

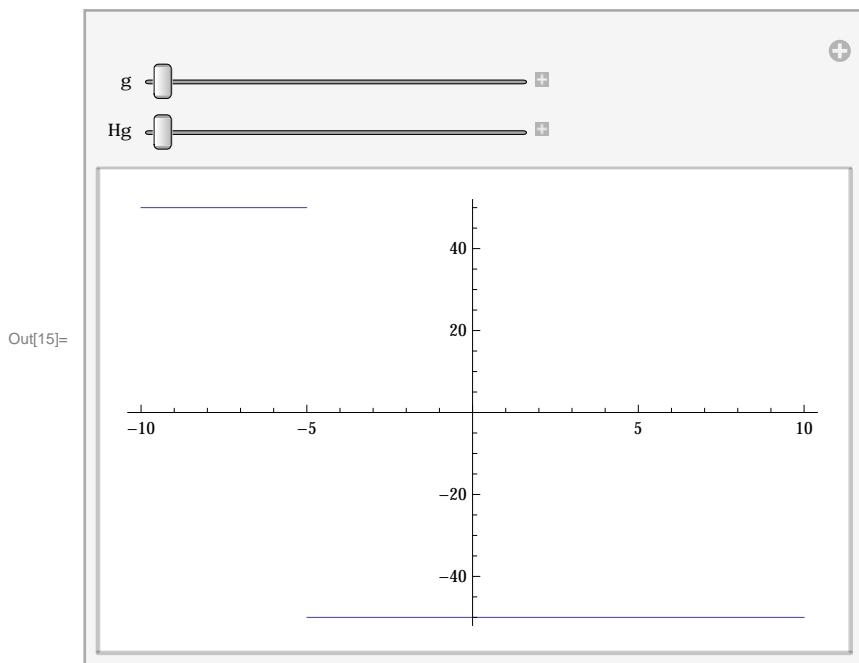
Karlqvist Perpendicular and Longitudinal Head Equations

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Magnetic Potential Deep accros the head gap:

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 $\Phi[x_] :=$ 
Piecewise[{{{-Hg x, -g / 2 <= x <= g / 2}, {-g Hg / 2, x >= g / 2}, {g Hg / 2, x < -g / 2}}]
```

In[15]:= Manipulate[Plot[
Piecewise[{{{-Hg x, -g / 2 <= x <= g / 2}, {-g Hg / 2, x >= g / 2}, {g Hg / 2, x < -g / 2}}],
{x, -10, 10}], {g, -10, 10}, {Hg, -10, 10}]



Attempts to integrate:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Int1} = \text{Integrate} & \left[\frac{y1}{\pi} \frac{\Phi[x]}{(x1 - x)^2 + y1^2}, \right. \\
 & \left. \{x, -\infty, \infty\}, \text{Assumptions} \rightarrow x1 > 0 \& y1 > 0 \right] \\
 & \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} -\frac{g Hg \left(\pi - 2 \operatorname{ArcCot}\left[\frac{2 y1}{g-2 x1}\right] + 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2 y1}{g-2 x1}\right]\right)}{4 \pi} & g \leq 0 \\ -\frac{1}{4 \pi} Hg \left(g \pi - 2 g \operatorname{ArcCot}\left[\frac{2 y1}{g+2 x1}\right] + 4 x1 \operatorname{ArcCot}\left[\frac{2 y1}{g-2 x1}\right] + \right. \\ \left. 4 x1 \operatorname{ArcCot}\left[\frac{2 y1}{g+2 x1}\right] - 2 g \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2 y1}{g+2 x1}\right] - 4 y1 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{4 g x1}{g^2 + 4 (x1^2 + y1^2)}\right]\right) & \text{True} \end{array} \right.
 \end{aligned}$$

This does not give the cleare solution mathematica doesn't know so one has to do following

$$\int_{-\infty}^{-g/2} \frac{y1}{\pi} \frac{\Phi[x_-]}{(x1 - x)^2 + y1^2} dx + \int_{-g/2}^{g/2} \frac{y1}{\pi} \frac{\Phi[x_-]}{(x1 - x)^2 + y1^2} dx + \int_{g/2}^{\infty} \frac{y1}{\pi} \frac{\Phi[x_-]}{(x1 - x)^2 + y1^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a1 = \text{Integrate} & \left[\frac{y1}{\pi} \frac{g Hg / 2}{(-x + x1)^2 + y1^2}, \right. \\
 & \left. \{x, -\infty, -g/2\}, \text{Assumptions} \rightarrow x1 > 0 \& y1 > 0 \right] // \text{Expand}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{g Hg}{4} - \frac{g Hg \operatorname{ArcCot}\left[\frac{2 y1}{g+2 x1}\right]}{2 \pi}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a2 = \text{Integrate} & \left[\frac{y1}{\pi} \frac{-g Hg / 2}{(-x + x1)^2 + y1^2}, \right. \\
 & \left. \{x, g/2, \infty\}, \text{Assumptions} \rightarrow x1 > 0 \& y1 > 0 \right] // \text{Expand}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{g Hg}{4} + \frac{g Hg \operatorname{ArcCot}\left[\frac{2 y1}{g-2 x1}\right]}{2 \pi}$$

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a3 = Integrate[y1 (-Hg x)/Pi ((-x+x1)^2 + y1^2), {x, -g/2, g/2}, Assumptions -> x1 > 0 && y1 > 0]
ConditionalExpression[-(1/(2 π)) Hg (2 x1 ArcTan[(g - 2 x1)/(2 y1)] + 2 x1 ArcTan[(g + 2 x1)/(2 y1)] +
y1 (Log[g^2 - 4 g x1 + 4 (x1^2 + y1^2)] - Log[g^2 + 4 g x1 + 4 (x1^2 + y1^2)])), 
(x1 Im[1/g] != y1 Re[1/g] || 1 + 2 y1 Im[1/g] + 2 x1 Re[1/g] < 0 || 2 y1 Im[1/g] + 2 x1 Re[1/g] > 1) &&
(x1 Im[1/g] + y1 Re[1/g] != 0 || 1 + 2 y1 Im[1/g] < 2 x1 Re[1/g] || 1 + 2 x1 Re[1/g] < 2 y1 Im[1/g]) &&
((x1^2 Im[g]^2)/(y1^2 Re[g]^2) == 1 || y1^2 ≥ (x1^2 Im[g]^2)/(Re[g]^2) || (2 x1)/(Re[g]) ≥ 1 || 1 + (2 x1)/(Re[g]) ≤ 0)]

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But this last expression doesn't seem to be correct, I think i need to use another method suggested by Hans from wolfram.

