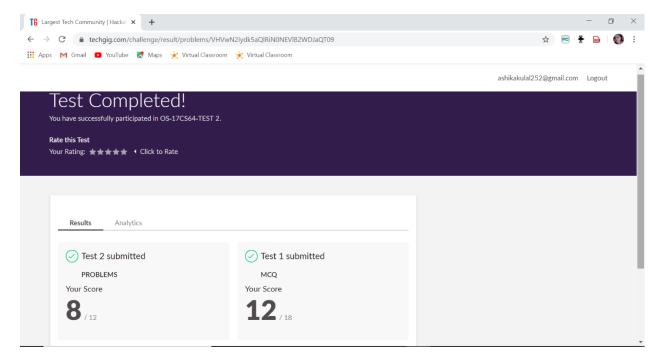
DAILY ONLINE ACTIVITIES SUMMARY

Date:	28/05/2020		Name:	ASHIKA			
Sem & Sec	6 A		USN:	4AL17CS016			
Online Test Summary							
Subject	OPER	OPERATING SYSTEM					
Max. Marks	30		Score	20			
Certification Course Summary							
Course	ETHICAL HACKING						
Certificate Provider		Great learninng	Duration		6 hour		
Coding Challenges							
Description: A digital root digits of n. If digit number digit_root(0)= digital_root(1 => 1 + 6 => 7 digital_root(1 => 1 + 3 + 2 => 24 => 2 + 4 => 6 2. JAVA PF	is the recithat value is produce = 0 .6) .32189) + 1 + 8 + 9	BALANCED BRAKE	ts in a number t, continue red le to the natura	ucing in th al numbers	is way until a single- s.		
Write a function that accepts a string consisting entiring of brackets ($\{\}$) and returns whether it is balanced. Every "opening" bracket must be followed by a closing bracket of the same type. There can also be nested brackets, which adhere to the same rule. $f('())[\{\}(([]))\{[()]]\}')$ // true $f('())[\{\}')$ // false							

Status: done(executed)						
Uploaded the report in Github	yes					
If yes Repository name	https://github.com/ASHIKA-05/DAILY-REPORT					
Uploaded the report in slack	yes					

SUBJECT: OPERATING SYSTEM

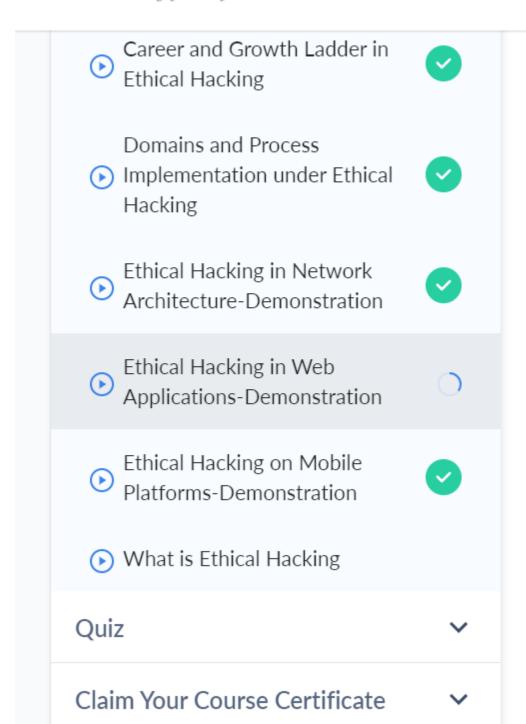


CERTIFICATION COURSE



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Learning videos Career and Growth Ladder in Ethical Hacking Domains and Process Implementation under Ethical Hacking Ethical Hacking in Network Architecture-Demonstration Ethical Hacking in Web Applications-Demonstration Ethical Hacking on Mobile Platforms-Demonstration (What is Ethical Hacking Quiz

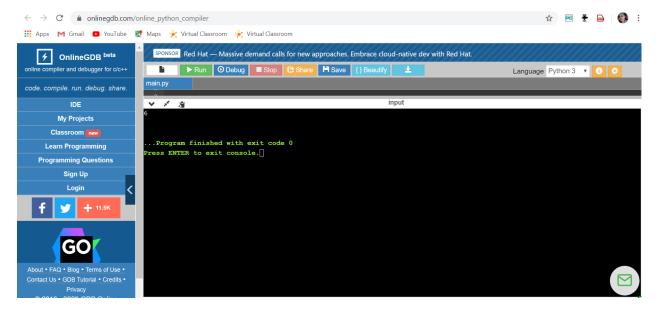
1. Python program to find digital root of a number

Description:

A digital root is the recursive sum of all the digits in a number. Given n, take the sum of the digits of n. If that value has more than one digit, continue reducing in this way until a single-digit number is produced. This is only applicable to the natural numbers.

```
digit root(0) = 0
digital root(16)
=> 1 + 6
=> 7
digital root(132189)
=> 1 + 3 + 2 + 1 + 8 + 9
=> 24 ...
=> 2 + 4
=> 6
def DigitalRoot(number):
      addper = 0
      while number >=10:
             number = sum(int(digit)for digit in str(number))
             addper +=1
      #I highly recommend using return instead of print, but for testing purposes
I used print
       print(number)
DigitalRoot(132189)
```

Output:



2. JAVA PROGRM-BALANCED BRAKET

Write a function that accepts a string consisting entiring of brackets ($\{\}$) and returns whether it is balanced. Every "opening" bracket must be followed by a closing bracket of the same type. There can also be nested brackets, which adhere to the same rule. $f('())[\{\}(())]()]()$ true $f('())[\{\}]()$ // false

```
return true;
      }
      else{
      return false;
      }
}
public static boolean is_parentheses_balanced(String equation){
      char[] c = equation.toCharArray();
      Stack < Character > myStack = new Stack < Character > ();
      for (int i = 0; i < c.length; i++){
             if(c[i]=='(' || c[i] == '[' ){
                    myStack.push(c[i]);
             }
             else if (c[i]== ')' || c[i]==']'){
                           if(matchingPeer(myStack.peek(),c[i]) == true){
                                 myStack.pop();
                           } else {
                                 return false;
                           }
             }
      }
```

```
if(myStack.isEmpty()){
    return true;
}
else {
    return false;
}
```

Output:

