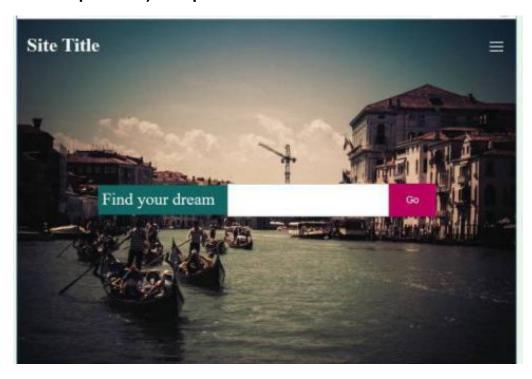
1. Modify CSSlab5-test01.html by adding CSS in CSSLab5-test01.css to implement the layout shown in Figure below (some of the styling as already been provided): 12 points

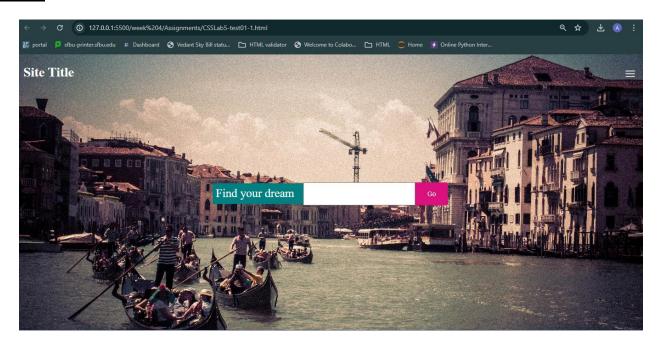


- 1. Set the background image on the <body> tag. Set the height to 100vh so it will always fill the entire viewport. Set the background-cover and background-position properties
- 2. For the header, set its display to flex. Set justify-content to space- between and align-items to center. This will make the <h2> and the <nav> elements sit on the same line, but will expand to be aligned with the outside edges.
- 3. To center the form in the middle of the viewport, set the display of the <main> element to flex, and align-items and justify-contents to center. Do the same for the <form> element.
- 4. Fine-tune the size of the form elements by setting the flex-basis of label to 16em, the search box to 36em, and the submit button to 10em. The final result should look similar to that shown in Figure above.

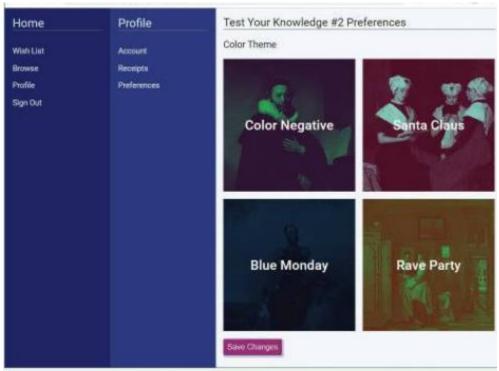
Modified code:

```
# CSSIab5-test01-1.css ...\Assignments × # CSSIab5-test01-1.css C↑...\Downloads
week 4 > Assignments > # CSSlab5-test01-1.css > 1/2 input[type="submit"]
     input[type="submit"] {
41
 46
        border-bottom-right-radius: 5px;
 47
 48
 49
     /* add your styles below */
 50
      /* the filename for the background image is images/P6120375.jpg */
 51
 52
 53
        background-image: url(P6120375.jpg);
 54
        height: 100vh;
        background-size: cover;
 55
 56
        background-repeat: no-repeat;
       background-attachment: fixed;
background-position: center;
 57
 58
 59
 60
     header {
 61
       display: flex;
 62
        justify-content: space-between;
 64
       align-items: center;
 65
 66
 67
      main {
        display: flex;
 68
        align-items: center;
 69
 70
       justify-content: center;
 71
 72
     main form {
 73
        display: flex;
 74
       align-items: center;
justify-content: center;
 75
 76
 77
 78
 79
     main label {
     flex-basis: 16em;
 89
 81
 82
 83
      main input{
      flex-basis: 36em;
 84
 85
 86
 87 input[type="submit"] {
 88
     flex-basis: 10em;
 89
 90
```

Output:



2. Modify CSSlab5-test02.html by adding CSS in CSSlab5-test02.css to implement the lay-out shown in Figure below (some of the styling as already been provided): 9 points



- 1. This layout will require two nested grids. Create the outer grid that will have one row and three columns containing the <nav>, <aside>, and <main> elements. There should be no grid gap, and the first two columns should have a minimum size of 80px and a maximum size of 200px. The third column should fill the remaining space. To make the grid fill the entire vertical space, set the height of the container to 100vh.
- 2. The inner grid containing the four image squares should consist of two columns and rows. The images in the background of each square are 250px by 250px.
- 3. To center the text within each square, use flex layout along with align-items and justify-content.

Modified code:

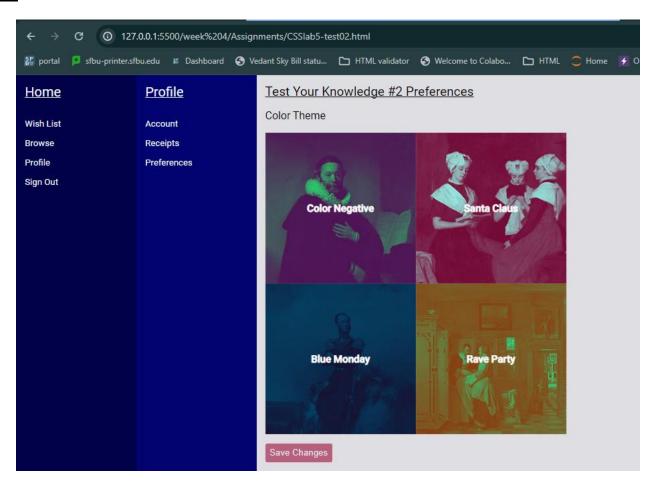
```
    CSSlab5-test02.html

                                             # CSSlab5-test02.css × ○ box_sizing.html
                                                                                    # html { box-sizing: border-box; 🔲 ···

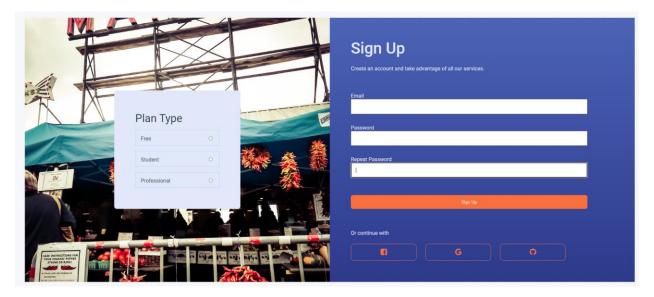
◆ CSSLab5-test01-1.html

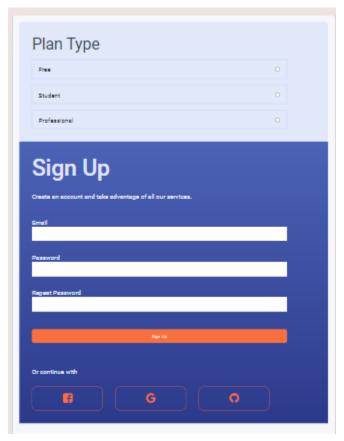
week 4 > Assignments > # CSSIab5-test02.css > % h2
106 /* add styles here */
                                                                                                   Mium
107
      .container/
                                                                                                   M2T.
MANAGE
       display: grid;
       grid-template-columns: minmax(80px, 200px) minmax(80px, 200px) auto;
109
        grid-template-rows: 100vh;
                                                                                                   Pour.
110
111
        grid-gap: 0;
112
113 h2{
                                                                                                   DOM:
       text-decoration-line: underline:
114
115
         text-decoration-thickness: 1px;
116
117
      nav{
118
      background-color: ■rgb(1, 1, 72);
119
120
                                                                                                    STATION.
      background-color: ■rgb(3, 3, 112);
121
122
123
     nav, aside {
124
       color: Daliceblue;
125
        text-decoration-color: □rgb(102, 178, 245);
126
127
     main{
      background-color: □rgb(223, 223, 227);
                                                                                                  Mary.
128
129
130
131
     .theme ul{
132
       display: grid;
       grid-template-columns: repeat(2, 250px);
133
134
        grid-template-rows: repeat(2, 250px);
135
136
137
      .square{
138
       display: flex;
139
        align-items: center;
140
        justify-content: center:
141
        background-size: cover;
       background-position: center:
142
        color: □white;
143
144
        font-weight: bold;
145
       font-size: 1.2em;
146 }
147
148
      .theme button{
       display: inline-block;
149
       background-color: ■rgb(185, 96, 126);
       color: ☐ rgb(222, 228, 234);
151
```

Output:



3. Modify CSSlab5-test03.html by adding CSS in CSSlab5-test03.css to implement the layout shown in Figure below(some of the styling as already been provided): 9 points





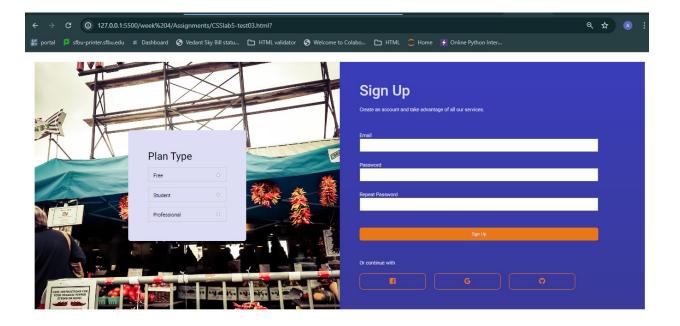
- 1. You have been provided with a signup form layout that looks similar to the top screen in Figure . It uses a two-column grid layout (and flex within the grid cells). You need to add a media query that changes to a one-column grid when the browser width is below 1000 pixels. The second screen in Figure illustrates how it should appear at the smaller brows-er widths.
- 2. Your media query will have to change the margin and grid-template-columns properties of the container class. The formImage class will also need to be modi-fied in the media query so that it no longer has a background image and instead has a background-color.
- 3. It is quite common to increase the font size for smaller layouts. This can result in a lot of changes, but because the CSS uses variables, you only need to change the --base-font-size variable to 120% in your media query and all the other font sizes will also change. You will also need to change a few paddings and margins also (because of the use of CSS variables you should be able to simply make use of the --space-med and --spacing-small variables for those changes)

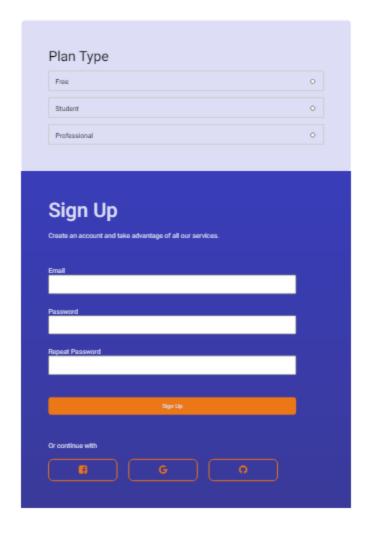
Modified code:

```
# CSSIab5-test03.css × ○ IayoutDemo.html # CSSIab5-test01-1.css
week 4 > Assignments > # CSSIab5-test03.css > % .container
  1
      :root {
  2
        --base-font-size: 100%;
  3
  4
       /* use a 1.2 type scale */
  5
        --font-size-1: 1em:
         --font-size-2: calc( var(--base-font-size) * 1.2);
  6
  7
         --font-size-3: calc( var(--font-size-2) * 1.2);
        --font-size-4: calc( var(--font-size-3) * 1.2);
  8
         --font-size-5: calc( var(--font-size-4) * 1.2);
  9
 10
         --font-size-6: calc( var(--font-size-5) * 1.2);
         --font-size-7: calc( var(--font-size-6) * 1.2);
 11
 12
 13
         --color-primary-1-500:  rgb(57, 61, 185);
         --color-primary-1-800: ■rgb(69, 69, 188);
 14
        --color-primary-1-100: □rgb(206, 204, 204);
 15
        16
         --color-primary-2-400: ■rgb(236, 119, 23);
 17
         --spacing-extra-large: 8em;
 18
         --spacing-large: 4em;
         --spacing-med: 2em;
 20
         --spacing-small: 1em;
 21
         --spacing-very-small: 0.5em;
 22
 23
```

```
144
145
      /* add your media query here */
146
      .container {
147
        display: grid;
         grid-template-columns: repeat(2, 1fr); /* Two-column grid */
148
149
         margin: var(--spacing-med); /* Adjust margin */
150
151
152
      .planType {
153
        padding: var(--spacing-large);
154
         background-color: var(--color-primary-1-050);
155
         border: 0;
156
         border-radius: var(--spacing-very-small);
157
         width: 24em;
158
159
160
161
      /* Media query for smaller screens */
162
      @media (max-width: 1000px) {
163
         .container {
            grid-template-columns: 1fr; /* One-column grid */
164
165
            margin: var(--spacing-small); /* Adjust margin */
166
167
         .planType{
168
            width: 100%;
169
170
         .planType .option{
171
           width: 41em;
172
         .formImage{
173
174
            background: none;
175
176
177
178
```

Output:





Instructions for submission:

- 1. Submit the screenshots of the modified code from each question Note that absence of the screenshots will knock out 50% of the grade for the particular question irrespective of the code file.
- 2. Submit the html ,css files of all the questions 2 points

Grading Rubric:

Criteria	Points
Task 1: CSSlab5-test01.html and CSSlab5-test01.css	

Criteria	Points
Background image on <body> tag</body>	2
2. Header styling with display flex, justify-content, align- items	3
3. Centering form using flex and align-items, justify-content	3
4. Fine-tuning form element sizes	4
Total	12
Task 2: CSSlab5-test02.html and CSSlab5-test02.css	
Outer grid layout with specified column sizes and height	3
2. Inner grid layout with specified rows and columns	3
3. Centering text within image squares	3
Total	9
Task 3: CSSlab5-test03.html and CSSlab5-test03.css	
1. Media query for one-column grid below 1000 pixels	3
Adjustments to margin, grid-template-columns, and background color in media query	3
3. Font size adjustments and changes in paddings/margins	3
Total	9