```

j1 = (1/π) -y1 Integrate[g Hg / 2/((-x+x1)^2 + y1^2), x, Assumptions -> x1 > 0 && y1 > 0]
g Hg ArcTan[x-x1/y1]/(2 π)
j2 = (1/π) -y1 Integrate[-Hg x/((-x+x1)^2 + y1^2), x, Assumptions -> x1 > 0 && y1 > 0]
Hg y1 (x1 ArcTan[x-x1/y1]/y1 + 1/2 Log[(x - x1)^2 + y1^2])/π
j3 = (1/π) -y1 Integrate[-g Hg / 2/((-x+x1)^2 + y1^2), x, Assumptions -> x1 > 0 && y1 > 0]
g Hg ArcTan[x-x1/y1]/(2 π)
t1 = Simplify[(j1 /. x -> -g/2) - (j1 /. x -> -∞), y1 > 0] // Expand
g Hg - g Hg ArcTan[g+2 x1/(2 y1)]/2 π
4

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t3 = Simplify[(j3 /. x → ∞) - (j3 /. x → g / 2), y1 > 0] // Expand

$$-\frac{g Hg}{4} + \frac{g Hg \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\frac{g-2 x1}{2}}{y1}\right]}{2 \pi}$$


t2 = Collect[(j2 /. x → g / 2) - (j2 /. x → -g / 2) // Factor, y1] /.
Log[u_] - Log[v_] → Log[u/v]

$$\frac{Hg \left(2 x1 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-\frac{g}{2}-x1}{y1}\right]-2 x1 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\frac{g}{2}-x1}{y1}\right]\right)}{2 \pi}+\frac{Hg y1 \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{\left(-\frac{g}{2}-x1\right)^2+y1^2}{\left(\frac{g}{2}-x1\right)^2+y1^2}\right]}{2 \pi}$$


t1 + t2 + t3 // Simplify

$$\frac{1}{2 \pi} Hg \left((g-2 x1) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{g-2 x1}{2 y1}\right]-(g+2 x1) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{g+2 x1}{2 y1}\right]+y1 \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{\frac{1}{4} (g+2 x1)^2+y1^2}{\frac{1}{4} (g-2 x1)^2+y1^2}\right]\right)$$


