

# An overview

A platform where people can search, rent and loan furniture

The two actors in the system are:

- The admin :
  - Creates accounts and maintain inventory
- The Customer :
  - Loans/rents furniture

Storage of details for furniture:

- Type,
- Relevant images
- Rental price
- Cost price
- Interest rate
- Reviews

Useful for people who are looking to refurbish their house after relocation  
*and this was our motivation!*

# Tools used

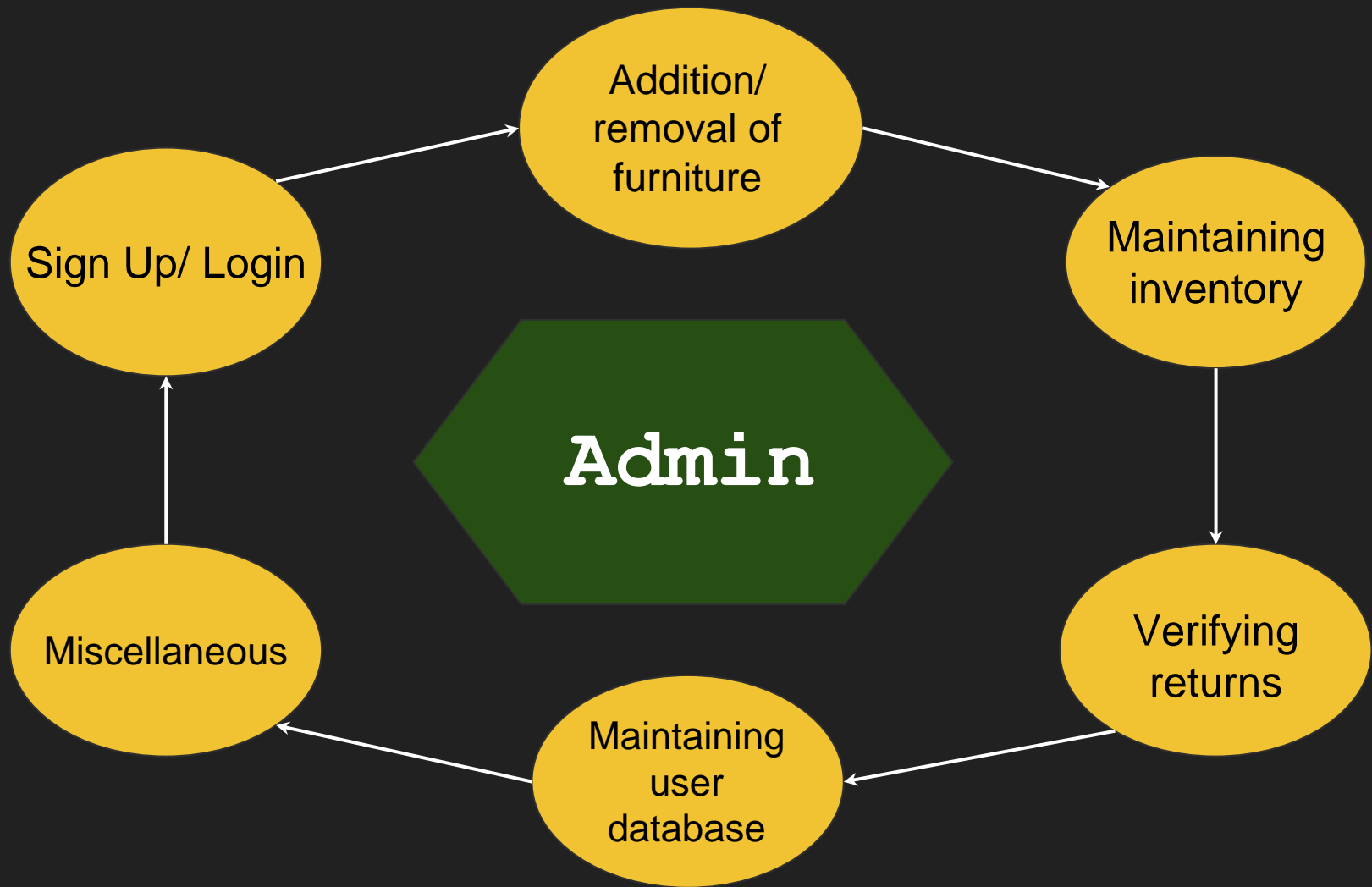
Tkinter

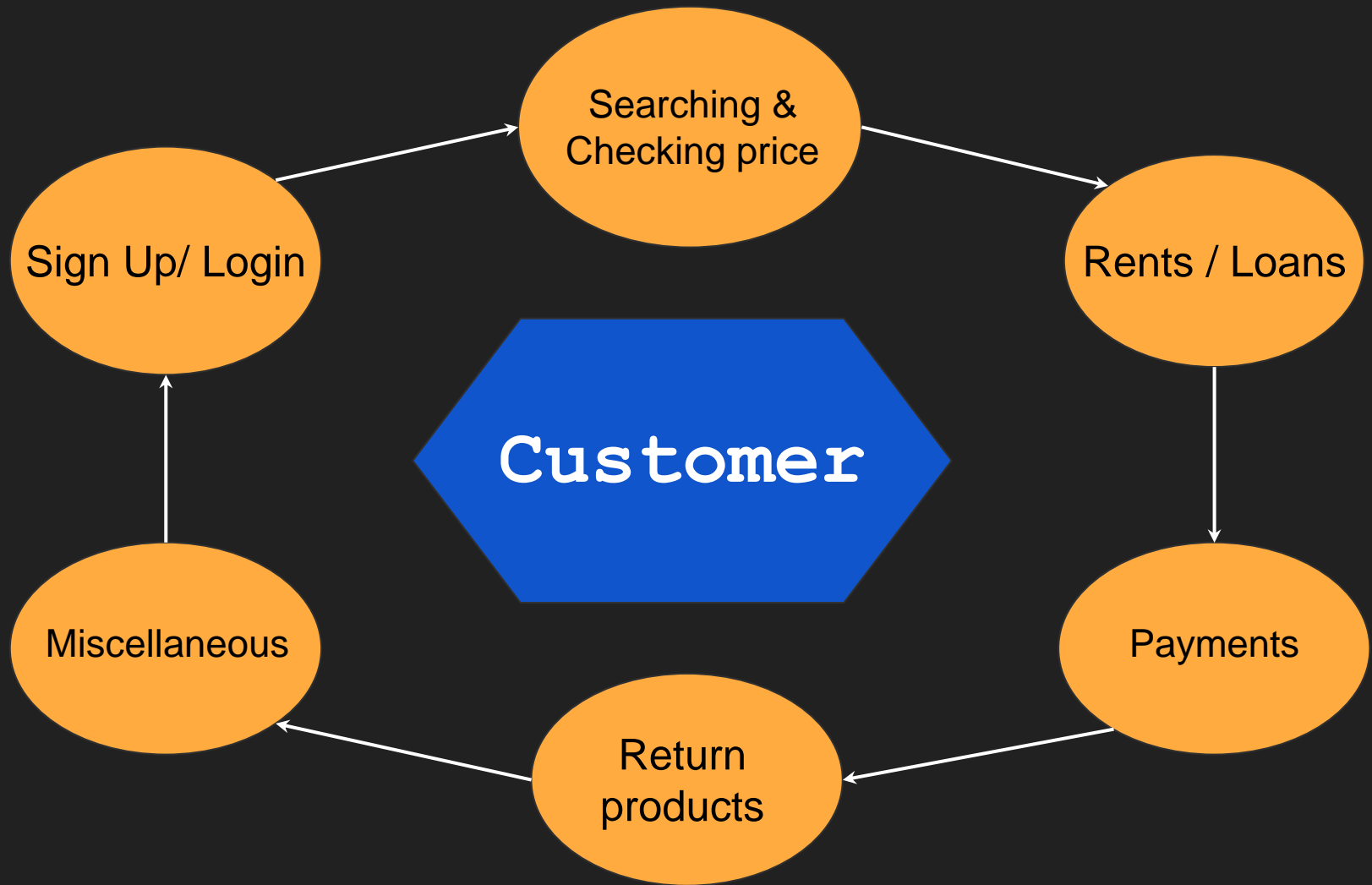


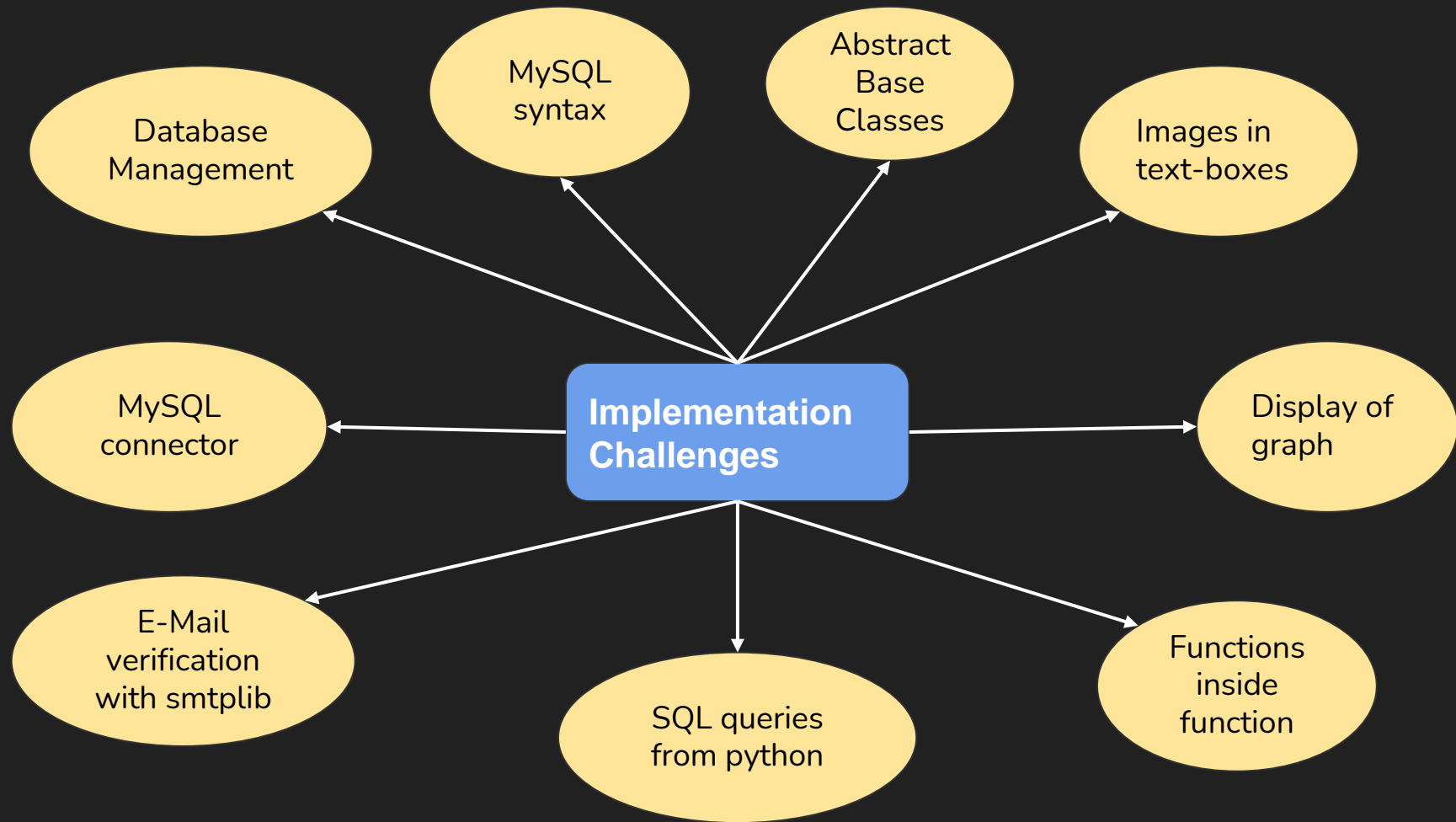
matplotlib

