

## Speaker 1: General Introduction

"Good morning, everyone. On behalf of our audit team, I'd like to thank you for this opportunity to present the findings of our audit and our recommendations for the Firma'IQ system. My name is Ahmed, and I am joined by my colleagues Hani, Achraf, Mayssa. Together, we have conducted a thorough evaluation of your system with the aim of ensuring its security, performance, and scalability."

"Our objective for this audit was to identify potential vulnerabilities, mitigate risks, and recommend actionable improvements that align with the system's operational and business goals. We aimed to create a roadmap that not only addresses current challenges but also future-proofs the architecture against evolving threats. The audit spanned multiple layers of your system, including infrastructure, microservices, CI/CD pipelines, and data security mechanisms."

"Our audit was conducted using a risk-based approach, leveraging industry-standard tools such as Lynis, Trivy, and SonarQube. We evaluated compliance with frameworks like ISO 27001 and OWASP, and adopted methodologies such as MEHARI for risk prioritization. This comprehensive approach ensures that our findings and recommendations are grounded in both technical rigor and business value."

"Now, let me hand over to Hani, who will provide a detailed breakdown of the tools, methodologies, and scope of our audit."

## Hani Yousfi: Technical Overview

"Thank you, Ahmed. As Ahmed mentioned, we adopted a suite of advanced tools and methodologies to ensure the accuracy and depth of our audit. For example:

- **Lynis** was used to assess system hardening and identify critical vulnerabilities.
- **Trivy** and **SonarQube** provided insights into container security and code quality.
- **HashiCorp Vault** enabled secure management of secrets and credentials."

"We divided the audit into four primary areas:

1. **Infrastructure:** Evaluating the Kubernetes setup, including master and worker nodes, and ensuring secure communication between them.

2. **Microservices:** Assessing the modularity, API security, and resilience of each service.
3. **CI/CD Pipelines:** Reviewing deployment workflows for vulnerabilities and enhancing automation.
4. **Data Security:** Ensuring compliance with GDPR by encrypting sensitive data at rest and in transit."

"Throughout the audit, we encountered key challenges, such as:

- **Secrets Management:** We identified instances of credentials being stored in plain text.
- **API Vulnerabilities:** Some microservices lacked adequate authentication and rate-limiting mechanisms.
- **RBAC Policies:** Access controls were overly permissive, increasing the risk of unauthorized access."

"Having outlined the technical approach, I'll now hand over to Achraf, who will present the key findings and risks identified during the audit."

**Achraf Ben abdallah :**

## **Risk Assessment**

"Thank you, Hani. During the audit, we identified several critical vulnerabilities that pose significant risks to the system. Let me walk you through some of the most pressing findings."

### **"1. Unsecured Secrets:**

- Sensitive information, such as API keys, was stored in plain text, making it vulnerable to exposure.
- 2. **API Weaknesses:**
  - a. Lack of authentication on some endpoints increases the risk of unauthorized access.
- 3. **Overly Permissive Access Controls:**
  - a. Broad RBAC policies could allow users or applications to access resources beyond their intended scope."

"Using the MEHARI framework, we assessed these risks based on their likelihood and impact. For instance:

- An API breach could lead to data exposure, rated as High Risk due to its business-critical implications.
- Misconfigured RBAC policies were rated as Medium Risk, as they can be exploited to escalate privileges within the system."

"If left unaddressed, these vulnerabilities could lead to severe consequences, including:

- Breaches of sensitive customer data.
- System downtime caused by unauthorized access or denial-of-service attacks.
- Financial and reputational losses."

"To address these risks, we've developed a detailed set of recommendations, which Mayssa will now present."

## Mayssa Larguech: Recommendations and Action Plan

"Thank you, Achraf. Based on our findings, here are the specific actions we recommend for the Firma'IQ system:

### 1. **Secrets Management:**

- a. You should implement **HashiCorp Vault** to securely store and rotate sensitive credentials such as API keys and database passwords.
- b. You should enforce strict access controls for secret storage, ensuring only authorized personnel can access them.

### 2. **API Security:**

- a. You should adopt **OAuth 2.0** for authenticating API endpoints to prevent unauthorized access.
- b. You should enable **rate limiting** on all APIs to mitigate the risk of denial-of-service (DoS) attacks.
- c. You should conduct regular **API penetration tests** to identify and address vulnerabilities proactively.

### 3. **Access Control:**

- a. You should refine **RBAC (Role-Based Access Control)** policies to ensure users and services have the minimum permissions necessary to perform their tasks.
- b. You should establish a process for periodic reviews of RBAC configurations to ensure they align with organizational needs.

### 4. **Network Security:**

- a. You should deploy a **service mesh** like Istio to secure communication between microservices with mutual TLS (mTLS).
  - b. You should configure firewalls to restrict external access to sensitive services like the Kubernetes API server.
5. **Monitoring and Observability:**
  - a. You should integrate **Prometheus** and **Grafana** to monitor system performance and detect anomalies in real time.
  - b. You should set up **alerts** for critical events such as unauthorized access attempts or resource overuse.
6. **System Hardening:**
  - a. You should upgrade all outdated software, such as the detected old version of Docker, to reduce vulnerabilities.
  - b. You should ensure compliance with CIS benchmarks for Kubernetes and Linux systems.
7. **Data Security:**
  - a. You should encrypt sensitive data both at rest and in transit using robust encryption protocols.
  - b. You should conduct regular **audits of data flows** to ensure compliance with GDPR and other applicable regulations.
8. **Software Updates:**
  - a. You should implement an automated patch management system to ensure all components remain up-to-date with the latest security fixes.
  - b. You should monitor vendor security advisories to respond quickly to newly discovered vulnerabilities.
9. **Incident Response:**
  - a. You should establish an **incident response plan** to handle security breaches effectively.
  - b. You should train your team to recognize and respond to potential threats promptly.

"To ensure these actions are implemented effectively, you should follow a phased approach:

- **Phase 1 (Immediate):** Secure secrets, refine RBAC policies, and address critical software vulnerabilities.
- **Phase 2 (Short-Term):** Deploy monitoring tools like Prometheus and Grafana, and implement service mesh security for internal communications.
- **Phase 3 (Ongoing):** Conduct regular audits, update software and configurations, and continuously refine system performance and scalability.

## Closing Remarks (Ahmed)

"In summary, our audit has provided a clear roadmap for enhancing the security, performance, and scalability of the Firma'IQ system. We've identified vulnerabilities, prioritized risks, and outlined actionable recommendations."

"We're happy to answer any questions and discuss how these recommendations can be tailored further to your needs."

"Thank you for trusting us with this important task. We're confident that, together, we can strengthen Firma'IQ and ensure its continued success."