

# CS & IT ENGINEERING

Programming in C  
Functions and Storage Classes  
Lec- 03



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## TOPICS TO BE COVERED



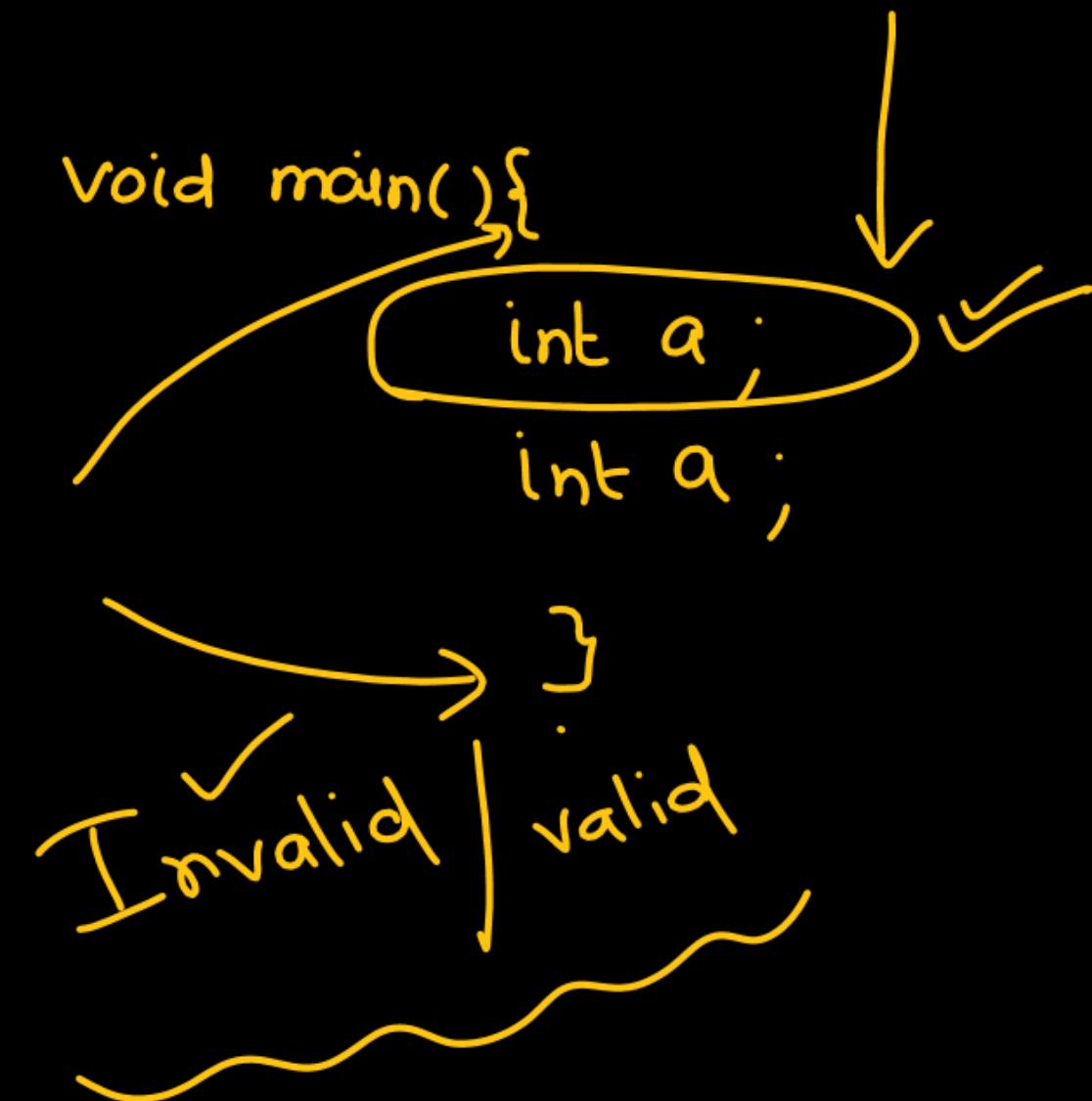
Storage Classes and Recursion

```
static int i=10;  
void f1(){  
}  
void f2(){  
}  
void main(){  
}
```

Static variable ✓  
Static → global ✓

```
int i=10;  
void f1(){  
}  
void f2(){  
}  
void main(){  
}
```

```
void main(){
    int a; ✓
    int b; ✓
}
```



① void main(){

int i = 10;  
static int j = i;

=

}

Invalid

② void main(){

static int i = 10;  
static int j = i;