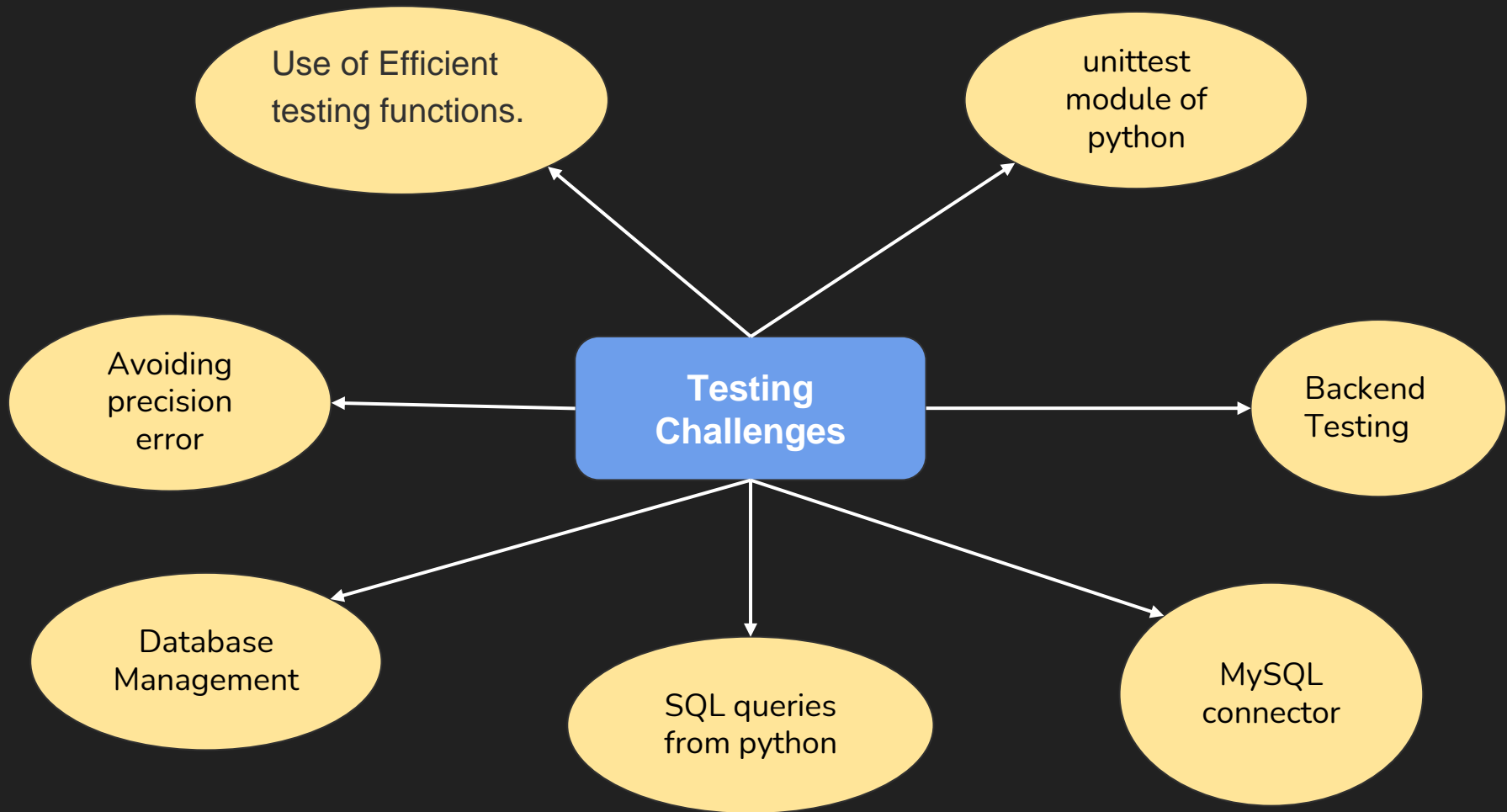


# Features and Functionalities



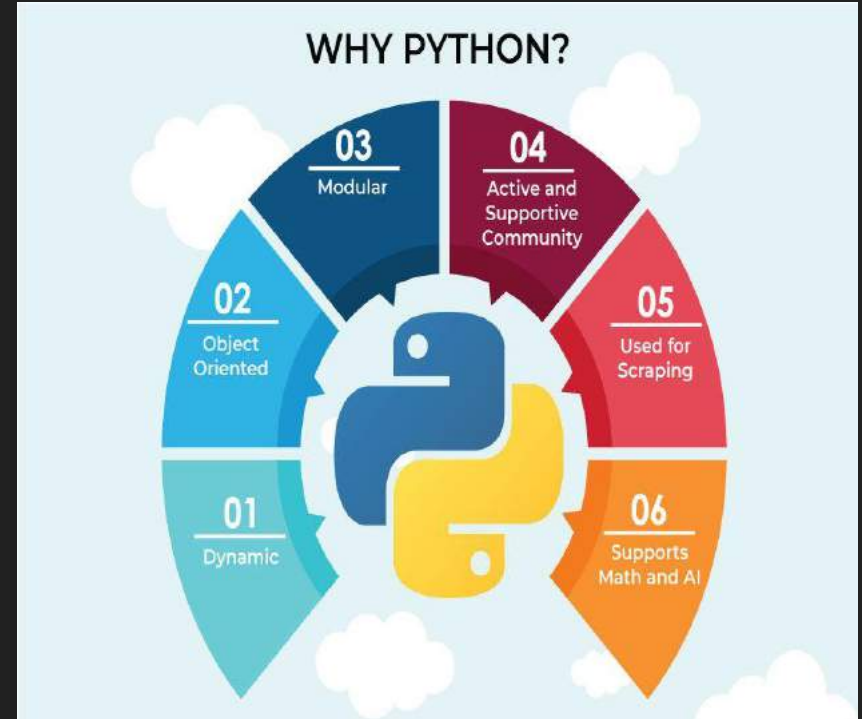






# Motivation to Choose Python

- Simplified Syntax and similarity with natural language.
- Excellent libraries which reduce time and effort of development.
- Ultimate tool to play with graphs and data science.