$$-\partial_g \frac{1}{2 \pi}$$


$$Hg \left((g-2 x1) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{g-2 x1}{2 y1}\right]-(g+2 x1) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{g+2 x1}{2 y1}\right]+y1 \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{\frac{1}{4} (g+2 x1)^2+y1^2}{\frac{1}{4} (g-2 x1)^2+y1^2}\right]\right)$$


$$-\frac{1}{2 \pi} Hg \left(\frac{g-2 x1}{2 \left(1+\frac{(g-2 x1)^2}{4 y1^2}\right) y1}-\frac{g+2 x1}{2 \left(1+\frac{(g+2 x1)^2}{4 y1^2}\right) y1}+\right.$$


$$\left.y1 \left(\frac{1}{4} (g-2 x1)^2+y1^2\right) \left(\frac{g+2 x1}{2 \left(\frac{1}{4} (g-2 x1)^2+y1^2\right)}-\frac{(g-2 x1) \left(\frac{1}{4} (g+2 x1)^2+y1^2\right)}{2 \left(\frac{1}{4} (g-2 x1)^2+y1^2\right)^2}\right)\right)/$$


$$\left.\left(\frac{1}{4} (g+2 x1)^2+y1^2\right)+\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{g-2 x1}{2 y1}\right]-\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{g+2 x1}{2 y1}\right]\right)$$


```

Last expression is what looks like book's

The next expression is also correct,

t1 + t2 + t3 // FullSimplify

$$\frac{1}{2 \pi} Hg \left((g-2 x1) \operatorname{ArcCot}\left[\frac{2 y1}{g-2 x1}\right]-(g+2 x1) \operatorname{ArcCot}\left[\frac{2 y1}{g+2 x1}\right]+y1 \operatorname{Log}\left[1+\frac{8 g x1}{(g-2 x1)^2+4 y1^2}\right]\right)$$

Derivatives:

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi[x1_, y1_] &:= \frac{1}{2 \pi} \\ &\text{Hg} \left((g - 2 x1) \text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{g - 2 x1}{2 y1} \right] - (g + 2 x1) \text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{g + 2 x1}{2 y1} \right] + y1 \text{Log} \left[\frac{\frac{1}{4} (g + 2 x1)^2 + y1^2}{\frac{1}{4} (g - 2 x1)^2 + y1^2} \right] \right); \\ H[x1_] &:= -D[\Phi[x1, y1], x1]; \\ H[x1] &= -\frac{1}{2 \pi} \text{Hg} \left(-\frac{g - 2 x1}{\left(1 + \frac{(g - 2 x1)^2}{4 y1^2}\right) y1} - \frac{g + 2 x1}{\left(1 + \frac{(g + 2 x1)^2}{4 y1^2}\right) y1} + \right. \\ &\quad \left. y1 \left(\frac{1}{4} (g - 2 x1)^2 + y1^2\right) \left(\frac{g + 2 x1}{\frac{1}{4} (g - 2 x1)^2 + y1^2} - \frac{(-g + 2 x1) \left(\frac{1}{4} (g + 2 x1)^2 + y1^2\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{4} (g - 2 x1)^2 + y1^2\right)^2} \right) \right) / \\ &\quad \left(\frac{1}{4} (g + 2 x1)^2 + y1^2 \right) - 2 \text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{g - 2 x1}{2 y1} \right] - 2 \text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{g + 2 x1}{2 y1} \right] \end{aligned}$$

Simplify[%31]

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{\text{Hg} \left(\text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{g - 2 x1}{2 y1} \right] + \text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{g + 2 x1}{2 y1} \right] \right)}{\pi} \\ Hx[x1_, y1_] &= \frac{\text{Hg} \left(\text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{g - 2 x1}{2 y1} \right] + \text{ArcTan} \left[\frac{g + 2 x1}{2 y1} \right] \right)}{\pi}; \\ Hy[x1_, y1_] &= -D[\Phi[x1, y1], y1]; \end{aligned}$$

Hy[x1, y1]

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Hg} \left(-\frac{(g - 2x1)^2}{2 \left(1 + \frac{(g-2x1)^2}{4y1^2} \right) y1^2} + \frac{(g + 2x1)^2}{2 \left(1 + \frac{(g+2x1)^2}{4y1^2} \right) y1^2} + \right. \\
 & \left. y1 \left(\frac{1}{4} (g - 2x1)^2 + y1^2 \right) \left(\frac{2y1}{\frac{1}{4} (g - 2x1)^2 + y1^2} - \frac{2y1 \left(\frac{1}{4} (g + 2x1)^2 + y1^2 \right)}{\left(\frac{1}{4} (g - 2x1)^2 + y1^2 \right)^2} \right) \right) / \\
 & \left(\frac{1}{4} (g + 2x1)^2 + y1^2 \right) + \operatorname{Log} \left[\frac{\frac{1}{4} (g + 2x1)^2 + y1^2}{\frac{1}{4} (g - 2x1)^2 + y1^2} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

Simplify[%40]

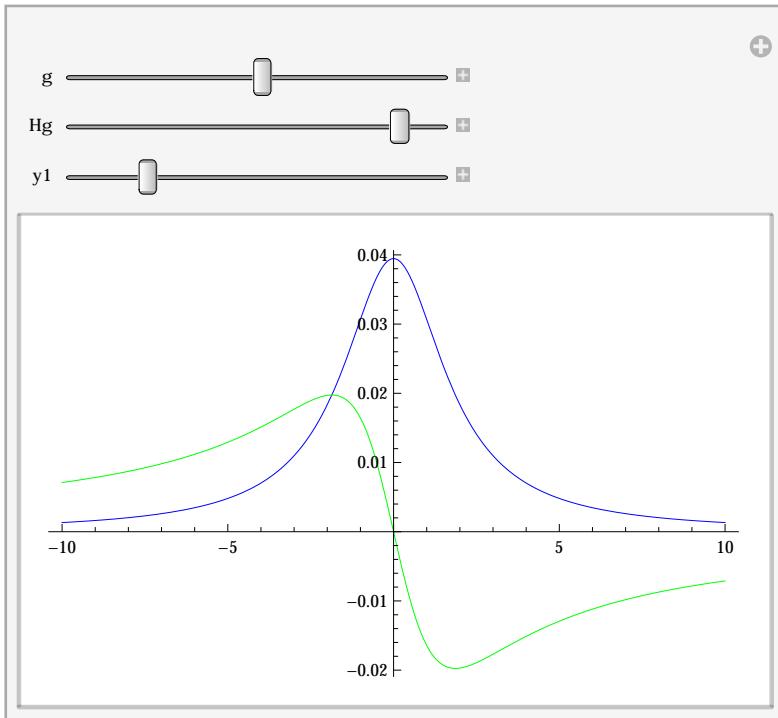
$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{\operatorname{Hg Log} \left[\frac{\frac{1}{4} (g+2x1)^2+y1^2}{\frac{1}{4} (g-2x1)^2+y1^2} \right]}{2\pi} \\
 & \operatorname{Hy}[x1_, y1_] := -\frac{\operatorname{Hg Log} \left[\frac{\frac{1}{4} (g+2x1)^2+y1^2}{\frac{1}{4} (g-2x1)^2+y1^2} \right]}{2\pi};
 \end{aligned}$$

Plots:

```

Manipulate[
 Show[Plot[(Hg ArcTan[g - 2 x1]/(2 y1) + ArcTan[g + 2 x1]/(2 y1))/
 π, {x1, -10, 10}, PlotStyle -> Blue],
 Plot[-(Hg Log[(1/4 (g + 2 x1)^2 + y1^2)/
 (1/4 (g - 2 x1)^2 + y1^2)]/2 π), {x1, -10, 10}, PlotStyle -> Green]],
 PlotRange -> Automatic], {g, -8, 8}, {Hg, -1, 1}, {y1, 0, 10}]

```

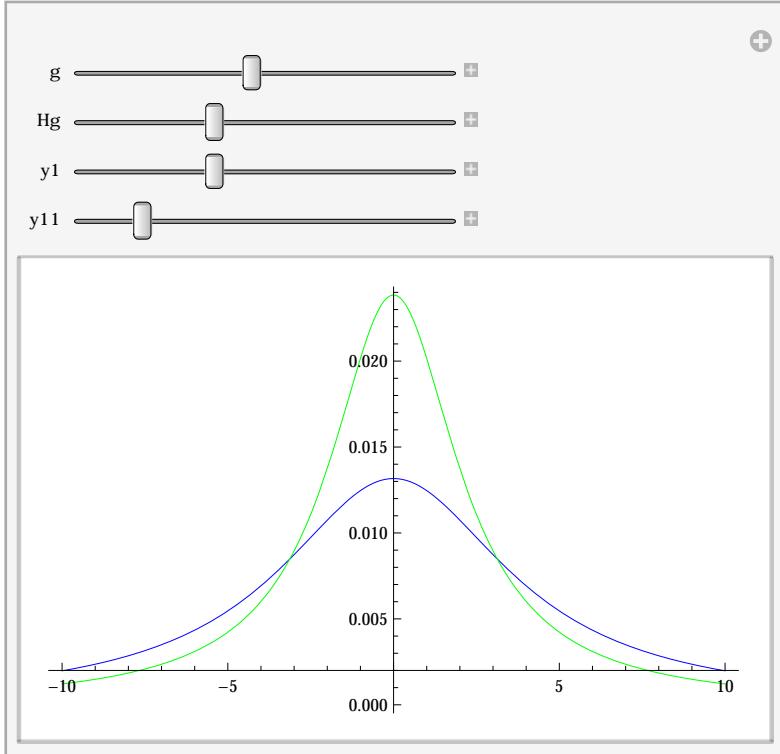


Book also compares two values for *g* for each type of recording so let's try that in manipulate:

```

Manipulate[
 Show[Plot[(Hg (ArcTan[(g - 2 x1)/(2 y1)] + ArcTan[(g + 2 x1)/(2 y1)]))/
 π, {x1, -10, 10}, PlotStyle -> Blue],
 Plot[(Hg (ArcTan[(g - 2 x11)/(2 y11)] + ArcTan[(g + 2 x11)/(2 y11)]))/
 π, {x11, -10, 10}, PlotStyle -> Green]],
 PlotRange -> Automatic], {g, -8, 8}, {Hg, -1, 1}, {y1, 1, 10}, {y11, 1, 10}]

