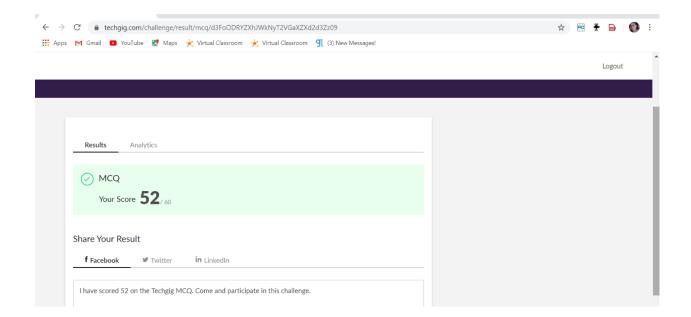
# **DAILY ONLINE ACTIVITIES SUMMARY**

Date:	1-06-2020		Name:	ASHIKA			
Sem & Sec	6 A		USN:	4AL17CS016			
Online Test Summary							
Subject	CNSC						
Max. Marks	Marks 60		Score	52			
Certification Course Summary							
Course	Robotic process automation						
Certificate Provider		Guvi	Duration		3 hour		
Coding Challenges							
Problem Statement:							
<ol> <li>1.Python Program to remove duplicate elements from a list</li> <li>2. Write a Java Program to left rotate the elements of an array. Problem Description In this program, we need to rotate the elements of an array towards the left by the specified number of times. In the left rotation, each element of the array will be shifted to its left by one position and the first element of the array will be added to end of the list. This process will be followed for a specified number of times.</li> <li>Suppose if n is 1 then, all elements of the array will be moved to its left by one position such that second element of the array will take the first position, the third element will be moved to the second position and so on. The first element of the array will be added to the last of the array.</li> <li>Given an array of positive integers. Write a C Program to find the leaders in the array.</li> </ol>							
Status:done(executed)							
Uploaded th	n Github	yes	yes				
_	1						

If yes Repository name	https://github.com/ASHIKA-05/DAILY-REPORT
Uploaded the report in slack	yes

# SUBJECT: CNSC



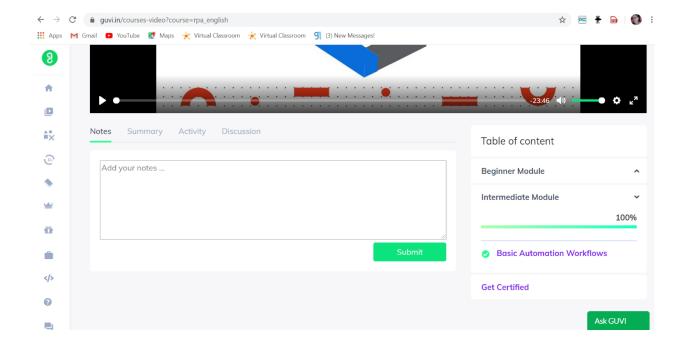
## **CERTIFICATION COURSE**

## **DEMONSRATION**

In that beginner and intermediate module was there
In that inat baginner I completed in previous day

And in intermediate

- .RPA component tool
- .what are the types of RPA
- .How RPA is helpful to human



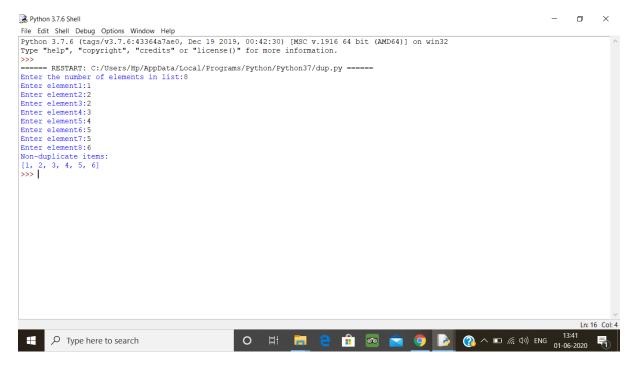


# Online coding

1. Python Program to remove duplicate elements from a list

```
Description:
input[1,2,3,3,4,5,5,6]
Output[1,2,3,4,5,6]
a=[]
n= int(input("Enter the number of elements in list:"))
for x in range(0,n):
  element=int(input("Enter element" + str(x+1) + ":"))
  a.append(element)
b = set()
unique = []
for x in a:
  if x not in b:
    unique.append(x)
    b.add(x)
print("Non-duplicate items:")
print(unique)
```

output:



2. Write a Java Program to left rotate the elements of an array.

## **Problem Description**

In this program, we need to rotate the elements of an array towards the left by the specified number of times. In the left rotation, each element of the array will be shifted to its left by one position and the first element of the array will be added to end of the list. This process will be followed for a specified number of times.