- Great integration of MySQL as a database management tool.
- Easy to use GUI with Tkinter.
- Vast support of error detection with the VSCode editor.





# e-mail verification

ft. smtplib



frental123@gmail.com

to ▼

OTP for login verification to our Furniture rental store system is 5547

↩ Reply

➡ Forward

Sign Up

Success! Email has been sent. Enter OTP sent to email id in 2 minutes

Name

Username

Enter password

Confirm password

Enter the address

Enter the phone number

Enter email id

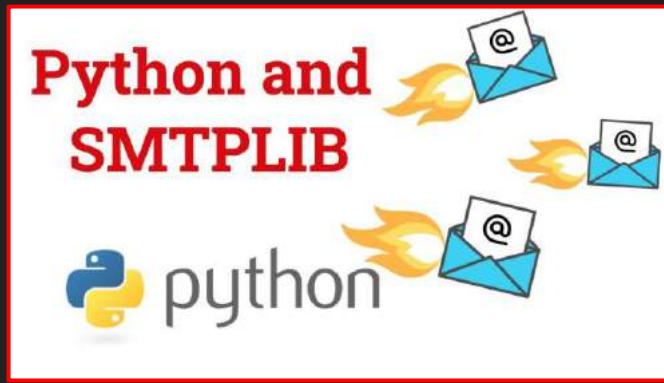
☐ Admin ☒ Customer

**Verify details and send email**

Enter the OTP here:

**Verify OTP!**

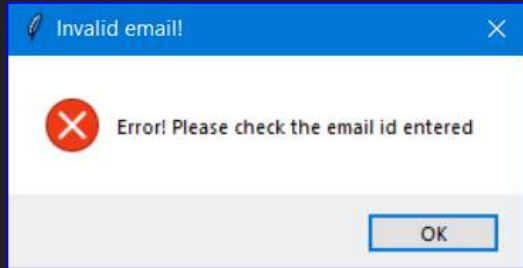
**Sign Up**



```
import smtplib
import random
import time
```

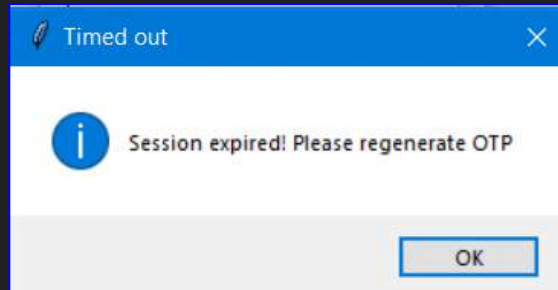
Use of the smtplib library to verify e-mail

Using random library to generate random OTPs.

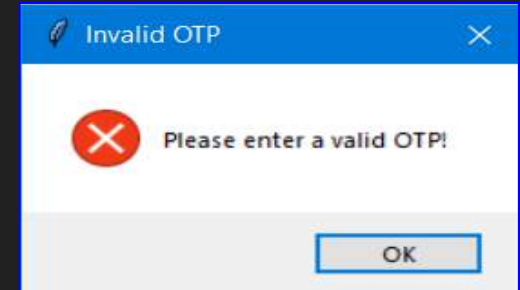


Email id validation

ERRORS!!



2 min limit



Final validation

## Price Calculation while Buying Furniture

$$NewInterest = InterestRate \cdot 2^{-count}$$

*count = Number of orders in the past*

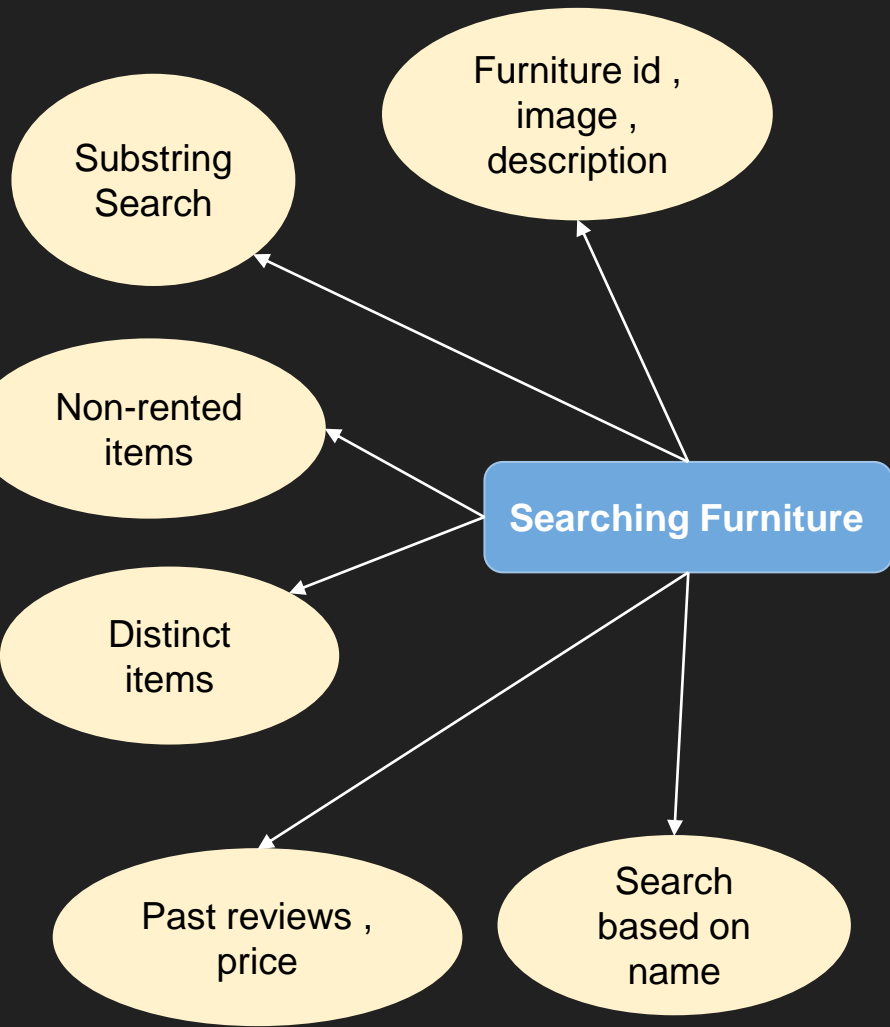
Interest Rate based on past order history

$$Price = Principal \cdot \left( 1 + InterestRate \cdot \frac{TimePeriod}{100} \right)$$

Price Calculation while buying on loan

$$NewPrice = OldPrice \cdot \frac{(DaysRented + 9)}{10}$$


Price Calculation while buying on rent



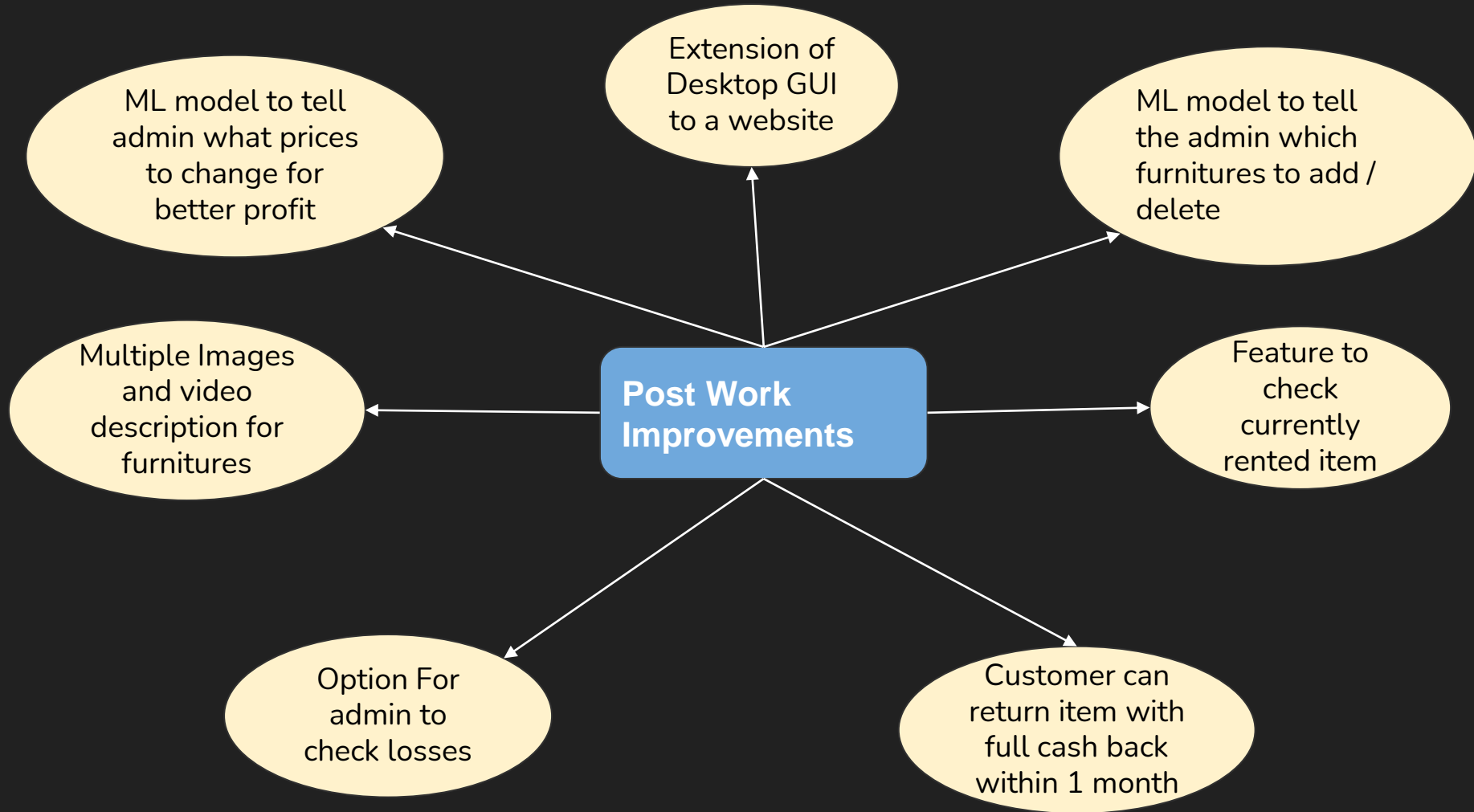
Search for furniture

Enter the name :

**Search Now**



Id : 5  
Name : table  
Company : tata  
Price : 1111.00  
Description : good table  
Interest Rate : 12.00  
Reviews :



**Post Work  
Improvements**

ML model to tell  
admin what prices  
to change for  
better profit

Extension of  
Desktop GUI  
to a website

ML model to tell  
the admin which  
furnitures to add /  
delete

Feature to  
check  
currently  
rented item

Customer can  
return item with  
full cash back  
within 1 month

Option For  
admin to  
check losses

Multiple Images  
and video  
description for  
furnitures

# unittest module of python

01

## UnitTest Module

- Verification of each functionality
- Validation by the QA team

02

## Validation and Verification

- First level of software testing
- Unit testing each class
- Integration testing

03

## OOP Concepts supported by framework

- Test Fixture
- Test Case
- Test Suite
- Test Runner

04

## Possible Outcomes

- OK
- FAIL
- ERROR

# How to Use unittest module of python

## Process 1

Import unittest module and Define Testcase Subclass

## Process 2

Define a function or a class (in our case) that is to be tested.

## Process 3

Define a Test class as a subclass of unittest.TestCase

## Process 4

In the class defined in Process 3 test each of the functions or methods of the class one by one.

## Process 5

Then Execute the tests by the command \$python -m unittest {filename}.py

```
import unittest

class TestFurnitureMethods(unittest.TestCase):
    myfurniture = Furniture(1, "Center Table", "neelka")

    def test_id(self):
        self.assertEqual(self.myfurniture.getId(), 1)
```

.....

-----  
Ran 16 tests in 0.003s

OK

# Backend / Database Testing

test.py is used to Test all the operations that involve any kind of reading and writing to the database.



## Made a test.py file

test.py file contains all the function used for testing

Imported test.py in the main program and checked at each step whether the right query is made and the desired changes are being done or not in the main database.

```
def testfurnituredelete(fur_id):  
    exe = "SELECT * FROM furnitures WHERE id = %s"  
    va = (fur_id,)   
    my_cursor1.execute(exe, va)  
    res = my_cursor1.fetchall()  
    mydb1.commit()  
    if len(res) > 0:  
        print("DELETE DAMAGED FURNITURE : FAILED")  
    else:  
        print("DELETE DAMAGED FURNITURE : PASSED")
```



A SHORT DEMO