}

Invalid

⇒ using literal

③

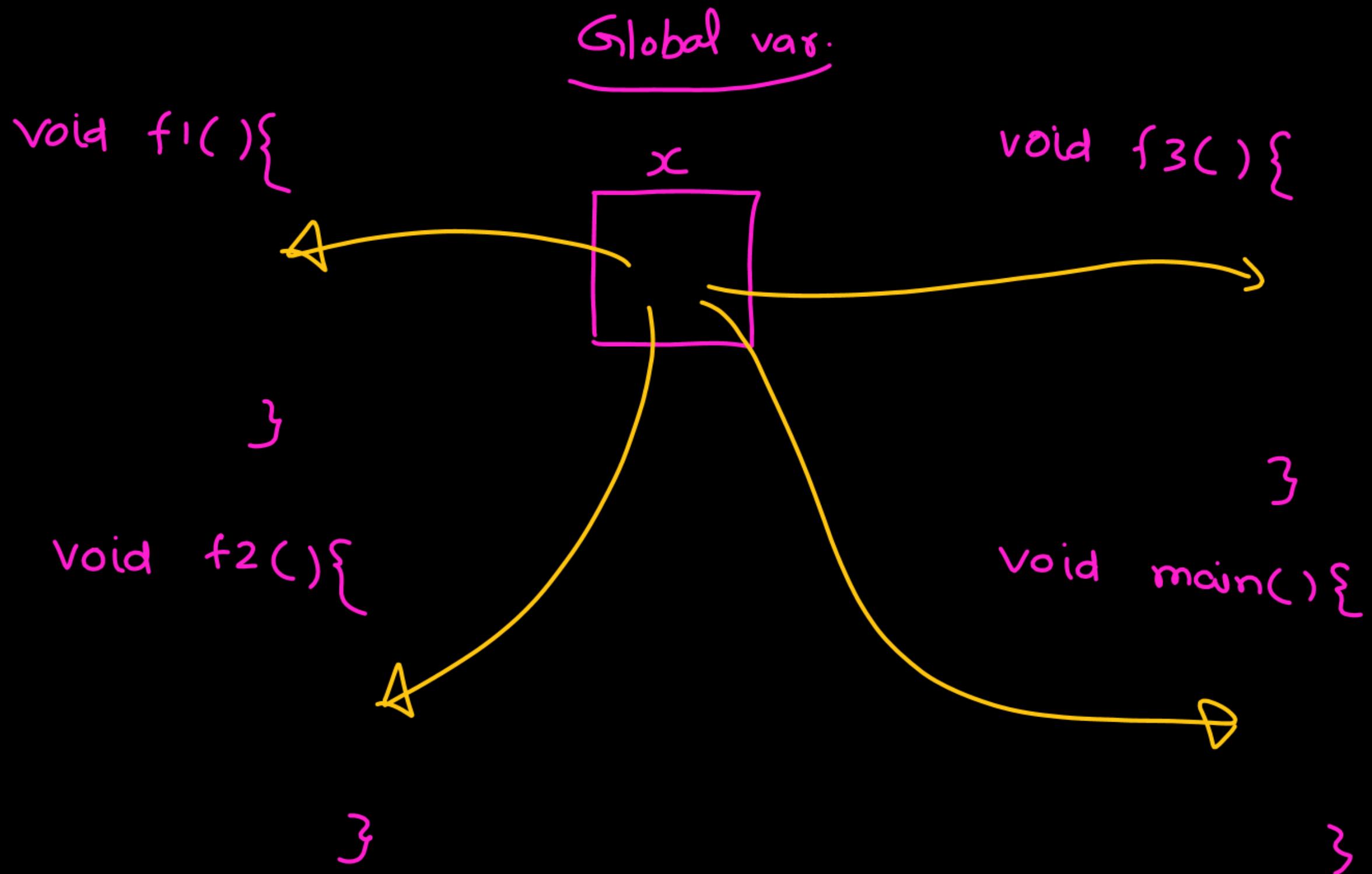
```
void main(){  
    static int i;  
    static int i;  
}  
X
```

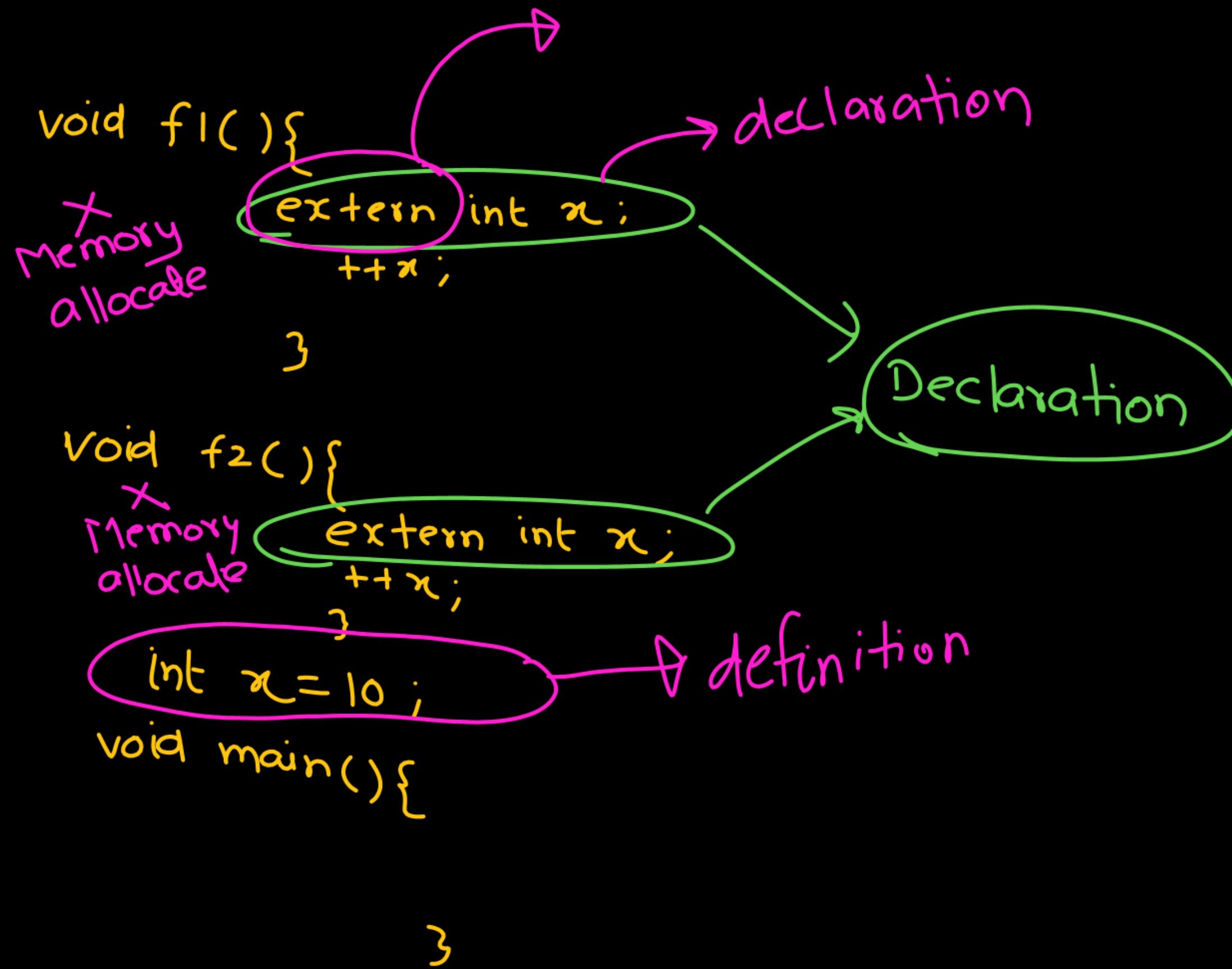
declaration  
Compiles

④

```
static int i; ✓  
static int i;  
Void main(){  
    —  
    ==  
    }  
✓
```

i





Storage class, recursion, function



```
#include<stdio.h>
void main(){
    printf("Panraj");
}
```

Pre-  
processor

=====  
extern int printf  
(const char\*...);  
=====  
void main()  
{  
 printf("Panraj");  
}