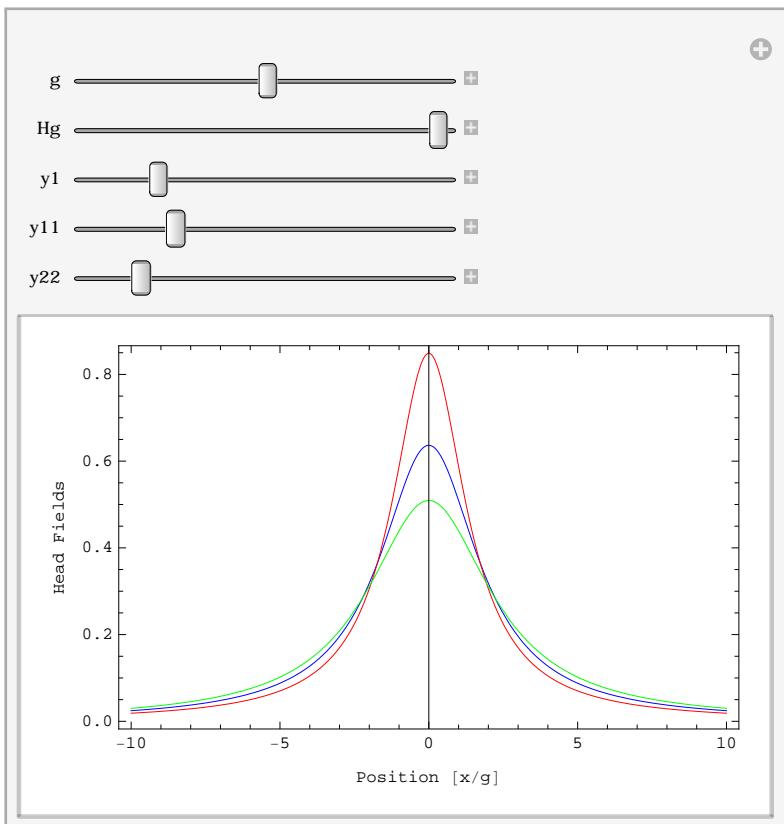
```



```

Manipulate[
 Show[Plot[(Hg (ArcTan[(g - 2 x1)/(2 y1)] + ArcTan[(g + 2 x1)/(2 y1)]))/
 π, {x1, -10, 10}, PlotStyle -> Blue],
 Plot[(Hg (ArcTan[(g - 2 x22)/(2 y22)] + ArcTan[(g + 2 x22)/(2 y22)]))/
 π, {x22, -10, 10}, PlotStyle -> Red],
 Plot[(Hg (ArcTan[(g - 2 x11)/(2 y11)] + ArcTan[(g + 2 x11)/(2 y11)]))/
 π, {x11, -10, 10}, PlotStyle -> Green]],
 PlotRange -> Automatic, Frame -> True,
 FrameLabel -> {"Position [x/g]", "Head Field"}, FormatType -> StandardForm],
 {g, -8, 8}, {Hg, -1, 1}, {y1, 0.1, 10}, {y11, 0.1, 10}, {y22, 0.1, 10}]

```

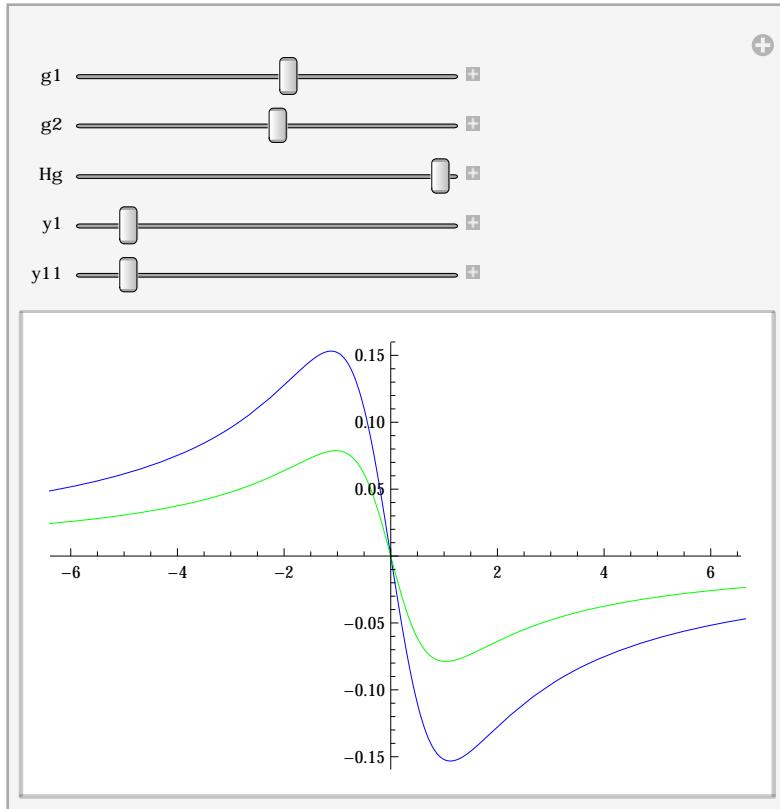


For Different g , Different y

```

Manipulate[Show[{Plot[-Hg Log[(g1+2 x1)^2+y1^2]/(2 π), {x1, -10, 10}, PlotStyle → Blue],
Plot[-Hg Log[(g2+2 x11)^2+y11^2]/(2 π), {x11, -10, 10}, PlotStyle → Green]}],
PlotRange → Automatic], {g1, -8, 8}, {g2, -8, 8},
{Hg, -1, 1}, {y1, 0, 1}, {y11, 0, 10}]

```



For Same g , Different y

```


$$\text{Manipulate}\left[\text{Show}\left[\left\{\text{Plot}\left[-\frac{\text{Hg} \log \left[\frac{\frac{1}{4} (g+2 x1)^2+y1^2}{\frac{1}{4} (g-2 x1)^2+y1^2}\right]}{2 \pi },\{x1,-10,10\},\text{PlotStyle}\rightarrow \text{Blue}\right],\text{Plot}\left[-\frac{\text{Hg} \log \left[\frac{\frac{1}{4} (g+2 x11)^2+y11^2}{\frac{1}{4} (g-2 x11)^2+y11^2}\right]}{2 \pi },\{x11,-10,10\},\text{PlotStyle}\rightarrow \text{Green}\right]\right\},\text{PlotRange}\rightarrow \text{Automatic}\right],\{g,-8,8\},\{\text{Hg},-1,1\},\{y1,0,0.8\},\{y11,0,0.8\}\right]$$


```

