

Professor: Armando Ruggeri

Student: Arya Khosravirad

Matricola: 534 170





Università degli Studi di Messina

Hospital Management Website

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Programming languages
- 3. Database implementation
- 4. Website presentation
- 5. Codes implementation
- 6. Conclusion
- 7. References

Introduction

The Hospital Website project is designed to help manage hospital tasks. It helps patients to book appointments, register, and contact the hospital online. The website also provides tools for hospital staff to manage appointments, patient information, and administrative duties.

Programming languages

- PHP: I used PHP to handle the backend of the website. It helps manage things like connecting to the database and processing user input.
- HTML: I used HTML to create the structure of the website. It organizes the content, such as text and images, on each web page.
- CSS: I used CSS to style the website. It controls how the website looks, including colors, fonts, and layout.
- JavaScript: I used JavaScript to make the website interactive. It adds features like form validation make the site more engaging.

Database Implementation

For the backend of this project, I used Docker to containerize the application.

Dockerfile

The Dockerfile is used to create the PHP environment. It starts from a PHP with Apache base image and installs the mysqli extension to enable communication between PHP and the MySQL database.

```
    Dockerfile > ...
    1 FROM php:apache
    2
    3 # Install mysqli extension
    4 RUN docker-php-ext-install mysqli
```

Docker Compose

The docker-compose.yaml file defines the services needed for the application:

```
| Wintered | Color | C
```

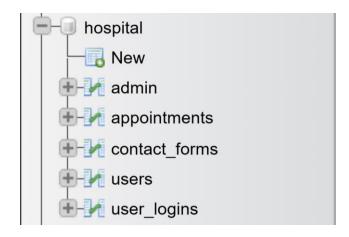
- MySQL: Runs the MySQL database, configured with necessary credentials and a database named hospital.
- PHP: Builds the PHP application from the Dockerfile and runs it on port 8082, with dependencies on the MySQL service.
- phpMyAdmin: Provides a web interface to manage the MySQL database, accessible on port 8081.

Commands Used

To build and start the services, I used docker-compose up --build.

Database Tables

- 1. admin Table: Manages admins credentials.
- 2. appointments Table: Stores information about the appointments.
- 3. contact_forms Table: Captures messages sent by patients.
- 4. users Table: Stores registered user information.
- 5. user_logins Table: Tracks user login activities.

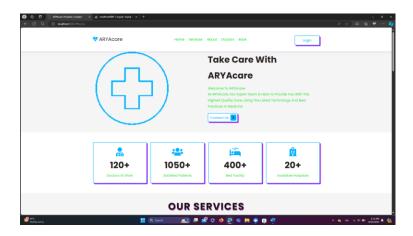


Website presentation

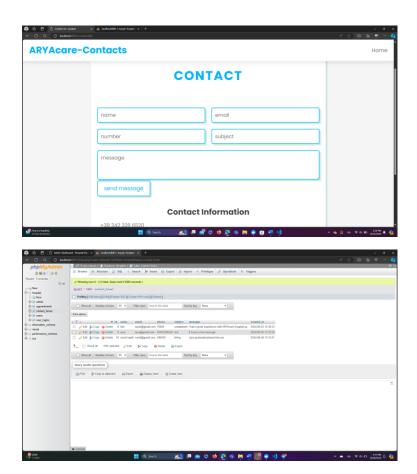
The ARYAcare Hospital homepage contains sections like services, information about the hospital, and doctors this design that helps users to find what they need, such as booking appointments or logging in.

HOME PAGE:

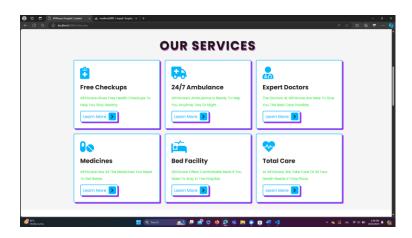
1.The first section of the ARYAcare Hospital homepage has a clear and simple design. There's also a Contact Us button, making it easy for visitors to send message to the hospital's staff.



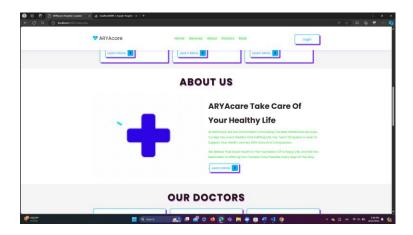
2. The Contact Us section allows users to send messages to the hospital by filling out a form. The submitted information is saved in the hospital's database for staff to review.



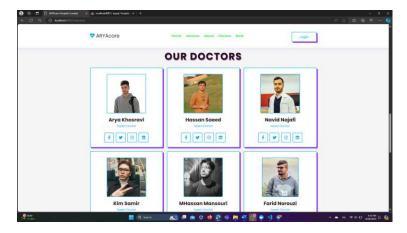
3. This is the Services section and users can learn more about each service by clicking on the Learn More button.



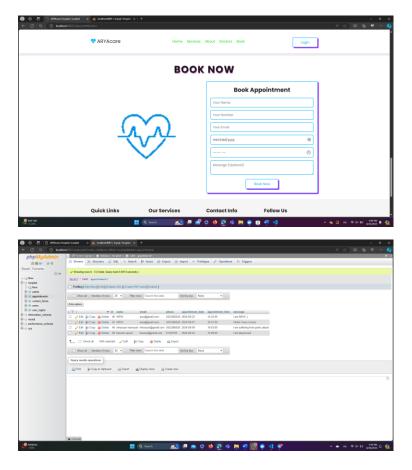
4. The About Us section with a "Learn More" button that lets users explore more details about the hospital.