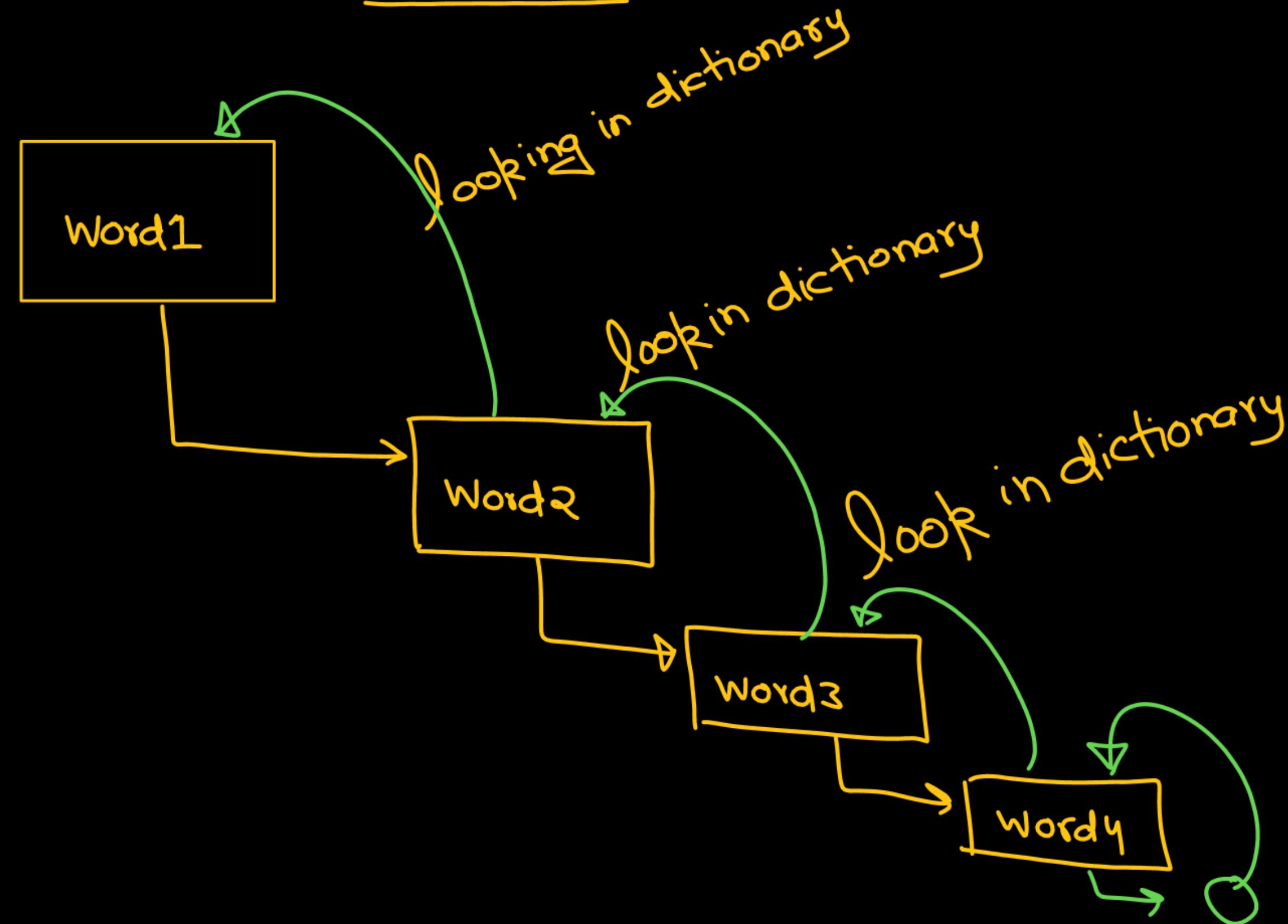
printf.o  
int printf(- -){  
 ====  
}

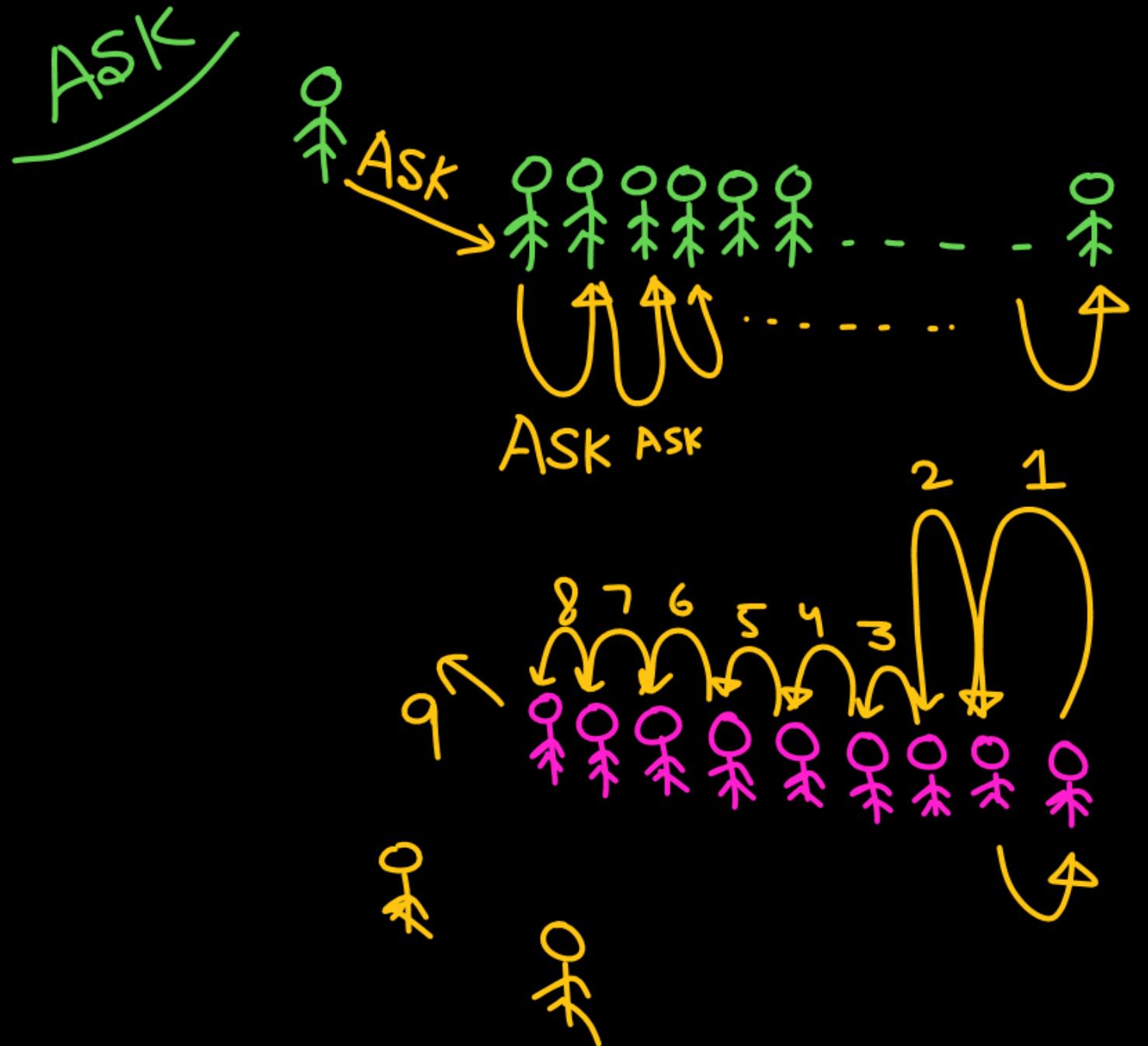
bf(){  
 ==  
}  
bt(-)