Suppose if n is 1 then, all elements of the array will be moved to its left by one position such that second element of the array will take the first position, the third element will be moved to the second position and so on. The first element of the array will be added to the last of the array.

```
Algorithm

STEP 1: START

STEP 2: INITIALIZE arr[] ={1, 2, 3, 4, 5}.

STEP 3: SET n =3

STEP 4: PRINT "Original Array"

STEP 5: REPEAT STEP 6 for(i=0; i<arr.length; i++)

STEP 6: PRINT arr[i]

STEP 7: REPEAT STEP 8 to STEP 12 for(i=0; i<n; i++)

STEP 8: DEFINE j, first.

STEP 9: first = arr[0]

STEP 10: REPEAT STEP 11 for(j= 0; j<arr.length-1; j++)

STEP 11: arr[j]= arr[j+1]

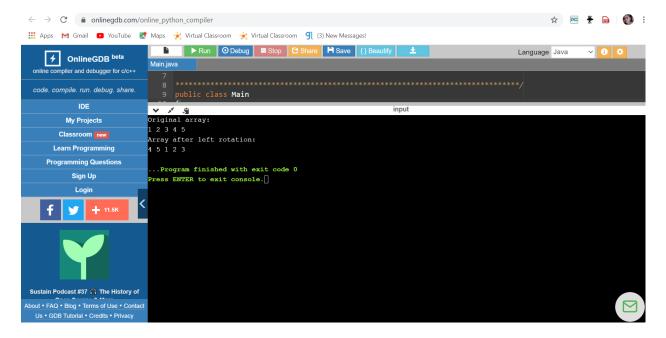
STEP 12: arr[j]= first

STEP 13: PRINT "Array after left rotation"

STEP 14: REPEAT STEP 15 for(i=0; i<arr.length; i++)
```

```
STEP 15: PRINT arr[i]
STEP 16: END
class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int [] arr = new int [] {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
    int n = 3;
    System.out.println("Original array: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
       System.out.print(arr[i] + " ");
    }
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
       int j, first;
       first = arr[0];
       for(j = 0; j < arr.length-1; j++){
         arr[j] = arr[j+1];
       }
       arr[j] = first;
    }
    System.out.println();
    System.out.println("Array after left rotation: ");
    for(int i = 0; i< arr.length; i++){</pre>
       System.out.print(arr[i] + " ");
    }
  }
}
```

## **Output:**



3. Given an array of positive integers. Write a C Program to find the leaders in the array.

**Note:** An element of array is leader if it is greater than or equal to all the elements to its right side. Also, the rightmost element is always a leader.

# Input:

The first line of input contains an integer T denoting the number of test cases. The description of T test cases follows.

The first line of each test case contains a single integer N denoting the size of array. The second line contains N space-separated integers A1, A2, ..., AN denoting the elements of the array.

#### **Output:**

Print all the leaders.

#### **Constraints:**

1 <= T <= 100

1 <= N <= 107

0 <= Ai <= 107

### **Example:**

### Input:

3

16 17 4 3 5 2

5

12340

```
5
7 4 5 7 3
Output:
17 5 2
```

4 0 7 7 3

# **Explanation:**

**Testcase 3:** All elements on the right of 7 (at index 0) are smaller than or equal to 7. Also, all the elements of right side of 7 (at index 3) are smaller than 7. And, the last element 3 is itself a leader since no elements are on its right.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<limits.h>
void ArrayLeader(int arr[],int size);
void PrintArray(int arr[],int size);
int main(void)
{
int arr[] = {7,4,5,7,3};
int size = 5;
printf("\n\n..... Array Element ......\n\n");
PrintArray(arr,size);
printf("\n\n..... Leader in Array .....\n\n");
ArrayLeader(arr,size);
printf("\n\n....\n\n");
return 0;
}
void ArrayLeader(int arr[],int size)
{
int MaxTillNow,i;
```

```
MaxTillNow = INT_MIN;
for(i=size-1;i>=0;--i)
{
if(arr[i] > MaxTillNow)
{
printf("%d ",arr[i]);
MaxTillNow = arr[i];
}
}
}
void PrintArray(int arr[],int size)
{
int i;
for(i=0;i<size;++i)
printf("%d ",arr[i]);
}
```

# Output:

