

QUIZ

Which of the following sets of words describe a WebSocket connection?

bidirectional, stateful, persistent



Correct!

bidirectional, stateful, request-response cycle

bidirectional, stateless, persistent

unidirectional, stateful, persistent

Which type of application does NOT benefit from WebSockets?

Multiplayer games.

Stock tickers.




A static web page.



Correct! An application that wants the current state of a resource when first loaded and does not want or require ongoing updates does not need a WebSocket connection.

Social feeds.

Fill in the blanks to complete the sentences about secure WebSocket connections.

The  `wss://` protocol works in the same way as the `ws://` protocol, except that the initial handshake takes place over  `HTTPS` instead of  `HTTP` .



You got it!

Which of the following is NOT TRUE of the upgrade headers between client and server involved in a WebSocket handshake?

The initial client request includes a header `Connection: Upgrade`

The initial client request includes a header `Sec-WebSocket-Version: 13`

The initial client request includes a header `Sec-WebSocket-Key: q4bvc032u222gldruKaSOv==`

The server responds with an `HTTP 200 Maintaining Protocols` response code along with its upgrade headers.



Correct - this is not the right response code header! The response code should be `HTTP 101 Switching Protocols`.

The initial client request includes a header `Upgrade: websocket`

Fill in each blank to match the three scenarios with the correct WebSocket communication pattern.



`Client > Server` : A user likes a post in their news feed.



`Server Broadcast` : All users in a chatroom are notified of a new message.



`Server > Client` : A welcome message is sent to a user who just joins the server.



You got it!

Before WebSockets, to provide real-time data, applications had to abuse the HTTP protocol resulting in the following issues EXCEPT:

Only a limited number of clients could connect to the server at once



Correct – this was not an issue caused by using HTTP!

Multiple TCP connections for each request-response cycle were needed to keep data up to date.

Necessity of cookies or sessions ids to sync state of client and server.

Buildup of latency due to headers passed between client and server for each TCP connection.

Fill in the blanks to describe the handshake protocol to initiate a WebSocket connection:

A WebSocket handshake begins with a ☒ request-response protocol over an HTTP connection. The ☒ client sends a request to the ☒ server to open a WebSocket connection. If capable the server responds and completes the handshake, opening up a connection. The ☒ WebSocket connection now replaces the ☒ HTTP connection.



You got it!

Fill in each blank to match the three scenarios with the correct WebSocket communication pattern.

- ☒ Client > Server : A user likes a post in their news feed.
- ☒ Server Broadcast : All users in a chatroom are notified of a new message.
- ☒ Server > Client : A welcome message is sent to a user who just joins the server.



You got it!