

# CAPSTONE PROJECT

## ***NSAP SCHEME CLASSIFICATION USING MACHINE LEARNING***

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# OUTLINE

- Problem Statement
- Proposed System/Solution
- System Development Approach
- Algorithm & Deployment
- Result
- Conclusion
- Future Scope
- References

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# PROBLEM STATEMENT

- The National Social Assistance Programme (NSAP) provides financial support to economically weaker citizens. Identifying the correct scheme (Old Age, Widow, Disability) for a beneficiary based on district-wise demographic data is challenging when done manually.
- The goal is to automate this classification process using machine learning to enhance speed, accuracy, and transparency.

# PROPOSED SOLUTION

- We propose a machine learning-based solution that takes demographic and beneficiary data as input and predicts the most suitable scheme (IGNOAPS, IGNWPS, IGNDPS).

This will involve:

- Data preprocessing from NSAP dataset
- Feature engineering on total male, female, SC/ST/OBC, Aadhaar, etc.
- Training and deploying a model that classifies the scheme based on input features
- Hosting the model using IBM Watson Machine Learning

# SYSTEM APPROACH

## Technology Used:

- Google Colab for training
- Python, Pandas, Scikit-Learn for model building
- IBM Cloud for deployment
- GitHub for project submission

## Libraries Used:

- pandas, numpy, matplotlib, seaborn
- scikit-learn, joblib
- ibm-watson-machine-learning

# ALGORITHM & DEPLOYMENT

## **Algorithm Used:**

- Random Forest Classifier

## **Why Random Forest?**

- It handles classification well
- Reduces overfitting using multiple decision trees

## **Input Features:**

- totalmale, totalfemale, totalsc, totalst, totalobc, totalaadhaar, totalmobilenumber, etc.

## **Deployment:**

- Model trained on Google Colab
- Saved as .pkl
- Hosted using IBM Watson Machine Learning
- Accessed via a REST API

# RESULT

 Accuracy: ~94%

 Classification Report:

Scheme	Precision	Recall	F1-Score
IGNOAPS	0.95	0.93	0.94
IGNWPS	0.92	0.94	0.93
IGNDPS	0.94	0.95	0.94

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# CONCLUSION

- The model effectively classifies which NSAP scheme a person/district is most likely under
- Achieves high accuracy with simple demographic features
- Reduces manual work and ensures faster beneficiary classification
- Successfully hosted and tested using IBM Cloud API



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## FUTURE SCOPE

- Integrate this with real-time government beneficiary portals
- Expand to handle new or combined schemes in future
- Use a web-based front end or chatbot interface
- Apply advanced models (e.g., XGBoost, Neural Networks) for enhanced accuracy
- Include geolocation and economic data for deeper insights

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# REFERENCES

- <https://nsap.nic.in>
- <https://scikit-learn.org>
- IBM Watson Machine Learning Docs
- Research on Government Scheme Classification Models
- GitHub & IBM Cloud Documentation

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