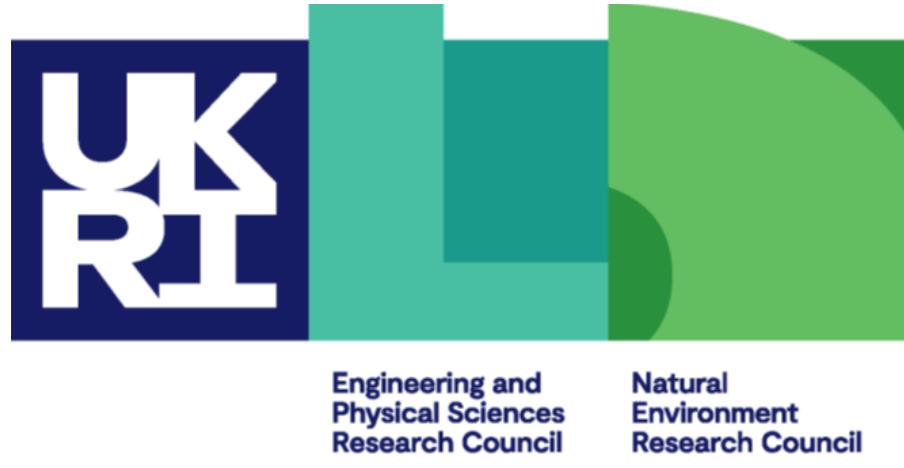


Using Blender for Scientific Visualisation



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Scope of presentation

This is an introductory webinar:

- Get an idea of the capabilities given by Blender
- Understand the workflow and requirements
- Know where to look for more information

What is Blender?

- Blender is a free and open-source 3D software
- Used for animated movies, vfx, art, motion graphics
- Includes 3D modelling, texturing, animation tools, simulations (particles, fluid, soft body, hair etc.)
- **Ray tracing rendering**

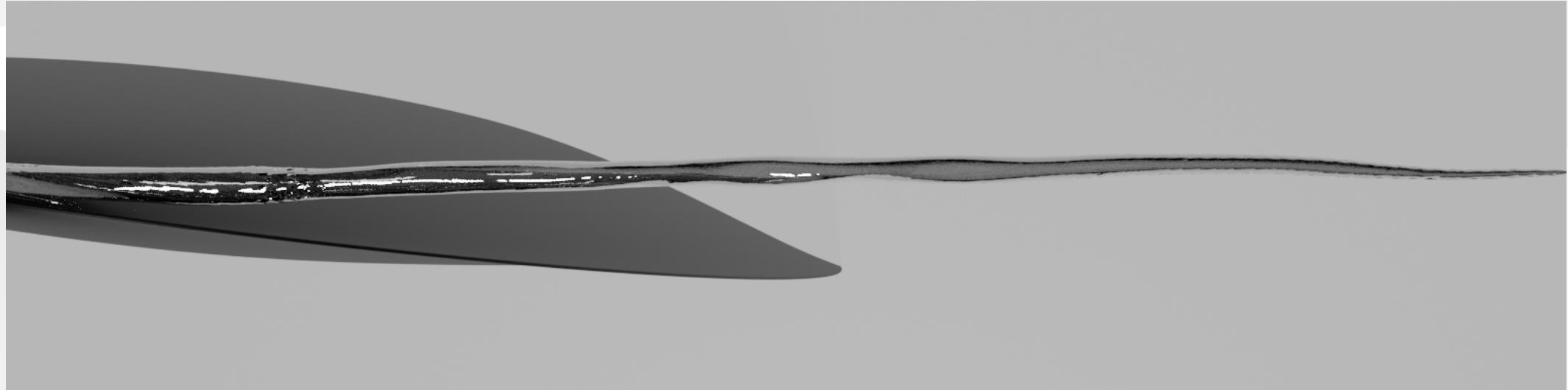
Why use it for scientific visualisation?

- A lot more capable than scientific oriented visualisation tools (e.g. ParaView)
 - Better camera handling, motion
 - Better texturing (water, objects etc.)
 - Easier rendering pipeline
- More engaging visualisation:
 - Outreach
 - Social media
 - Fund applications
 - Papers
- More scientifically accurate rendering (IOR, camera properties etc.)

