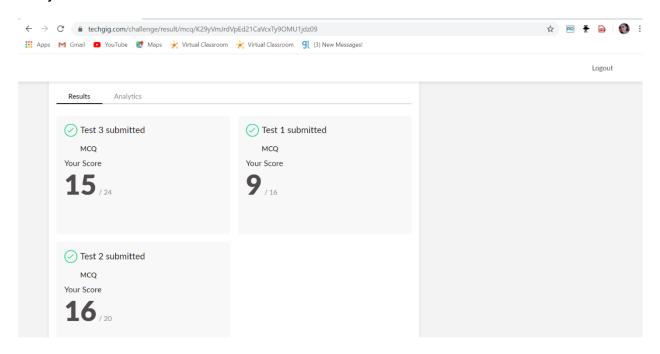
# **DAILY ONLINE ACTIVITIES SUMMARY**

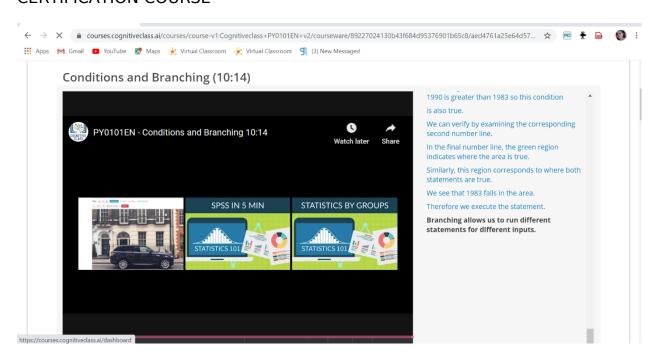
Date:	8-06-2020		Name:	ASHIF	KA		
Sem & Sec	6 A		USN:	4AL17CS016			
Online Test Summary							
Subject	CNSC						
Max. Marks 60			Score 40				
Certification Course Summary							
Course Python for data science							
Certificate Provider		Cognitive class	Duration		5 hour		
Coding Challenges							
Problem Statement:							
1. Write C++ program to Check whether a number can be							
represented as difference of two squares							
2. C Program to Generate All the Set Partitions of n Numbers Beginning from 1 and so on							
3. Java program to delete a node from the middle of the singly linked list							
4. Program program to find whether a string is a palindrome or not							
Status: done(executed)							
Uploaded the report in Github			yes				
If yes Repository name			https://github.com/ASHIKA-05/DAILY-REPORT				

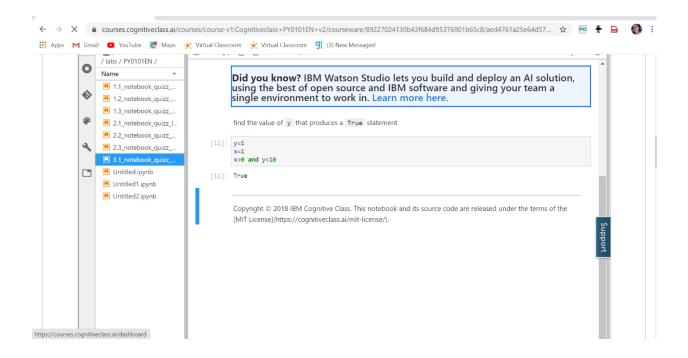
Uploaded the report in slack	yes			

## Subject: CNSC



### **CERTIFICATION COURSE**





#### **ONLINE CODEING**

4. Write C++ program to Check whether a number can be represented as difference of two squares

Given a number N, the task is to check if this number can be represented as the difference of two perfect squares or not.

```
input: N = 3
Output: Yes
Explanation:
2^2 - 1^1 = 3

#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

bool difSquare(int n)
{
   if (n % 4 != 2) {
```

```
return true;
   }
   return false;
}
int main()
{
   int n = 3;
   if (difSquare(n)) {
          cout << "Yes\n";
   }
   else {
          cout << "No\n";
   }
   return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
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```

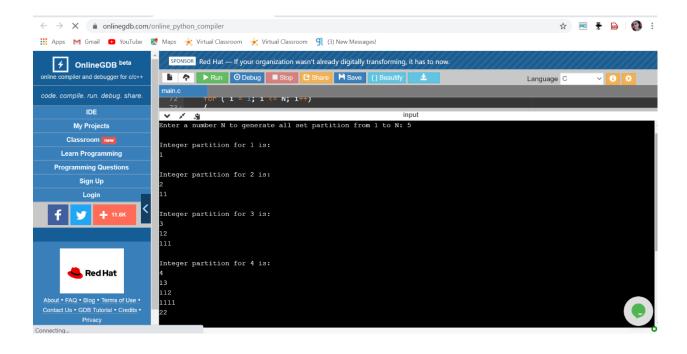
```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct {
int first;
   int n;
   int level;
} Call;
void print(int n, int * a) {
   int i;
   for (i = 0; i \le n; i++) {
      printf("%d", a[i]);
   }
   printf("\n");
}
```

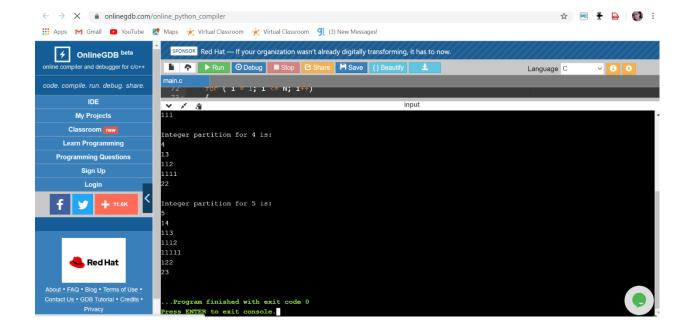
```
void integerPartition(int n, int * a){
   int first;
   int i;
   int top = 0;
   int level = 0;
   Call * stack = (Call * ) malloc (sizeof(Call) * 1000);
   stack[0].first = -1;
   stack[0].n = n;
   stack[0].level = level;
   while (top \ge 0)
      first = stack[top].first;
      n = stack[top].n;
      level = stack[top].level;
      if (n >= 1) {
          if (first == - 1) {
             a[level] = n;
             print(level, a);
             first = (level == 0) ? 1 : a[level-1];
             i = first;
          } else {
             i = first;
             i++;
          }
```

