

## Trigonometry

$$\# \sin(A \pm B) = \sin A \cos B \pm \cos A \sin B$$
$$\cos(A \pm B) = \cos A \cos B \mp \sin A \sin B$$

$$\# \sin(A+B) \sin(A-B) = \sin^2 A - \sin^2 B$$
$$= \cos^2 B - \cos^2 A$$

$$\cos(A+B) \cos(A-B) = \cos^2 A - \sin^2 B$$
$$= \cos^2 B - \sin^2 A$$

$$\# \tan(A \pm B) = \frac{\tan A \pm \tan B}{1 \mp \tan A \tan B}$$

$$\cot(A \pm B) = \frac{\cot A \cot B \mp 1}{\cot B \pm \cot A}$$

$$\# \sin C + \sin D = 2 \sin \frac{C+D}{2} \cos \frac{C-D}{2}$$

$$\sin C - \sin D = 2 \cos \frac{C+D}{2} \sin \frac{C-D}{2}$$

$$\cos C + \cos D = 2 \cos \frac{C+D}{2} \cos \frac{C-D}{2}$$

$$\cos C - \cos D = 2 \sin \frac{C+D}{2} \sin \frac{D-C}{2}$$

$$\# \sin 3A = 3 \sin A - 4 \sin^3 A$$

$$\cos 3A = 4 \cos^3 A - 3 \cos A$$

$$\sin 2A = \frac{2 \tan A}{1 + \tan^2 A}$$

$$\cos 2A = \frac{1 - \tan^2 A}{1 + \tan^2 A}$$

$$\tan^2 A = \frac{1 - \cos 2A}{1 + \cos 2A}$$

$$\cos 2A = \cos^2 A - \sin^2 A$$

$$1 + \cos 2\theta = 2 \cos^2 \theta$$

$$1 - \cos 2\theta = 2 \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\tan 3\theta = \frac{3 \tan \theta - \tan^3 \theta}{1 - 3 \tan^2 \theta}$$