

Data structure Assignment:

Topic: singly Linked List

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BTECH .AI & DS

1. Element K present in Singly Linked List or not.

AIM:

To find the element K present in Singly Linked List or not.

ALGORITHM:

Step1:Start

Step2: Definition of a Node in a singly linked list

Step3: Data part of the node

Step4: Constructor to initialize the node with data

Step5: Function to print the linked list

Step6: Printing the above list

Step7:End

PROGRAM:

```
class Node:
```

```
    def __init__(self,value):
```

```
        self.value=value
```

```
self.next=None
```

```
class LinkedList:
```

```
def __init__(self):
```

```
    self.head=None
```

```
    self.tail=None
```

```
def Insert_End(self,val):
```

```
    NewNode = Node(val)
```

```
    if self.head is None:
```

```
        self.head = NewNode
```

```
        self.tail=self.head
```

```
    else:
```

```
        self.tail.next=NewNode
```

```
        self.tail=NewNode
```

```
def Display(self):
```

```
    temp=self.head
```

```
    while(temp!=None):
```

```
        print(temp.value, end='->')
```

```
        temp=temp.next
```

```
Singly= LinkedList( )
```

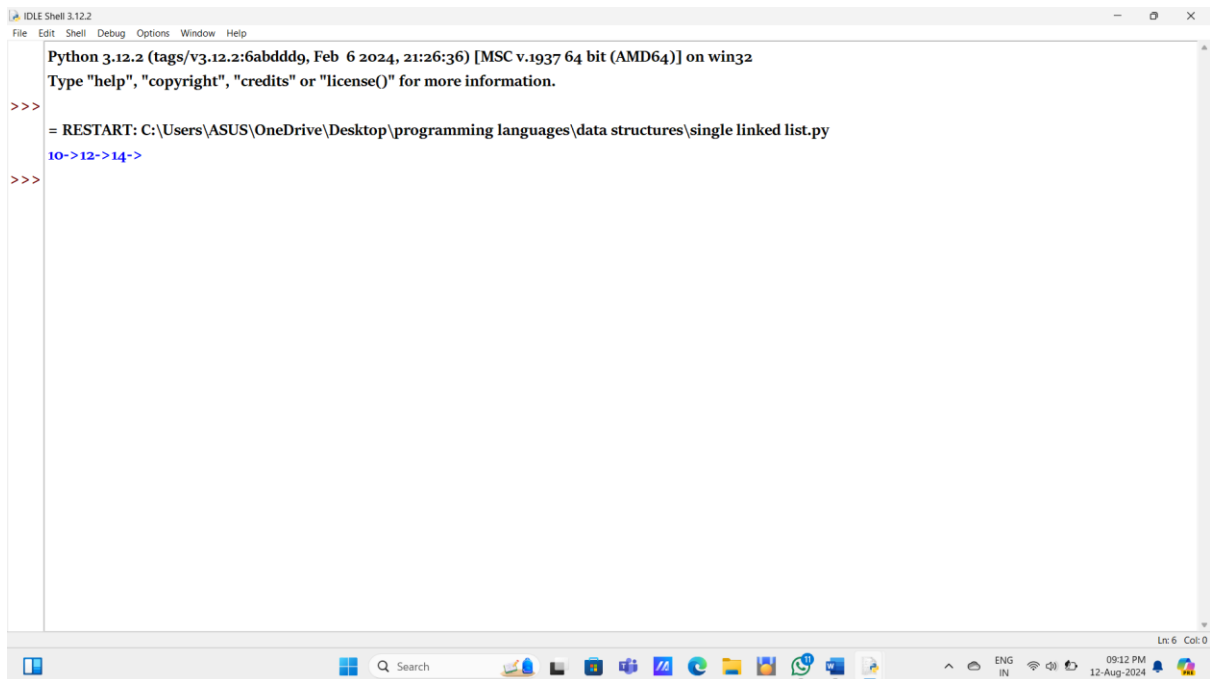
```
Singly.Insert_End(10)
```

```
Singly.Insert_End(12)
```

```
Singly.Insert_End(14)
```

```
Singly.Display()
```

OUTPUT:



```
Python 3.12.2 (tags/v3.12.2:6abddd9, Feb 6 2024, 21:26:36) [MSC v.1937 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
= RESTART: C:\Users\ASUS\OneDrive\Desktop\programming languages\data structures\single linked list.py
10->12->14->
>>>
```

RESULT:

The element K present in Singly Linked List or not is finded.

