```
Roll no: 230701031
Name: Aravindan S G
Class: CSE-A II
Subject: Fundamentals of data science (CS2334)
Experiment: 01
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
data=pd.read csv('/content/Iris Dataset.csv')
data
        Id SepalLengthCm SepalWidthCm PetalLengthCm PetalWidthCm variety
    0 1 5.1 3.5 1.4 0.2 Iris-setosa
    1 2 4.9 3.0 1.4 0.2 lris-setosa
    2 3 4.7 3.2 1.3 0.2 Iris-setosa
    3 4 4.6 3.1 1.5 0.2 Iris-setosa
    4 5 5.0 3.6 1.4 0.2 Iris-setosa
    145 146 6.7 3.0 5.2 2.3 Iris-virginica
    146 147 6.3 2.5 5.0 1.9 Iris-virginica
    147 148 6.5 3.0 5.2 2.0 Iris-virginica
    148 149 6.2 3.4 5.4 2.3 Iris-virginica
    149 150 5.9 3.0 5.1 1.8 Iris-virginica
   150 rows \times 6 columns
data.info()
   <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
   RangeIndex: 150 entries, 0 to 149
   Data columns (total 6 columns):
    # Column Non-Null Count Dtvpe
   --- -----
    0 Id 150 non-null int64
    1 SepalLengthCm 150 non-null float64
    2 SepalWidthCm 150 non-null float64
    3 PetalLengthCm 150 non-null float64
    4 PetalWidthCm 150 non-null float64
    5 variety 150 non-null object
   dtypes: float64(4), int64(1), object(1)
```

Lab experiments

memory usage: 7.2+ KB

data.describe()

Id SepalLengthCm SepalWidthCm PetalLengthCm PetalWidthCm

count 150.000000 150.000000 150.000000 150.000000 150.000000

mean 75.500000 5.843333 3.054000 3.758667 1.198667

std 43.445368 0.828066 0.433594 1.764420 0.763161

min 1.000000 4.300000 2.000000 1.000000 0.100000

25% 38.250000 5.100000 2.800000 1.600000 0.300000

50% 75.500000 5.800000 3.000000 4.350000 1.300000

75% 112.750000 6.400000 3.300000 5.100000 1.800000

max 150 000000 7 900000 4 400000 6 900000 2 500000

data.value_counts('variety')

count

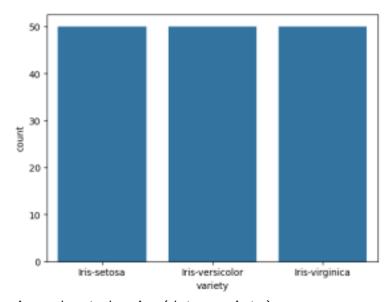
variety

Iris-setosa 50

Iris-versicolor 50

Iris-virginica 50

sns.countplot(x='variety',data=data,)
plt.show()



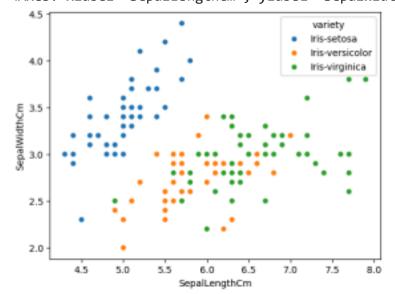
dummies=pd.get_dummies(data.variety)

FinalDataset=pd.concat([pd.get_dummies(data.variety),data.iloc[:,[0,1,2,3]]],

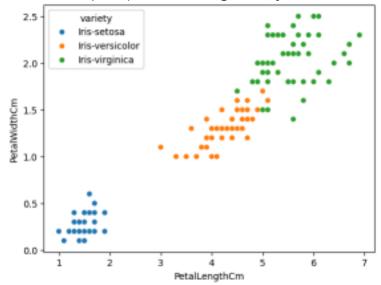
axis=1)

FinalDataset.head()

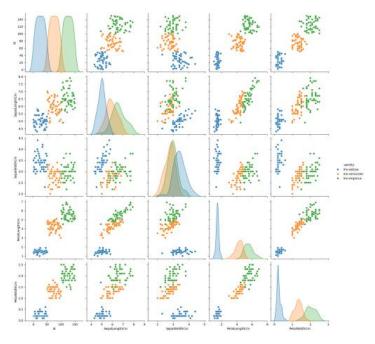
Iris-setosa Iris-versicolor Iris-virginica Id SepalLengthCm SepalWidthCm PetalLengthCm O True False False 1 5.1 3.5 1.4 1 True False False 2 4.9 3.0 1.4 2 True False False 3 4.7 3.2 1.3 3 True False False 4 4.6 3.1 1.5 4 True False False 5 5 0 3 6 1 4



sns.scatterplot(x='PetalLengthCm',y='PetalWidthCm',hue='variety',data=data,)

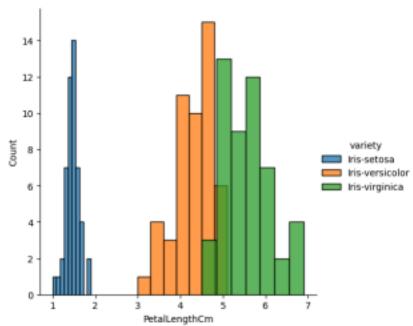


sns.pairplot(data,hue='variety',height=3);

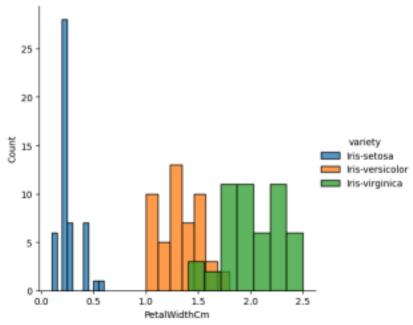


plt.show()

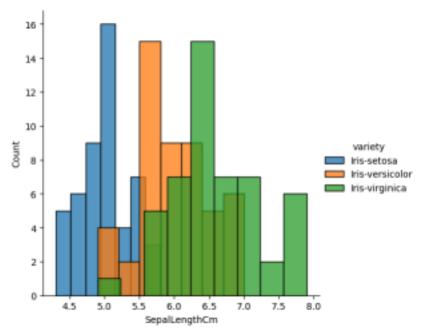
sns.FacetGrid(data,hue='variety',height=5).map(
sns.histplot,'PetalLengthCm').add_legend();
plt.show();



sns.FacetGrid(data,hue='variety',height=5).map(
sns.histplot,'PetalWidthCm').add_legend();
plt.show();



sns.FacetGrid(data,hue='variety',height=5).map(
sns.histplot,'SepalLengthCm').add_legend();
plt.show();



sns.FacetGrid(data,hue='variety',height=5).map(sns.histplot,'SepalWidthCm').a
dd_legend();
plt.show();

Lab experiments Roll no: 230701031 Name: Aravindan S G

```
Subject: Fundamentals of data science (CS2334)
Experiment: 02
import numpy as np
array=np.random.randint(1,100,9)
array
   array([83, 25, 19, 47, 62, 15, 96, 39, 51])
np.sqrt(array)
   array([9.11043358, 5., 4.35889894, 6.8556546, 7.87400787,
    3.87298335, 9.79795897, 6.244998, 7.14142843])
array.ndim
   1
new_array=array.reshape(3,3)
new_array
   array([[83, 25, 19],
    [47, 62, 15],
    [96, 39, 51]])
new array.ndim
   2
new_array.ravel()
   array([83, 25, 19, 47, 62, 15, 96, 39, 51])
newm=new_array.reshape(3,3)
newm
   array([[83, 25, 19],
    [47, 62, 15],
    [96, 39, 51]])
newm[2,1:3]
   array([39, 51])
newm[1:2,1:3]
   array([[62, 15]])
```