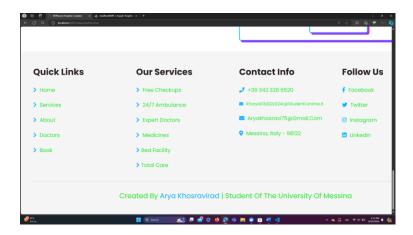
5. in doctors section you can see the doctors at ARYAcare, displaying their names, photos, and social media links.



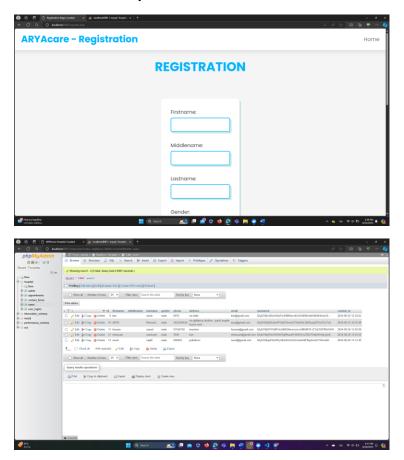
6. The booking section allows users to fill out a form to request an appointment. but before they can complete the booking, they must log in ensuring that only registered users can make appointments. Once logged in the booking information is stored in the database where the hospital staff can view and manage the appointments as shown in the database screenshot.



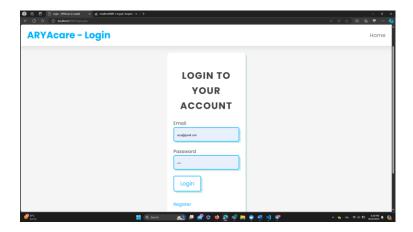
7. The Footer section provides quick access to important links and contact information. This section ensures that all information and navigation options are easily accessible at the bottom of the page.



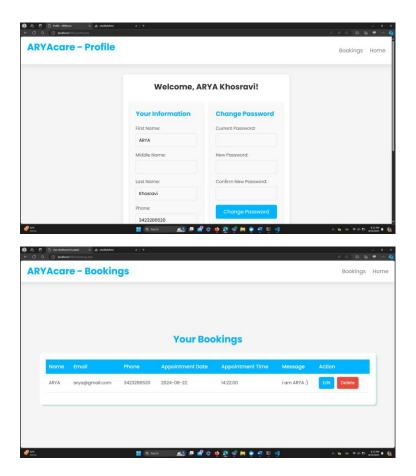
8. The Registration section lets new users sign up by entering their details like name, gender, and contact information. After submitting the form, the user's information is saved in the users table in hospital's database



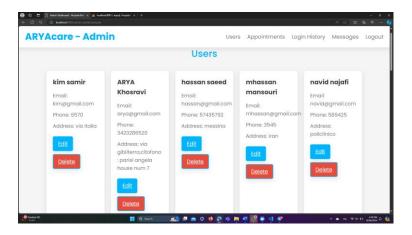
9. The Login page allows users and admins to enter their email and password to access their accounts. After logging in the user's login time is recorded in the database.



10. After logging in the user can view profile section to update their personal information such as their name and contact details password the users can manage their bookings where they can see and modify the details of their appointments.



11. This time I logged in as an admin i can manage user information including editing or deleting user profiles and control users appointments login history and messages.



Codes implementation

The DBconnection.php script connects the website to the MySQL database using the provided host, username, password, and database name. If the connection fails, it shows an error message.

Booking process:

The booking process starts on the user_dasboard.php page, where users fill out a form to book an appointment. This form sends the information to book_appointment.php, which saves the details like name, phone, email, and appointment time into the database. If the booking is successful, the user is notified and redirected to the bookings page.

Contact process:

The contacts.php page lets users fill out a form with their contact details. When they submit the form, the information is sent to process_contact.php, which saves it in contact_forms table. And user will see a confirmation message.

```
| SPACHE | Selection | View | Go | Run | Terminal | Help | C | Personal | Per
```

Registration Process:

The register.php page allows users to fill out a form create an account. When the form is submitted, process_register.php handles the registration by sanitizing the input data, checking if the email already exists, and hashing the password for security. If everything is valid, the user's information is stored in the database, and they are redirected to the homepage.

Login Process Explanation

The login.php script handles the login process for both admin and users. When a user submits their email and password, the script first checks if the credentials match an admin account. If so, the admin is redirected to the admin dashboard. If not, it checks the credentials matches the user accounts. If a match is found the user is logged in, their login time is recorded, and they are redirected to the user dashboard. If the credentials are incorrect, an error message is displayed.

Uesr Profile:

After users log in, there is a Profile section in their dashboard where they can update their personal information and change their password. In this section, they can also manage their appointments through the Bookings section.

```
| DOCKER CONTINUES | DOCKER CONTINUES | Specific plants | Specific
```

Admin Dashboard:

After logging in, the admin can view and edit user details, delete users, manage their appointments, and view the history of user logins and view the messages sent by users.

```
| Content | Cont
```

Conclusion:

the ARYAcare website provides an easy to use platform for both users and admins. Users can manage their profiles and appointments, while admins have full control over the system with effective management. This setup helps deliver high quality healthcare services in an organized way.

References:

- 1. PHP Official Documentation
- 2. MySQL Official Documentation
- 3. MDN Web Docs on HTML
- 4. MDN Web Docs on CSS
- 5. MDN Web Docs on JavaScript