2.Implement singly Linked List

AIM:

To implement singly Linked List

ALGORITHM:

Step1:Start

Step2: Move hare K elements ahead

Step3: K is greater than list length

Step4: Move both pointers until hare reaches the end

Step5: Kth to last element

Step6: Printing the above list

Step7:End

PROGRAM:

```
class Node:
    def __init__(self,data):
        self.data=data
        self.ref=None
class Linked_list:
    def __init__(self):
        self.head=None

    def printLL(self):
        if self.head is None:
            print("linked list is empty")
        else:
            n=self.head
            while(n is not None):
                print(n.data,end="-->")
                n=n.ref
    def add_begin(self,data):
        newnode=Node(data)
        newnode.ref=self.head
        self.head=newnode
    def add_end(self,data):
        newnode=Node(data)
        if self.head is None:
            self.head=newnode
        else:
```

```

        n=self.head
        while n.ref is not None:
            n=n.ref
        n.ref=newnode
def after_add(self,data,x):
    n=self.head
    while n is not None:
        if x==n.data:
            break
        n=n.ref
    if n is None:
        print("linked list is empty")
    else:
        newnode=Node(data)
        newnode.ref=n.ref
        n.ref=newnode
def before_add(self,data,x):
    if self.head is None:
        print("Linked list is empty")
        return
    if self.head.data==x:
        newnode=Node(data)
        newnode.ref=self.head

        self.head=newnode
        return
    n=self.head
    while n.ref is not None:
        if n.ref.data==x:
            break
        n=n.ref
    if n.ref is None:
        print("linked list is empty")
    else:
        newnode=Node(data)
        newnode.ref=n.ref
        n.ref=newnode
def insert_empty(self,data):
    if self.head is None:
        newnode=Node(data)
        self.head=newnode
    else:
        print("linkedList is not empty ")
def delete_begin(self):
    if self.head is None:

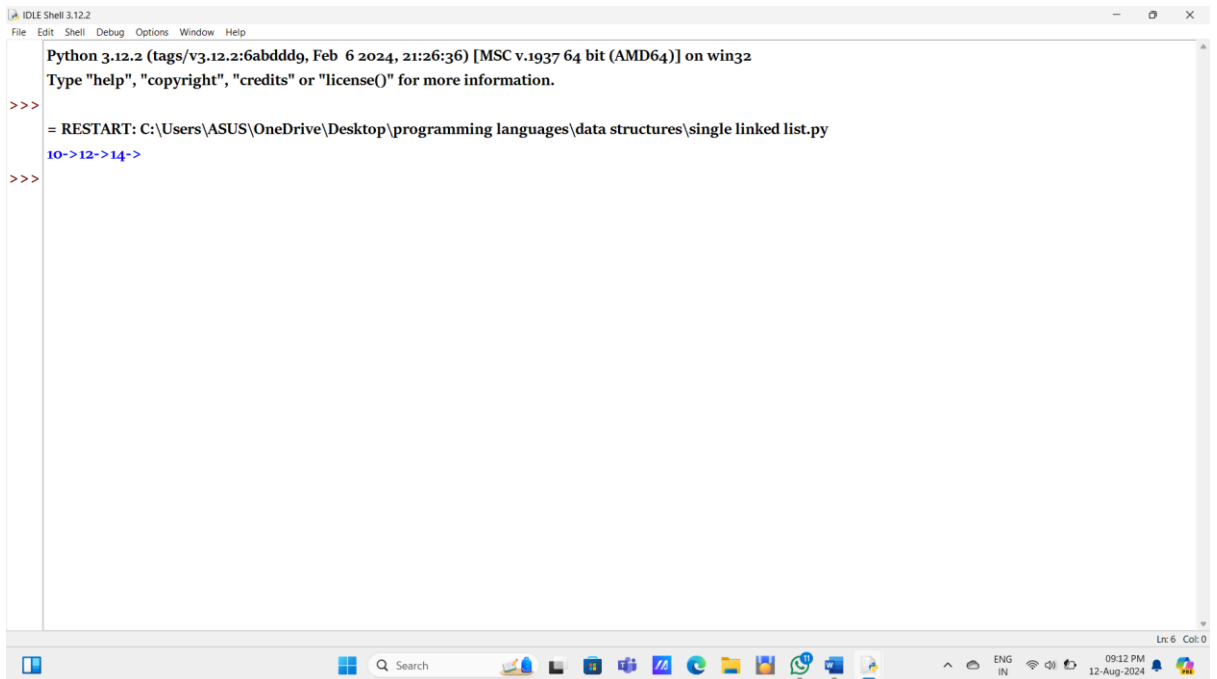
```

```

        print("Linked List is empty")
    else:
        self.head=self.head.ref
def delete_end(self):
    if self.head is None:
        print("LinkedList is empty")
    elif(self.head.ref is None):
        self.head=None
    else:
        n=self.head
        while(n.ref.ref is not None):
            n=n.ref
        n.ref=None
def delete_by_value(self,x):
    if self.head is None:
        print("LinkedList is empty")
        return
    if self.head.data ==x:
        self.head=self.head.ref
        return
    n=self.head
    while n.ref is not None:
        if n.ref.data==x:
            break
        n=n.ref
    if n.ref is None:
        print("That element is not present in the linked list")
    else:
        n.ref=n.ref.ref
LL=Linked_list()
LL.add_begin(10)
LL.add_begin(20)
LL.add_begin(30)
LL.add_begin(40)
LL.delete_by_value(10)
LL.printLL()