Class: CSE-A II

```
new_array[0:3,0:0]
   array([], shape=(3, 0), dtype=int64)
new_array[0:2,0:1]
   array([[83],
    [47]])
new_array[0:3,0:1]
   array([[83],
    [47],
    [96]])
new_array[1:3]
   array([[47, 62, 15],
    [96, 39, 51]])
Lab experiments
Roll no: 230701031
Name: Aravindan S G
Class: CSE-A II
Subject: Fundamentals of data science (CS2334)
Experiment: 03
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
list=[[1,'Smith',50000],[2,'Jones',60000]]
df=pd.DataFrame(list)
df
     0 1 2
   0 1 Smith 50000
    1 2 Jones 60000
df.columns=['Empd','Name','Salary']
df
      Empd Name Salary
    0 1 Smith 50000
    1 2 Jones 60000
```

```
df.info()
   <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
   RangeIndex: 2 entries, 0 to 1
   Data columns (total 3 columns):
    # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
   --- ----- -----
    0 Empd 2 non-null int64
    1 Name 2 non-null object
    2 Salary 2 non-null int64
   dtypes: int64(2), object(1)
   memory usage: 176.0+ bytes
df=pd.read csv("/content/50 Startups.csv")
df.info()
   <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
   RangeIndex: 50 entries, 0 to 49
   Data columns (total 5 columns):
    # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
   --- ----- -----
    0 R&D Spend 50 non-null float64
    1 Administration 50 non-null float64
    2 Marketing Spend 50 non-null float64
    3 State 50 non-null object
    4 Profit 50 non-null float64
   dtypes: float64(4), object(1)
   memory usage: 2.1+ KB
df.head()
     R&D Spend Administration Marketing Spend State Profit
   0 165349.20 136897.80 471784.10 New York 192261.83
   1 162597.70 151377.59 443898.53 California 191792.06
   2 153441.51 101145.55 407934.54 Florida 191050.39
   3 144372.41 118671.85 383199.62 New York 182901.99
   4 142107 34 91391 77 366168 42 Florida 166187 94
df.tail()
      R&D Spend Administration Marketing Spend State Profit
   45 1000.23 124153.04 1903.93 New York 64926.08
   46 1315.46 115816.21 297114.46 Florida 49490.75
   47 0.00 135426.92 0.00 California 42559.73
   48 542.05 51743.15 0.00 New York 35673.41
```

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
df=pd.read_csv("/content/employee.csv")
df.head()
     emp id name salary
   0 1 SREE VARSSINI K S 5000
   12 SREEMATHI B 6000
   2 3 SREYA G 7000
   3 4 SREYASKARI MULLAPUDI 5000
   4 5 SRI AKASH U G 8000
df.tail()
     emp id name salary
   2 3 SREYA G 7000
   3 4 SREYASKARI MULLAPUDI 5000
   4 5 SRI AKASH U G 8000
   5 6 SRI HARSHAVARDHANAN R 3000
   6 7 SRI HARSHAVARDHANAN R 6000
df.info()
   <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
   RangeIndex: 7 entries, 0 to 6
   Data columns (total 3 columns):
   # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
   --- ----- ------
    0 emp id 7 non-null int64
    1 name 7 non-null object
    2 salary 7 non-null int64
   dtypes: int64(2), object(1)
   memory usage: 296.0+ bytes
df.salary
     salary
   0 5000
   1 6000
```

```
3 5000
   4 8000
   5 3000
   6 6000
type(df.salary)
    pandas.core.series.Series
    def __init__(data=None, index=None, dtype: Dtype | None=None, name=None,
    copy: bool | None=None,
    fastpath: bool=False) -> None
    One-dimensional ndarray with axis labels (including time series).
    Labels need not be unique but must be a hashable type. The object
    supports both integer- and label-based indexing and provides a host of
    methods for performing operations involving the index. Statistical
     th d f d h b idd t t ti ll l d
df.salary.mean()
   5714.285714285715
df.salary.median()
   6000.0
df.salary.mode()
     salary
   0 5000
   1 6000
df.salary.var()
   2571428.5714285714
df.salary.std()
   1603.5674514745463
df.describe()
         emp id salary
   count 7.000000 7.000000
```

2 7000

```
mean 4.000000 5714.285714
    std 2.160247 1603.567451
    min 1.000000 3000.000000
    25% 2.500000 5000.000000
    50% 4.000000 6000.000000
    75% 5.500000 6500.000000
    max 7 000000 8000 000000
df.describe(include='all')
          emp id name salary
    count 7.000000 7 7.000000
    unique NaN 6 NaN
    top Nan SRI HARSHAVARDHANAN R Nan
    freq NaN 2 NaN
    mean 4.000000 NaN 5714.285714
    std 2.160247 NaN 1603.567451
    min 1.000000 NaN 3000.000000
    25% 2.500000 NaN 5000.000000
    50% 4.000000 NaN 6000.000000
    75% 5.500000 NaN 6500.000000
    max 7 000000 NaN 8000 000000
empCol=df.columns
empCol
   Index(['emp id', 'name ', 'salary'], dtype='object')
emparray=df.values
emparray
   array([[1, 'SREE VARSSINI K S', 5000],
    [2, 'SREEMATHI B', 6000],
    [3, 'SREYA G', 7000],
    [4, 'SREYASKARI MULLAPUDI', 5000],
    [5, 'SRI AKASH U G', 8000],
    [6, 'SRI HARSHAVARDHANAN R', 3000],
    [7, 'SRI HARSHAVARDHANAN R', 6000]], dtype=object)
employee_DF=pd.DataFrame(emparray,columns=empCol)
```

```
employee DF
     emp id name salary
   0 1 SREE VARSSINI K S 5000
   12 SREEMATHI B 6000
   2 3 SREYA G 7000
   3 4 SREYASKARI MULLAPUDI 5000
   4 5 SRI AKASH U G 8000
   5 6 SRI HARSHAVARDHANAN R 3000
   6 7 SRI HARSHAVARDHANAN R 6000
Lab experiments
Roll no: 230701031
Name: Aravindan S G
Class: CSE-A II
Subject: Fundamentals of data science (CS2334)
Experiment: 04
#sample calculation for low range(lr), upper range (ur), percentile
import numpy as np
array=np.random.randint(1,100,16) # randomly generate 16 numbers between 1 to
100
array
   array([27, 50, 44, 6, 58, 61, 23, 86, 67, 20, 75, 7, 79, 61, 90, 54])
array.mean()
   50.5
np.percentile(array,25)
   26.0
np.percentile(array,50)
   56.0
np.percentile(array,75)
```

69.0

np.percentile(array,100)

```
#outliers detection
def outDetection(array):
    sorted(array)
    Q1,Q3=np.percentile(array,[25,75])
    IQR=Q3-Q1
    lr=Q1-(1.5*IQR)
    ur=Q3+(1.5*IQR)
    return lr,ur

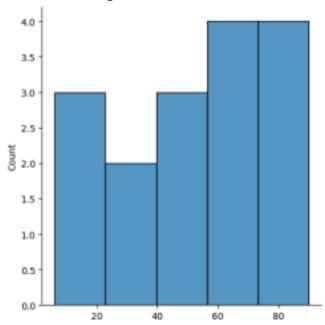
lr,ur=outDetection(array)

lr,ur
    (-38.5, 133.5)

import soabon as one
```

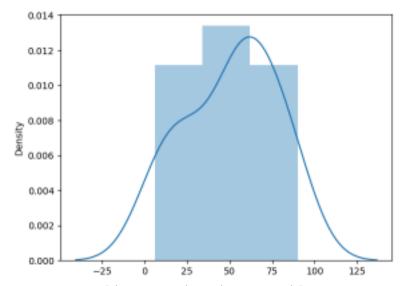
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline
sns.displot(array)

<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x78f3291c2710>



sns.distplot(array)

sns.distplot(array)
<Axes: ylabel='Density'>

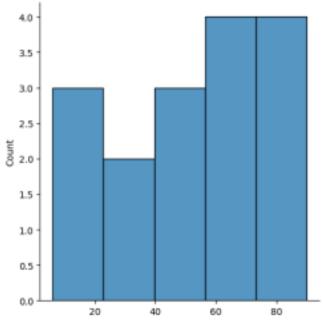


new_array=array[(array>lr) & (array<ur)]
new_array</pre>

array([27, 50, 44, 6, 58, 61, 23, 86, 67, 20, 75, 7, 79, 61, 90, 54])

sns.displot(new_array)

<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x78f2e09bb580>



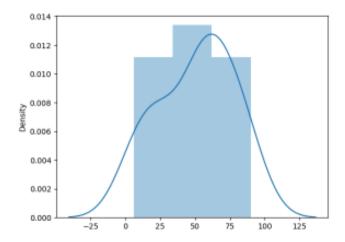
lr1,ur1=outDetection(new_array)
lr1,ur1

(-38.5, 133.5)

final_array=new_array[(new_array>lr1) & (new_array<ur1)]
final_array</pre>

array([27, 50, 44, 6, 58, 61, 23, 86, 67, 20, 75, 7, 79, 61, 90, 54])

sns.distplot(final_array)



Lab experiments Roll no: 230701031 Name: Aravindan S G Class: CSE-A II

Subject: Fundamentals of data science (CS2334)

Experiment: 05

import numpy as np

import pandas as pd

df=pd.read_csv("Hotel_Dataset.csv")

df

	CustomerID	Age_Group	Rating(1-5)	Hotel	FoodPreference	Bill	NoOfPax	Estimated Salary	Age_Group.1
0	1	20-25	4	Ibis	veg	1300	2	40000	20-25
1	2	30-35	5	LemonTree	Non-Veg	2000	3	59000	30-35
2	3	25-30	6	RedFax	Veg	1322	2	30000	25-30
3	4	20-25	-1	LemonTree	Veg	1234	2	120000	20-25
- 4	5	35+	3	Ibis	Vegetarian	989	2	45000	35+
5	6	35+	3	Ibys	Non-Veg	1909	2	122220	35+
6	7	35+	4	RedFax	Vegetarian	1000	-1	21122	35+
7	8	20-25	7	LemonTree	Veg	2999	-10	345673	20-25
8	9	25-30	2	Ibis	Non-Veg	3456	3	-99999	25-30
9	9	25-30	2	Ibis	Non-Veg	3456	3	-99999	25-30
10	10	30-35	5	RedFox	non-Veg	-6755	4	87777	30-35
9	9	25-30	2	Ibis	Non-Veg	3456	3	-99999	25-3

df.duplicated()

```
0
     False
 1
     False
2
     False
     False
 4
     False
 5
     False
 6
     False
 7
     False
 8
     False
 9
     True
 10
     False
 dtype: bool
df.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 11 entries, 0 to 10
Data columns (total 9 columns):
               Non-Null Count Dtype
 #
     Column
 ___
     -----
                        -----
                   11 non-null
 0
     CustomerID
                                        int64
     Age_Group 11 non-null
Rating(1-5) 11 non-null
Hotel 11 non-null
                                       object
int64
 1
     Age_Group
  2
                                         object
 3
     FoodPreference 11 non-null
                                        object
 4
                       11 non-null
                                        int64
 5
     Bill
     NoOfPax 8 8 1
                       11 non-null
                                        int64
 7
     EstimatedSalary 11 non-null
                                        int64
     Age_Group.1
                       11 non-null
                                         object
dtypes: int64(5), object(4)
memory usage: 924.0+ bytes
```

df

	CustomerID	Age_Group	Rating(1-5)	Hotel	FoodPreference	Bill	NoOfPax	Estimated Salary	Age_Group.1
0	1	20-25	4	lbis	veg	1300	2	40000	20-25
1	2	30-35	5	LemonTree	Non-Veg	2000	3	59000	30-35
2	3	25-30	6	RedFox	Veg	1322	2	30000	25-30
3	4	20-25	-1	LemonTree	Veg	1234	2	120000	20-25
4	5	35+	3	Ibis	Vegetarian	989	2	45000	35+
5	6	35+	3	lbys	Non-Veg	1909	2	122220	35+
6	7	35*	4	RedFox	Vegetarian	1000	-1	21122	35+
7	8	20-25	7	LemonTree	Veg	2999	-10	345673	20-25
8	9	25-30	2	Ibis	Non-Veg	3456	3	-99999	25-30
10	10	30-35	5	RedFox	non-Veg	-6755	4	87777	30-35

len(df)

10

index=np.array(list(range(0,len(df))))

df.set_index(index,inplace=True)

df.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)

index
array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9])
df

	CustomerID	Age_Group	Rating(1-5)	Hotel	FoodPreference	Bill	NoOfPax	Estimated Salary	Age_Group.1
0	1	20-25	4	Ibis	veg	1300	2	40000	20-25
1	2	30-35	5	LemonTree	Non-Veg	2000	3	59000	30-35
2	3	25-30	6	RedFox	Veg	1322	2	30000	25-30
3	4	20-25	-1	LemonTree	Veg	1234	2	120000	20-25
4	5	35+	3	Ibis	Vegetarian	989	2	45000	35+
5	6	35+	3	Ibys	Non-Veg	1909	2	122220	35+
6	7	35+	4	RedFox	Vegetarian	1000	-1	21122	35+
7	8	20-25	7	LemonTree	Veg	2999	-10	345673	20-25
8	9	25-30	2	Ibis	Non-Veg	3456	3	-99999	25-30
9	10	30-35	5	RedFox	non-Veg	-6755	4	87777	30-35

df.drop(['Age_Group.1'],axis=1,inplace=True)

df

	CustomerID	Age_Group	Rating(1-5)	Hotel	FoodPreference	Bill	NoOfPax	Estimated Salary
0	1	20-25	4	Ibis	veg	1300	2	40000
1	2	30-35	5	LemonTree	Non-Veg	2000	3	59000
2	3	25-30	6	RedFox	Veg	1322	2	30000
3	4	20-25	-1	LemonTree	Veg	1234	2	120000
4	5	35+	3	Ibis	Vegetarian	989	2	45000
5	6	35+	3	Ibys	Non-Veg	1909	2	122220
6	7	35+	4	RedFox	Vegetarian	1000	-1	21122
7	8	20-25	7	LemonTree	Veg	2999	-10	345673
8	9	25-30	2	Ibis	Non-Veg	3456	3	-99999
9	10	30-35	5	RedFox	non-Veg	-6755	4	87777

df. Customer ID.loc [df. Customer ID < 0] = np.nan

df.Bill.loc[df.Bill<0]=np.nan

df. Estimated Salary. loc [df. Estimated Salary < 0] = np. nan

df

	CustomerID	Age_Group	Rating(1-5)	Hotel	FoodPreference	Bill	NoOfPax	Estimated Salary
0	1.0	20-25	4.0	Ibis	veg	1300.0	2	40000.0
1	2.0	30-35	5.0	LemonTree	Non-Veg	2000.0	3	59000.0
2	3.0	25-30	NaN	RedFox	Veg	1322.0	2	30000.0
3	4.0	20-25	NaN	LemonTree	Veg	1234.0	2	120000.0
4	5.0	35+	3.0	Ibis	Vegetarian	989.0	2	45000.0
5	6.0	35+	3.0	Ibys	Non-Veg	1909.0	2	122220.0
6	7.0	35+	4.0	RedFox	Vegetarian	1000.0	-1	21122.0
7	8.0	20-25	NaN	LemonTree	Veg	2999.0	-10	345673.0
8	9.0	25-30	2.0	Ibis	Non-Veg	3456.0	3	NaN
9	10.0	30-35	5.0	RedFox	non-Veg	NaN	4	87777.0

$df['NoOfPax'].loc[(df['NoOfPax']<1) \mid (df['NoOfPax']>20)] = np.nan \ df$

	CustomerID	Age_Group	Rating(1-5)	Hotel	FoodPreference	Bill	NoOfPax	Estimated Salary
0	1.0	20-25	4.0	Ibis	veg	1300.0	2.0	40000.0
1	2.0	30-35	5.0	LemonTree	Non-Veg	2000.0	3.0	59000.0
2	3.0	25-30	NaN	RedFox	Veg	1322.0	2.0	30000.0
3	4.0	20-25	NaN	LemonTree	Veg	1234.0	2.0	120000.0
4	5.0	35+	3.0	Ibis	Vegetarian	989.0	2.0	45000.0
5	6.0	35+	3.0	Ibys	Non-Veg	1909.0	2.0	122220.0
6	7.0	35+	4.0	RedFox	Vegetarian	1000.0	NaN	21122.0
7	8.0	20-25	NaN	LemonTree	Veg	2999.0	NaN	345673.0
8	9.0	25-30	2.0	Ibis	Non-Veg	3456.0	3.0	NaN
9	10.0	30-35	5.0	RedFox	non-Veg	NaN	4.0	87777.0

df.Age_Group.unique()

array(['20-25', '30-35', '25-30', '35+'], dtype=object)

df.Hotel.unique()

array(['Ibis', 'LemonTree', 'RedFox', 'Ibys'], dtype=object)

df.Hotel.replace(['Ibys'],'Ibis',inplace=True)

df.FoodPreference.unique

<bound method Series.unique of 0 veg</pre>

- 1 Non-Veg
- 2 Veg
- 3 Veg
- 4 Vegetarian

5 Non-Veg

6 Vegetarian

7 Veg

8 Non-Veg

9 non-Veg

Name: FoodPreference, dtype: object>

df.FoodPreference.replace(['Vegetarian','veg'],'Veg',inplace=True)

df.FoodPreference.replace(['non-Veg'],'Non-Veg',inplace=True)

df.EstimatedSalary.fillna(round(df.EstimatedSalary.mean()),inplace=True)

df.NoOfPax.fillna(round(df.NoOfPax.median()),inplace=True)

df['Rating(1-5)'].fillna(round(df['Rating(1-5)'].median()), inplace=True)

df.Bill.fillna(round(df.Bill.mean()),inplace=True)

df

	CustomerID	Age_Group	Rating(1-5)	Hotel	FoodPreference	Bill	NoOfPax	Estimated Salary
0	1.0	20-25	4.0	lbis	Veg	1300.0	2.0	40000.0
1	2.0	30-35	5.0	LemonTree	Non-Veg	2000.0	3.0	59000.0
2	3.0	25-30	4.0	RedFox	Veg	1322.0	2.0	30000.0
3	4.0	20-25	4.0	LemonTree	Veg	1234.0	2.0	120000.0
4	5.0	35+	3.0	Ibis	Veg	989.0	2.0	45000.0
5	6.0	35+	3.0	lbis	Non-Veg	1909.0	2.0	122220.0
6	7.0	35+	4.0	RedFox	Veg	1000.0	2.0	21122.0
7	8.0	20-25	4.0	LemonTree	Veg	2999.0	2.0	345673.0
8	9.0	25-30	2.0	lbis	Non-Veg	3456.0	3.0	96755.0
9	10.0	30-35	5.0	RedFox	Non-Veg	1801.0	4.0	87777.0

Lab experiments Roll no: 230701031 Name: Aravindan S G Class: CSE-A II

Subject: Fundamentals of data science (CS2334)

Experiment: 06

```
import pandas as pd
df=pd.read_csv('/content/pre-process_datasample.csv')
```

df

Country Age Salary Purchased

- **0** France 44.0 72000.0 No
- 1 Spain 27.0 48000.0 Yes
- **2** Germany 30.0 54000.0 No
- 3 Spain 38.0 61000.0 No
- 4 Germany 40.0 NaN Yes
- **5** France 35.0 58000.0 Yes
- 6 Spain NaN 52000.0 No
- 7 France 48.0 79000.0 Yes
- 8 NaN 50.0 83000.0 No
- **9** France 37.0 67000.0 Yes

Next steps: df.head()

Country Age Salary Purchased

0 France 44.0 72000.0 No **1** Spain 27.0

48000.0 Yes 2 Germany 30.0 54000.0

No 3 Spain 38.0 61000.0 No 4

Germany 40 0 NaN Yes

```
df.Country.fillna(df.Country.mode()[0],inplace=True)
features=df.iloc[:,:-1].values
```

df.Country.fillna(df.Country.mode()[0],inplace=True)

```
label=df.iloc[:,-1].values
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
age=SimpleImputer(strategy="mean",missing_values=np.nan)
Salary=SimpleImputer(strategy="mean",missing_values=np.nan)
age.fit(features[:,[1]])
     ▼ SimpleImputer <sup>1</sup>
    SimpleImputer()
Salary.fit(features[:,[2]])
     ▼ SimpleImputer <sup>1</sup>
    SimpleImputer()
SimpleImputer()
     ▼ SimpleImputer <sup>1</sup>
    SimpleImputer()
features[:,[1]]=age.transform(features[:,[1]])
features[:,[2]]=Salary.transform(features[:,[2]])
features
    array([['France', 44.0, 72000.0],
     ['Spain', 27.0, 48000.0],
     ['Germany', 30.0, 54000.0],
     ['Spain', 38.0, 61000.0],
     ['Germany', 40.0, 63777.777777778],
     ['France', 35.0, 58000.0],
     ['Spain', 38.77777777778, 52000.0],
     ['France', 48.0, 79000.0],
     ['France', 50.0, 83000.0],
     ['France', 37.0, 67000.0]], dtype=object)
```

from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder

```
oh = OneHotEncoder(sparse_output=False)
Country=oh.fit_transform(features[:,[0]])
Country
    array([[1., 0., 0.],
     [0., 0., 1.],
     [0., 1., 0.],
     [0., 0., 1.],
     [0., 1., 0.],
     [1., 0., 0.],
     [0., 0., 1.],
     [1., 0., 0.],
     [1., 0., 0.],
     [1., 0., 0.]])
final_set=np.concatenate((Country,features[:,[1,2]]),axis=1)
final_set
    array([[1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 44.0, 72000.0],
     [0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 27.0, 48000.0],
     [0.0, 1.0, 0.0, 30.0, 54000.0],
     [0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 38.0, 61000.0],
     [0.0, 1.0, 0.0, 40.0, 63777.7777777778],
     [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 35.0, 58000.0],
     [0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 38.77777777778, 52000.0],
     [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 48.0, 79000.0],
     [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 50.0, 83000.0],
     [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 37.0, 67000.0]], dtype=object)
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc=StandardScaler()
sc.fit(final set)
feat standard_scaler=sc.transform(final_set)
feat_standard_scaler
    array([[ 1.00000000e+00, -5.0000000e-01, -6.54653671e-01,
     7.58874362e-01, 7.49473254e-01],
     [-1.00000000e+00, -5.00000000e-01, 1.52752523e+00,
     -1.71150388e+00, -1.43817841e+00],
     [-1.00000000e+00, 2.00000000e+00, -6.54653671e-01,
```

```
-1.27555478e+00, -8.91265492e-01],
     [-1.00000000e+00, -5.00000000e-01, 1.52752523e+00,
     -1.13023841e-01, -2.53200424e-01],
     [-1.000000000e+00, 2.00000000e+00, -6.54653671e-01,
     1.77608893e-01, 6.63219199e-16],
     [ 1.00000000e+00, -5.00000000e-01, -6.54653671e-01,
     -5.48972942e-01, -5.26656882e-01],
     [-1.00000000e+00, -5.00000000e-01, 1.52752523e+00,
     0.00000000e+00, -1.07356980e+00],
     [ 1.00000000e+00, -5.00000000e-01, -6.54653671e-01,
     1.34013983e+00, 1.38753832e+00],
     [ 1.00000000e+00, -5.00000000e-01, -6.54653671e-01,
     1.63077256e+00, 1.75214693e+00],
     [ 1.00000000e+00, -5.00000000e-01, -6.54653671e-01,
     -2.58340208e-01, 2.93712492e-01]])
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
mms=MinMaxScaler(feature range=(0,1))
mms.fit(final set)
feat minmax scaler=mms.transform(final set)
feat minmax scaler
    array([[1., 0., 0., 0.73913043, 0.68571429],
     [0., 0., 1., 0., 0.]
     [0., 1., 0., 0.13043478, 0.17142857],
     [0., 0., 1., 0.47826087, 0.37142857],
     [0., 1., 0., 0.56521739, 0.45079365],
     [1., 0., 0., 0.34782609, 0.28571429],
     [0., 0., 1., 0.51207729, 0.11428571],
     [1., 0., 0., 0.91304348, 0.88571429],
     [1., 0., 0., 1., 1.],
     [1., 0., 0., 0.43478261, 0.54285714]])
Lab experiments
Roll no: 230701031
Name: Aravindan S G
Class: CSE-A II
Subject: Fundamentals of data science (CS2334)
Experiment: 07
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
df=pd.read csv("/content/pre-process datasample.csv")
df
```

Country Age Salary Purchased