Basics of visualisation design

- What is the aim?
 - Explain a concept, show off capabilities, compare with experiments, etc.
- Who is the audience?
 - Vocabulary, Details, Colour scheme, Type
- What is the medium?
 - Background colour, text size, contrast, duration, animation speed etc.

Example



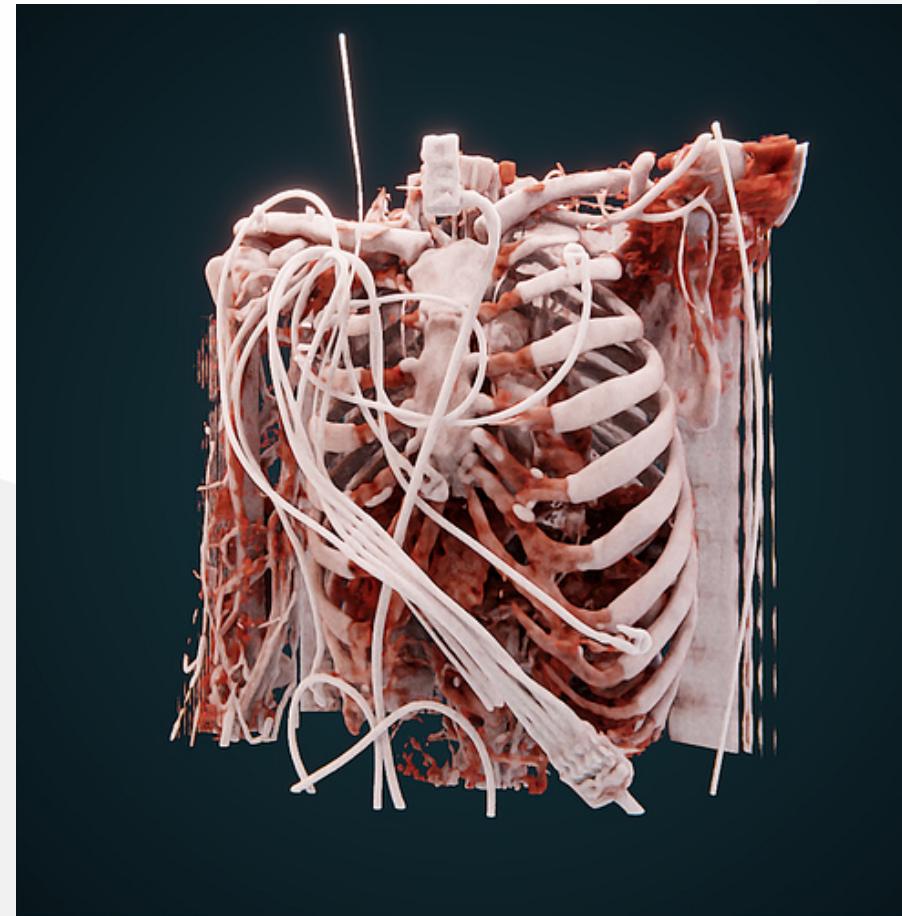
source: [Klapwijk, Maarten \(2021\).](#)

