# Exercise\_FPGA\_and\_the\_DevCloud

July 2, 2020

## 1 Exercise: FPGA and the DevCloud

Now that we've walked through the process of requesting an edge node with a CPU and Intelő Arria 10 FPGA on Intel's DevCloud and loading a model on the Intelő Arria 10 FPGA, you will have the opportunity to do this yourself with the addition of running inference on an image.

In this exercise, you will do the following: 1. Write a Python script to load a model and run inference 10 times on a device on Intel's DevCloud. \* Calculate the time it takes to load the model. \* Calculate the time it takes to run inference 10 times. 2. Write a shell script to submit a job to Intel's DevCloud. 3. Submit a job using qsub on an IEI Tank-870 edge node with an Intelő Arria 10 FPGA. 4. Run liveQStat to view the status of your submitted jobs. 5. Retrieve the results from your job. 6. View the results.

Click the Exercise Overview button below for a demonstration.

**Exercise Overview** 

**IMPORTANT: Set up paths so we can run Dev Cloud utilities** You *must* run this every time you enter a Workspace session.

```
In [1]: %env PATH=/opt/conda/bin:/opt/spark-2.4.3-bin-hadoop2.7/bin:/opt/conda/bin:/usr/local/st
    import os
    import sys
    sys.path.insert(0, os.path.abspath('/opt/intel_devcloud_support'))
    sys.path.insert(0, os.path.abspath('/opt/intel'))
```

env: PATH=/opt/conda/bin:/opt/spark-2.4.3-bin-hadoop2.7/bin:/opt/conda/bin:/usr/local/sbin:/usr/

#### 1.1 The Model

We will be using the vehicle-license-plate-detection-barrier-0106 model for this exercise. Remember that to run a model on the FPGA, we need to use FP16 as the model precision.

The model has already been downloaded for you in the /data/models/intel directory on Intel's DevCloud.

We will be running inference on an image of a car. The path to the image is /data/resources/car.png

## 2 Step 1: Creating a Python Script

The first step is to create a Python script that you can use to load the model and perform inference. We'll use the %%writefile magic to create a Python file called inference\_on\_device.py. In the next cell, you will need to complete the TODO items for this Python script.

TODO items:

- 1. Load the model
- 2. Get the name of the input node
- 3. Prepare the model for inference (create an input dictionary)
- 4. Run inference 10 times in a loop

If you get stuck, you can click on the **Show Solution** button below for a walkthrough with the solution code.

```
In [2]: %%writefile inference_on_device.py
        import time
        import cv2
        import numpy as np
        from openvino.inference_engine import IENetwork
        from openvino.inference_engine import IECore
        import argparse
        def main(args):
            model=args.model_path
            model_weights=model+'.bin'
            model_structure=model+'.xml'
            start=time.time()
            model=IENetwork(model_structure, model_weights)
            core = IECore()
            net = core.load_network(network=model, device_name=args.device, num_requests=1)
            print(f"Time taken to load model = {time.time()-start} seconds")
            # Get the name of the input node
            input_name=next(iter(model.inputs))
            # Reading and Preprocessing Image
            input_img=cv2.imread('/data/resources/car.png')
            input_img=cv2.resize(input_img, (300,300), interpolation = cv2.INTER_AREA)
            input_img=np.moveaxis(input_img, -1, 0)
            # Running Inference in a loop on the same image
            input_dict={input_name:input_img}
```

```
start=time.time()
for _ in range(10):
    net.infer(input_dict)

print(f"Time Taken to run 10 Inference on FPGA is = {time.time()-start} seconds")

if __name__=='__main__':
    parser=argparse.ArgumentParser()
    parser.add_argument('--model_path', required=True)
    parser.add_argument('--device', default=None)

args=parser.parse_args()
    main(args)

Overwriting inference_on_device.py
```

**Show Solution** 

### 2.1 Step 2: Creating a Job Submission Script

To submit a job to the DevCloud, you'll need to create a shell script. Similar to the Python script above, we'll use the %%writefile magic command to create a shell script called inference\_fpga\_model\_job.sh. In the next cell, you will need to complete the TODO items for this shell script.

TODO items: 1. Create three variables: \* DEVICE - Assign the value as the first argument passed into the shell script. \* MODELPATH - Assign the value as the second argument passed into the shell script. 2. Call the Python script using the three variable values as the command line argument

If you get stuck, you can click on the **Show Solution** button below for a walkthrough with the solution code.

```
In [3]: %%writefile inference_fpga_model_job.sh
    #!/bin/bash

exec 1>/output/stdout.log 2>/output/stderr.log

mkdir -p /output

DEVICE=$1
    MODELPATH=$2

source /opt/intel/init_openvino.sh
    aocl program acl0 /opt/intel/openvino/bitstreams/a10_vision_design_sg1_bitstreams/2019R4

# Run the load model python script
    python3 inference_on_device.py --model_path ${MODELPATH} --device ${DEVICE}
```

```
cd /output

tar zcvf output.tgz stdout.log stderr.log

Overwriting inference_fpga_model_job.sh
```

**Show Solution** 

### 2.2 Step 3: Submitting a Job to Intel's DevCloud

In the next cell, you will write your !qsub command to load your model and run inference on the IEI Tank-870 edge node with an Intel Core i5 CPU and an Intelő Arria 10 FPGA.