```

OUTPUT:



```
Python 3.12.2 (tags/v3.12.2:6abddd9, Feb 6 2024, 21:26:36) [MSC v.1937 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.

>>>

= RESTART: C:\Users\ASUS\OneDrive\Desktop\programming languages\data structures\single linked list.py
10->12->14->

>>>
```

RESULT:

Implemented singly Linked List.

3.write the program for reverse the singly linked list.

AIM:

To reverse the singly linked list.

ALGORITHM:

Step1:Start

Step2: Reverse current node's pointer

Step3: Update head to the new first node

Step4: Move both pointers until hare reaches the end

Step5: Helper function to print the linked list

Step6: Printing the above list

Step7:End

PROGRAM:

```
class Node:
```

```
    def __init__(self,data):
```

```
        self.data=data
```

```
        self.ref=None
```

```
class Linked_list:
```

```
    def __init__(self):
```

```
        self.head=None
```

```
    def printLL(self):
```

```
        if self.head is None:
```

```
            print("linked list is empty")
```

```
        else:
```

```
            n=self.head
```

```
            while(n is not None):
```



```

        print(n.data,end="-->")

        n=n.ref

def add_begin(self,data):

    newnode=Node(data)

    newnode.ref=self.head

    self.head=newnode


def reverse_print(self):

    nodes=[]

    n=self.head

    while n is not None:

        nodes.append(n.data)

        n=n.ref

    l=len(nodes)-1

    for i in range (l, -1, -1):

        print(nodes[i],end="-->")

