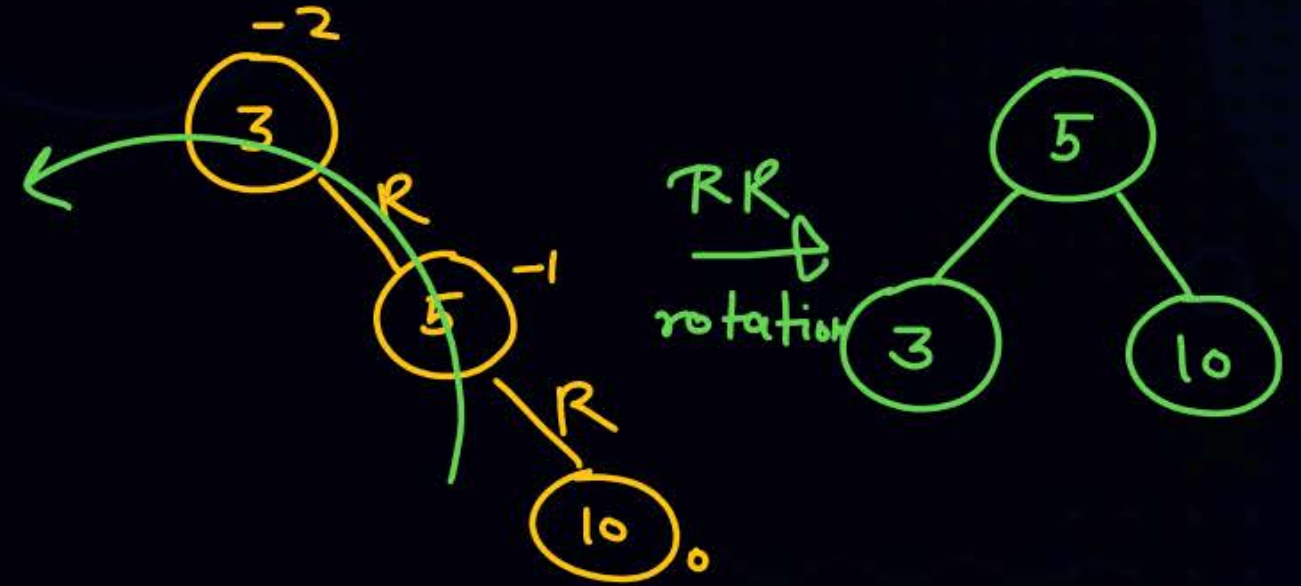
Tree-VII



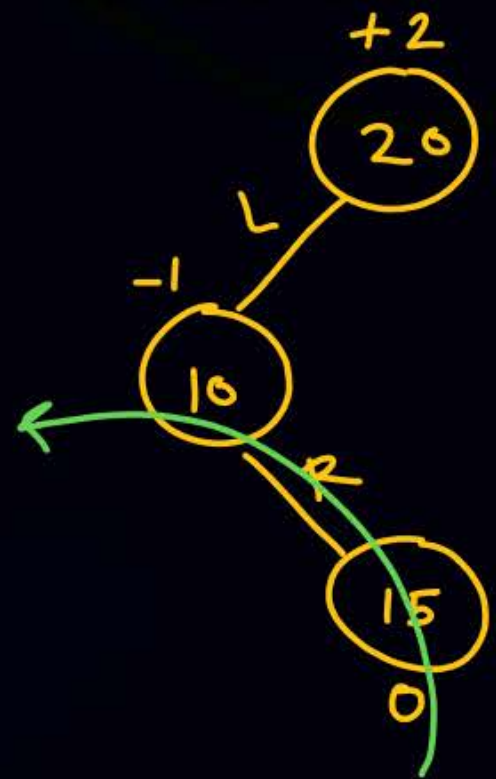
①



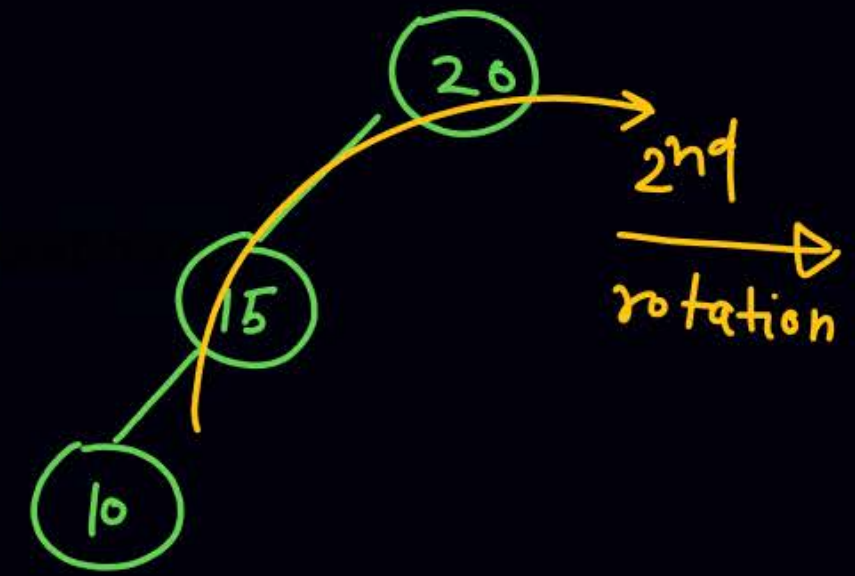
②



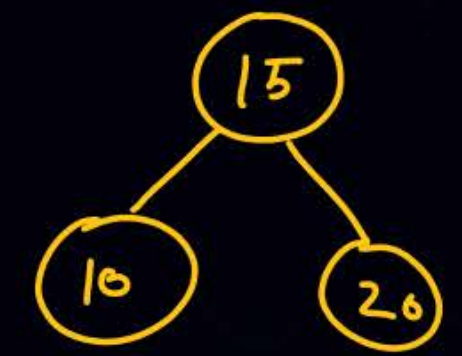
Single rotation



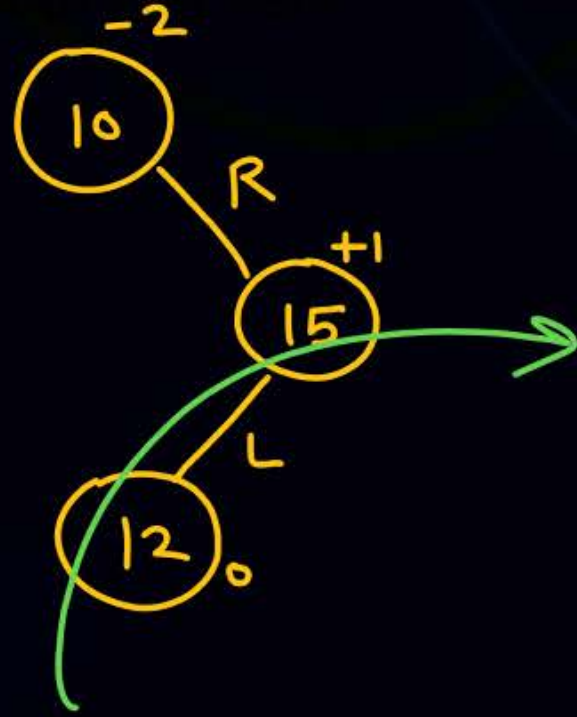
1st  
rotation



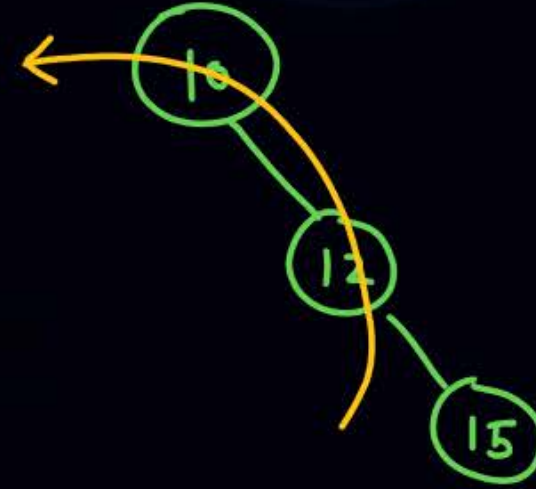
2nd  
rotation



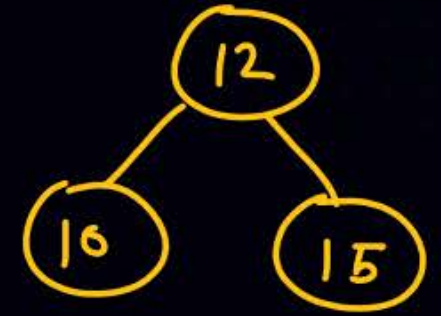
2 rotations



1st  
rotation



2nd  
rotation



1. Maximum no. of nodes in an AVL tree of height  $h$   

$$= 2^{h+1} - 1$$

Minimum no. of nodes in an AVL tree of height  $h$

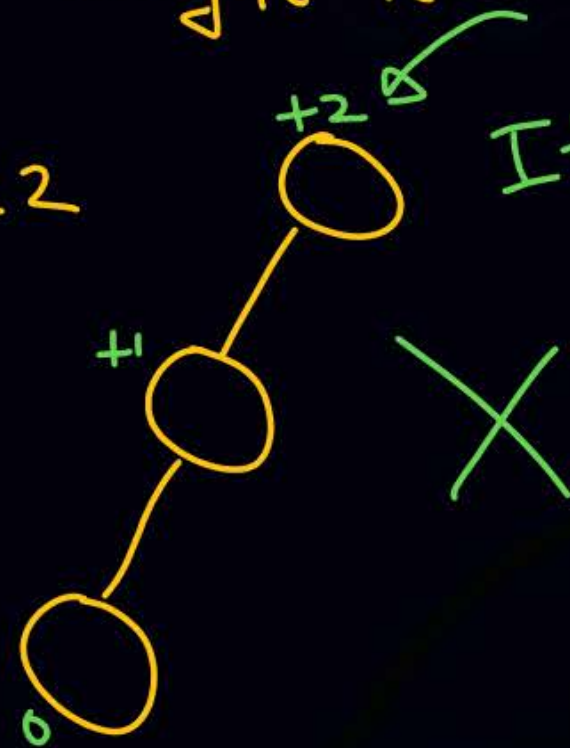
$h=0$



$h=1$



$h=2$



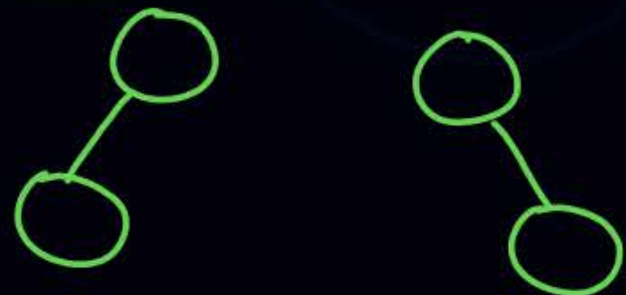
It is not  
a AVL  
tree



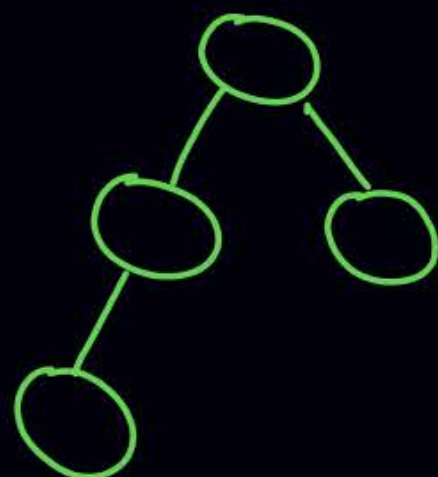
$h=0$



$h=1$



$h=2$

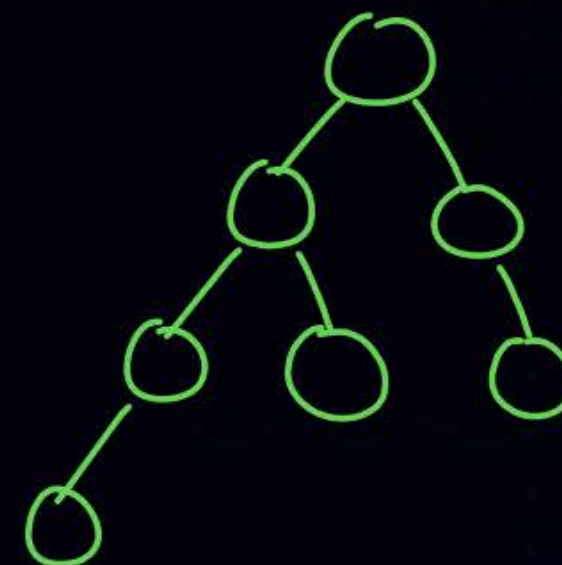


$h=0$     1

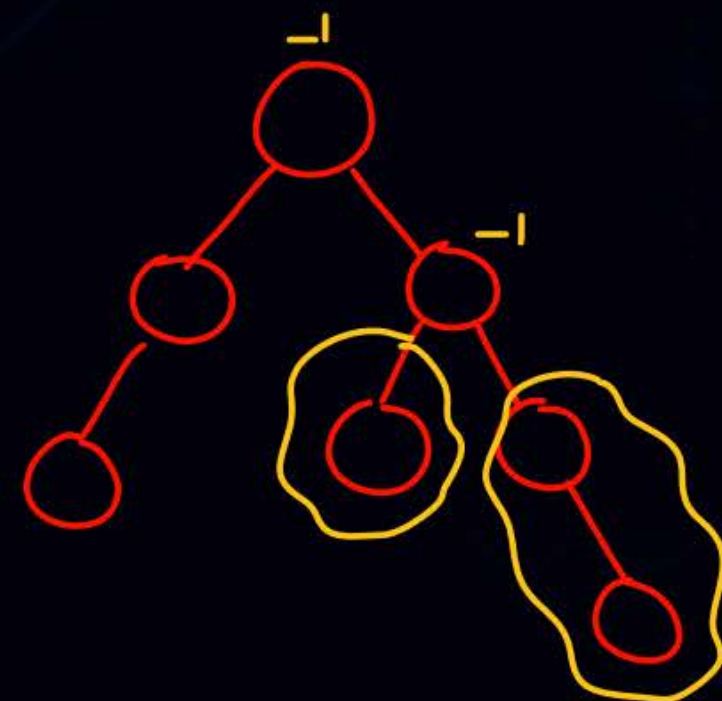
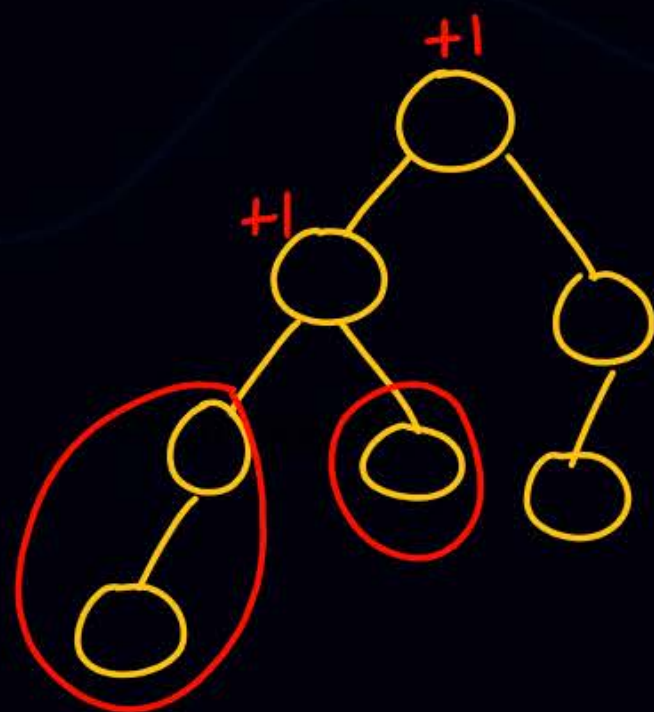
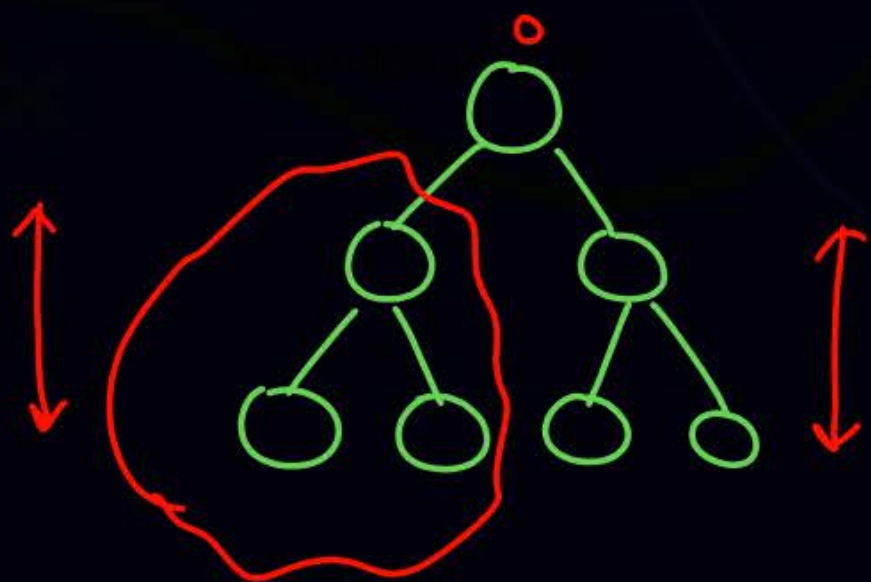
$h=1$     2

$h=2$     4

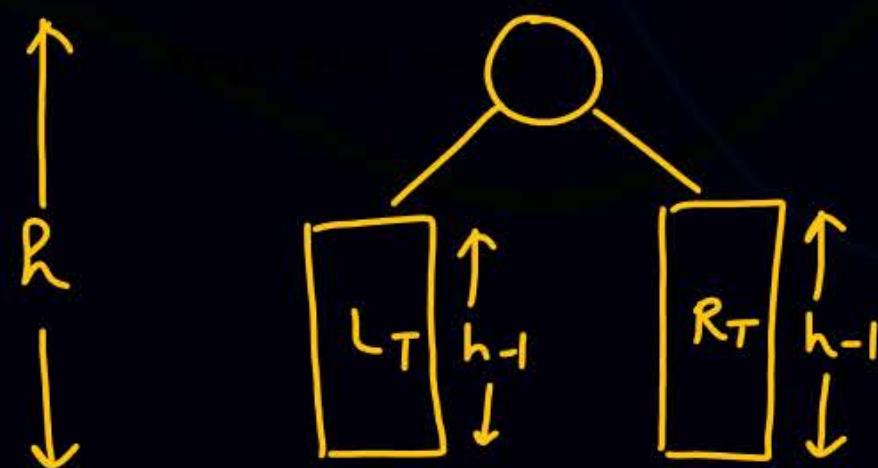
$h=3$     7



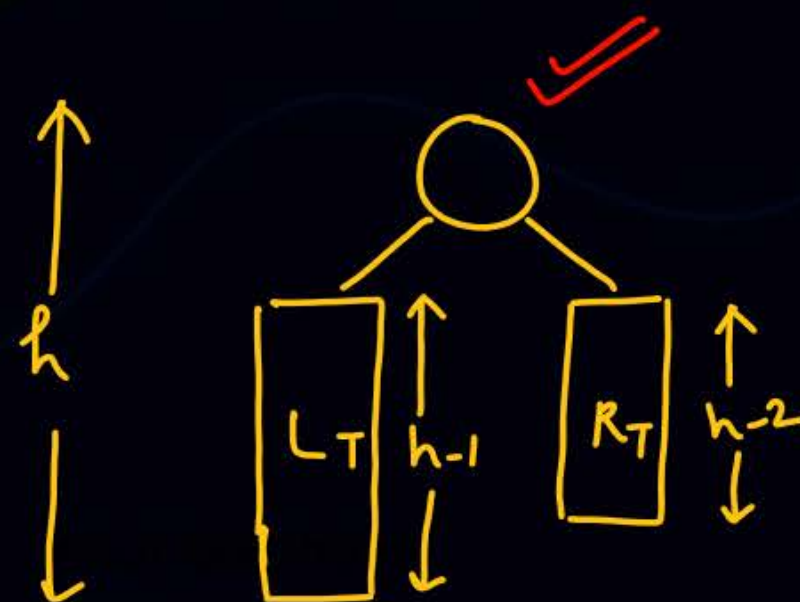
+1 0 -1





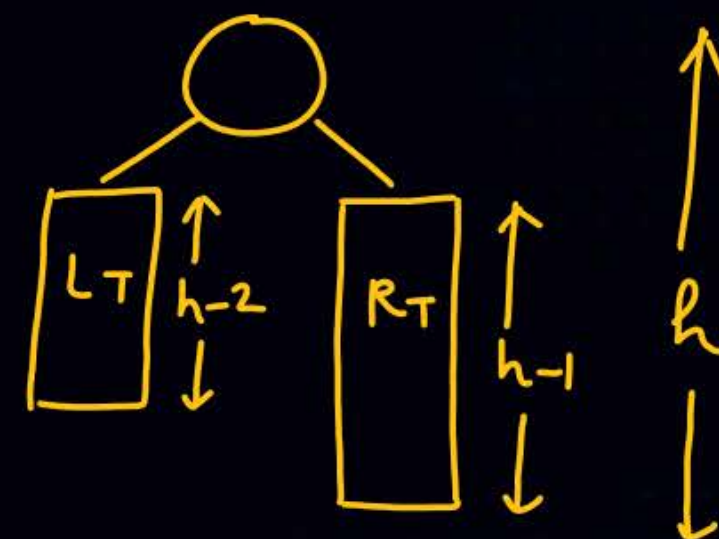


Case I

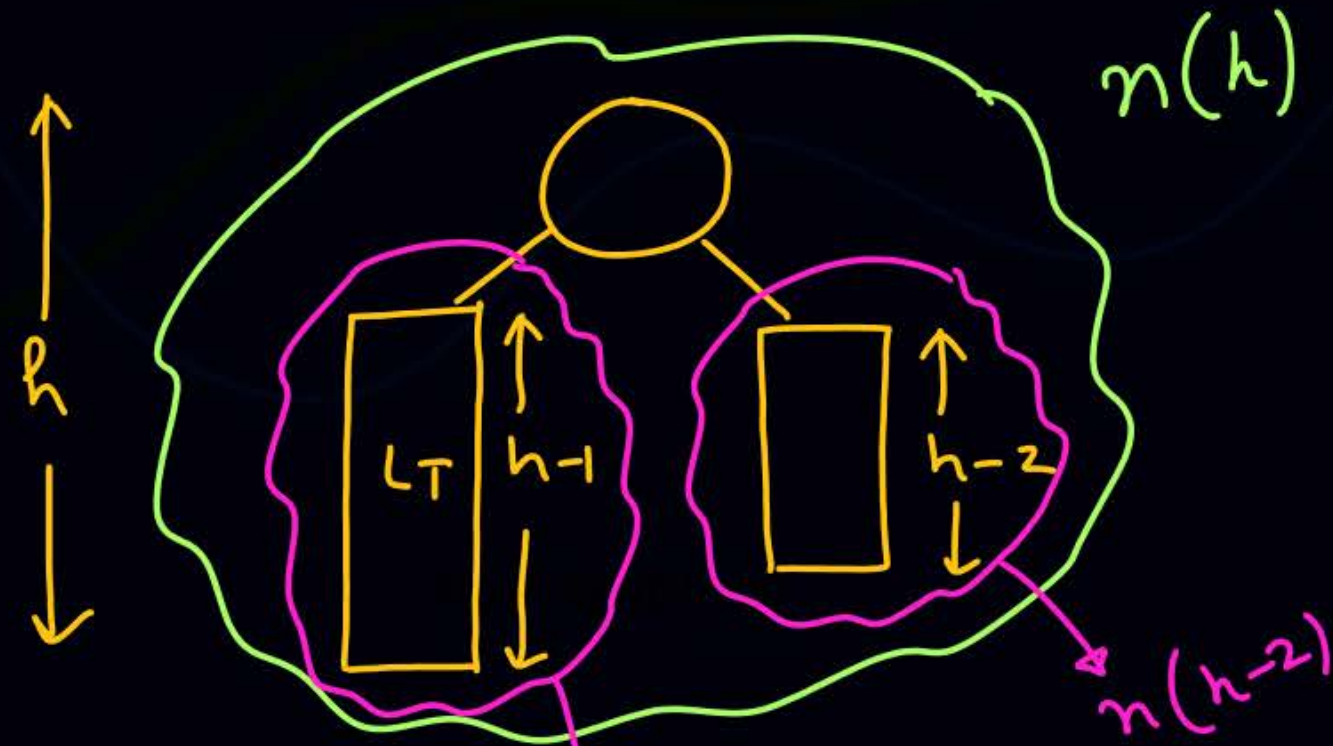


Case II

$h$  height



Case III



let  $n(h)$  : Min. no. of nodes in an AVL tree of height  $h$

$$n(h) = 1 + n(h-1) + n(h-2)$$

$$n(h) = 1 + n(h-1) + n(h-2)$$

$$n(0) = 1$$

$$n(1) = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} n(2) &= 1 + n(1) + n(0) \\ &= 1 + 2 + 1 = 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} n(3) &= 1 + n(2) + n(1) \\ &= 1 + 4 + 2 = 7 \end{aligned}$$

Fibb. Series

$h$	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
$n(h)$	1	2	4	7	12	20	33



Q Min no. of nodes in an AVL tree of height 8?

1, 2, 4, 7, 12, 20, 33, 54, 88  
 h 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

88

Q

A binary tree is having condition that- the diff. b/w no. of nodes in  $L_T$  & no. of nodes in  $R_T$  is at most 1

for each node. Min. no. of nodes in such a binary tree of height 5 is \_\_\_\_\_

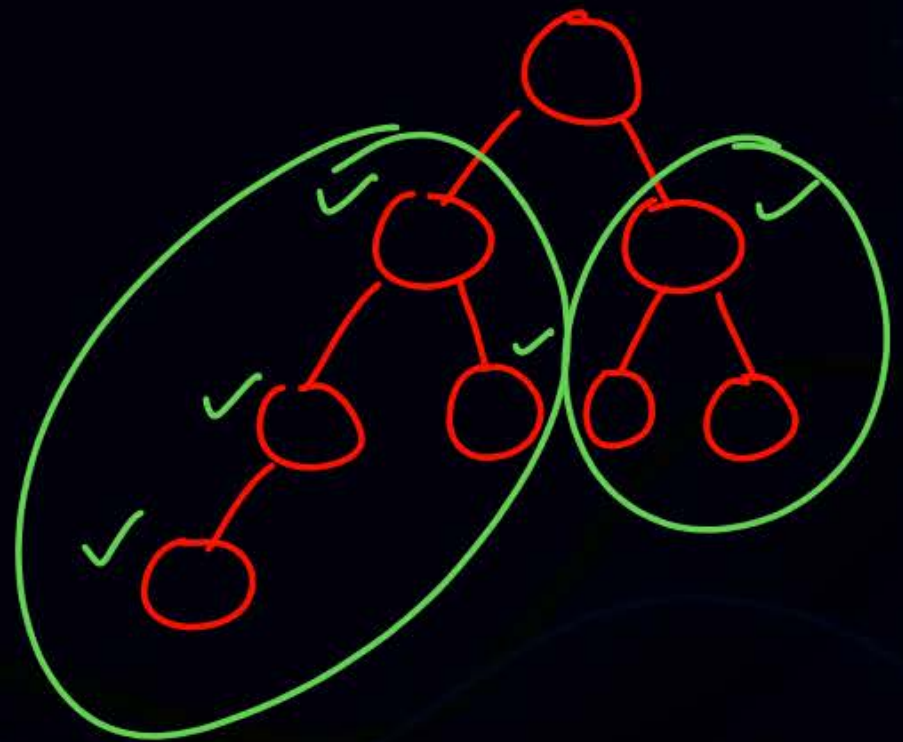


Q

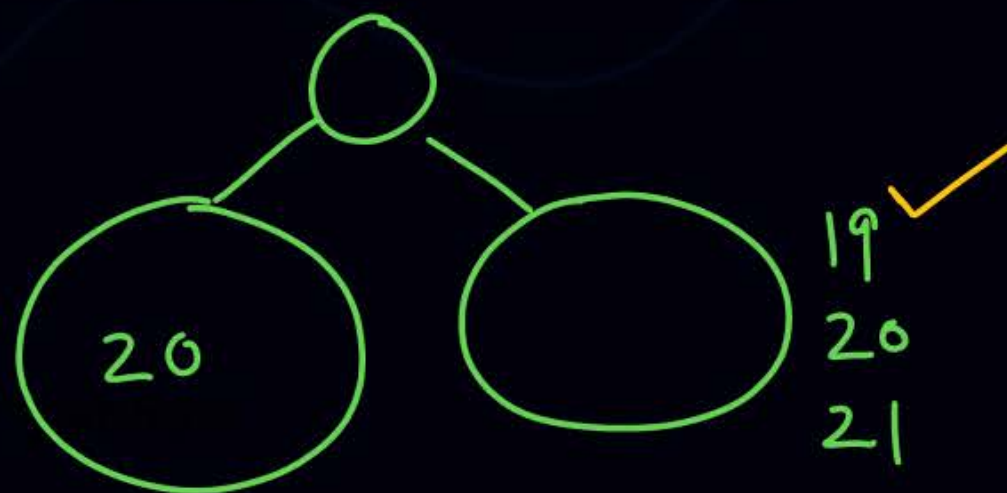
A binary tree is having condition that- the diff. b/w  
no. of nodes in  $L_T$  & no. of nodes in  $R_T$  is at most 1

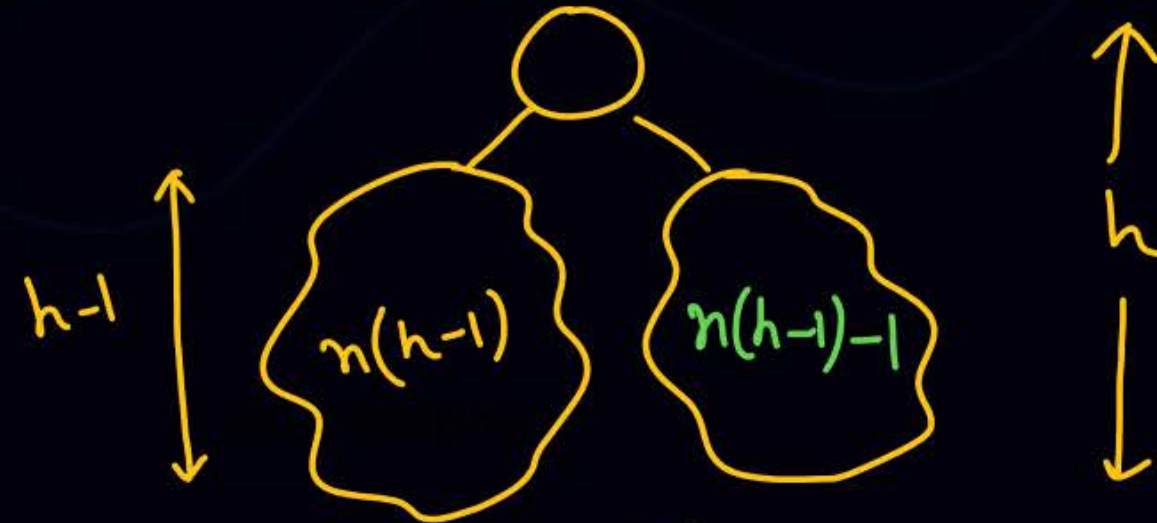
for each node. Min. no. of nodes in such a binary tree  
of height 5 is \_\_\_\_\_

$$\begin{aligned}
 R=2 &\Rightarrow 4 \\
 R=3 &\Rightarrow 8
 \end{aligned}$$









5 min

$$\begin{aligned} n(0) &= 1 \\ n(1) &= 2 \\ n(2) &= 2^2 \\ n(3) &= 2^3 \end{aligned}$$

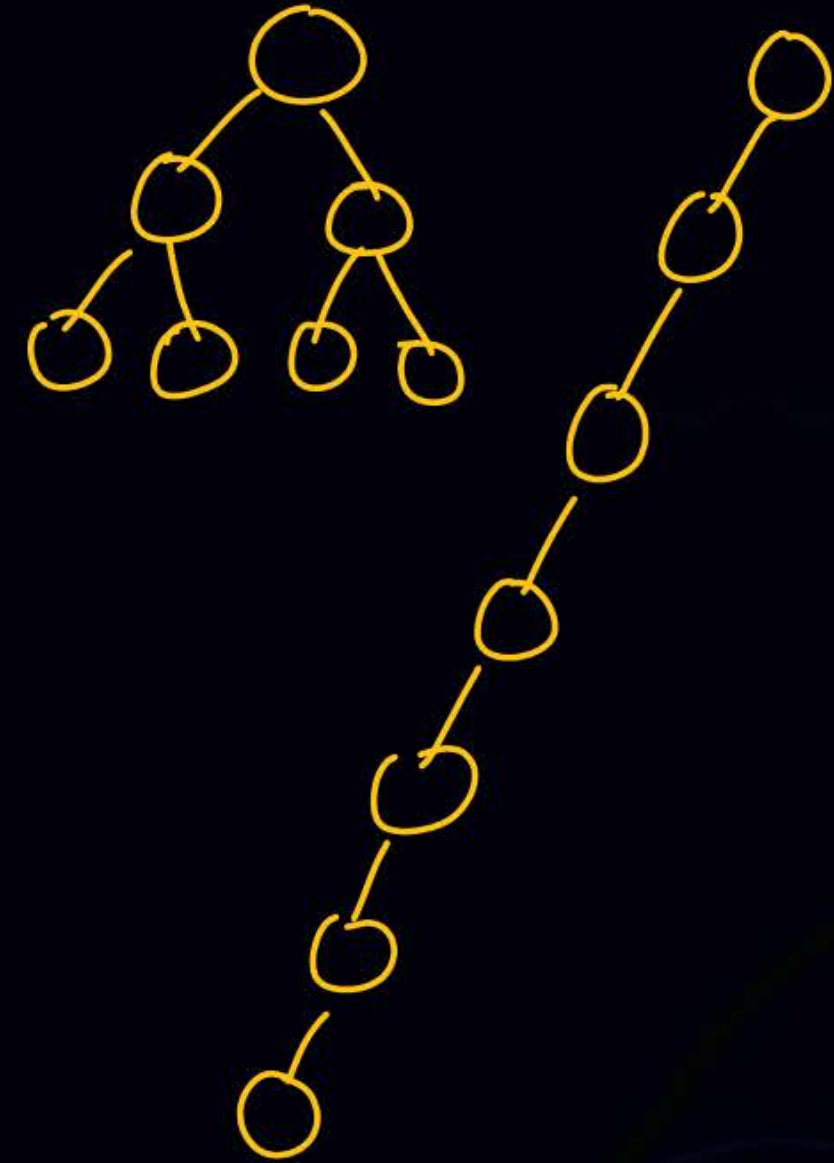
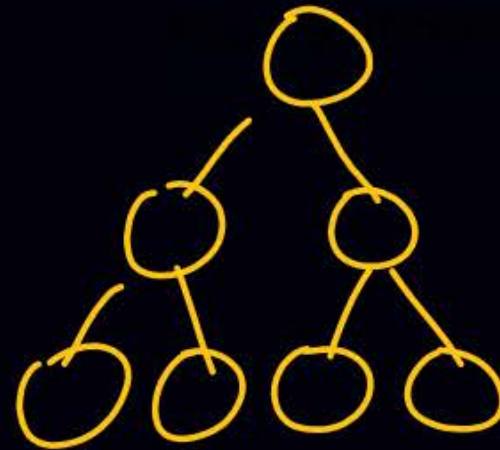
$n(h)$ : Min. no. of nodes —  $h$

$$n(h) = 1 + n(h-1) + n(h-1) - 1$$

$$\boxed{n(h) = 2n(h-1)} \checkmark$$

7 node  $\rightarrow$  Maximum height

7 node  $\rightarrow$  Min. height





What is the max. height possible for an AVL tree with 7 nodes.

Min no.

$h$	$n(h)$
0	1
1	2
2	4
3	7
4	12
5	

Max. height of an AVL tree with 10 nodes?

100

$h$	0	1	2	3	4	5
$n(h)$	1	2	4	7	12	20

7 to 11 nodes  $\rightarrow \frac{\text{height}}{2}$

Heap

Expression tree  
Algo

HULK  
AVL tree

PS Sir

Easy  
doubt?