Your !qsub command should take the following flags and arguments: 1. The first argument should be the shell script filename 2. -d flag - This argument should be . 3. -1 flag - This argument should request an edge node with an **IEI Tank-870**. The default quantity is 1, so the **1** after nodes is optional. \* **Intel Core i5 6500TE** for your CPU. \* **Intelő Arria 10** for your FPGA.

To get the queue labels for these devices, you can go to this link

- 4. -F flag This argument should contain the two values to assign to the variables of the shell script:
  - **DEVICE** Device type for the job: FPGA. Remember that we need to use the **Heterogenous plugin** (HETERO) to run inference on the FPGA.
  - MODELPATH Full path to the model for the job. As a reminder, the model is located in /data/models/intel.

**Note**: There is an optional flag, -N, you may see in a few exercises. This is an argument that only works on Intel's DevCloud that allows you to name your job submission. This argument doesn't work in Udacity's workspace integration with Intel's DevCloud.

OczoupyOueOXm7GXWW8SatOAYixK82C5

**Show Solution** 

## 2.3 Step 4: Running liveQStat

Running the liveQStat function, we can see the live status of our job. Running the this function will lock the cell and poll the job status 10 times. The cell is locked until this finishes polling 10 times or you can interrupt the kernel to stop it by pressing the stop button at the top:



- Q status means our job is currently awaiting an available node
- R status means our job is currently running on the requested node

**Note**: In the demonstration, it is pointed out that W status means your job is done. This is no longer accurate. Once a job has finished running, it will no longer show in the list when running the liveQStat function.

Click the **Running liveQStat** button below for a demonstration. Running liveQStat

### 2.4 Step 5: Retrieving Output Files

In this step, we'll be using the getResults function to retrieve our job's results. This function takes a few arguments.

- 1. job id This value is stored in the job\_id\_core variable we created during **Step 3**. Remember that this value is an array with a single string, so we access the string value using job\_id\_core[0].
- 2. filename This value should match the filename of the compressed file we have in our inference\_fpga\_model\_job.sh shell script.
- 3. blocking This is an optional argument and is set to False by default. If this is set to True, the cell is locked while waiting for the results to come back. There is a status indicator showing the cell is waiting on results.

**Note**: The getResults function is unique to Udacity's workspace integration with Intel's DevCloud. When working on Intel's DevCloud environment, your job's results are automatically retrieved and placed in your working directory.

Click the **Retrieving Output Files** button below for a demonstration. Retrieving Output Files

Adding /opt/altera/aocl-pro-rte/aclrte-linux64/bin to PATH

```
In [6]: import get_results

get_results.getResults(job_id_core[0], filename="output.tgz", blocking=True)

getResults() is blocking until results of the job (id:OczoupyOueOXm7GXWW8SatOAYixK82C5) are read Please wait...Success!

output.tgz was downloaded in the same folder as this notebook.

In [7]: !tar zxf output.tgz

In [8]: !cat stdout.log

INTELFPGAOCLSDKROOT is set to /opt/altera/aocl-pro-rte/aclrte-linux64. Using that.

aoc was not found, but aocl was found. Assuming only RTE is installed.
```

AOCL\_BOARD\_PACKAGE\_ROOT is set to /opt/intel/openvino/bitstreams/a10\_vision\_design\_sg2\_bitstream

Adding /opt/altera/aocl-pro-rte/aclrte-linux64/linux64/lib to LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH

```
Adding /opt/altera/aocl-pro-rte/aclrte-linux64/host/linux64/lib to LD_LIBRARY_PATH
Adding /opt/intel/openvino/bitstreams/a10_vision_design_sg2_bitstreams/BSP/a10_1150_sg2/linux64/
[setupvars.sh] OpenVINO environment initialized
aocl program: Running program from /opt/intel/openvino/bitstreams/a10_vision_design_sg2_bitstreams/ailed to open file: /opt/intel/openvino/bitstreams/a10_vision_design_sg1_bitstreams/2019R4_PL1_
Error: Failed to find aocx
aocl program: Program failed.
Time taken to load model = 4.5110766887664795 seconds
Time Taken to run 10 Inference on FPGA is = 0.08702898025512695 seconds
```

#### In [9]: !cat stderr.log

Couldn't open file /opt/intel/openvino/bitstreams/a10\_vision\_design\_sg1\_bitstreams/2019R4\_PL1\_FF inference\_on\_device.py:15: DeprecationWarning: Reading network using constructor is deprecated. model=IENetwork(model\_structure, model\_weights)

tar: stdout.log: file changed as we read it

#### In []: