Ubuntu Checklist

- Read the read-me CAREFULLY!
 - Almost always asks you to add a group, add users to group, etc.
 - Take pictures of Users
 - Remember admins and passwords!
 - Usually, at least one Admin who needs their password changed
 - Change passwords to similar iterations of the same word
 - Write down all relevant information, including ports to enable/disable and users
 - Don't do anything until later but make sure to take good notes!
- Read the first forensics question!
 - Commonly "Find absolute path of..."
 - Use "Find -type f -name "*.txt""
 - Commonly "This file is encrypted..."
 - Just google a decoder
 - Commonly "Find all files of this type and list their directories..."
 - Use "Find /home '*.type'"
- Once you finish the forensics, you can delete any data associated with them
- Securing users/user settings
 - Secure root
 - /etc/ssh/sshd_config
 - PermitRootLogin no
 - DON'T PULL A GIDEON!!
 - Disable guest user
 - /etc/lightdm/lightdm.conf and add the line allow-guest=false
 - sudo restart lightdm
 - Password Security
 - Open up /etc/passwd and check which users
 - Are uid 0
 - Can login
 - Are allowed in the readme
 - Add or change password expiration requirements to /etc/login.defs.
 - PASS MIN DAYS 7
 - PASS MAX DAYS 90
 - PASS_WARN_AGE 14
 - Null passwords do not authenticate
 - Sudo gedit /etc/pam.d/common_auth
 - Delete Nullok
 - Change unlock time to equal 1200
 - Change deny to equal 5
 - Min length, Pass history and complexity requirements

- Sudo gedit /etc/pam.d/common-password
 - Add minlen=8 and remember=5 to pam_unix.so
 - Add ucredit=-1 lcredit=-1 dcredit=-1 ocredit=-1 to pam.cracklib.so
 - If libpam.cracklib doesn't exist, sudo apt-get install libpam-cracklib
- Go to /etc/pam.d/common-auth
 - Add deny=5 unlock_time=1800 to pam_tally2.so
- Go into users in settings
 - Look for and delete all users not supposed to be there (not on your list)
 - Change insecure passwords (will be on admin list)
 - Chpasswd!!
- Go to /etc/pam.d/common-account
 - Add "account required pam-tally2.so" (without the quotation marks)
- Updates settings
 - Enable automatic updates
 - Go to update manager
 - Settings
 - Updates
 - Check for Updates
 - Daily
- Securing Network
 - Enable firewall
 - Sudo ufw enable
 - Configure firewall
 - (Most of this is done in the script)
 - Enable syncookies
 - sysctl -n net.ipv4.tcp_syncookies
 - Disable IPv6
 - echo "net.ipv6.conf.all.disable_ipv6 = 1" | sudo tee -a /etc/sysctl.conf
 - Disable IP forwarding
 - echo 0 | sudo tee /proc/sys/net/ipv4/ip_forward
 - Prevent IP Spoofing
 - echo "nospoof on" | sudo tee -a /etc/host.conf
 - Check for hacking tools
 - Installed Packages
- Configure Services
 - Check service config files
 - SQL, Apache, Daemon, etc.
 - Check service legitimacy
 - Service —status-all
- Updates

- Do this last to ensure that if it absolutely wrecks your machine, you're ok to submit if needed
 - sudo apt update
 - sudo apt upgrade
 - sudo reboot

Other

- System logs
 - Different logs
 - /var/log/boot : System boot log
 - /var/log/debug : Debugging log messages
 - /var/log/auth.log: User login and authentication logs
 - /var/log/daemon.log: Running services such as squid, ntpd and others log message to this file
 - /var/log/kern.log : Kernel log file
 - Viewing logs
 - tail, more, cat, less, grep
 - GNOME System Log Viewer
- Uninstalling Software
 - Applications → Ubuntu Software Center
 - Installed Software section
 - Select application and click Remove
- Antivirus
 - sudo dpkg -i Downloads/clamtk_VERSION.deb
 - To use type Clamtk
- Deleting all files of a certain type
 - find /home -name '*.mov' -type f -delete
- Listing all active services
 - systemctl list-units --type=service --state=active
- Start SSH at boot
 - sudo update-rc.d ssh enable