

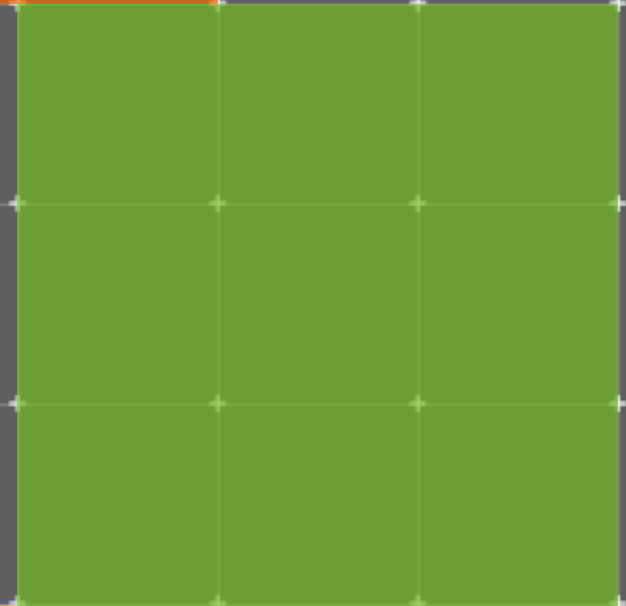


arm

Mbed Silicon Partner Workshop

# HAL Improvements Tickers

# Introduction



# Introduction - Tickers

In Mbed OS, tickers are hardware timers used to track small amounts of time

Mbed OS has two types of tickers:

- High-resolution microsecond tickers
  - Prevents deep sleep mode
  - User API: `Timer`, `Timeout`, and `Ticker` classes
  - HAL API: `us_ticker`
- Low-power tickers
  - User API: `LowPowerTimer`, `LowPowerTimeout`, and `LowPowerTicker` classes
  - HAL API: `lp_ticker`



# Introduction - Tickers

Tickers share a common layer in Mbed OS which provides several conveniences for developers

- Handling of roll-over when ticker overflows
- Extends tickers to 64-bits, supports any hardware bit-width
- Queues multiple callbacks on a single interrupt
- User APIs for deferring from interrupt context

In Mbed, pretty much everything depends on tickers.

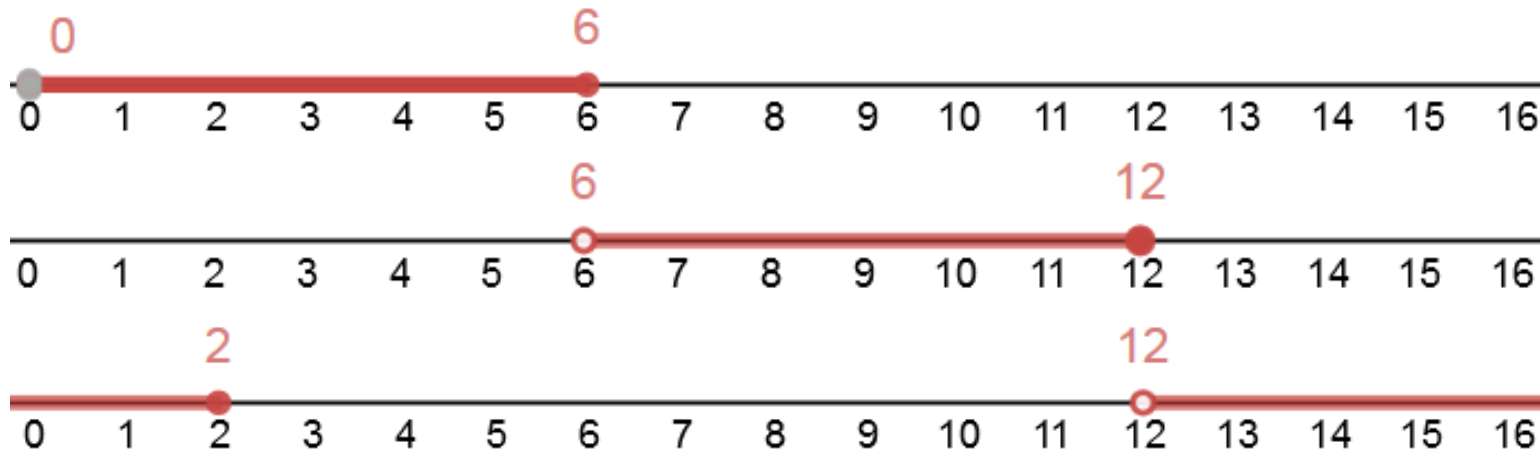


# Tickers - Overflow

- Different MCU's have different bit-width timers
- Handling timer overflow can be tricky

```
while (us_ticker_read() < timeout + start_time) // X Wrong!  
while (us_ticker_read() - start_time < timeout) // ✓ Right!
```

- Timer overflow bugs could take many days before they occur

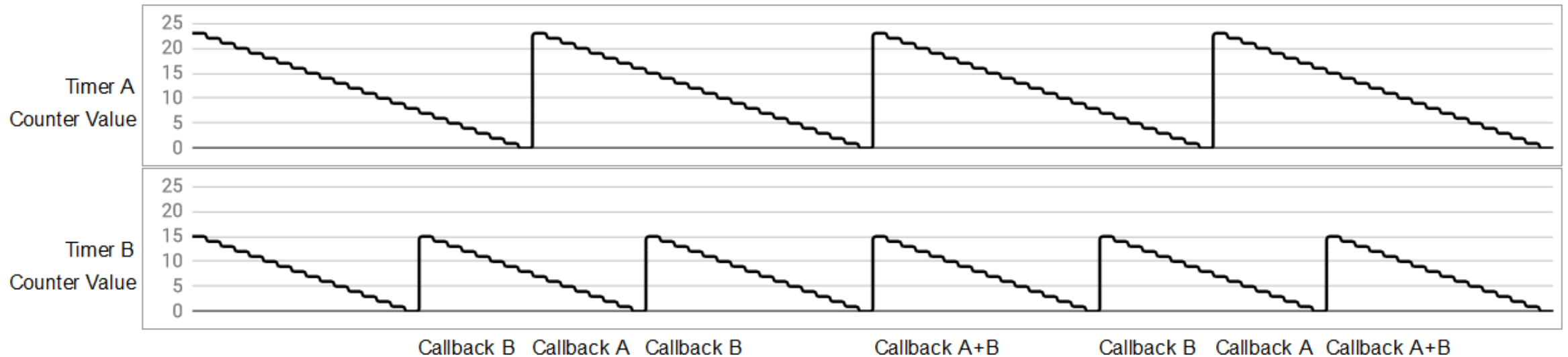


# Tickers - Overflow

- Mbed OS handles timer overflow transparently for the user
  - Every interrupt, we check if we've travelled backwards in time
  - We add the time delta and any overflow to a 64-bit software timer
  - If there are no scheduled interrupts, a lightweight interrupt is scheduled to make sure we don't miss any overflows
- Smaller timers require more overflow interrupts
- User facing timer API supports 64-bits
- 64-bit timer will overflow in the year 586602

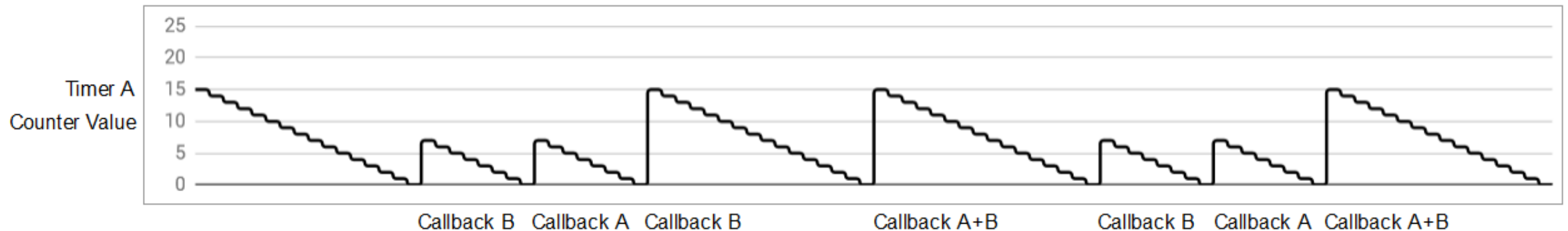
# Tickers – without Queueing

- A hardware timer supports a single interrupt
- To support multiple timing callbacks a simple solution is to use a hardware timer for each timing event.
  - Each hardware timer consumes additional power
  - The number of timing callbacks is limited by the available hardware



# Tickers – with Queueing

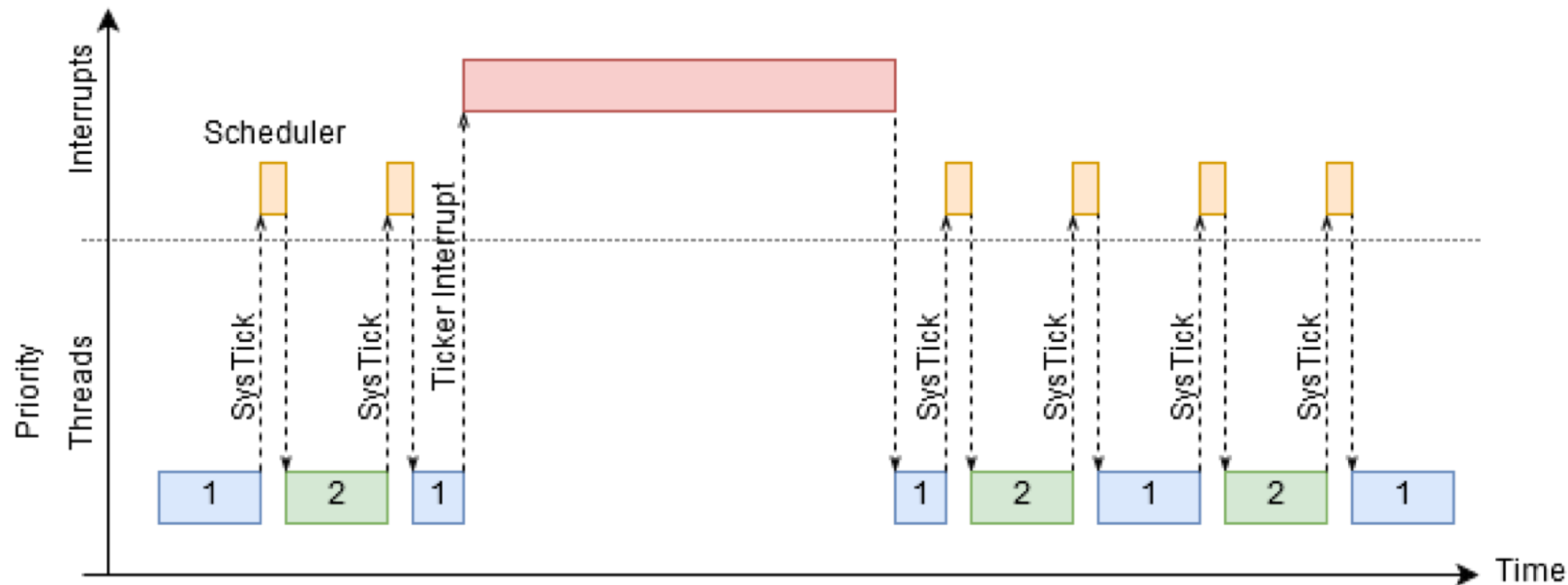
- Mbed OS provides a lightweight software queue to dispatch multiple timing callbacks on a single hardware timer.
  - Consumes fixed amount of power
  - Unlimited timing callbacks
- Provided by Mbed OS, does not require support in driver
- Handled by `ticker_irq_handle` which is called by the hardware timer interrupt
- Separate queues for each type of ticker (Ticker, LowPowerTicker)





# Tickers - Interrupt Context

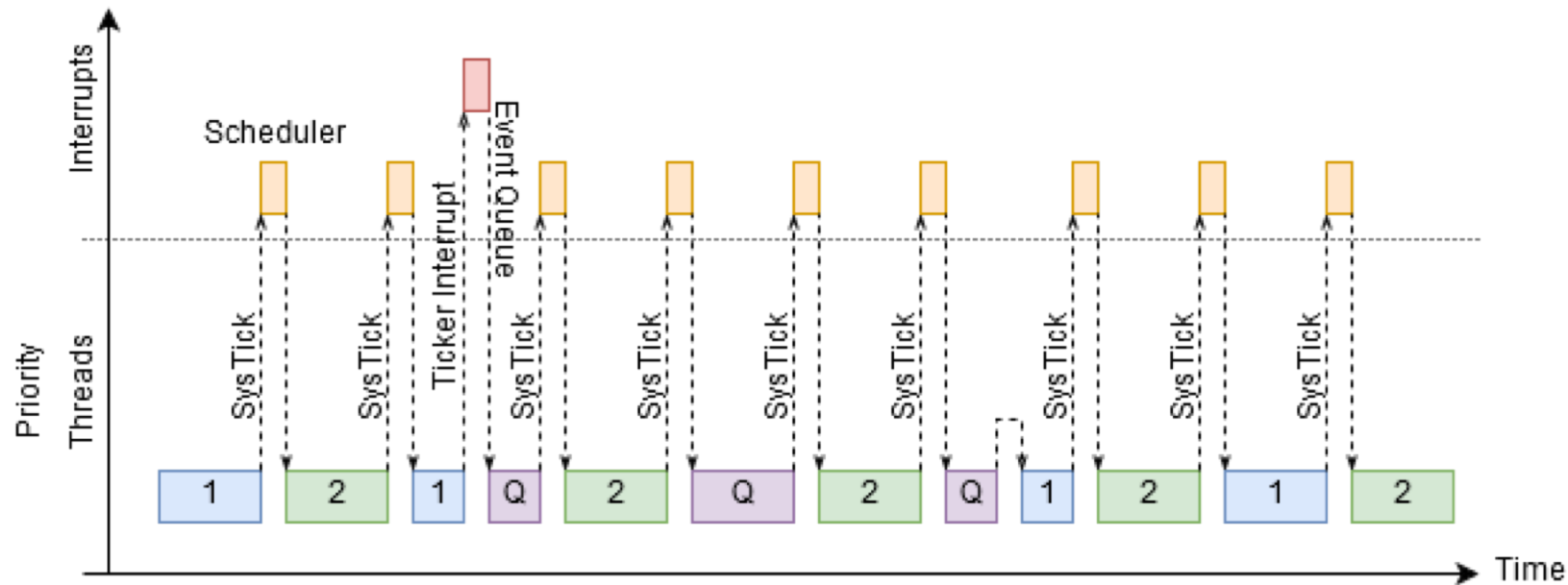
- Ticker callbacks run in interrupt context
- Code in interrupt context needs to have bounded runtime, or bad things happen
  - Prevents same-priority interrupts, which may be timing sensitive
  - Blocks threads from running
  - RTOS synchronization cannot be used in interrupt context



# Tickers - Interrupt Context

- Mbed OS provides RTOS and event queue primitives for deferring callbacks from interrupt context

<https://os.mbed.com/docs/v5.7/tutorials/the-eventqueue-api.html>



# Improved HAL Tickers

# Changes to HAL

- Simplified HAL API
  - Ticker now return native value and configuration data
  - Mbed OS driver is responsible for frequency conversion
- Updated specification
- Revised porting guide
- New validation test suite

All of these will be discussed in detail in later slides ...



# Common ticker specification

## Highlights

- The ticker rolls over and counts upward starting from 0
- The ticker counts at the specified frequency  $\pm 10\%$
- The ticker increments by 1 each tick
- The ticker interrupt fires only when the ticker increments to or past the value set by `ticker_set_interrupt()`



# Microsecond ticker specification

- Frequency between 250KHz and 8MHz
- Counter at least 16 bits wide
- Does not hold true time during deep sleep mode



[https://github.com/ARMmbed/mbed-os/blob/feature-hal-spec-ticker/hal/us\\_ticker\\_api.h](https://github.com/ARMmbed/mbed-os/blob/feature-hal-spec-ticker/hal/us_ticker_api.h)

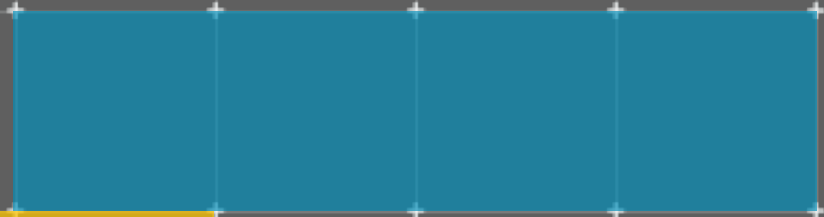
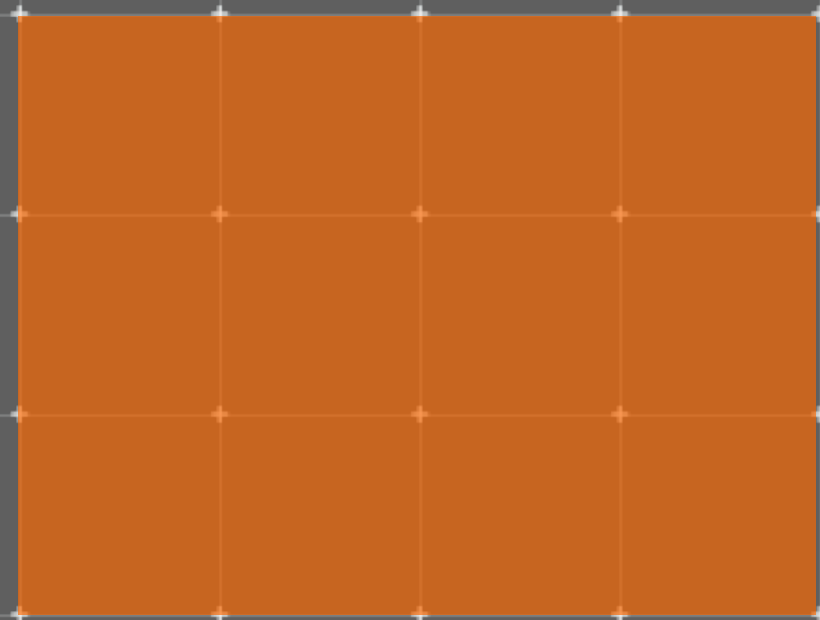
# Low power ticker specification

- Frequency between 8KHz and 64KHz
- Counter at least 12 bits wide
- Continues operating in deep sleep mode



[https://github.com/ARMmbed/mbed-os/blob/feature-hal-spec-ticker/hal/lp\\_ticker\\_api.h](https://github.com/ARMmbed/mbed-os/blob/feature-hal-spec-ticker/hal/lp_ticker_api.h)

# Porting Tickers





# Implementing HAL functions

## Microsecond ticker

- Add `USTICKER` to `device\_has` in targets.json

<https://github.com/ARMmbed/mbed-os/blob/master/targets/targets.json>

```
"LPC1768": {
  "inherits": ["LPCTarget"],
  "core": "Cortex-M3",
  "extra_labels": ["NXP", "LPC176X", "MBED_LPC1768"],
  "supported_toolchains": ["ARM", ..., "GCC_CR", "IAR"],
  "detect_code": ["1010"],
  "device_has": ["ANALOGIN", ..., "USTICKER"],
  "release_versions": ["2", "5"],
  "features": ["LWIP"],
  "device_name": "LPC1768",
  "bootloader_supported": true
},
```

- Implement the microsecond ticker functions:

[https://github.com/ARMmbed/mbed-os/blob/feature-hal-spec-ticker/hal/us\\_ticker\\_api.h](https://github.com/ARMmbed/mbed-os/blob/feature-hal-spec-ticker/hal/us_ticker_api.h)

# Implementing HAL functions

## Low power ticker

- Add `LPTICKER` to `device\_has` in targets.json

<https://github.com/ARMmbed/mbed-os/blob/master/targets/targets.json>

```
"LPC1768": {
  "inherits": ["LPCTarget"],
  "core": "Cortex-M3",
  "extra_labels": ["NXP", "LPC176X", "MBED_LPC1768"],
  "supported_toolchains": ["ARM", ..., "GCC_CR", "IAR"],
  "detect_code": ["1010"],
  "device_has": ["ANALOGIN", ..., "LPTICKER"],
  "release_versions": ["2", "5"],
  "features": ["LWIP"],
  "device_name": "LPC1768",
  "bootloader_supported": true
},
```

- Implement the low power ticker functions:

[https://github.com/ARMmbed/mbed-os/blob/feature-hal-spec-ticker/hal/lp\\_ticker\\_api.h](https://github.com/ARMmbed/mbed-os/blob/feature-hal-spec-ticker/hal/lp_ticker_api.h)

# Implementing init and free

```
void us_ticker_init(void);  
void us_ticker_free(void);
```

```
void lp_ticker_init(void);  
void lp_ticker_free(void);
```

- `*_ticker_init()`
  - Initialize or re-initialize the ticker and disables the ticker interrupt
  - Resets all the clocking and prescaler registers
  - Is safe to call repeatedly
  - Calling any function other than `*_ticker_init()` before the initialization of the ticker is undefined
- `*_ticker_free()`
  - Deinitialize the microsecond ticker
  - No other call than `*_ticker_init()` is allowed after this function
  - Stops the ticker from counting

# Implementing read and get info

```
uint32_t us_ticker_read(void);  
const ticker_info_t*  
    us_ticker_get_info(void);
```

```
uint32_t lp_ticker_read(void);  
const ticker_info_t*  
    lp_ticker_get_info(void);
```

- \*\_ticker\_read()
  - Reads native value of the counter in ticks
  - No frequency conversion should be made
- \*\_ticker\_get\_info()
  - Returns details of the ticker
    - Frequency in Hz
    - Counter width in bits

```
typedef struct {  
    uint32_t frequency;  
    uint32_t bits;  
} ticker_info_t;
```

# Implementing disable, set and clear interrupt

```
void us_ticker_set_interrupt(timestamp_t  
    timestamp);  
void us_ticker_disable_interrupt(void);  
void us_ticker_clear_interrupt(void);
```

```
void lp_ticker_set_interrupt(timestamp_t  
    timestamp);  
void lp_ticker_disable_interrupt(void);  
void lp_ticker_clear_interrupt(void);
```

- `*_ticker_set_interrupt(timestamp_t timestamp)`
  - Sets interrupt for timestamp specified in ticks
  - Timestamps in the past are detected and handled in Mbed OS driver
  - Timestamps exceeding counter's bit width are not supported
  - Safe to call multiple times before the interrupt fires
- `*_ticker_disable_interrupt()`
  - Disables ticker interrupt
- `*_ticker_clear_interrupt()`
  - Clears ticker interrupt

# Implementing fire interrupt

```
void us_ticker_fire_interrupt(void);
```

```
void lp_ticker_fire_interrupt(void);
```

- \*\_ticker\_fire\_interrupt()
  - Sets pending interrupt that should be fired right away

# What tests to pass?

- Microsecond ticker validation suite:

```
$ git checkout feature-hal-spec-ticker
$ mbed test -t <toolchain> -m <target> -n \
    "tests-mbed_hal-common_tickers*,tests-mbed_hal-us_ticker*"
```

- Low power validation suite:

```
$ git checkout feature-hal-spec-ticker
$ mbed test -t <toolchain> -m <target> -n \
    "tests-mbed_hal-common_tickers*,tests-mbed_hal-lp_ticker*"
```

# Hands-on workshop

- Microsecond ticker
  - Use branch - `feature-hal-spec-ticker`
  - HAL API & Testing - <https://os.mbed.com/docs/v5.7/feature-hal-spec-ticker-doxy/index.html>
  - Porting - [https://github.com/ARMmbed/mbed-sip-workshop-2018q1/blob/master/us\\_ticker.md](https://github.com/ARMmbed/mbed-sip-workshop-2018q1/blob/master/us_ticker.md)
- Low-power ticker
  - Use branch - `feature-hal-spec-ticker`
  - HAL API & Testing - [https://os.mbed.com/docs/v5.7/feature-hal-spec-ticker-doxy/group\\_hal\\_lp\\_ticker.html](https://os.mbed.com/docs/v5.7/feature-hal-spec-ticker-doxy/group_hal_lp_ticker.html)
  - Porting - [https://github.com/ARMmbed/mbed-sip-workshop-2018q1/blob/master/us\\_ticker.md](https://github.com/ARMmbed/mbed-sip-workshop-2018q1/blob/master/us_ticker.md)
- Workshop materials - <https://github.com/ARMmbed/mbed-sip-workshop-2018q1>



# Ticker example

Asynchronous blinky:

```
#include "mbed.h"

DigitalOut led1(LED1);
Ticker ticker1;

void blink() {
    led1 = !led1;
}

int main() {
    ticker1.attach_us(blink, 500*1000);
}
```

Tasks:

- Bring up ticker and low power ticker on your boards
- Blink multiple LEDs?
- Switch to low power ticker?

Thank You!

Danke!

Merci!

谢谢!

ありがとう!

Gracias!

Kiitos!

감사합니다

धन्यवाद

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