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1  #!/usr/bin/env python3
2  # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
3  """
4  Example 3: data processing
5
6  @author Austin Downey
7  """
8
9  import IPython as IP
10 IP.get_ipython().magic('reset -sf')
11
12 import numpy as np
13 import scipy as sp
14 from scipy import fftpack, signal # have to add
15 import matplotlib as mpl
16 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
17
18 plt.close('all')
19
20 %% Load and plot data
21 D = np.loadtxt('vibration_data/Vibration_measurement.txt', skiprows=23)
22
23 tt = D[:,0]
24 dd = D[:,1]
25
26 plt.figure('beam data', figsize=(6.5, 3))
27 plt.plot(tt, dd, '-', label='data 1')
28 plt.grid(True)
29 plt.xlabel('time (s)')
30 plt.ylabel('acceleration (ms-2)')
31 plt.title('beam data')
32 plt.xlim([-0.1, 45])
33 plt.legend(framealpha=1, loc=0)
34 plt.tight_layout()
35 plt.savefig('plot.pdf')
36 plt.savefig('plot_1.png')
37 plt.savefig('plot_2.png', dpi=300)
38
39
40
41 %% Plot an FFT of the data
42
43 # Number of sample points
44 N = np.shape(dd)[0] # or dd.shape[0]
45 # sample spacing
46 T = (tt[-1]-tt[0])/tt.shape[0]
47 yf = sp.fftpack.fft(dd)
48 yyf = 2.0/N * np.abs(yf[0:N//2])
49 xf = np.linspace(0.0, 1.0/(2.0*T), N//2)
50
51 plt.figure('FFt plot', figsize=(6.5, 3))
52 plt.plot(xf, yyf)
53 plt.grid()
54 plt.xlim([0, 150])
55 plt.xlabel('frequency (Hz)')
56 plt.ylabel('power')
57 plt.tight_layout()
58 plt.savefig('FFT', dpi=300)
59
60 %% Plot a spectrogram of the data
61
62 fs=1/T
63 x=dd
64
65 plt.figure('Spectrogram', figsize=(6.5, 3))
66 f, t, Sxx = sp.signal.spectrogram(x, fs, window=('tukey', 5000), nperseg=100000,
67                                     noverlap=50000,)

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68 plt.pcolormesh(t, f, Sxx,vmax=2)
69 plt.ylabel('Frequency (Hz)')
70 plt.xlabel('Time (s)')
71 plt.ylim([0,150])
72 plt.tight_layout()
73 plt.savefig('Spectrogram',dpi=300)
74
75
76
```