

A-50N Load is applied at the centre of the free type (9+,9). For 1 element case $N_1 = \frac{1}{2}(1-2)$ $N_2 = \frac{1}{2}(1+2)$, in normalised geometry and in the cross section the Lagrange Polynomials are

Folynomials are

 $F_1 = \frac{1}{4} \left(1 - a \right) \left(1 - p \right) \qquad F_3 = \frac{1}{4} \left(1 + a \right) \left(1 + p \right)$

F2 = 4 (1+2) (1-B) F4 = 4 (1-2) (1+B)

JJ=42 J3=4334

According to Principle of Virtual displacement

Steat = PSU = PFTNi Uzi

T,S=1,232, A do Load is applied in 115 = 1,2 2 direction

SLeat = PFIN, UZ11 +PF2 NI UZ21+PF3 NI UZ31 APF4N1 UZ41 + PF1 N2 UZ12 + PF2 N2 UZ22 + FF3 N2 U232 + PF4 N2 U242.

= 4/1 (y-2) (1-B)

At Load application point NI=0, N2=1.

Slext = PF, N2 UZ12 + PF2 N2 UZ22 + PF3 N2 UZ32 + PF4 N2 UZ42

 $N_2 = 1$

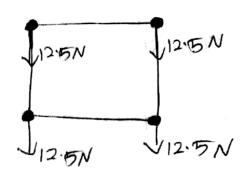
Shexu = P 1 (1-0) (1-B) VZ12 + P 1 (HD) (1-B) VZ22

+P-1 (112) (HB) U232 +P-1 (1-2) (HB) U242.

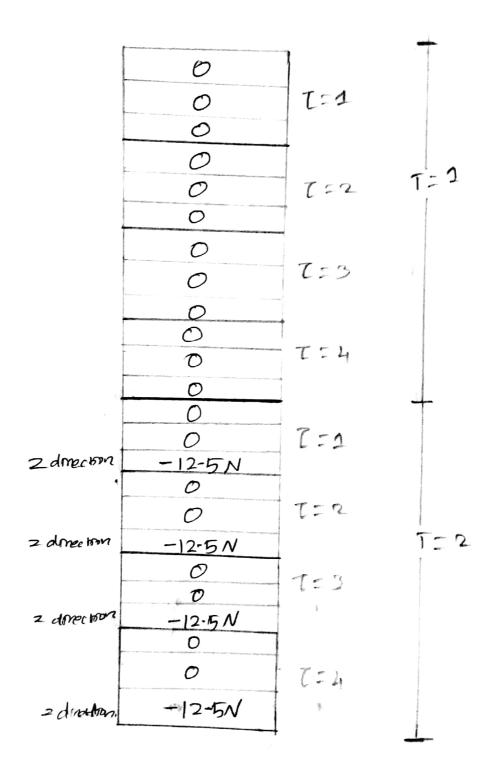
At the centre of the free tip, a =0 and B=0 M the normalised geometry

$$\frac{\int L_{ext}}{4} = -\frac{1}{4} \times 50 \times UZ_{12} - \frac{1}{4} \times 50 \times UZ_{22} \\
-\frac{1}{4} \times 50 \times UZ_{32} - \frac{1}{4} \times 50 \times UZ_{42}.$$

Therefore - 12-5 N Load TS applied at each Lagrange nodes at the cross spotton of the Gree 499.



Load vector for 1 element case with Snordes (4 nodes at inforced tip 4 4 nodes at moforced tip 4 4 nodes at smoother)



Load vector.