```
if (i \le n / 2) {
             a[level] = i;
             stack[top].first = i;
             top++;
             stack[top].first = -1;
             stack[top].n = n - i;
             stack[top].level = level + 1;
      } else {
         top--;
      }
   } else {
   top --;
   }
}
}
int main(){
  int N = 1;
  int * a = (int * ) malloc(sizeof(int) * N);
  int i;
  printf("\nEnter a number N to generate all set partition from 1 to N: ");
  scanf("%d", &N);
  for (i = 1; i \le N; i++)
  {
```

```
printf("\nInteger partition for %d is: \n", i);
  integerPartition (i, a);
}
return(0);
}
```

Output:





## 3. Java program to delete a node from the middle of the singly linked list

In this program, we will create a singly linked list and delete a node from the middle of the list. To accomplish this task, we will calculate the size of the list and then divide it by 2 to get the mid-point of the list. Node temp will point to head node. We will iterate through the list till midpoint is reached. Now, the temp will point to middle node and node current will point to node

previous to temp. We delete the middle node such that current's next node will point to temp's next node.

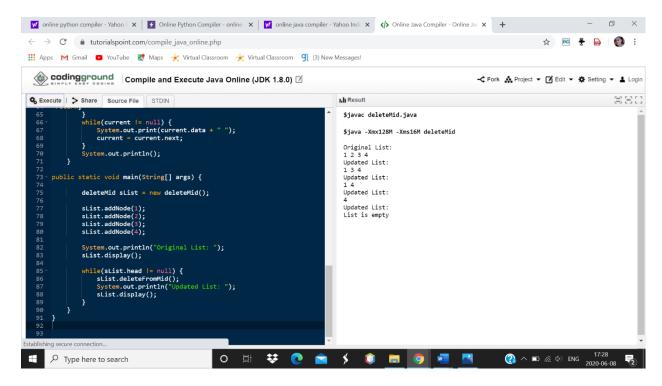
```
public class deleteMid{
class Node{
int data;
Node next;
public Node(int data)
{
this.data = data;
this.next = null;
}
}
public Node head = null;
public Node tail = null;
public int size;
public void addNode(int data) {
Node newNode = new Node(data);
if(head == null) {
head = newNode;
tail = newNode;
}
else {
tail.next = newNode;
tail = newNode;
}
```

```
size++;
}
void deleteFromMid() {
Node temp, current;
if(head == null) {
System.out.println("List is empty");
return;
}
else {
int count = (size % 2 == 0) ? (size/2) : ((size+1)/2);
if( head != tail ) {
temp = head;
current = null;
for(int i = 0; i < count-1; i++){
current = temp;
temp = temp.next;
}
if(current != null) {
current.next = temp.next;
temp = null;
}
else {
head = tail = temp.next;
temp = null;
}
```

```
}
else {
head = tail = null;
}
}
size--;
}
public void display() {
Node current = head;
if(head == null) {
System.out.println("List is empty");
return;
    }
    while(current != null) {
      System.out.print(current.data + " ");
      current = current.next;
    }
    System.out.println();
  }
public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
deleteMid sList = new deleteMid();
    sList.addNode(1);
    sList.addNode(2);
    sList.addNode(3);
    sList.addNode(4);
    System.out.println("Original List: ");
    sList.display();
    while(sList.head != null) {
      sList.deleteFromMid();
      System.out.println("Updated List: ");
      sList.display();
    }
  }
}
```

**Output:** 



4. Program program to find whether a string is a palindrome or not

#### Description:

Eg: String is: 'aba'

Write a python function that will take a string and checks whether it is a palindrome or not. Return If it a palindrome, print true else print false

```
Output: True

def isPalindrome(s):
    return s == s[::-1]

s = input()

ans = isPalindrome(s)

if ans:
    print("Yes")

else:
    print("No")
```

#### output:

