



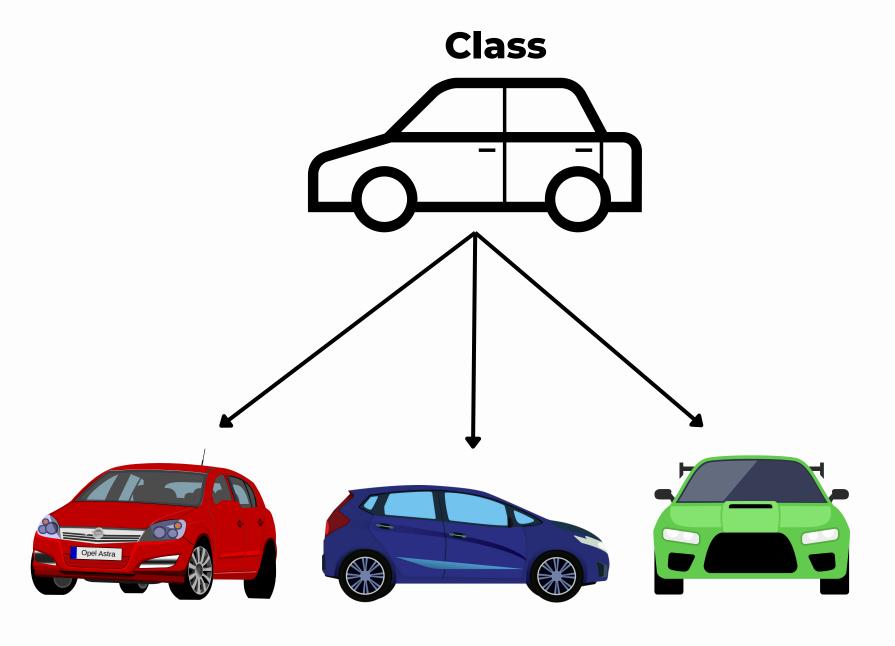




#### **CLASS AND OBJECT**







 Python is an object oriented programming language, almost everything in python is object, with its properties and methods

- Red
- Ford
- Mustang

- Blue
- Toyota
- primus

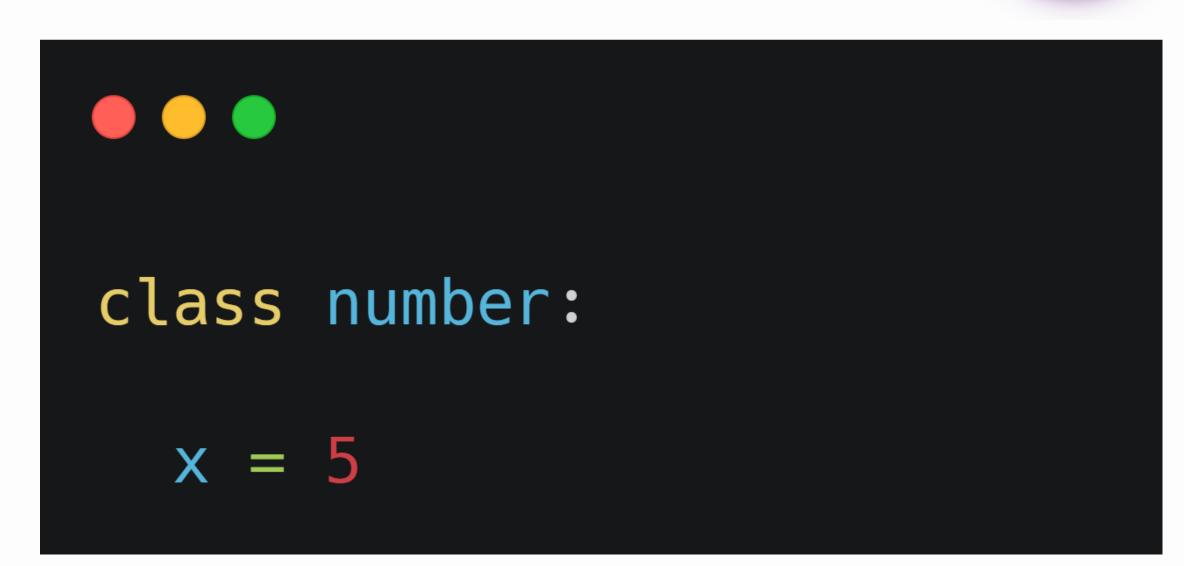
- Green
- Volkswagen
- Golf

 A class is like object constructor, or a "blueprint" for creating objects

# CREATE A CLASS







# **CREATE OBJECT**





```
class number:
 x = 5
obj = number()
print(obj.x)
```

#### FUNCTION (METHOD) INSIDE CLASS





```
class course:
  def session(self):
    print("This is object and class session")
obj = course()
obj.session()
```