.o  
Object file

Panraj.c

## Recursion





At least

if ( n is small )

{

we can answer directly

Easy to solve

No recursion is needed

}

else {

input is large

hard case

We can not answer directly  
recursion is needed

}

$$n \geq 1$$

i/p 2

O/P : PankajPankaj

i/p 3

O/P : PankajPankaj

i/p : 10

```
void fun(int n)
{
```

```
    if( ? )
    {
```

Easy to solve  
direct answer  
No recursion

```
}
```

```
else {
```

Hard to solve  
large input

Can not answer directly  
rec. is needed

```
}
```

\000



Rec →

```
void fun(int n)
{
```

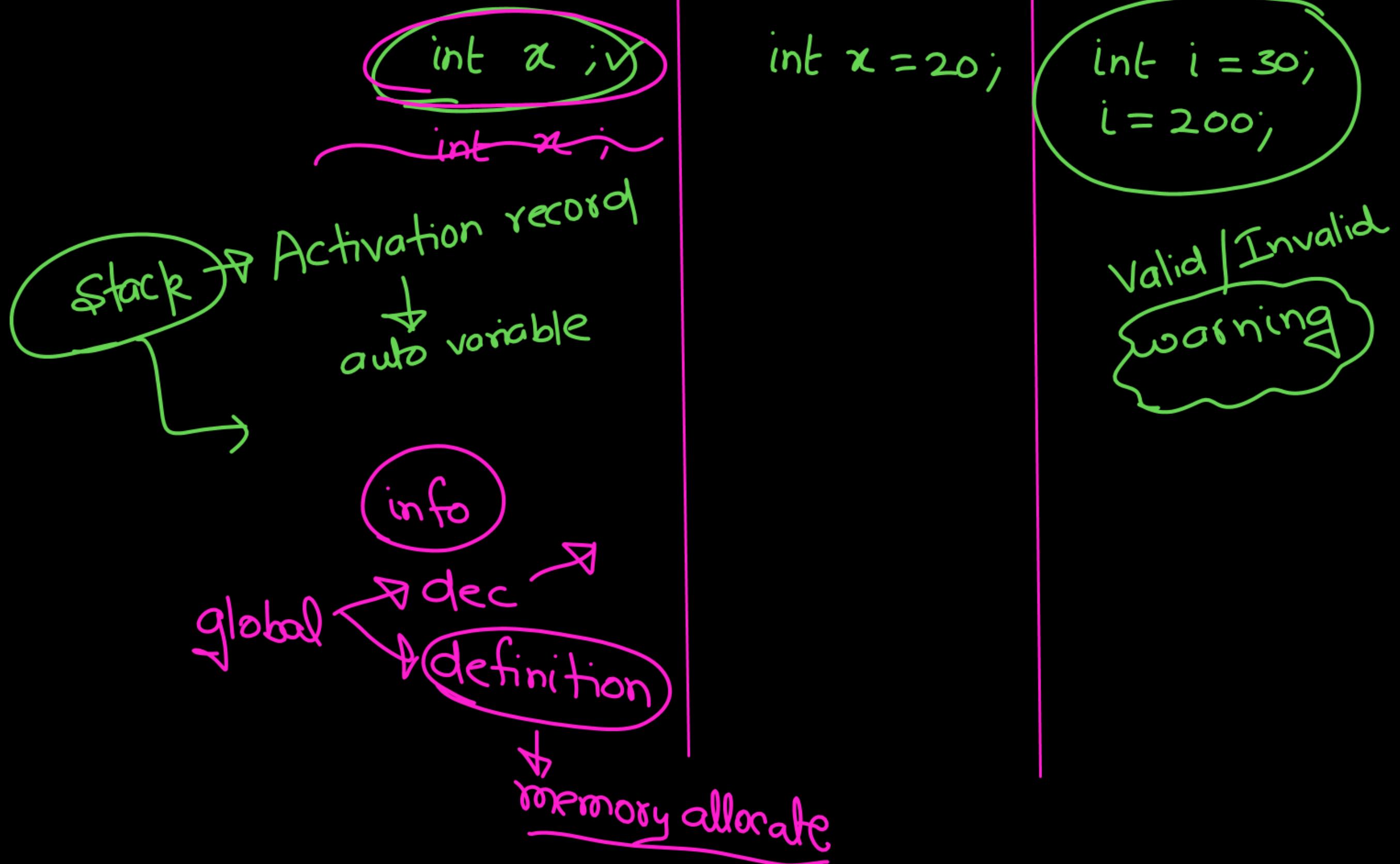
```
    if(n==1)
    {
```

```
        printf("Pankaj");
        return;
    }
```

```
    else {
```

```
        printf("Pankaj");
        fun(n-1);
    }
```

}  
}



```
int x = 10;
```

```
extern int x;
```

Pankaj1.c

Pankaj2.c

## Recursion

~~n > 0~~

$$\text{i/p : } 125 \Rightarrow 1+2+5$$

$$\text{o/p : } 8$$

$$\text{i/p : } 9$$

$$\text{o/p : } 9$$

$$\text{i/p : } 2536 \Rightarrow 2+5+3+6$$

$$\text{o/p : } 16$$

$$\text{i/p : } 1$$

$$\text{o/p : } 1$$

if (input is small) 

{

directly answer

No rec. is needed

Easy to solve

}

else {

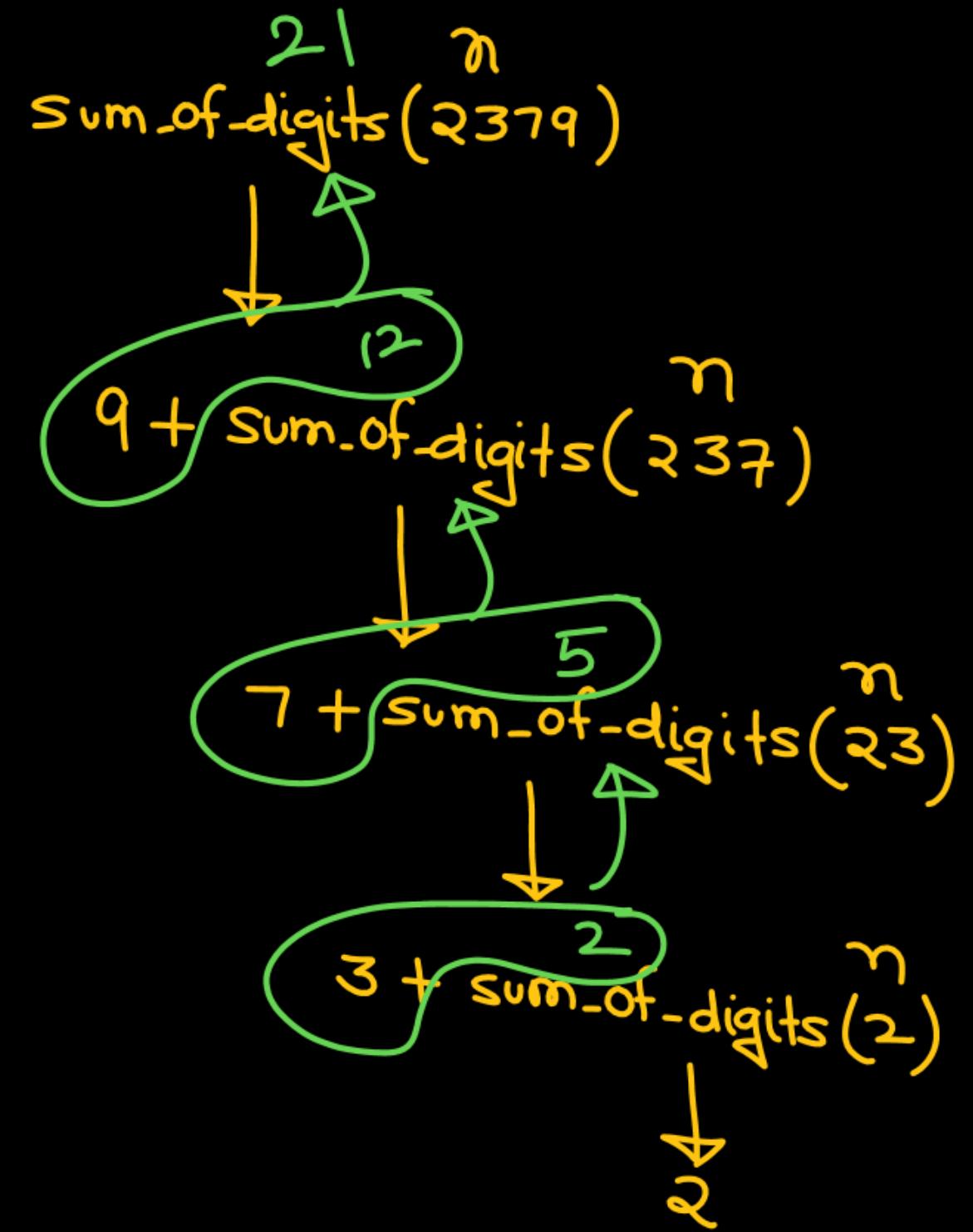
}

```

int sum_of_digits(int n)
{
    if (n <= 9)
        return n;
    else {
        return n / 10 + sum_of_digits(n / 10);
    }
}