Example



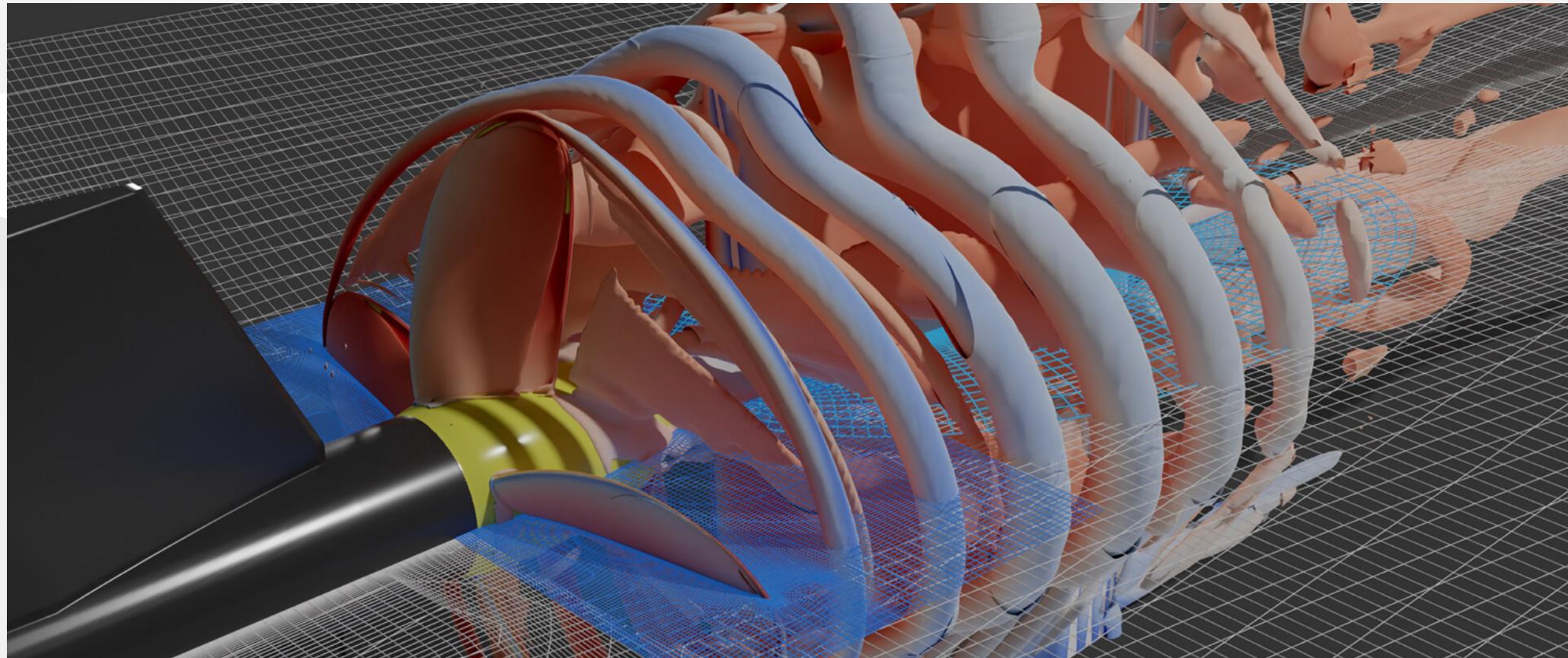
source: [Klapwijk, Maarten.; Lemaire, Sébastien \(2021\)](#)

