

# Friend Function

**Friend functions** of the class are granted permission to access private and protected members of the class in C++. They are defined globally outside the class' scope. Friend functions are not member functions of the class. So, what exactly is the friend function?

A friend function is a function that is declared outside a class, but is capable of accessing the private and protected members of class . There could be situations in programming wherein we want two classes to share their members. These members may be data members, class functions or function templates . In such cases, we make the desired function, a friend to both these classes which will allow to access private and protected data members of the class.

Generally, non-member functions cannot access the private members of a particular class. Once declared as a friend function, the function is able to access the private and the protected members of these classes.

## ❖ Friend Function Syntax:

```
1  class className {  
2      ... ..  
3      friend returnType functionName(arguments);  
4      ... ..  
5  }
```

## ❖ Declaration of a friend function in C++

```
1  class class_name  
2  {  
3      friend data_type function_name(arguments/s);  
4  };
```

❖ Program 1:

Write a program to add two complex numbers using friend function.

Code:

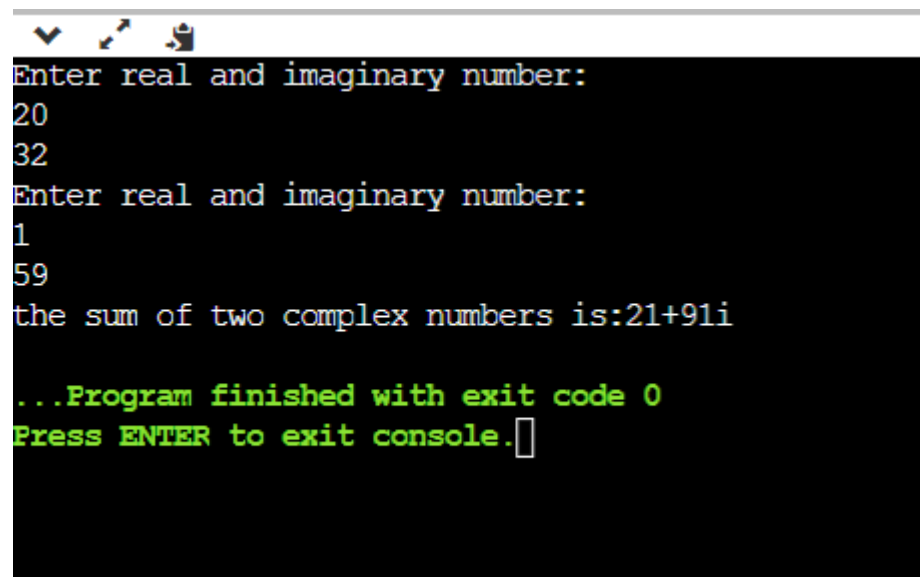
```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class complex_number
{
    int real, imaginary;
public:
    void getdata ()
    {
        cout<<"Enter real and imaginary number:"<<"\n";
        cin>>real>>imaginary;
    }
    friend void add (complex_number, complex_number);
};

void add (complex_number a, complex_number b)
{
    complex_number t;
    t.real = a.real + b.real;
    t.imaginary = a.imaginary + b.imaginary;
    cout<<"the sum of two complex numbers is:"<<t.real<<"+"<<t.imaginary<<"i";
}

int main()
{
    complex_number a, b;
```

```
a.getdata();  
b.getdata();  
add ( a, b);  
return 0;  
}
```

Output:



```
Enter real and imaginary number:  
20  
32  
Enter real and imaginary number:  
1  
59  
the sum of two complex numbers is:21+91i  
  
...Program finished with exit code 0  
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

## ❖ Program 2:

Write a class with data members name, roll no, marks in 5 subjects.  
Write a friend Function which is calculating average of 5 subjects.  
Display all details of students with average marks.

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class student
{
    int rollno,marks[5];
    char name[10];
    public:
    void getdata()
    {
        cout<<"Enter Name:"<<"\n";
        cin>>name;
        cout<<"Enter roll number :"<<"\n";
        cin>>rollno;
        cout<<"Enter marks in 5 subjects: "<<"\n";
        for(int i=0;i<5;i++)
        {
            cin>>marks[i];
        }
    }
    friend void avg(student s );
};

void avg(student s){
```

```

    cout<<"\nStudent Name: "<<s.name;
    cout<<"\nStudent Roll: "<<s.rollno;

    cout<<"\n\nm1:"<<s.marks[0] ;
    cout<<"\nm2:"<<s.marks[1] ;
    cout<<"\nm3:"<<s.marks[2] ;
    cout<<"\nm4:"<<s.marks[3] ;
    cout<<"\nm5:"<<s.marks[4]<<"\n\n" ;

    float avg_var= s.marks[0] +s.marks[1] + s.marks[2] + s.marks[3] +s.marks[4];
    cout<<"Addition of 5 subjects : "<<avg_var<<"\n";
    float avg=avg_var/5;
    cout<<"Average is: "<<avg;
}
int main()
{
    student s;
    s.getdata();
    avg(s);
    return 0;
}

```

Output:

```
Enter Name:
mansi
Enter roll number :
40
Enter marks in 5 subjects:
37
47
21
31
50

Student Name: mansi
Student Roll: 40

m1:37
m2:47
m3:21
m4:31
m5:50

Addition of 5 subjects :186
Average is: 37.2

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```