```

sum\_of\_digits(2379) → Act. a68

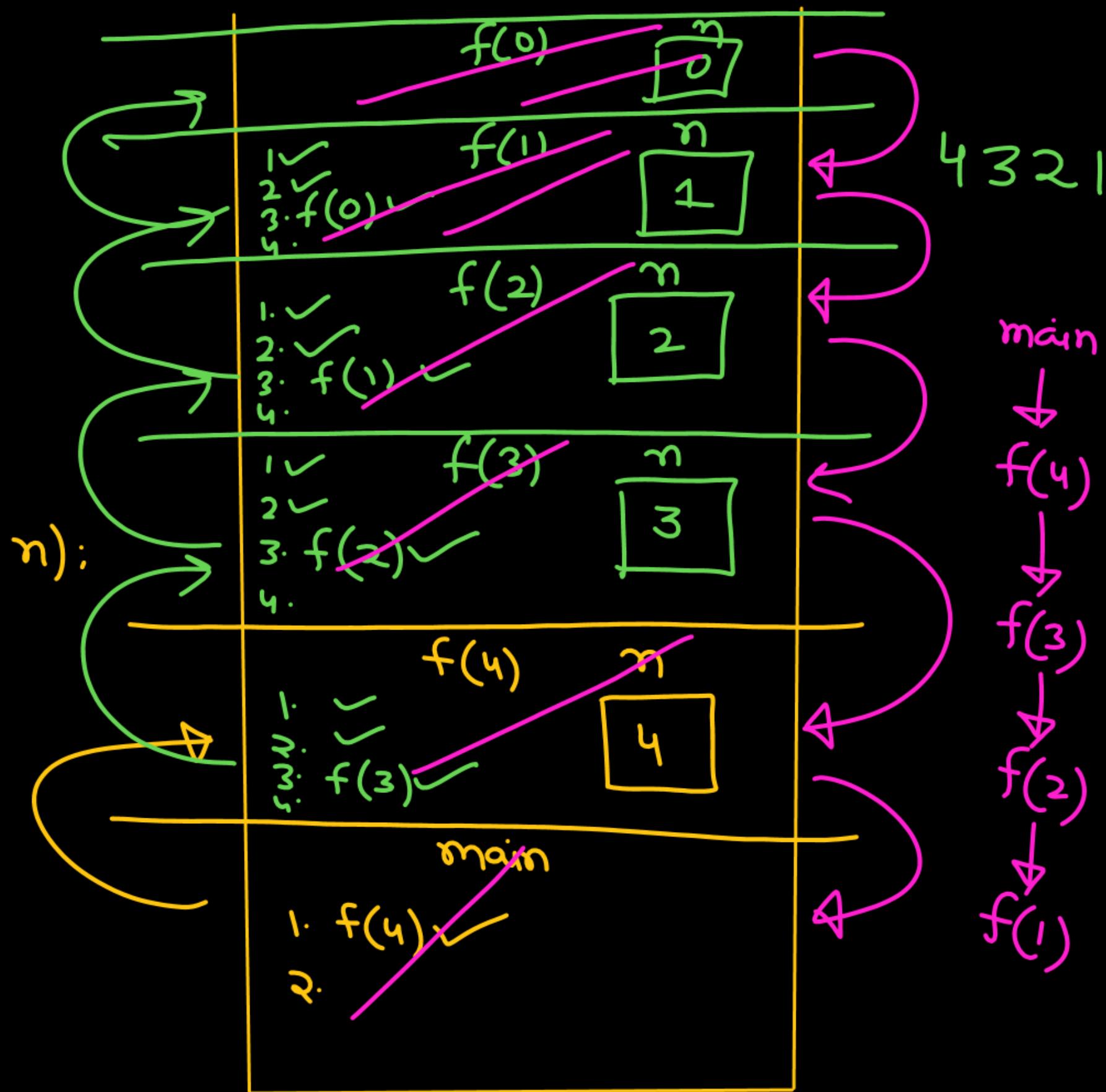


```

void f(int n)
{
    1. if (n==0)
        return;
    else {
        2. printf("%d", n);
        3. f(n-1);
    }
}

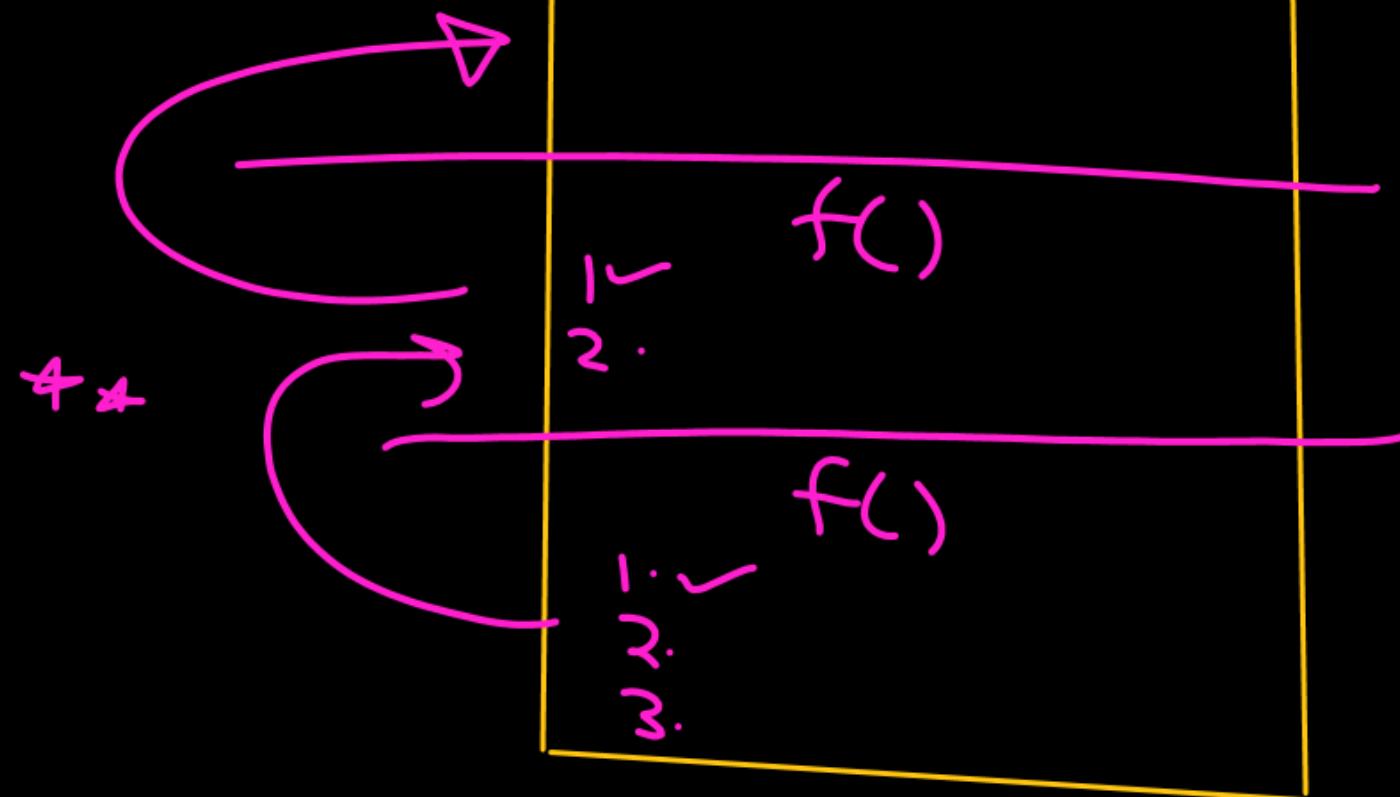
void main(){
    1. f(4);
    2. }

```



{  
base case  
base values  
base parameters  
} .  
↓

```
void f(){  
    1. printf("*");  
    2. f();  
    3. }
```

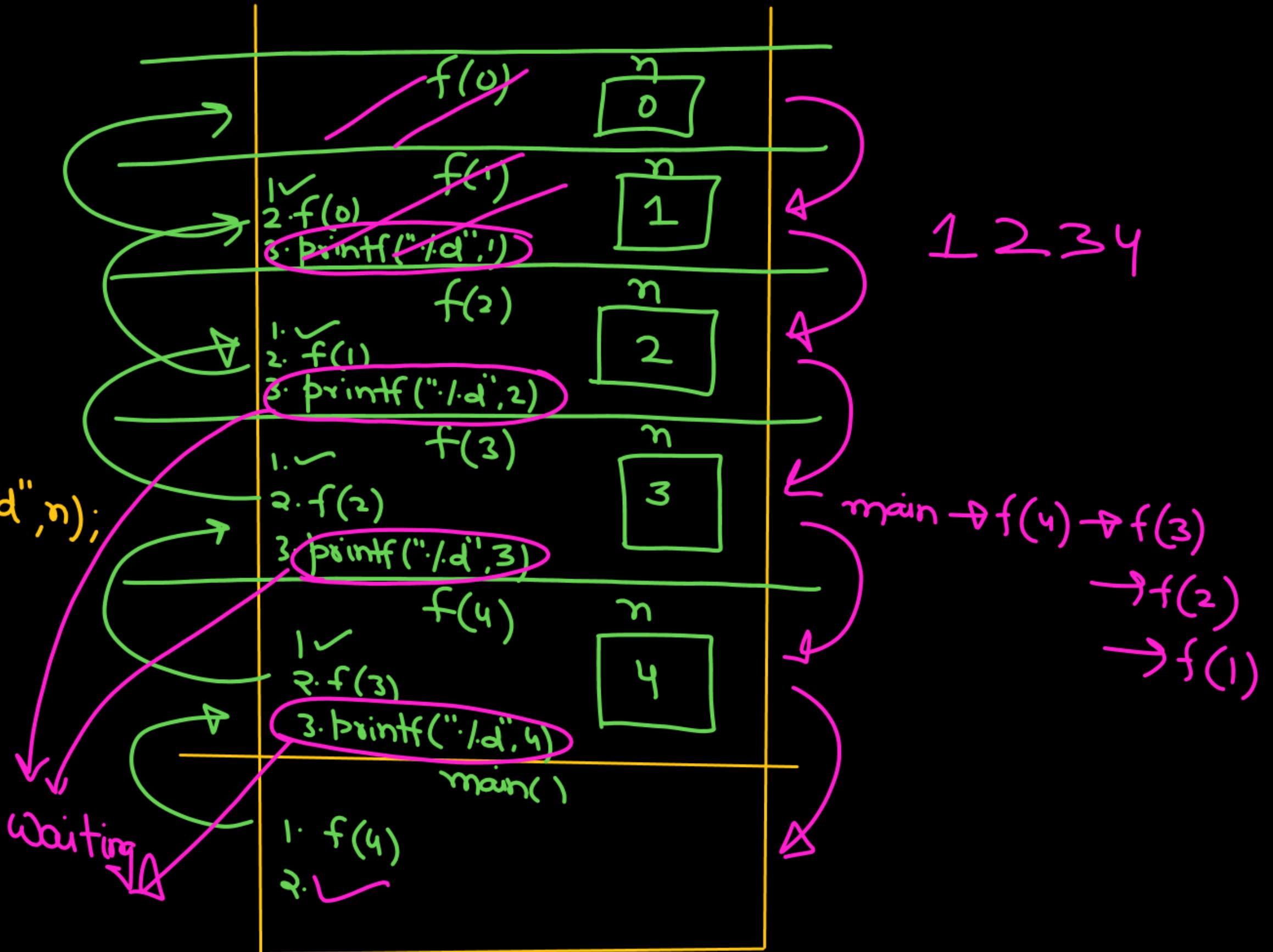


```

void f(int n){
    1. if(n==0)
        return;
    else{
        2. f(n-1);
        3. printf("./d",n);
    }
}

void main(){
    1. f(4);
    2. 
}

```



```

void f(int n){
    base case [ if(n==0)
    return;
    else{
        1. f(n-1);
        2. printf("./d", n);
    }
}

```

```

void main(){
    f(4);
}

```

Top to bottom  
left to right

$n \boxed{4}$

f(4)

$n \boxed{3}$

f(3)

$n \boxed{2}$

f(2)

$n \boxed{1}$

f(1)

printf("./d", 2)

printf("./d", 1)

f(4)

f(3)

f(2)

f(1)

f(0)

