

## QUIZ

What will this Express server log in response to `GET /fruits`?

```
const express = require('express');
const app = express();

const fruits = ['apple', 'tomato', 'pear'];

app.get('/fruits/:id', (req, res, next) => {
  console.log(`request to /fruits/${req.params.id}`);
  res.send(fruits[req.params.id]);
});

app.get('/fruits', (req, res, next) => {
  console.log('request to /fruits, looking good!');
  res.send(fruits);
});

app.get('/fruits', (req, res, next) => {
  console.log('request to /fruits, feeling good!');
  res.send(fruits);
});
```

request to /fruits, looking good!



You got it!

Which Express method should be used for routes that will remove a resource?

`app.delete()`



You got it!

`app.get()`

`app.destroy()`

`app.put()`

Which code will set a status code of **200** and send an empty response?

```
app.status(200).send();
```

```
res.status(200);
```

```
req.status(200).send();
```

```
res.status(200).send();
```



You got it!

Which route will **GET /dogs/retriever/1** match?

```
app.get('/dogs/:breed/:id', (req, res, next) => {  
  });
```



You got it!

What will `req.query` look like in a route that matches a GET request to `/animals?color=green&age=4&eyes=2`

```
['color', 'age', 'eyes']
```

```
'color=green&age=4&eyes=2'
```

```
{ color: 'green', age: '4', eyes: '2', route: '/animals' }
```

```
{ color: 'green', age: '4', eyes: '2' }
```



You got it!

If this code has been run in Node on your computer, why will a GET request to `localhost:4001/` fail?

```
const express = require('express');
const app = express();

const port = 8000;

const expressIs = ['fun', 'rewarding', 'servetastic'];

app.get('/', (req, res, next) => {
  res.send(expressIs);
});

app.listen(port);
```

There is no route registered to handle that path.

The server is listening on port `8000`, not `4001`.



You got it!

In the code snippet below, what value should the `slothPath` string have in order for the route to match a `GET /animals/sloths` request?

```
const express = require('express');
const app = express();
const router = express.Router();

const sloths = ['slowpoke', 'fluffles', 'sonic'];

app.use('/animals', router);

let slothPath = // assign slothPath here

router.get(slothPath, (req, res, next) => {
  res.send(sloths);
});
```

`/animals/sloths`

`/sloth`

`/sloths`



You got it!

Which Express method should be used for routes that will create a new resource?

`app.get()`

`app.delete()`

`app.post()`



You got it!

`app.put()`

Which Express method will start a server?

`app.server()`

`app.run()`

`app.get()`

`app.listen()`



You got it!

Which Express method should be used for routes that will retrieve a resource?

`app.post()`

`app.put()`

`app.retrieve()`

`app.get()`



You got it!

Which code will create an Express server instance and save it to the variable `app`?

```
const express = require('express');  
const app = express();
```



You got it!

Which Express server method is used to update a resource?

`app.get()`

`app.put()`



You got it!

Which express method sends a response to the client?

`app.send()`

`res.send()`



You got it!

`res.respond()`

`req.send()`

What will `req.params` equal in this route with a GET request to `/users/user_1/purchases/100`?

```
app.get('/users/:name/purchases/:purchaseId', (req, res, next) => {  
  });
```

`{ ':name': 'user_1', ':purchaseId': '100' }`

`{ name: 'user_1', purchaseId: 100 }`

`?name=user_1&purchaseId=100`

`{ name: 'user_1', purchaseId: '100' }`



Correct! Both parameters are strings

