

# Assignment no. 6

Group no: 04

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# LINEAR REGRESSION
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score, mean_squared_error
%matplotlib inline
df = pd.read_csv("/content/MOVIES DATASET.csv") # Importing the dataset
df.sample(5) # previewing dataset randomly
print(df.shape) # view the dataset shape
print(df['director_name'].value_counts())
new_df = df[df['director_name']=='James Cameron']
print(new_df.shape) # Viewing the new dataset shape
print(new_df.isnull().sum()) # Is there any Null or Empty cell presents
new_df = new_df.dropna() # Deleting the rows which have Empty cells
print(new_df.shape) # After deletion Viewing the shape
print(new_df.isnull().sum()) # Is there any Null or Empty cell presents
new_df.sample(2) # Checking the random dataset sample
new_df = new_df[['actor_1_facebook_likes','actor_3_facebook_likes']] #
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new_df.sample(5) # Checking the random dataset sample
X = np.array(new_df[['actor_1_facebook_likes']]) # Storing into X as
y = np.array(new_df[['actor_3_facebook_likes']]) # Storing into y
np.array
print(X.shape) # Viewing the shape of X
print(y.shape) # Viewing the shape of y
X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size =
0.25,random_state=15) # Splitting into train & test dataset
regressor = LinearRegression() # Creating a regressior
regressor.fit(X_train,y_train) # Fiting the dataset into the model
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(5043, 28)	
Steven Spielberg	26
Woody Allen	22
Clint Eastwood	20
Martin Scorsese	20

Ridley Scott	17
..	..
John Crowley	1
Rob Pritts	1
David S. Ward	1
R.J. Cutler	1
Daniel Hsia	1

Name: director\_name, Length: 2398, dtype: int64

(7, 28)	
color	0
director_name	0
num_critic_for_reviews	0
duration	0
director_facebook_likes	0
actor_3_facebook_likes	0
actor_2_name	0
actor_1_facebook_likes	0
gross	0
genres	0
actor_1_name	0
movie_title	0
num_voted_users	0
cast_total_facebook_likes	0
actor_3_name	0
facenumber_in_poster	0
plot_keywords	0
movie_imdb_link	0
num_user_for_reviews	0
language	0
country	0
content_rating	0
budget	0
title_year	0
actor_2_facebook_likes	0
imdb_score	0
aspect_ratio	0
movie_facebook_likes	0

dtype: int64

(7, 28)	
color	0
director_name	0
num_critic_for_reviews	0
duration	0
director_facebook_likes	0
actor_3_facebook_likes	0
actor_2_name	0
actor_1_facebook_likes	0
gross	0
genres	0
actor_1_name	0
movie_title	0
num_voted_users	0
cast_total_facebook_likes	0
actor_3_name	0
facenumber_in_poster	0
plot_keywords	0
movie_imdb_link	0
num_user_for_reviews	0

```

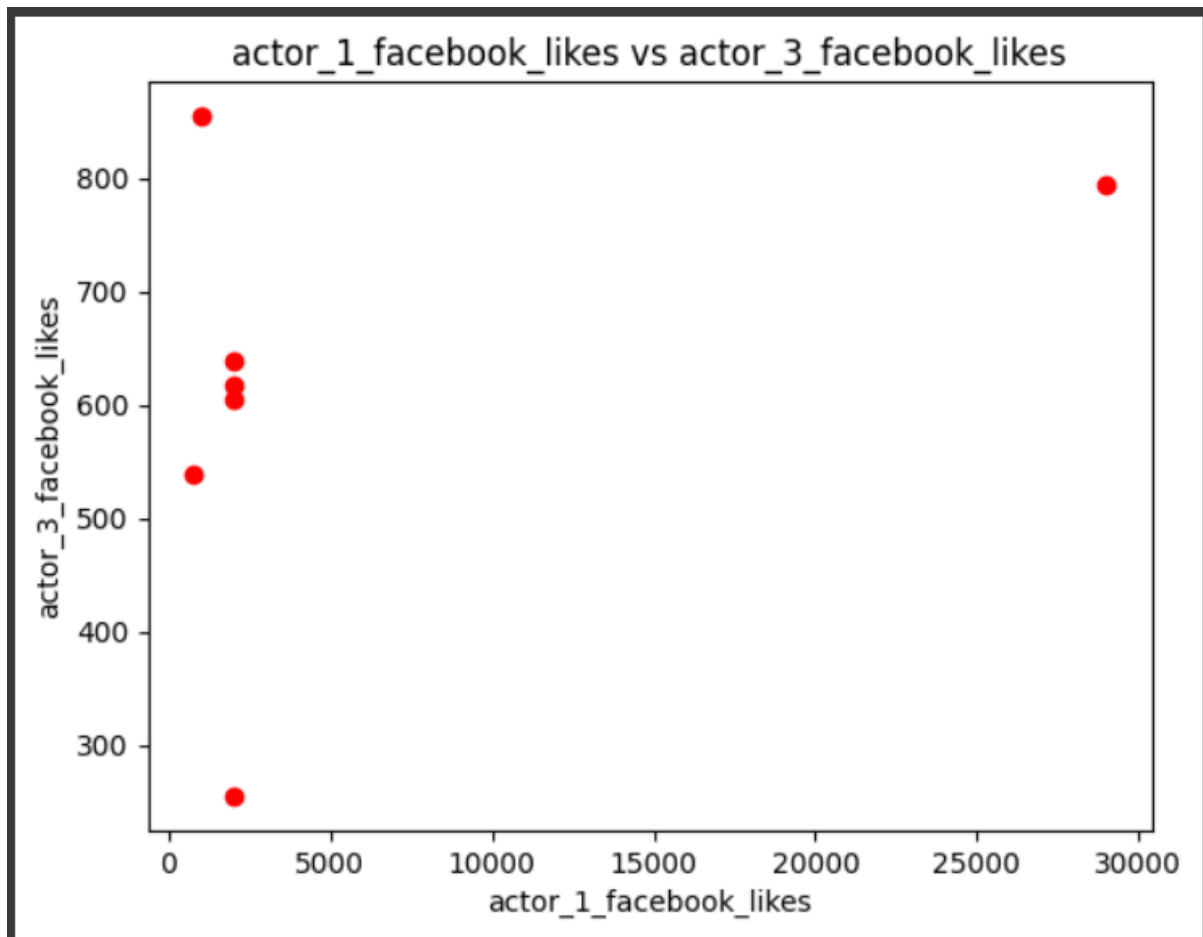
language 0
country 0
content_rating 0
budget 0
title_year 0
actor_2_facebook_likes 0
imdb_score 0
aspect_ratio 0
movie_facebook_likes 0
dtype: int64
(7, 1)
(7, 1)

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plt.scatter(X,y,color="red") # Plot a graph X vs y
plt.title('actor_1_facebook_likes vs actor_3_facebook_likes')
plt.xlabel('actor_1_facebook_likes')
plt.ylabel('actor_3_facebook_likes')
plt.show()

```

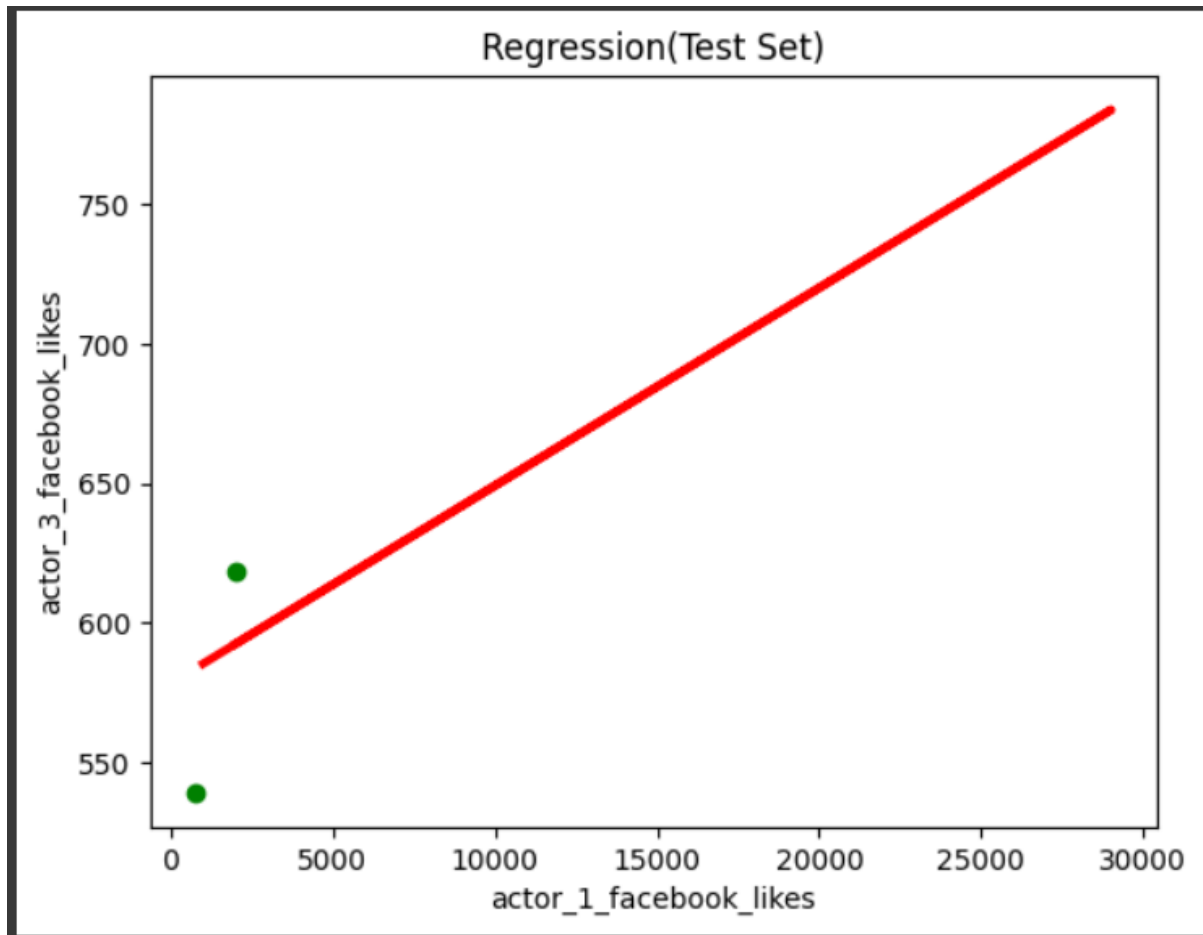


```

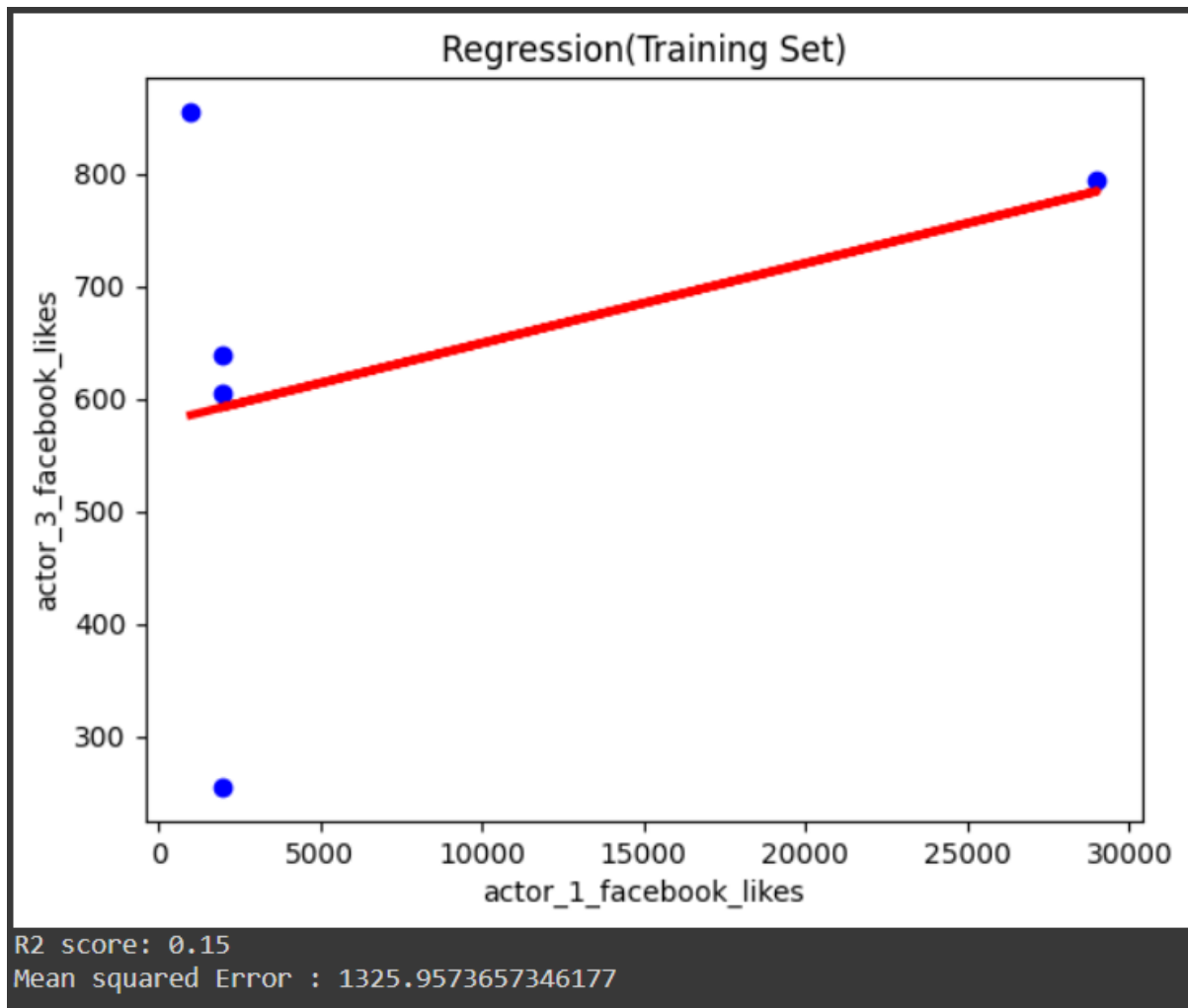
plt.scatter(X_test,y_test,color="green") # Plot a graph with X_test vs y_test
plt.plot(X_train,regressor.predict(X_train),color="red",linewidth=3) #
plt.title('Regression(Test Set)')

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plt.xlabel('actor_1_facebook_likes')
plt.ylabel('actor_3_facebook_likes')
plt.show()
```



```
plt.scatter(X_train,y_train,color="blue")
# Plot a graph with X_train vs y_train
plt.plot(X_train,regressor.predict(X_train),color="red",linewidth=3)
# Regressor line showing
plt.title('Regression(Training Set)')
plt.xlabel('actor_1_facebook_likes')
plt.ylabel('actor_3_facebook_likes')
plt.show()
y_pred = regressor.predict(X_test)
print('R2 score: %.2f' % r2_score(y_test,y_pred)) # Printing R2 Score
print('Mean squared Error :',mean_squared_error(y_test,y_pred))
# Printing the mean error
```

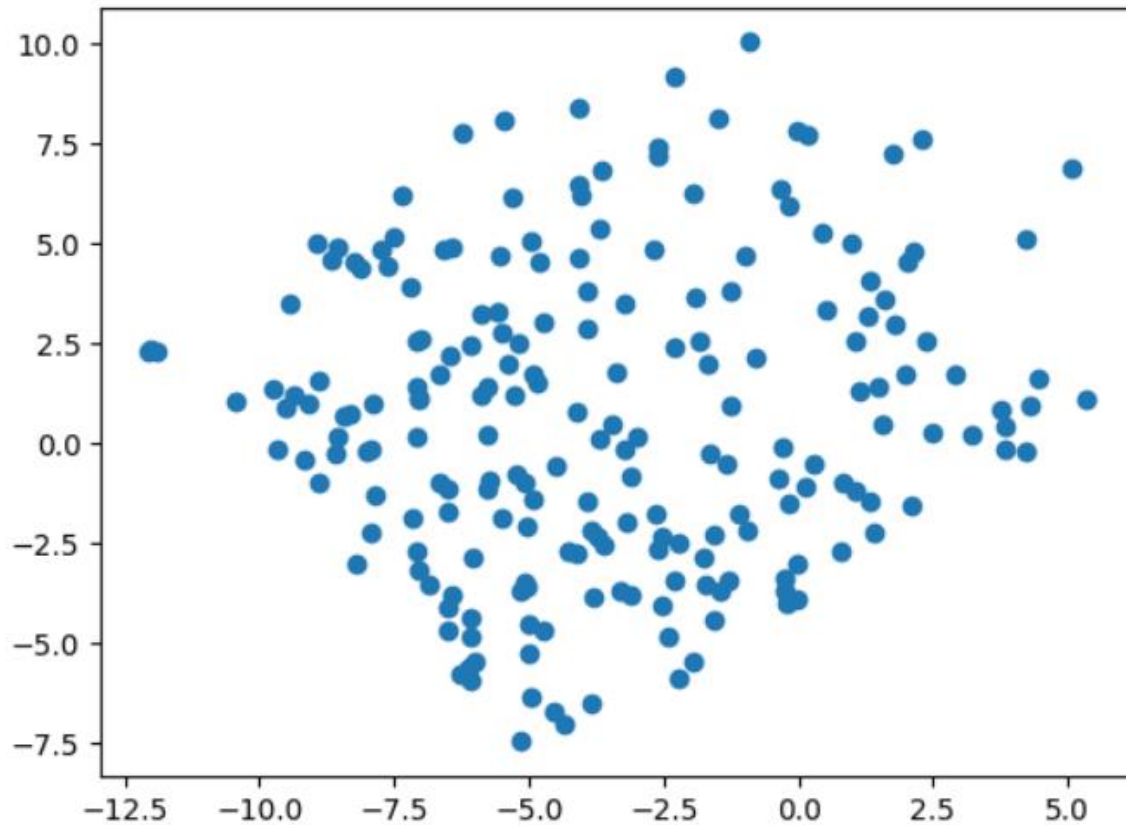


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# K MEANS CLUSTERING

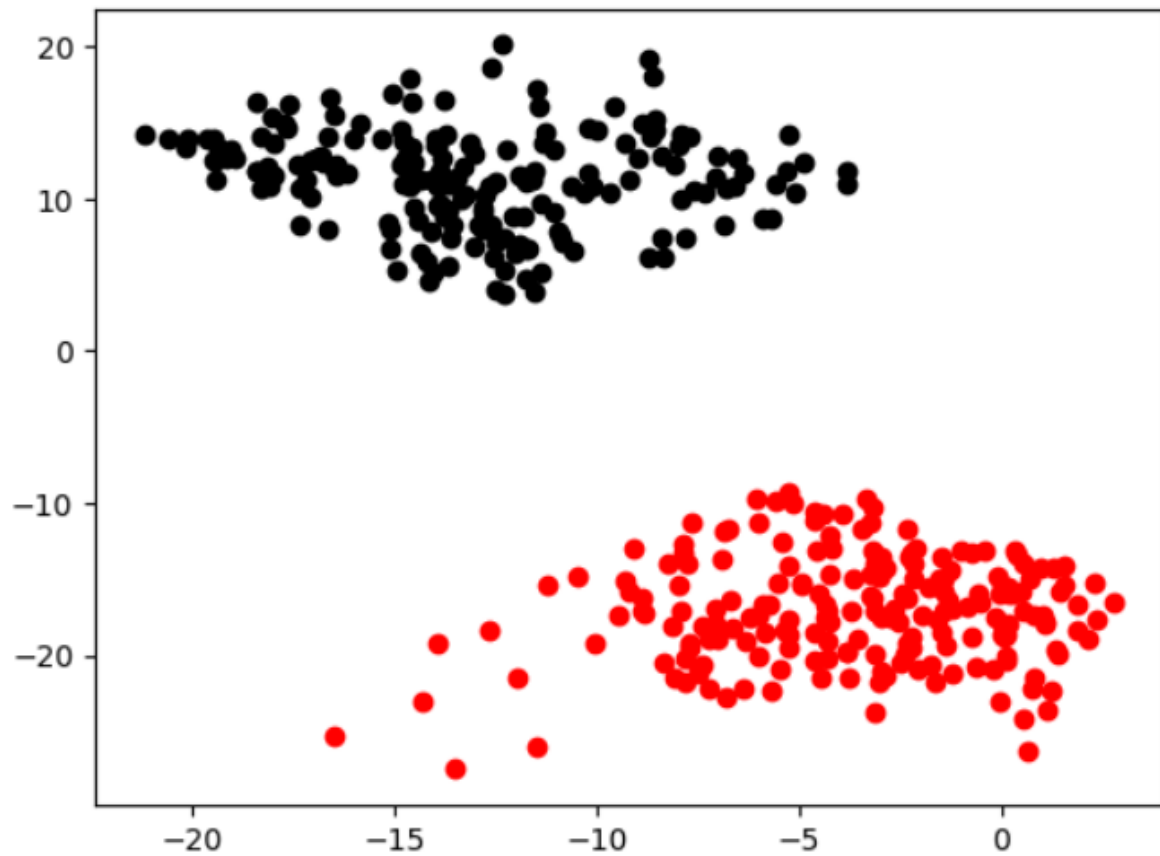
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

#filter rows of original data
filtered_label0 = df[label == 0]

#plotting the results
plt.scatter(filtered_label0[:,0] , filtered_label0[:,1])
plt.show()
```

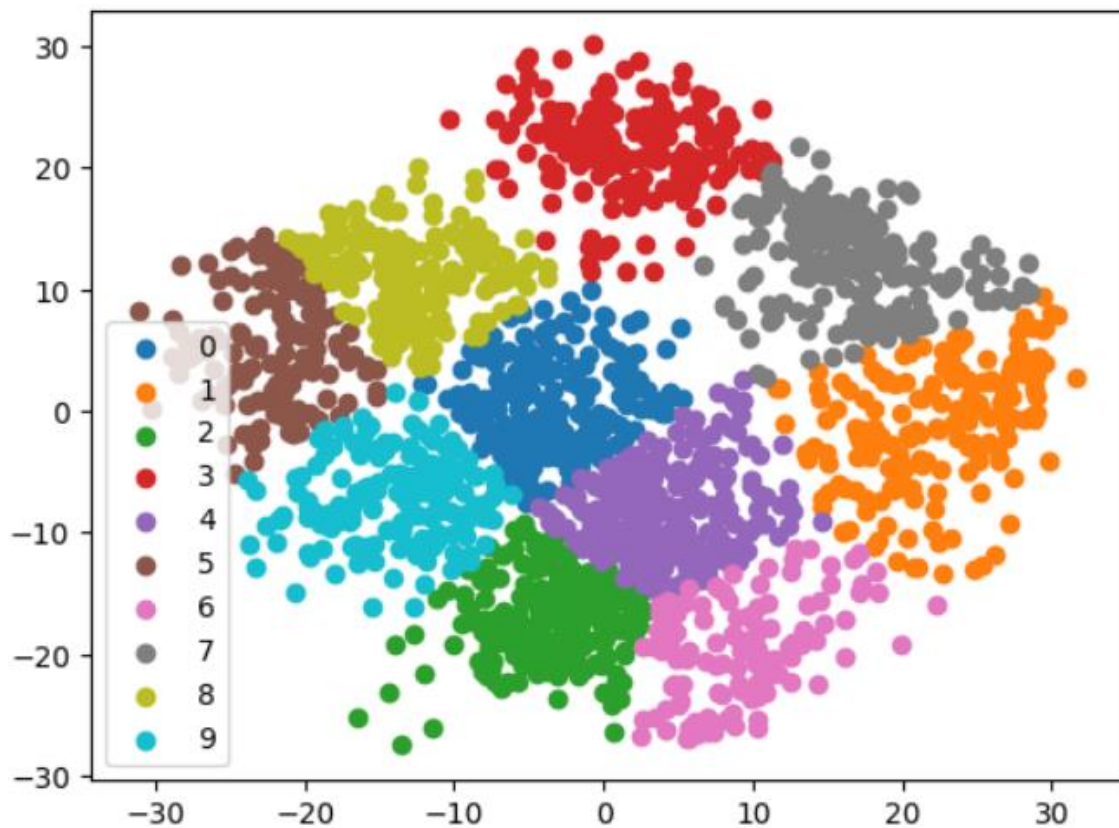


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#filter rows of original data
filtered_label2 = df[label == 2]
filtered_label8 = df[label == 8]
#Plotting the results
plt.scatter(filtered_label2[:,0] , filtered_label2[:,1] , color =
'red')
plt.scatter(filtered_label8[:,0] , filtered_label8[:,1] , color =
'black')
plt.show()
```



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#Getting unique labels
u_labels = np.unique(label)

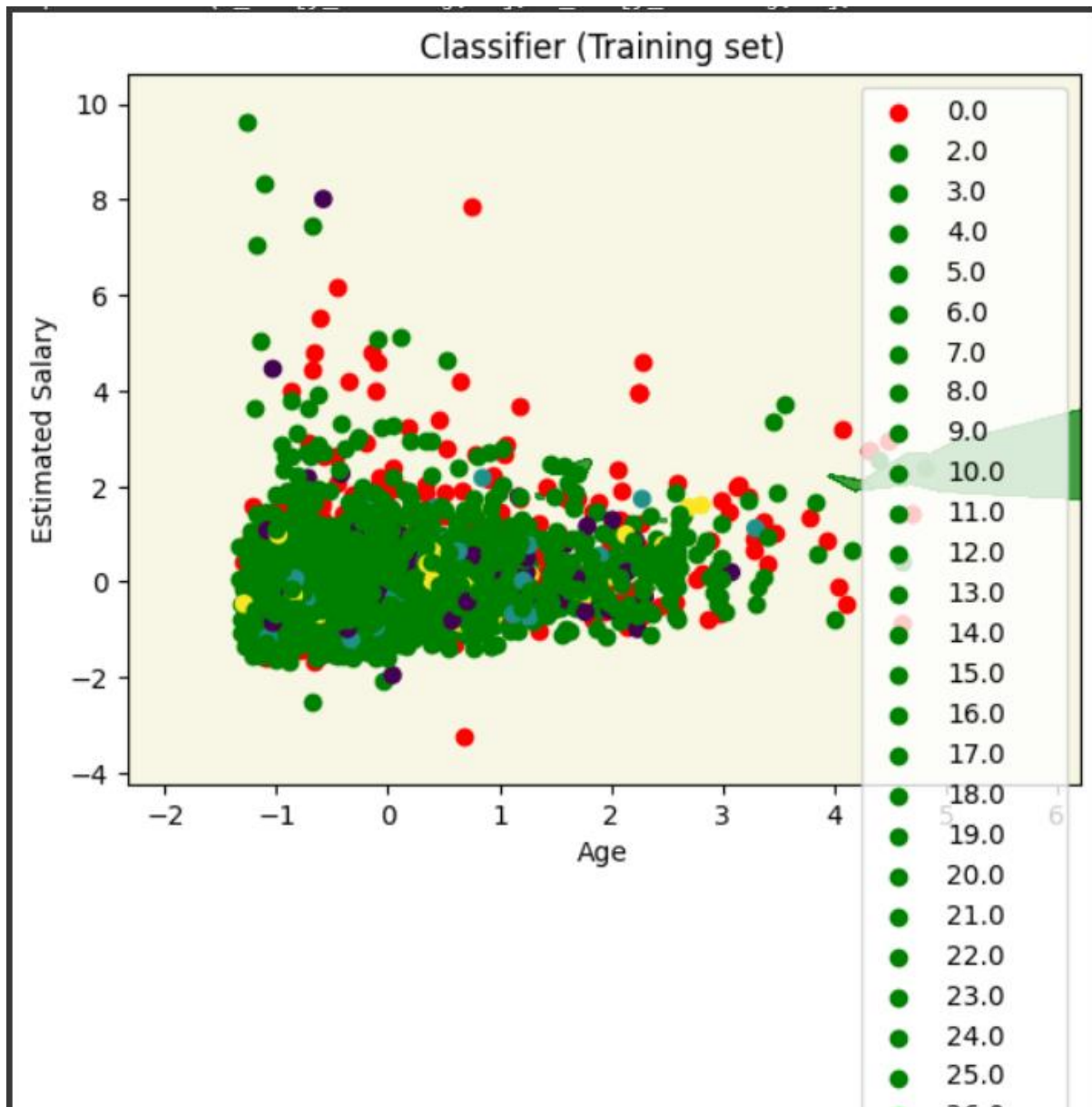
#plotting the results:
for i in u_labels:
    plt.scatter(df[label == i , 0] , df[label == i , 1] , label = i)
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
# Importing the dataset
dataset = pd.read_csv('/content/MOVIES DATASET.csv').dropna()
X = dataset.iloc[:, [2, 3]].values
y = dataset.iloc[:, 4].values
# Splitting the dataset into the Training set and Test set
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size =
0.25, random_state = 0)
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test = sc.transform(X_test)
# Fitting classifier to the Training set
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
classifier = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors = 2)
classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
# Predicting the Test set results
y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
# Making the Confusion Matrix
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
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# Visualising the Training set results
from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
X_set, y_set = X_train, y_train
X1, X2 = np.meshgrid(np.arange(start = X_set[:, 0].min() - 1, stop =
X_set[:, 0].max() + 1, step = 0.01),
np.arange(start = X_set[:, 1].min() - 1, stop =
X_set[:, 1].max() + 1, step = 0.01))
plt.contourf(X1, X2, classifier.predict(np.array([X1.ravel(),
X2.ravel()]).T).reshape(X1.shape),
alpha = 0.75, cmap = ListedColormap(('beige', 'green')))
plt.xlim(X1.min(), X1.max())
plt.ylim(X2.min(), X2.max())
for i, j in enumerate(np.unique(y_set)):
    plt.scatter(X_set[y_set == j, 0], X_set[y_set == j, 1],
        c = ListedColormap(('red', 'green'))(i), label = j)
plt.title('Classifier (Training set)')
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Estimated Salary')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



```
# Visualising the Testing set results
from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
X_test, y_test = X_train, y_train
X1, X2 = np.meshgrid(np.arange(start = X_test[:, 0].min() - 1, stop =
X_test[:, 0].max() + 1, step = 0.01),
np.arange(start = X_test[:, 1].min() - 1, stop =
X_test[:, 1].max() + 1, step = 0.01))
plt.contourf(X1, X2, classifier.predict(np.array([X1.ravel(),
X2.ravel()]).T).reshape(X1.shape),
alpha = 0.75, cmap = ListedColormap(('red', 'green')))
plt.xlim(X1.min(), X1.max())
plt.ylim(X2.min(), X2.max())
for i, j in enumerate(np.unique(y_test)):
    plt.scatter(X_test[y_test == j, 0], X_test[y_test == j, 1],
        c = ListedColormap(('beige', 'green'))(i), label = j)
plt.title('Classifier (Testing set)')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Estimated Salary')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

