Grade received 100% $\,$ To pass 80% or higher

Go to next item

Test your knowledge on data ethics and privacy

| Iotal points 3 | |
|--|-------------|
| Fill in the blank: states that all data-processing activities and algorithms should be completely explainable and understood by the individual who provides their data. | 1/1 point |
| Openness | |
| O Privacy | |
| Transaction transparency | |
| Currency | |
| Correct Transaction transparency states that all data-processing activities and algorithms should be completely explainable and understood by the individual who provides their data. | |
| | |
| 2. A data analyst removes personally identifying information from a dataset. What task are they performing? | 1 / 1 point |
| O Data collection | |
| O Data visualization | |
| Data anonymization | |
| O Data sorting | |
| Correct They are performing data anonymization, which is the process of protecting people's private or sensitive data by eliminating identifying information. | |
| | |
| 3. Before completing a survey, an individual acknowledges reading information about how and why the data they provide will be used. What is this concept called? | 1/1 point |
| Currency | |
| Consent | |
| Obscretion | |
| O Privacy | |
| Correct This concept is called consent. Consent is the aspect of data ethics that presumes an individual's right to know how and why their personal data will be used before agreeing to provide it. | |