Congratulations! You passed!

Grade received 100% To pass 80% or higher

Go to next item

Weekly challenge 3

Latest Submission Grade 100%

4.	A data analyst uses an absolu function is copied. What syml A sterisk (*) Ampersand (&) Hashtag (#) Dollar sign (\$) Correct Dollar signs create an a	bol is used to create an absolu		don't change if the	1/1 point			
4.	function is copied. What syml Asterisk (*) Ampersand (&) Hashtag (#) Dollar sign (\$)			don't change if the	1/1 point			
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4.	function is copied. What syml			don't change if the	1/1 point			
4.				don't change if the	1/1 point			
	Correct One limitation of VLOOKUP is that it only returns the first match it finds, even if there are many possible matches within the column.							
	○ False							
	● True							
3.	 When using VLOOKUP, there are some common limitations that data analysts should be aware of. One of these limitations is that VLOOKUP only returns the first match it finds, even if there are many possible matches within the column. 							
	⊘ Correct The analyst should use the VALUE function to convert text to numeric values.							
	VALUE							
	EXCHANGE							
	PROCESS							
	CONVERT							
2.	A data analyst wants to be su		adsheet are numeric. What fi	unction should they use to	1/1 point			
		ves creating a summarized co	lection of data from multiple	sources.				
	summarized							
	O expanded							
	Olocalized							
	O modified							
	sources.	ation involves creating a	collection of data that origi	nally came from multiple	1/1 point			
		ation involves creating a	collection of data that origi	nally came from multiple	1/1 point			

		В	
	Country	Population in 2020 (millions)	Growth in population 2000-2020
	China	1,439,323,776	13.4 %
	India	1,380,004,385	37.1 %
	United States	331,002,651	17.3 %
	Indonesia	273,523,615	27.7%
	Pakistan	220,892,340	44.9%
	Brazil	212,559,417	21.9%
	Nigeria	206,139,589	66.3%
	Bangladesh	164,689,383	27.9%
10	Duccia	145 934 463	-n 80%

To search for the growth in population in Indonesia, what is the correct VLOOKUP syntax?

- =VLOOKUP("Indonesia", A2:C10, 2, false)
- =VLOOKUP("Indonesia", A2:C10, 3, false)
- O =VLOOKUP(Indonesia, A2*C10, 3, false)
- =VLOOKUP(Indonesia, A2:C10, 2, false)

\odot	Correct

To search for the growth in population in Indonesia, the syntax is =VLOOKUP("Indonesia", A2:C10, 3, false). "Indonesia" is the reference. A2:C10 is the table array. The 3 indicates the number of the column from which the value should be returned. And the word false instructs the function to return an exact match.

True True False	
Correct An INNER JOIN is a function that returns records with matching values in two or more tables. An OUTER JOIN is a function that combines RIGHT and LEFT JOIN to return all matching records in both tables.	
7. A data analyst writes a query that asks a database to return only distinct values in a specified range, rather than including repeating values. Which function do they use?	1/1 point
O RETURN	
O COUNT	
O RETURN VALUES	
COUNT DISTINCT	
 Correct When writing SQL queries, an analyst can use the COUNT DISTINCT function to return only distinct values in a range. 	
8. Fill in the blank: In a SQL statement, the is the name of the segment that executes first. Select all that apply.	1/1 point
central query	
☐ central select	
✓ inner select	
Correct In a SQL statement, the subquery—also called an inner query, inner select, or nested query—is the segment that executes first.	
✓ inner query	
Correct In a SQL statement, the subquery—also called an inner query, inner select, or nested query—is the segment that executes first.	