```

```

LL=Linked_list()

LL.add_begin(10)

LL.add_begin(20)

LL.add_begin(30)

LL.add_begin(40)


LL.printLL()

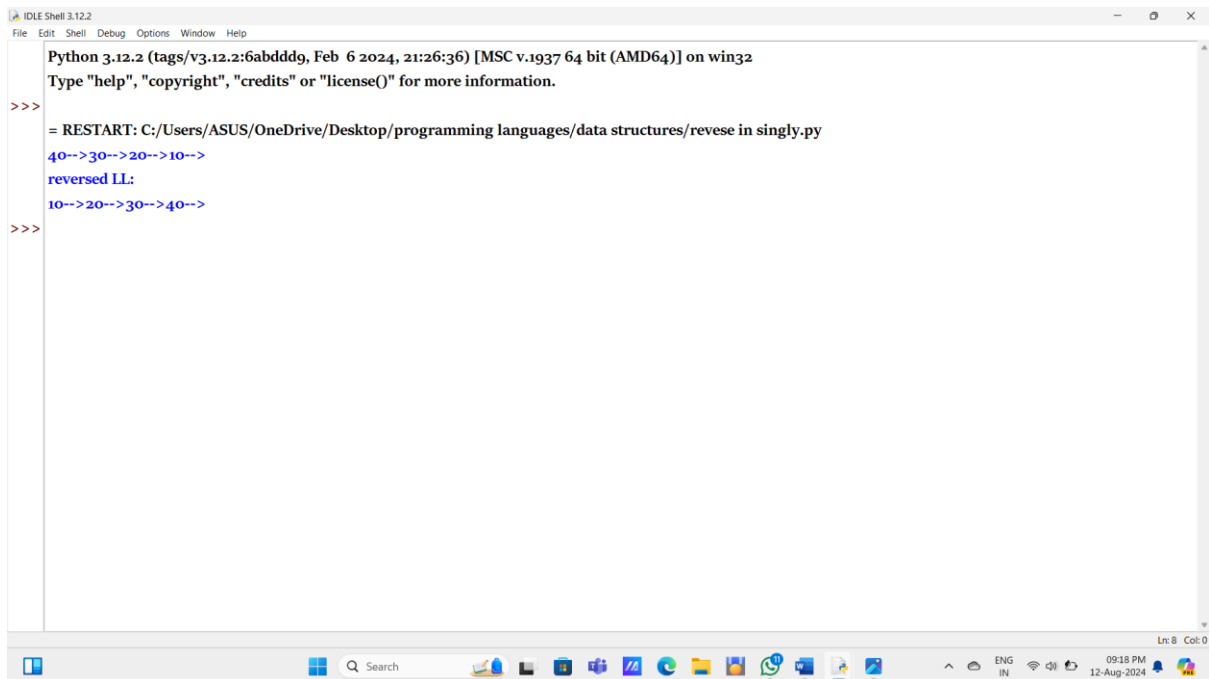
print()

print("reversed LL:")

LL.reverse_print()

```

OUTPUT:



```
IDLE Shell 3.12.2
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help

Python 3.12.2 (tags/v3.12.2:6abddd9, Feb 6 2024, 21:26:36) [MSC v.1937 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.

>>>
= RESTART: C:/Users/ASUS/OneDrive/Desktop/programming languages/data structures/revese in singly.py
40-->30-->20-->10-->
reversed LL:
10-->20-->30-->40-->
>>>
```

RESULT:

Printed the singly linked list in reversed order.

4.implementation of circular singly linked list.

AIM:

To implementation of circular singly linked list.

ALGORITHM:

Step1:Start

Step2: Reverse current node's pointer

Step3: Update head to the new first node

Step4: Move both pointers until hare reaches the end

Step5: Helper function to print the linked list

Step6: Printing the above list

Step7:End

PROGRAM:

class Node:

```
def __init__(self, data):
```

```
    self.data = data
```

```
    self.next = None
```

class CircularLinkedList:

```
def __init__(self):
```

```
    self.head = None
```

```
def add_to_empty(self, data):
```

```
    if self.head is not None:
```

```
        return
```

```
    new_node = Node(data)
```

```
    self.head = new_node
```

```
self.head.next = self.head
```

```
def add_to_begin(self, data):  
    if self.head is None:  
        self.add_to_empty(data)  
        return  
    new_node = Node(data)  
    new_node.next = self.head.next  
    self.head.next = new_node
```

```
def add_to_end(self, data):  
    if self.head is None:  
        self.add_to_empty(data)  
        return  
    new_node = Node(data)  
    new_node.next = self.head.next  
    self.head.next = new_node  
    self.head = new_node
```