Example



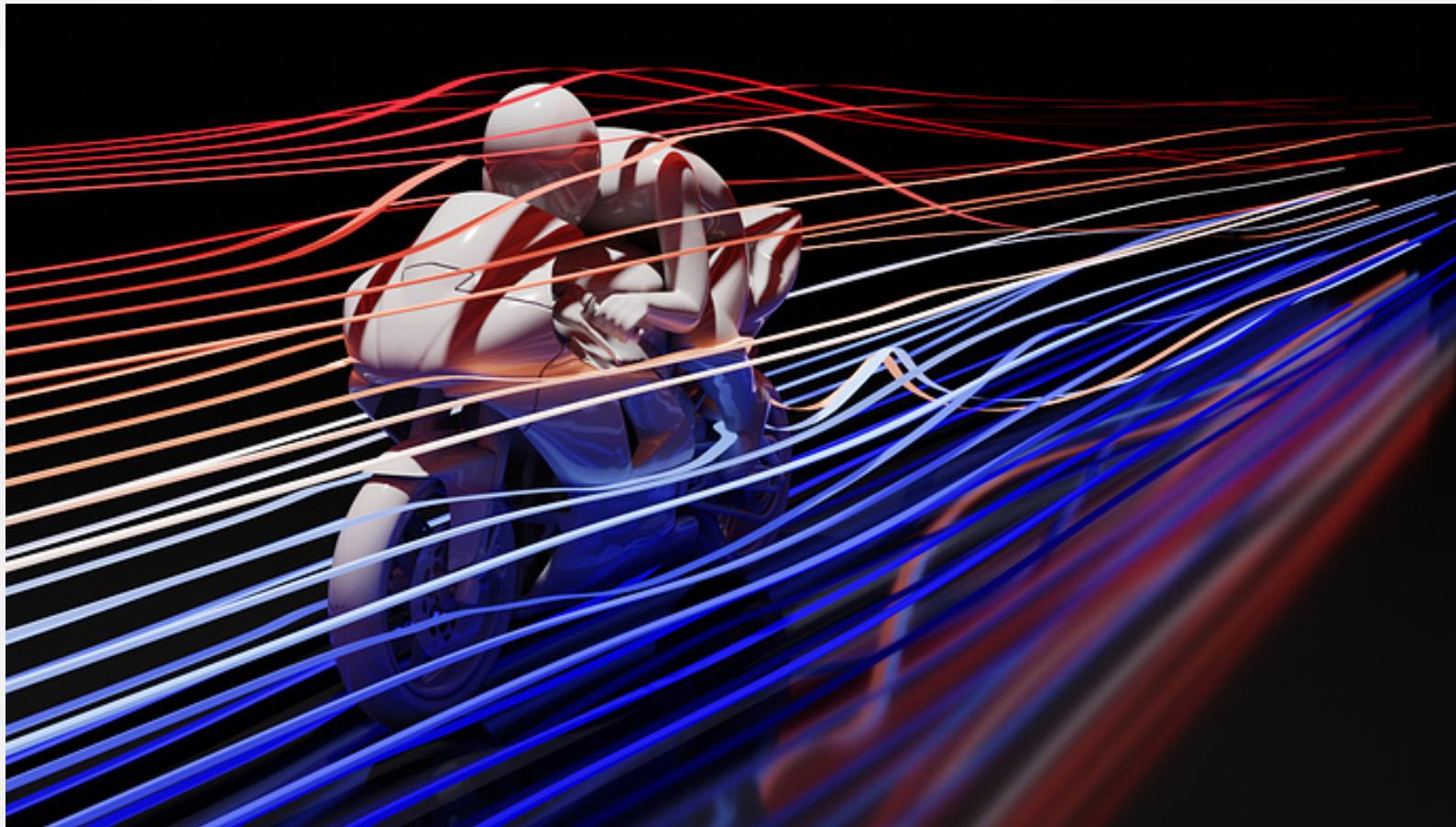
source: [Silvano Imboden, 2020](#)