#### CONSTRUCTORS





```
class myclass:
def __init__(self)
   body of the constructor
```

- Constructor is used for instantiating an object.
- The task of the constructor is to assign values to the data members of the class
- In python the \_\_init\_\_() method is called the constructor

### EXAMPLE - CLASS





```
• • •
class person:
  def __init__(self, name, age):
    self.name = name
    self.age = age
  def one(self):
    print(f"My name is {self.name}, my age is {self.age}")
  def two(self):
    print(f"I am {self.name}, and i am {self.age} years old")
  def three(self):
    print(f"Hi, i am {self.name}, {self.age} yrs")
```

#### **EXAMPLE - OBJECT**





```
person1 = person("Manish",20)
person2 = person("Tom", 23)
person3 = person("sam", 25)
person1.two()
person2.three()
```

## TYPES OF VARIABLES





1. Instance variables

2. Class variables

#### **INSTANCE VARIABLES**





```
• • •
class car:
  def __init__(self):
    self.milage = 20
    self.company = "BMW"
one = car()
two = car()
print(one.milage, one.company)
print(two.milage, two.company)
```

```
two.milage = 30
print(one.milage, one.company)
print(two.milage, two.company)
```

#### **CLASS VARIABLES**





```
• • •
class car:
  wheel = 4
  def __init__(self):
    self.milage = 20
    self.company = "BMW"
one = car()
two = car()
print(one.wheel)
print(two.wheel)
```

```
• • •
car.wheel = 8
print(one.wheel)
print(two.wheel)
```

### TYPES OF METHODS





1. Instance method

2. Class method

3. Static method

### **INSTANCE METHOD**





```
• • •
class student:
  school = "abc school"
  def __init__(self, name, id):
    self.name = name
    self.id = id
  def details(self):
    return f"student name: {self.name}, student id: {self.id}"
obj = student("john",12)
print(obj.details())
```

## **CLASS METHOD**





```
• • •
class student:
 school = "abc school"
  def __init__(self, name,id):
    self.name = name
    self.id = id
  def details(self):
    return f"student name: {self.name}, age:{self.id}"
  @classmethod
  def schoolname(cls):
    return cls.school
obj = student("John",14)
print(obj.details())
print(student.schoolname())
```

#### STATIC METHOD





```
• • •
class student:
  school = "abc school"
 def __init__(self, name,id):
    self.name = name
    self.id = id
  def details(self):
    return f"student name: {self.name}, age:{self.id}"
  @staticmethod
  def info():
   return ("This is information about students")
obj = student("John",14)
print(student.info())
```

### INHERITANCE

```
• • •
class one:
  def first(self):
    return "this is first"
  def second(self):
    return "this is second"
class two(one):
  def third(self):
    return "this is third"
  def fourth(self):
    return "this is fourth"
obj2 = two()
```

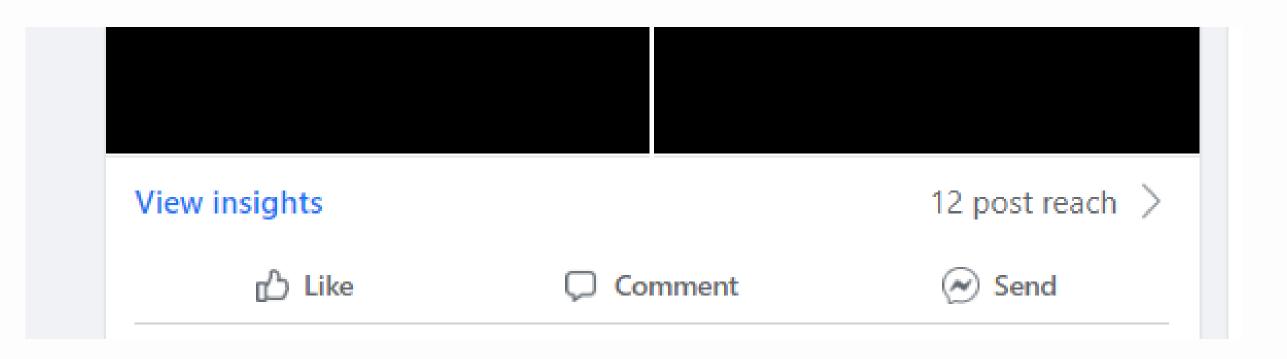




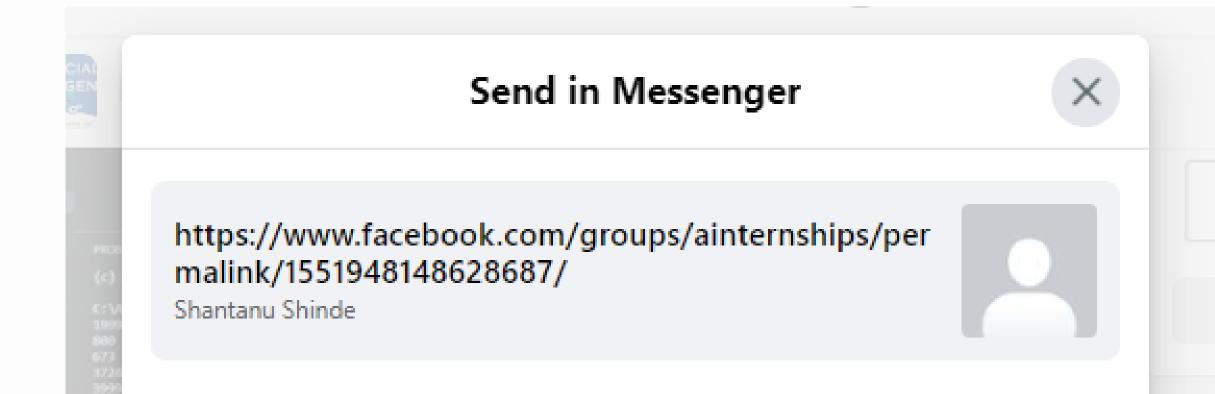
# SUBMISSION UPDATE









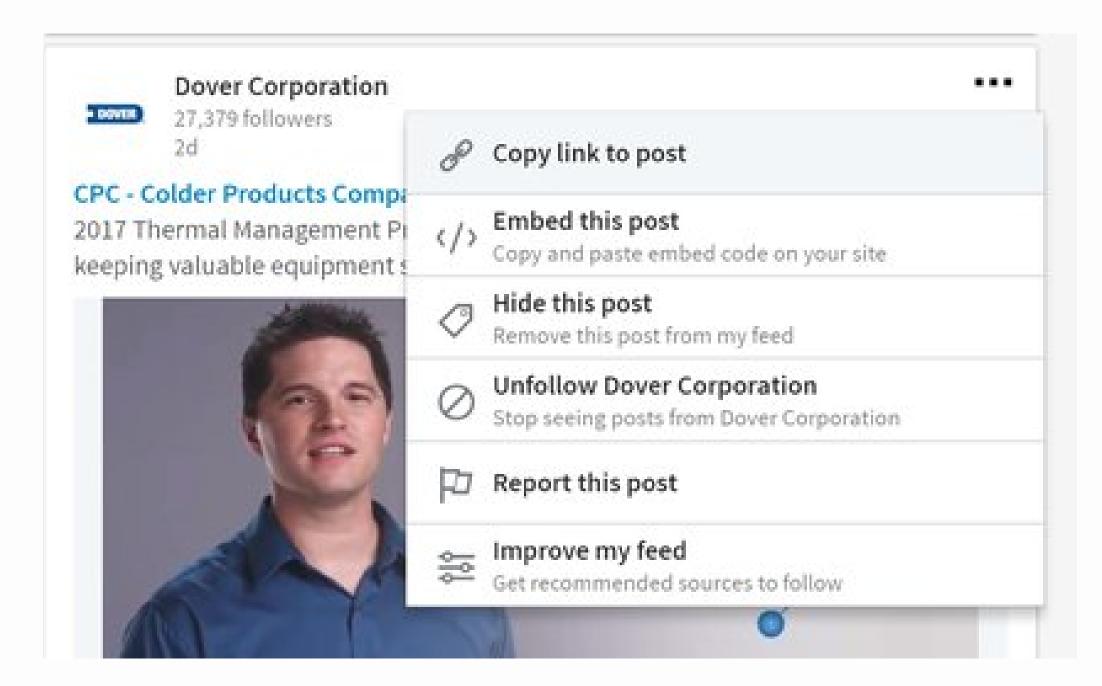


### SUBMISSION UPDATE















# ASSIGNMENT



# ROMAN NUMERALS TO INTEGER







Roman numerals to integer

Roman numerals from user input should be converted into integer values as output

#### Rules:

 If the Larger value is written first followed by smaller value, then add those values.

eg: 
$$III = 3$$
,  $XII = 12$ 

2. If smaller is written first followed by larger value, then subtract those values

eg: 
$$IV = 4$$
 ,  $CD = 400$ 



	1
V	5
X	10
L	50
C	100
D	500
M	1000

## TEST CASES





#### 

#### Test cases

- 1. input = "MCMXCIX" ---> output = 1999
- 2. input = "DCCC" ---> output = 800
- 3. input = "DCLXXIII" ---> output = 673
- 4. input = "MMMDCCXXIV" ---> output = 3724
- 5. input = "MMMCMXCIX" ---> output = 3999







# THANKS FOR WATCHING





