N	3	m	0.	

NetId/Email:

s. many packages vs. fewer products make your own functions vs. macro language 1. (1 pt.) State an important difference between R and SAS.

Open Source Vs. proprietary male in-memory vs. on disk object oriented Vs. propedural 2. (1 pt.) Give an example of, or describe, an ordinal variable an ordered enterporical variable hardness of minerals tax brackets Egood, better, best grades street numbers

street numbers

3.) (2 pts.) Given Data Set 1 below, write out the results of selecting the rows where $X1 \ge 3$.

ID	X1	X2
123A	1	Α
1234	2	В
1235	3	С
1235B	4	D

Data Set 1

			- g vario	uble header
10	XI	X2	Wign	not andafory
1235 1236B	3 4	0	\	order does Her
Vo	Wiable not 1	order matter		

4.) (3 pts.) Given Data Set 2 below, write out the results of grouping Data Set 2 by ID and averaging X3.

ID	Х3
123A	5
1234	6
1235	7
1235B	8
1234	9
1235	10
1235B	11

Data Set 2

variable	- //	- variable name	does
nender >	TID (13)	not matter	
101	1234 7.5		
mandatory	1235 8,5	- row order does	
	1235B 9.5	not matter	
	123A 5		

Variable order does not matter

2. (3 pt.) Given Data Sets 1 and 2 above, write out the results of left joining Data Set 1 onto Data Set 2 by the key variable shared between the two data sets. (Let Data Set 2 be the left table.)

ed between the two data s					
	110	1X3	XI	1XZ	2
	123A	15		LA	TV
	1234	0	2	B	1-
	1235	17	3	16	12
	1238	8	4	0	1
	1234	9	2	B	1
-	1235	10	3	6	•
Proposition	1235B	11	4	DT	V

variable header not mandatory variable order does not matter vow order does not matter 10 variable can be repeated