Example



source: [Lemaire, Sebastien \(2023\)](#)

Example



source: [Tuomo Keskitalo using BVtkNodes](#)

Example

- [FlipFluid demo reel](#)

Example

- <https://blenderartists.org/t/bvtknodes-gallery/1161079/77>

General workflow

- Run simulation
- Postprocess it (Paraview for example)
- Export intermediary files
- Import them in Blender
- Design and setup the render
- Generate renders (single image or animation)

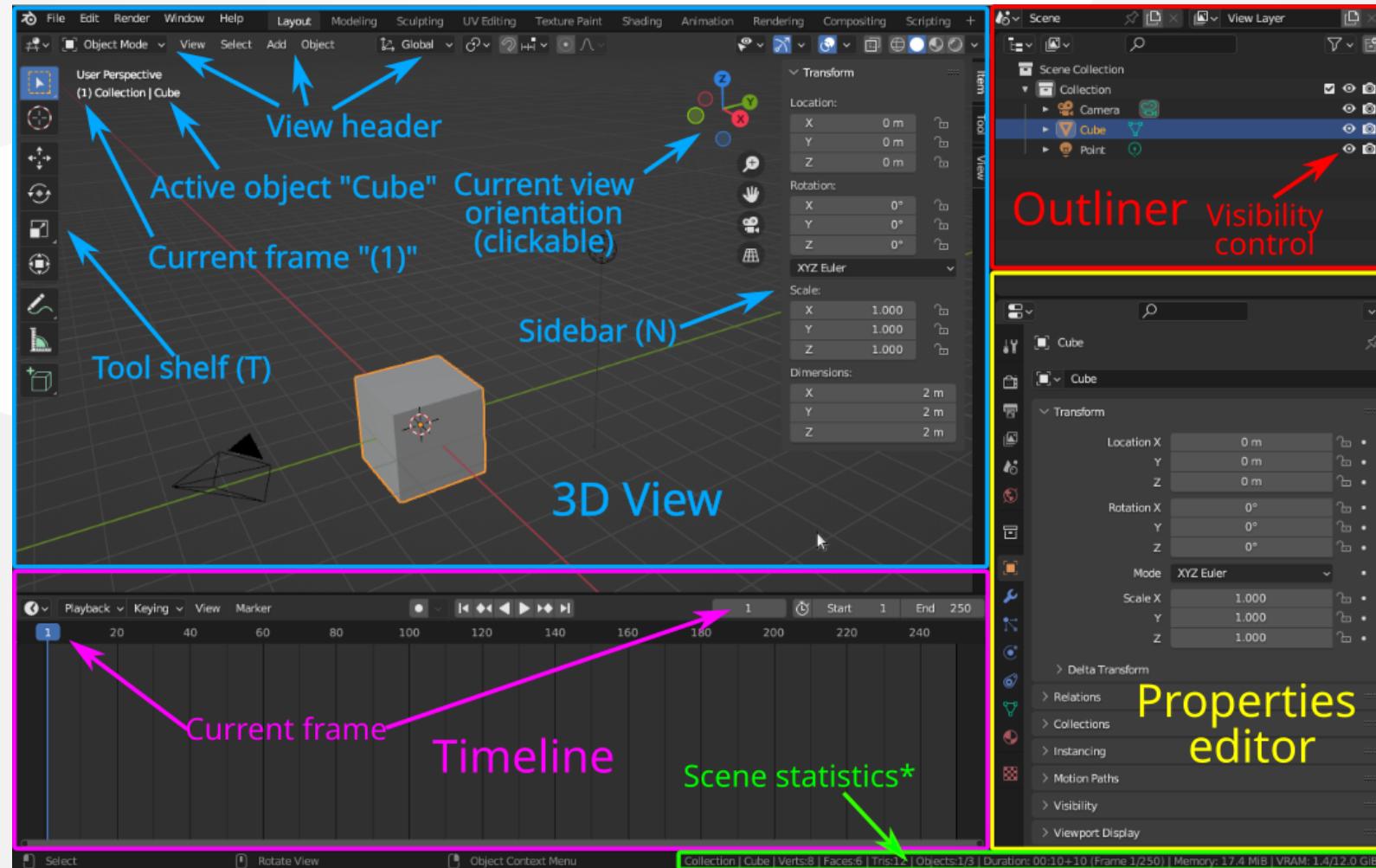
File Import

Blender can read a wide range of files, mainly:

.ply	.x3d	.vdb
single surface	multiple surfaces	volume
binary file	ASCII (XML) file	binary file
	slow import time	
single color/vertex	single color/vertex	multiple fields

- but also .dae , .abc , .usd , .obj , .stl , .fbx , .gltf ...
- external addons like: bVTKnode

Blender interface



Designing a scene

- Lights
 - Type: point, area, sun
 - Intensity
 - or HDRi 360 image
- Materials
 - Colour, roughness,
 - Complex textures with node setup
- Camera
 - Position, aspect ratio, resolution
 - Focal length, Aperture, Focus point

Rendering

- Setting up the Engine -> Cycles
- Output resolution and number of samples
- Rendering backend
 - CPU
 - GPU (CUDA, optiX, HIP or oneAPI)
- On your local machine -> F12

HPC specific workflow

- Get Blender from <https://www.blender.org/download/>
- Running headless

```
blender -b scene.blend -o "export-###.png" -E CYCLES -f 1 -- --cycles-device CPU
```

- Devices available: `CPU`, `CUDA`, `OPTIX`, `HIP`, `ONEAPI` and `METAL`
- https://docs.blender.org/manual/en/latest/advanced/command_line/arguments.html

Render animations

- Generate intermediary files (.x3d, .ply etc.)
- Rendering: use Blender's python API to load them for each timestep

```
import bpy  
  
...  
bpy.ops.import_scene.x3d(filepath=x3d_filename)  
objs['Shape_IndexedFaceSet'].material_slots['Shape'].material = bpy.data.materials['Qcrit']  
bpy.ops.render.render(write_still=True)
```

```
blender -b scene_anim.blend -P loader.py ...
```

- <https://docs.blender.org/api/current>

Performance considerations

- Single node only
 - CPU: scales well with core count
 - GPU:
 - can run on multiple GPUs
 - doesn't scale ideally
 - with animations, better to distribute load on multiple single GPU instances
- Benchmarks data: <https://opendata.blender.org/benchmarks/query>

Resources

- **Introduction to Scientific Visualisation with Blender:** [free MOOC by Surf](#)
 - Detailed course with example files, videos, cheat sheets etc.
- Cinematic Scientific Visualization: Where Science Meets Hollywood Visual Effects: [presentation by Kalina Borkiewicz](#)
- 3D Data Visualisation for Science Communication: [free MOOC by Advanced Visualization Lab at NCSA](#)
- BlenderGuru: [Video tutorials on youtube](#)

Questions?

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