1 2 3 4

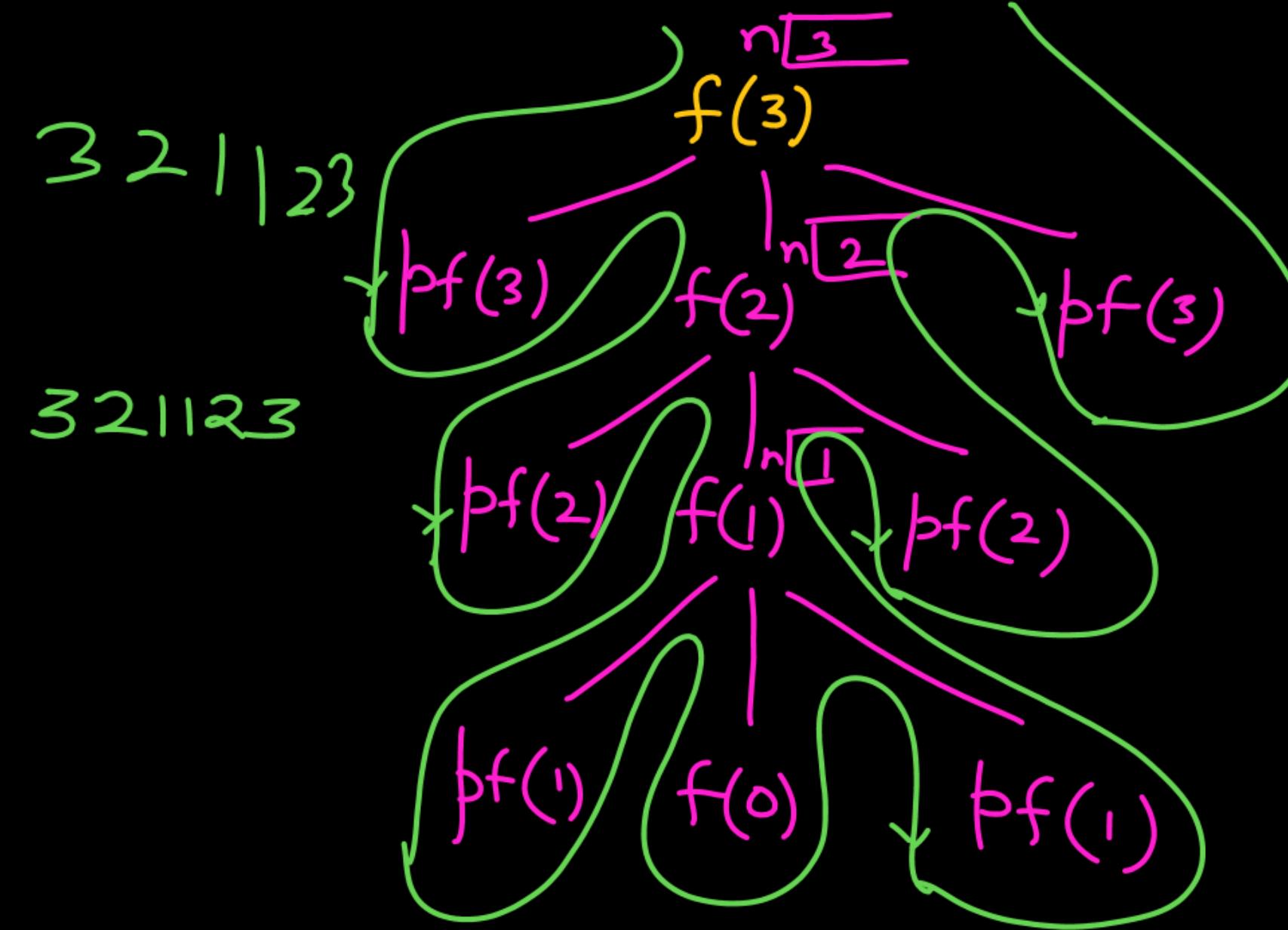
1 2 3 4

```

void f(int n)
{
    if (n == 0)
        return;
    else {
        1. printf("%d", n);
        2. f(n-1);
        3. printf("%d", n);
    }
}

void main()
{
    f(3);
}

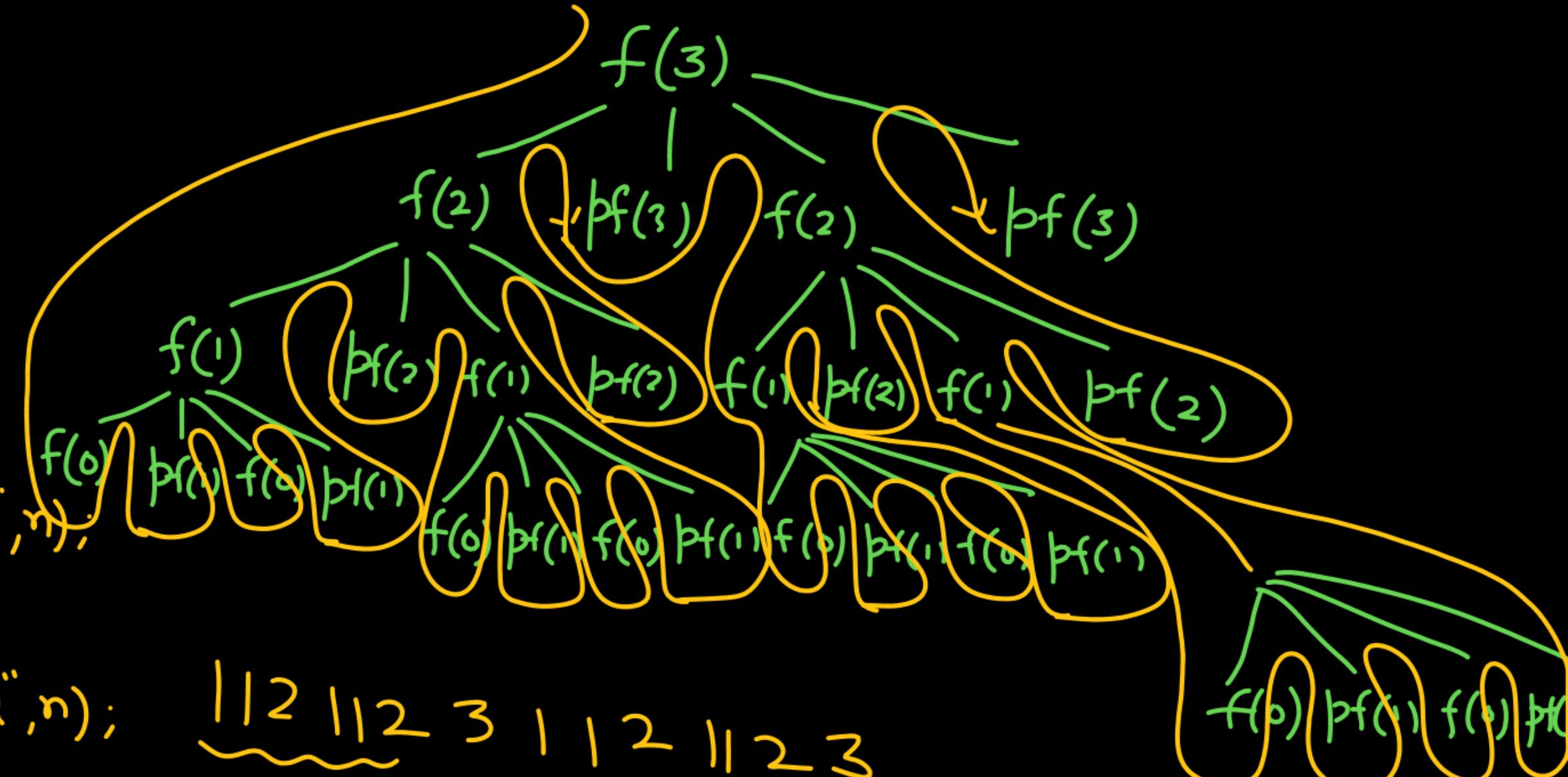
```



```

void f(int n){
    if(n==0)
        return;
    else {
        1. f(n-1);
        2. printf("%d",n);
        3. f(n-1);
        4. printf("%d",n);
    }
}
void main(){
    f(3);
}

```



Rec-tree method

Prog.

static variable → data segment

HW  $a, b > 0$

$a \times b \Rightarrow$  using recursion

$a + b \Rightarrow$  using recursion

$a^b \Rightarrow$  using recursion

decimal to binary  $\Rightarrow$  using recursion

1st year / 1st time  
Rec.