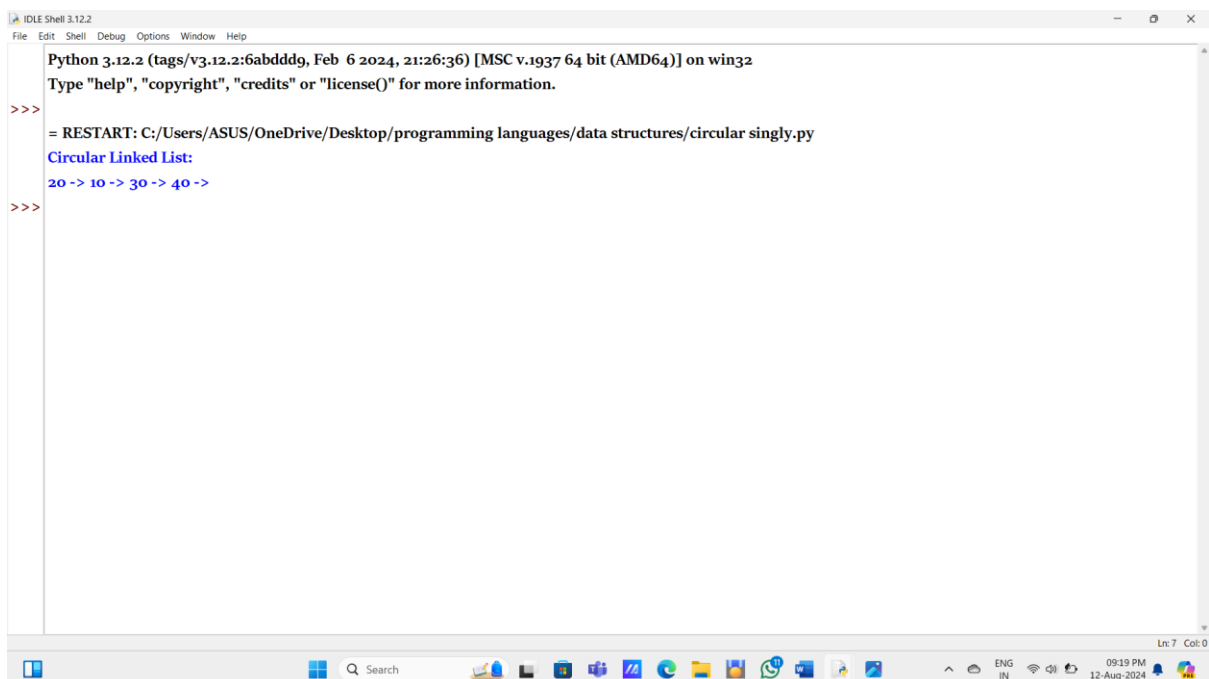
```
def traverse(self):  
    if self.head is None:  
        print("Circular linked list is empty")  
        return  
    current = self.head.next  
    while True:  
        print(current.data, end=" -> ")
```

```
        current = current.next
    if current == self.head.next:
        break
print()
```

```
cll = CircularLinkedList()
cll.add_to_empty(10)
cll.add_to_begin(20)
cll.add_to_end(30)
cll.add_to_end(40)
```

```
print("Circular Linked List:")
cll.traverse()
```

OUTPUT:



```
Python 3.12.2 (tags/v3.12.2:6abddd9, Feb 6 2024, 21:26:36) [MSC v.1937 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
= RESTART: C:/Users/ASUS/OneDrive/Desktop/programming languages/data structures/circular singly.py
Circular Linked List:
20 -> 10 -> 30 -> 40 ->
>>>
```

RESULT:

To implemented of circular singly linked list.

