MODULE PRACTICE

jquery on method

```
//The .on() method adds a 'click' event to the '#login'
element. When the '#login' element is clicked, the callback
function will be executed, which reveals the '#login-form'
to the user.

$('#login').on('click', () => {
    $('#login-form').show();
});
```

The jQuery .on() method adds event listeners to jQuery objects and takes two arguments: a string declaring the event to listen for (such as 'click'), and the event handler callback function. The .on() method creates an event listener that detects when an event happens (for example: when a user clicks a button), and then calls the event handler callback function, which will execute any defined actions after the event has happened.

jquery event.currentTarget attribute

```
// Assuming there are several elements with the
// class 'blue-button', 'event.currentTarget' will
// refer to the individual element that was clicked.
$('.blue-button').on('click', event => {
    $(event.currentTarget).hide();
});
```

In a jQuery event listener callback, the event.currentTarget attribute only affects the individual element upon which the event was triggered, even if the listener is registered to a group of elements sharing a class or tag name.

jquery on event listeners

```
// A mouse event 'click'
$('#menu-button').on('click', () => {
    $('#menu').show();
});

// A keyboard event 'keyup'
$('#textbox').on('keyup', () => {
    $('#menu').show();
});

// A scroll event 'scroll'
$('#menu-button').on('scroll', () => {
    $('#menu').show();
});
```

jQuery .on() event listeners support all common browser event types such as mouse events, keyboard events, scroll events and more.

jquery event object

```
// Hides the '#menu' element when it has been clicked.
$('#menu').on('click', event => {
    // $(event.currentTarget) refers to the '#menu' element
that was clicked.
    $(event.currentTarget).hide();
});
```

In a jQuery event listener, an *event object* is passed into the event handler callback when an event occurs. The *event object* has several important properties such as **type** (the event type) and **currentTarget** (the individual DOM element upon which the event occurred).

jquery on method chaining

```
// Two .on() methods for 'mouseenter' and
// 'mouseleave' events chained onto the
// '#menu-button' element.
$('#menu-button').on('mouseenter', () => {
    $('#menu').show();
}).on('mouseleave', () => {
    $('#menu').hide();
});
```

jQuery .on() event listener methods can be chained together to add multiple events to the same element.