Package 'REDCapR'

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Title Interaction between R and REDCap		
Description Encapsulates functions to streamline calls from R		
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Description		

REDCapR

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Read records from a REDCap project.

Description

This function uses REDCap's API to select and return data.

Usage

```
redcap_read(redcap_uri, token, records = NULL,
  records_collapsed = NULL, fields = NULL,
  fields_collapsed = NULL, verbose = TRUE,
  cert_location = NULL)
```

Arguments

redcap_uri The URI of the REDCap project. Required.

token The user-specific string that serves as the password for a project. Required.

records An array, where each element corresponds to the ID of a desired record. Op-

tional.

records_collapsed

A single string, where the desired ID values are separated by commas. Optional.

fields An array, where each element corresponds a desired project field. Optional.

fields_collapsed

A single string, where the desired field names are separated by commas. Op-

tional.

verbose A boolean value indicating if messages should be printed to the R console during

the operation. Optional.

SSL verification. If the value is missing or NULL, the server's identity will be verified using a recent CA bundle from the cURL website. See the details below.

Optional.

Details

I like how PyCap creates a 'project' object with methods that read and write from REDCap. However this isn't a style that R clients typically use. I like the logic that it's associated with a particular REDCap project that shouldn't change between calls. As a compromise, I think I'll wrap the uri, token, and cert location into a single S4 object that's passed to these methods. It will make these calls take less space.

The 'REDCapR' package includes a recent version of the Bundle of CA Root Certificates from the official cURL site. This version is used by default, unless the 'cert_location' parameter is given another location.

Value

Currently, a list is returned with the following elements,

1. data: an R data.frame of the desired records and columns.

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- 2. raw_csv: the text of comma separated values returned by REDCap through RCurl.
- records_collapsed: the desired records IDs, collapsed into a single string, separated by commas.
- fields_collapsed: the desired field names, collapsed into a single string, separated by commas.
- 5. elapsed_seconds: the duration of the function.
- 6. status_message: a boolean value indicating if the operation was apparently successful.

Author(s)

Will Beasley

References

The official documentation can be found on the 'API Examples' page on the REDCap wiki (https://iwg.devguard.com/trac/redcap/wiki/ApiExamples). A user account is required.

The official cURL site discusses the process of using SSL to verify the server being connected to.

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(REDCapR) #Load the package into the current R session.
uri <- "https://miechvprojects.ouhsc.edu/redcap/api/"</pre>
token <- "9446D2E3FAA71ABB815A2336E4692AF3"
#Return all records and all variables.
ds_all_rows_all_fields <- redcap_read(redcap_uri=uri, token=token)$data</pre>
#Return only records with IDs of 1 and 3
desired_records_v1 <- c(1, 3)</pre>
ds\_some\_rows\_v1 <- redcap\_read(
   redcap_uri=uri,
   token=token,
   records=desired_records_v1
)$data
#Return only the fields recordid, first_name, and age
desired_fields_v1 <- c("recordid", "first_name", "age")</pre>
ds_some_fields_v1 <- redcap_read(</pre>
   redcap_uri=uri,
   token=token,
   fields=desired_fields_v1
)$data
## End(Not run)
```

validate_for_write

Inspect a data. frame to anticipate problems before writing to a RED-Cap project.

Description

This set of functions inspect a data. frame to anticipate problems before writing with REDCap's API.

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Usage

```
validate_for_write( df )
validate_no_logical( df )
validate_no_uppercase( df )
```

Arguments

df

The data.frame containing the dataset used to update the REDCap project. Required.

Details

All functions listed in the Usage section above inspect a specific aspect of the dataset. The validate_for_read() function executes all these individual validation checks. It allows the client to check everything with one call.

Value

A data.frame, where each potential violation is a row. The two columns are:

- 1. field_name: The name of the data.frame that might cause problems during the upload.
- 2. field_index: The position of the field. (For example, a value of '1' indicates the first column, while a '3' indicates the third column.)
- 3. concern: A description of the problem potentially caused by the field.
- 4. suggestion: A potential solution to the concern.

Author(s)

Will Beasley

Examples

```
df <- data.frame(
  recordid = 1:4,
  flag_logical = c(TRUE, TRUE, FALSE, TRUE),
  flag_Uppercase = c(4, 6, 8, 2)
)
validate_for_write(ds = df)</pre>
```

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