```
0 France 44.0 72000.0 No
   1 Spain 27.0 48000.0 Yes
   2 Germany 30.0 54000.0 No
   3 Spain 38.0 61000.0 No
   4 Germany 40.0 NaN Yes
   5 France 35.0 58000.0 Yes
   6 Spain NaN 52000.0 No
   7 France 48.0 79000.0 Yes
   8 NaN 50.0 83000.0 No
   9 France 37.0 67000.0 Yes
df.info()
   <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
   RangeIndex: 10 entries, 0 to 9
   Data columns (total 4 columns):
    # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
   --- ----- -----
    0 Country 9 non-null object
    1 Age 9 non-null float64
    2 Salary 9 non-null float64
    3 Purchased 10 non-null object
   dtypes: float64(2), object(2)
   memory usage: 448.0+ bytes
df.Country.mode()
     Country
   0 France
df.Country.mode()[0]
type(df.Country.mode())
df.Country.fillna(df.Country.mode()[0],inplace=True)
```

df.Age.fillna(df.Age.median(),inplace=True)

```
df.Salary.fillna(round(df.Salary.mean()),inplace=True)
df
      Country Age Salary Purchased
    0 France 44.0 72000.0 No
    1 Spain 27.0 48000.0 Yes
    2 Germany 30.0 54000.0 No
    3 Spain 38.0 61000.0 No
    4 Germany 40.0 63778.0 Yes
    5 France 35.0 58000.0 Yes
    6 Spain 38.0 52000.0 No
    7 France 48.0 79000.0 Yes
    8 France 50.0 83000.0 No
    9 France 37 0 67000 0 Yes
pd.get dummies(df.Country)
      France Germany Spain
    0 True False False
    1 False False True
    2 False True False
    3 False False True
    4 False True False
    5 True False False
    6 False False True
    7 True False False
    8 True False False
    9 True False False
updated_dataset=pd.concat([pd.get_dummies(df.Country),df.iloc[:,[1,2,3]]],axis=1)
updated_dataset
      France Germany Spain Age Salary Purchased
    0 True False False 44.0 72000.0 No
```

- 1 False False True 27.0 48000.0 Yes
- 2 False True False 30.0 54000.0 No
- 3 False False True 38.0 61000.0 No
- 4 False True False 40.0 63778.0 Yes

```
5 True False False 35.0 58000.0 Yes
```

- 6 False False True 38.0 52000.0 No
- 7 True False False 48.0 79000.0 Yes
- 8 True False False 50.0 83000.0 No
- 9 True False False 37 0 67000 0 Yes

df.info()

updated_dataset.Purchased.replace(['No','Yes'],[0,1],inplace=True)

updated_dataset

France Germany Spain Age Salary Purchased

- **0** True False False 44.0 72000.0 0
- 1 False False True 27.0 48000.0 1
- 2 False True False 30.0 54000.0 0
- 3 False False True 38.0 61000.0 0
- 4 False True False 40.0 63778.0 1
- 5 True False False 35.0 58000.0 1
- 6 False False True 38.0 52000.0 0
- 7 True False False 48.0 79000.0 1
- 8 True False False 50.0 83000.0 0
- 9 True False False 37 0 67000 0 1

Lab experiments Roll no: 230701031 Name: Aravindan S G Class: CSE-A II

Subject: Fundamentals of data science (CS2334)

Experiment: 08

import seaborn as sns
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline

tips=sns.load_dataset('tips')

tips.head()

total_bill tip sex smoker day time size

0 16.99 1.01 Female No Sun Dinner 2

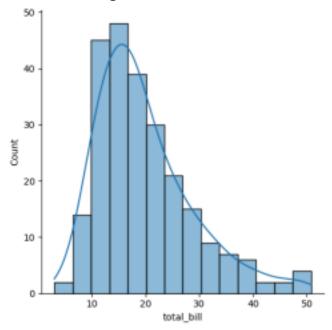
1 10.34 1.66 Male No Sun Dinner 3

2 21.01 3.50 Male No Sun Dinner 3

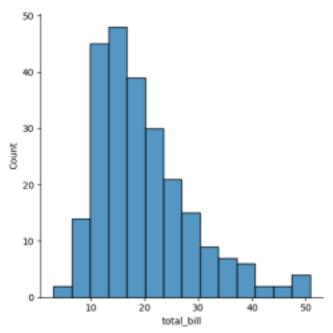
3 23.68 3.31 Male No Sun Dinner 2

4 24.59 3.61 Female No Sun Dinner 4 sns.displot(tips.total_bill,kde=True)

<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x79bb4c7ea680>

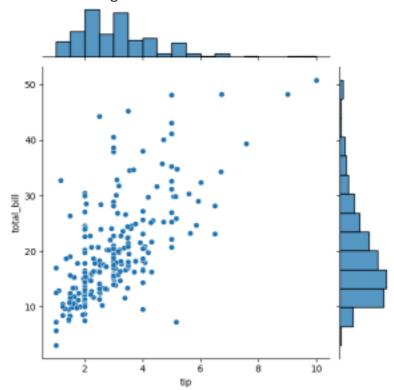


sns.displot(tips.total_bill,kde=False)

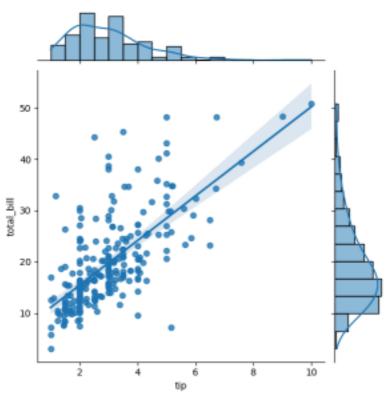


sns.jointplot(x=tips.tip,y=tips.total_bill)

<seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x79bb08fc96c0>

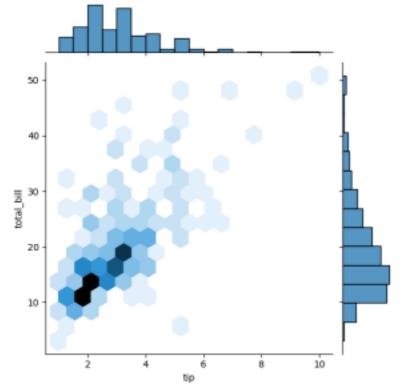


sns.jointplot(x=tips.tip,y=tips.total_bill,kind="reg")

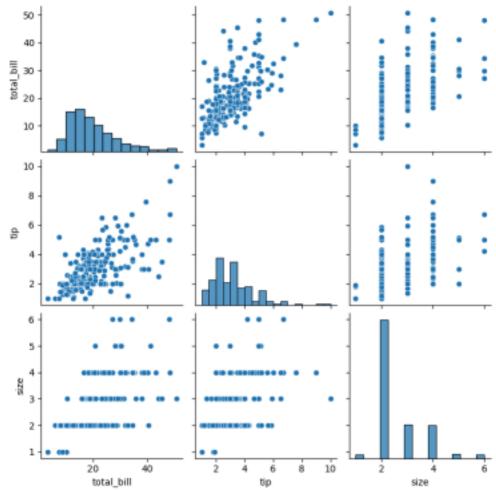


sns.jointplot(x=tips.tip,y=tips.total_bill,kind="hex")

<seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x79bb088f4730>



sns.pairplot(tips)



time

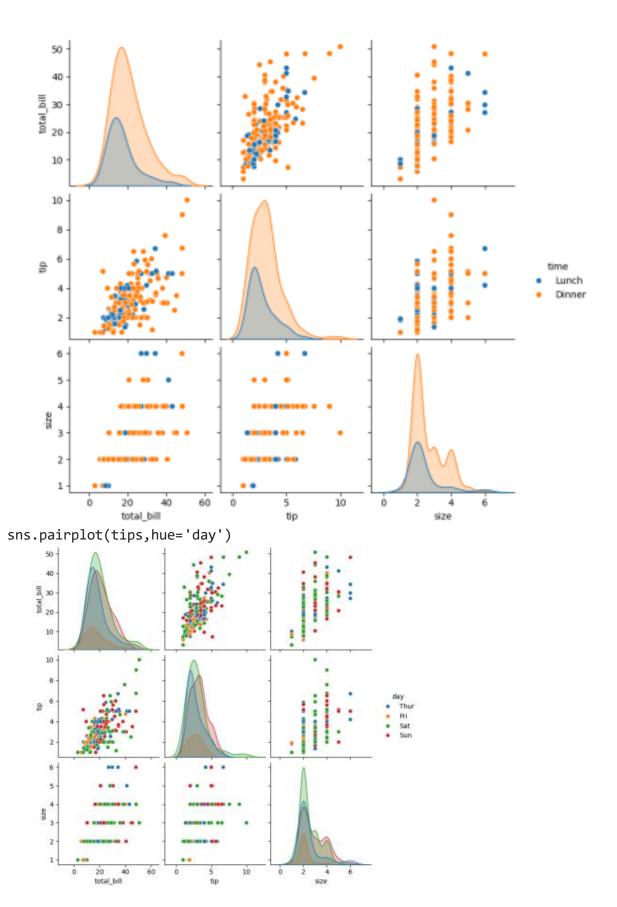
Dinner 176

Lunch 68

dtype: int64

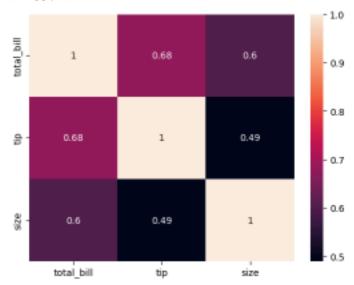
sns.pairplot(tips,hue='time')

<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x79bb088f4670>



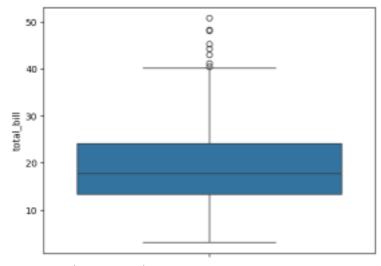
sns.heatmap(tips.corr(numeric_only=True),annot=True)

<Axes: >



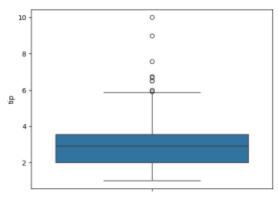
sns.boxplot(tips.total_bill)

<Axes: ylabel='total_bill'>



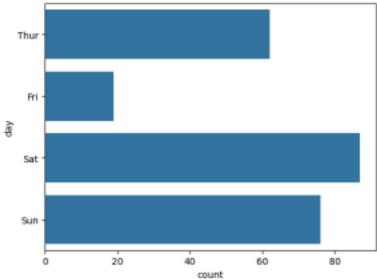
sns.boxplot(tips.tip)

<Axes: ylabel='tip'>



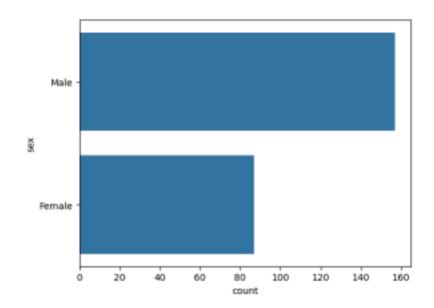
sns.countplot(tips.day)

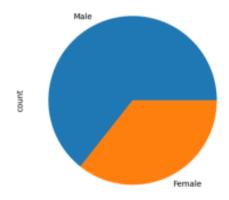




sns.countplot(tips.sex)

h<Axes: xlabel='count', ylabel='sex'>



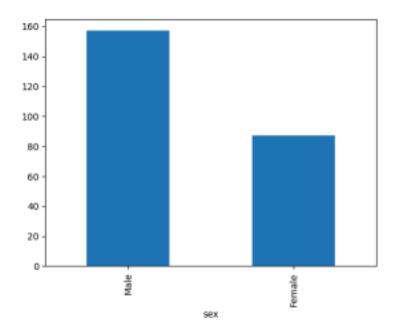


tips.sex.value_counts().plot(kind='pie')

<Axes: ylabel='count'>

tips.sex.value_counts().plot(kind='bar')

<Axes: xlabel='sex'>



Lab experiments Roll no: 230701031 Name: Aravindan S G Class: CSE-A II

Subject: Fundamentals of data science (CS2334)

Experiment: 09

Column Non-Null Count Dtype --- 0 YearsExperience 30 non-null float64 1 Salary 30 non-null int64 dtypes: float64(1), int64(1) memory usage: 612.0 bytes

df.dropna(inplace=True)

df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame' > RangeIndex: 30 entries, 0 to 29

Data columns (total 2 columns):

Column Non-Null Count Dtype --- 0 YearsExperience 30 non-null float64 1 Salary 30 non-null int64 dtypes: float64(1), int64(1) memory usage: 612.0 bytes

df.describe()

Out[5]: YearsExperience Salary count 30.000000 30.000000 mean 5.313333 76003.000000 std 2.837888 27414.429785

min 1.100000 37731.000000

```
25% 3.200000 56720.750000
          50% 4.700000 65237.000000
          75% 7.700000 100544.750000
          max 10.500000 122391.000000
   In [6]:
   features=df.iloc[:,[0]].values
   label=df.iloc[:,[1]].values
   from sklearn.model selection import train test split
   x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(features,label,test_size=0.2,random_
   from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
   model=LinearRegression()
   model.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[20]: ▼ LinearRegression
         LinearRegression()
                    model.score(x tr
   In [21]:
                    ain,y_train)
Out[21]: 0.9603182547438908
                   model.score(x t
                   est,y_test)
   In [23]:
Out[23]: 0.9184170849214232
            model.coe
   In [24]: f_
Out[24]: array([[9281.30847068]])
              model.inter
              cept
   In [25]:
Out[25]: array([27166.73682891])
   In [26]:
   import pickle
   pickle.dump(model,open('SalaryPred.model','wb'))
   model=pickle.load(open('SalaryPred.model','rb')) yr_of_exp=float(input("Enter Years
```

```
of Experience: "))
  yr of exp NP=np.array([[yr of exp]])
  Salary=model.predict(yr_of_exp_NP)
  Enter Years of Experience: 44
  print("Estimated Salary for {} years of experience is {}: "
  .format(yr_of_exp,Salary) Estimated Salary for 44.0 years of experience is
  [[435544.30953887]]:
   Lab experiments
   Roll no: 230701031
   Name: Aravindan S G
   Class: CSE-A II
   Subject: Fundamentals of data science (CS2334)
   Experiment: 10
   import numpy as np
   import pandas as pd
   df=pd.read csv('Iris.csv')
   df.info()
   df.variety.value_counts()
Out[3]: Setosa 50
        Versicolor 50
        Virginica 50
         Name: variety, dtype: int64
   In [4]:
   df.head()
Out[4]: sepal.length sepal.width petal.length petal.width variety 0 5.1 3.5 1.4 0.2 Setosa
         1 4.9 3.0 1.4 0.2 Setosa 2 4.7 3.2 1.3 0.2 Setosa 3 4.6 3.1 1.5
         0.2 Setosa 4 5.0 3.6 1.4 0.2 Setosa
   In [5]: In [6]: In [8]:
```

```
features=df.iloc[:,:-1].values
   label=df.iloc[:,4].values
   from sklearn.model selection import train test split
   from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
   xtrain,xtest,ytrain,ytest=train_test_split(features,label,test_size=.2,rando
   model_KNN=KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5)
   model_KNN.fit(xtrain,ytrain)
Out[8]: KNeighborsClassifier()
  print(model KNN.score(xtrain,ytrain))
print(model KNN.score(xtest,ytest))
0.9583333333333334
1.0
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
confusion matrix(label, model KNN.predict(features))
Out[10]: array([[50, 0, 0],
           [ 0, 47, 3],
           [ 0, 2, 48]], dtype=int64)
  from sklearn.metrics import classification report
   print(classification report(label,model KNN.predict(features)))
   precision recall f1-score support
   Setosa 1.00 1.00 1.00 50 Versicolor 0.96 0.94 0.95 50 Virginica
  0.94 0.96 0.95 50
   accuracy 0.97 150 macro avg 0.97 0.97 0.97 150 weighted avg 0.97
  0.97 0.97 150
  Lab experiments
  Roll no: 230701031
  Name: Aravindan S G
  Class: CSE-A II
   Subject: Fundamentals of data science (CS2334)
   Experiment: 11
   In [1]:
    import numpy as np
    import pandas as pd
    df=pd.read_csv('Social_Network_Ads.csv') df
Out[1]: User ID Gender Age Estimated Salary Purchased 0 15624510 Male 19 19000 0
```

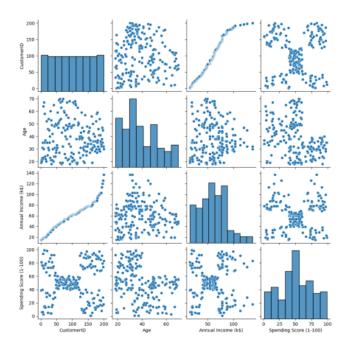
```
1 15810944 Male 35 20000 0 2 15668575 Female 26 43000
           0 3 15603246 Female 27 57000 0 4 15804002 Male 19
           76000 0 ... ... ... ... ...
         395 15691863 Female 46 41000 1 396 15706071 Male 51
         23000 1 397 15654296 Female 50 20000 1 398 15755018
         Male 36 33000 0 399 15594041 Female 49 36000 1
         400 rows × 5 columns
   In [2]:
   df.head()
Out[2]: User ID Gender Age Estimated Salary Purchased
         0 15624510 Male 19 19000 0
         1 15810944 Male 35 20000 0
         2 15668575 Female 26 43000 0
         3 15603246 Female 27 57000 0
         4 15804002 Male 19 76000 0
   In [4]:
   features=df.iloc[:,[2,3]].values
   label=df.iloc[:,4].values features
Out[4]: array([[ 19, 19000], [ 35,
          20000],
           [ 26, 43000],
           [ 27, 57000],
           [ 19, 76000],
           [ 27, 58000],
           [ 27, 84000],
           [ 32, 150000],
           [ 25, 33000],
           [ 35, 65000],
           [ 26, 80000],
           [ 26, 52000],
           [ 20, 86000],
           [ 32, 18000],
           [ 18, 82000],
           [ 29, 80000],
           [ 47, 25000],
           [ 45, 26000],
```

```
[ 46, 28000],
             [ 48 29000]
  In [5]:
  label
Out[5]: array([0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
       1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
       0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
       0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
       0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
       0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
       1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
       1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1,
       0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1
       1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
       1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1,
       0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1,
       0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1,
       1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, dtype=int64)
  In [6]:
  from sklearn.model selection import train test split from
  sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
  for i in range(1,401):
  x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(features,labe
  1,test size=0. model=LogisticRegression()
   model.fit(x_train,y_train)
   train score=model.score(x train,y train)
   test_score=model.score(x_test,y_test)
   if test score>train_score:
   print("Test {} Train{} Random State
  {}".format(test score, train score, i)
  Test 0.6875 Train0.63125 Random State 3
  Test 0.7375 Train0.61875 Random State 4
  Test 0.6625 Train0.6375 Random State 5
  Test 0.65 Train0.640625 Random State 6
  Test 0.675 Train0.634375 Random State 7
  Test 0.675 Train0.634375 Random State 8
  Test 0.65 Train0.640625 Random State 10
  Test 0.6625 Train0.6375 Random State 11
  Test 0.7125 Train0.625 Random State 13
  Test 0.675 Train0.634375 Random State 16
  Test 0.7 Train0.628125 Random State 17
```

```
Test 0.7 Train0.628125 Random State 21
   Test 0.65 Train0.640625 Random State 24
   Test 0.6625 Train0.6375 Random State 25
   Test 0.75 Train0.615625 Random State 26
   Test 0.675 Train0.634375 Random State 27
   Test 0.7 Train0.628125 Random State 28
   Test 0.6875 Train0.63125 Random State 29
   Test 0.6875 Train0.63125 Random State 31
   T t 0 6625 T i 0 6375 R d St t 37
   x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(features,labe
   1,test_size=0.2, finalModel=LogisticRegression()
   finalModel.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[8]: LogisticRegression()
  print(finalModel.score(x_train,y_train))
  print(finalModel.score(x_test,y_test))
  0.834375
  0.9125
  from sklearn.metrics import classification report
  print(classification report(label,finalModel.predict(features)))
   precision recall f1-score support
   0 0.85 0.93 0.89 257 1 0.84 0.71 0.77 143
   accuracy 0.85 400 macro avg 0.85 0.82 0.83 400 weighted avg 0.85 0.85
  0.85 400
  Lab experiments
  Roll no: 230701031
 Name: Aravindan S G
  Class: CSE-A II
  Subject: Fundamentals of data science (CS2334)
  Experiment: 12
   import numpy as np
   import pandas as pd
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   import seaborn as sns
  %matplotlib inline
```

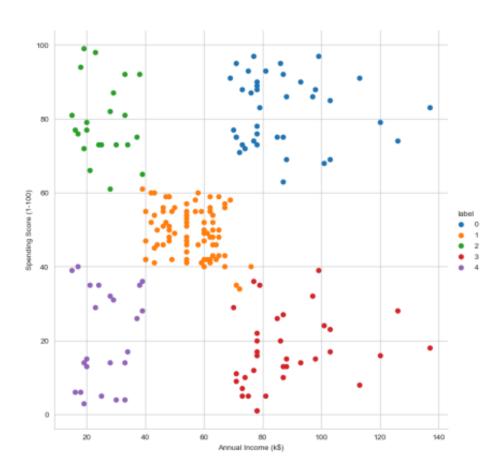
```
df=pd.read csv('Mall Customers.csv')
   df.info()
   <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
   RangeIndex: 200 entries, 0 to 199
   Data columns (total 5 columns):
   # Column Non-Null Count Dtype --- -----
   ---- 0 CustomerID 200 non-null int64 1 Gender 200 non-
   null object 2 Age 200 non-null int64 3 Annual Income
   (k$) 200 non-null int64 4 Spending Score (1-100) 200
   non-null int64 dtypes: int64(4), object(1)
   memory usage: 7.9+ KB
   df.head()
Out [4]: CustomerID Gender Age Annual Income (k$) Spending Score (1-100)
         0 1 Male 19 15 39
         1 2 Male 21 15 81
         2 3 Female 20 16 6
         3 4 Female 23 16 77
         4 5 Female 31 17 40
        sns.pairplot(df)
In [5]:
Out[5]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x170e8e47850>
        features=df.iloc[:,[3,4]].values
```

```
In [6]:
```



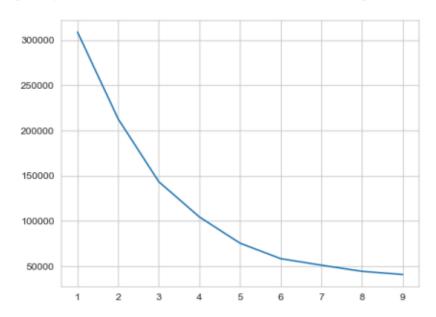
```
In [7]:
   from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
   model=KMeans(n_clusters=5)
   model.fit(features)
   KMeans(n_clusters=5)
Out[7]: KMeans(n_clusters=5)
   In [8]:
   Final=df.iloc[:,[3,4]]
   Final['label']=model.predict(features)
   Final.head()
   Final['label']=model.predict(features)
Out[8]: Annual Income (k$) Spending Score (1-100) label
         0 15 39 4
          1 15 81 2
         2 16 6 4
         3 16 77 2
          4 17 40 4
```

```
In [9]: sns.set_style("whitegrid")
sns.FacetGrid(Final,hue="label",height=8) \
.map(plt.scatter,"Annual Income (k$)", "Spending Score (1-100)") \
.add_legend();
plt.show()
```



plt.plot(range(1,10),wcss)

Out[10]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x170e99f3550>]



Lab experiments Roll no: 230701031 Name: Aravindan S G Class: CSE-A II

Subject: Fundamentals of data science (CS2334)

Experiment: 13

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

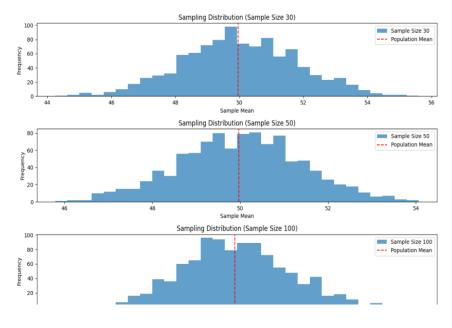
# Step 1: Generate a population (e.g., normal distribution)
population_mean = 50
population_std = 10
population_size = 100000
population = np.random.normal(population_mean, population_std, population_size)

# Step 2: Random sampling
sample_sizes = [30, 50, 100] # different sample sizes to consider
num_samples = 1000 # number of samples for each sample size

sample_means = {}
```

```
for size in sample_sizes:
  sample_means[size] = []
  for _ in range(num_samples):
     sample = np.random.choice(population, size=size, replace=False)
     sample_means[size].append(np.mean(sample))
# Step 3: Plotting sampling distributions
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
for i, size in enumerate(sample_sizes):
  plt.subplot(len(sample_sizes), 1, i+1)
  plt.hist(sample_means[size], bins=30, alpha=0.7, label=f'Sample Size {size}')
  plt.axvline(np.mean(population), color='red', linestyle='dashed', linewidth=1.5, label='Population Mean')
  plt.title(f'Sampling Distribution (Sample Size {size})')
  plt.xlabel('Sample Mean')
  plt.ylabel('Frequency')
  plt.legend()
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

OUTPUT:



Lab experiments Roll no: 230701031

Name: Aravindan S G Class: CSE-A II

Subject: Fundamentals of data science (CS2334)

Experiment: 13

```
import numpy as np
import scipy.stats as stats
sample_data = np.array([152, 148, 151, 149, 147, 153, 150, 148, 152,
              149, 151, 150, 149, 152, 151, 148, 150, 152,
              149, 150, 148, 153, 151, 150, 149, 152,
              148, 151, 150, 153])
population mean = 150
sample_mean = np.mean(sample_data)
sample std = np.std(sample data, ddof=1)
n = len(sample_data)
z_statistic = (sample_mean - population_mean) / (sample_std / np.sqrt(n))
p_value = 2 * (1 - stats.norm.cdf(np.abs(z_statistic)))
print(f"Sample Mean: {sample_mean:.2f}")
print(f"Z-Statistic: {z_statistic:.4f}")
print(f"P-Value: {p_value:.4f}")
alpha = 0.05
if p_value < alpha:
  print("Reject the null hypothesis: The average weight is significantly different from 150 grams.")
  print("Fail to reject the null hypothesis: There is no significant difference in average weight from 150 grams.")
OUTPUT:
Sample Mean: 150.20
Z-Statistic: 0.6406
P-Value: 0.5218
Fail to reject the null hypothesis: There is no significant difference in average
weight from 150 grams.
Lab experiments
Roll no: 230701031
Name: Aravindan S G
Class: CSE-A II
Subject: Fundamentals of data science (CS2334)
```

Experiment: 14

import numpy as np

import scipy.stats as stats

```
# Set a random seed for reproducibility
np.random.seed(42)
# Generate hypothetical sample data (IQ scores)
sample size = 25
sample data = np.random.normal(loc=102, scale=15, size=sample size) # Mean IQ of
102, SD of 15
# Population mean under the null hypothesis
population mean = 100
# Calculate sample statistics
sample mean = np.mean(sample data)
sample std = np.std(sample data, ddof=1) # Using sample standard deviation
# Number of observations
n = len(sample data)
# Calculate the T-statistic and p-value
t statistic, p value = stats.ttest 1samp(sample data, population mean)
# Print results
print(f"Sample Mean: {sample_mean:.2f}")
print(f"T-Statistic: {t statistic:.4f}")
print(f"P-Value: {p value:.4f}")
# Decision based on the significance level
alpha = 0.05
if p value < alpha:
    print("Reject the null hypothesis: The average IQ score is significantly
different from 100.")
else:
    print("Fail to reject the null hypothesis: There is no significant difference
in average IQ score from 100.")
```

OUTPUT:

Sample Mean: 99.55 T-Statistic: -0.1577

P-Value: 0.8760

Fail to reject the null hypothesis: There is no significant difference in average

IQ score from 100.

Roll no: 230701031 Name: Aravindan S G Class: CSE-A II Subject: Fundamentals of data science (CS2334) Experiment: 15 import numpy as np import scipy.stats as stats # Set a random seed for reproducibility np.random.seed(42) # Generate hypothetical growth data for three treatments (A, B, C) n plants = 25# Growth data (in cm) for Treatment A, B, and C growth A = np.random.normal(loc=10, scale=2, size=n plants) growth B = np.random.normal(loc=12, scale=3, size=n plants) growth C = np.random.normal(loc=15, scale=2.5, size=n plants) # Combine all data into one array all data = np.concatenate([growth A, growth B, growth C]) # Treatment labels for each group treatment labels = ['A'] * n plants + ['B'] * n plants + ['C'] * n plants # Perform one-way ANOVA f statistic, p value = stats.f oneway(growth A, growth B, growth C) # Print results print("Treatment A Mean Growth:", np.mean(growth A)) print("Treatment B Mean Growth:", np.mean(growth B)) print("Treatment C Mean Growth:", np.mean(growth C)) print(f"F-Statistic: {f statistic:.4f}") print(f"P-Value: {p value:.4f}") # Decision based on the significance level alpha = 0.05if p value < alpha: print ("Reject the null hypothesis: There is a significant difference in mean growth rates among the three treatments.") else: print ("Fail to reject the null hypothesis: There is no significant difference in mean growth rates among the three treatments.") # Additional: Post-hoc analysis (Tukey's HSD) if ANOVA is significant if p value < alpha: from statsmodels.stats.multicomp import pairwise tukeyhsd

Lab experiments

```
tukey_results = pairwise_tukeyhsd(all_data, treatment_labels, alpha=0.05)
print("\nTukey's HSD Post-hoc Test:")
print(tukey results)
```

OUTPUT:

Treatment A Mean Growth: 9.672983882683818
Treatment B Mean Growth: 11.137680744437432
Treatment C Mean Growth: 15.265234904828972

F-Statistic: 36.1214

P-Value: 0.0000

Reject the null hypothesis: There is a significant difference in mean growth rates

among the three treatments.