YOGA Academy Admission Portal

Overview:

This application is built to help customers to get YOGA Academy Admission online.

Users of the System:

- 1. Admin
- 2. User

Functional Requirements:

- Build a portal that enables customers can get YOGA Academy Admission online.
- The customers can add/edit/view/delete admission.
- The admin can add/edit/delete/view courses.
- The admin can add/edit/delete/view institutes.
- The admin can add/edit/delete/view students.
- Customer can provide reviews.

While the above ones are the basic functional features expected, the below ones can benice to have add-on features:

Have appropriate filters for search.
Email integration for intimate customers.
Multi-factor authentication for the sign-in process
Payment Gateway (if required)

Output/ Post Condition:

- ☐ Records Persisted in Success & Failure Collections
- ☐ Standalone application / Deployed in an app Container

Non-Functional Requirements:

Security	 App Platform – Username/Password-Based Credentials Sensitive data has to be categorized and stored in a securemanner Secure connection for transmission of any data
Performance	Peak Load Performance (during Festival days, National holidaysetc.)

Features Logging & Auditing	 Maintainability Usability Availability Failover The system should support logging(app/web/DB) & auditing at all levels
, .aaitiiig	
Monitoring	 Should be able to monitor via as-is enterprise monitoring tools
	 Should be able to monitor via as-is enterprise monitoring tools The Solution should be made Cloud-ready and should have a minimum impact when moving away to Cloud infrastructure

Technology Stack

Front End	Angular 10 Material Design Bootstrap / Bulma
Server Side	Spring Boot
Database	MySQL or Oracle or MSSQL

Platform Prerequisites (Do's and Don'ts):

- 1. The react app should run in port 8081.
- 2. Spring boot app should run in port 8080.

Key points to remember:

- 1. The id (for frontend) and attributes(backend) mentioned in the SRS should not be modified at any cost. Failing to do may fail test cases.
- 2. Remember to check the screenshots provided with the SRS. Strictly adhere to id mapping and attribute mapping. Failing to do may fail test cases.
- 3. Strictly adhere to the proper project scaffolding (Folder structure), coding conventions, method definitions and return types.
- 4. Adhere strictly to the endpoints given below.
- 5. This is a basic SRS document, so understand them well and please feel free to explore and come with new ideas.

Application assumptions:

- 1. The login page should be the first page rendered when the application loads.
- 2. Manual routing should be restricted by using Auth Guard by implementing the can Activate interface. For example, if the user enters as http://localhost:8080/signup or http://localhost:8080/home the page should not navigate to the corresponding page instead it should redirect to the login page.
- 3. Unless logged into the system, the user cannot navigate to any other pages.
- 4. Logging out must again redirect to the login page.
- 5. To navigate to the admin side, you can store a user type as admin in the database with a username and password as admin.
- 6. Use admin/admin as the username and password to navigate to the admin dashboard.

Validations:

- 1. Basic email validation should be performed.
- 2. Basic mobile number validation should be performed.

Project Tasks:

API Endpoints:

Admin Side:

Action	URL	Method	Response
Admin Login	/admin/login	POST-Sends email ID and password	Return True/False
Admin SignUp	/admin/signup	POST-Sends Admin Model data	Admin added
Add Courses	/admin/addCourse	POST – Sends Course data	Courses added
View Courses	/admin/viewCourse	GET – Fetches course data	Retrieve all the courses
Edit Courses	/admin/editCourse/{cours eld}	PUT – Send course Id	Course edited
Delete Courses	/admin/deleteCourse	DELETE – Send course Id	Course deleted
Add Institutes	/admin/addInstitute	POST – Sends Institute data	Institute added
View Institutes	/admin/viewInstitutes	GET – Fetches course data	Retrieve all the institute
Edit Institutes	/admin/editInstitute/{inst ituteId}	PUT – Sends institute Id	Institute edited

Delete Institutes	/admin/ deleteInstitutes	DELETE – Sends Institute Id	Institute deleted
Add Student	/admin/addStudent	POST – Sends student data	Student added
View Student	/admin/viewStudent	GET – Fetches student details	Retrieve all the student details
Edit Student	/admin/editStudent/{studentld}	PUT – sends student id	Student details edited
Delete Student	/admin/deleteStudent/{st udentId}	DELETE – sends student id	Student details deleted

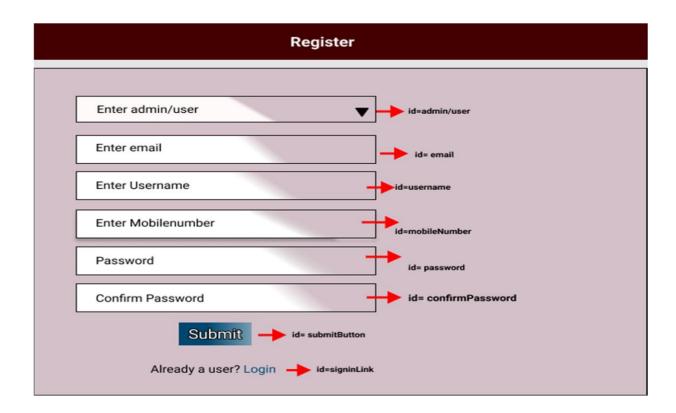
User Side:

Action	URL	Method	Response
User Login	/user/login	POST-Sends email ID and password	Return True/False
Admin SignUp	/user/signup	POST-Sends User Model data	User added
Add Admission	/user/addAdmission	POST – Sends admission data	Course enrolled
View Admission	/user/viewAdmission	GET – Fetches admission data	Retrieve the admission details
Edit Admission	/user/editAdmission/{enroll d}	PUT – Sends admissionId	Admission details edited
Delete Admission	/user/deleteAdmission/{enr ollId}	DELETE – Sends admissionId	Admission details deleted
View Status	/user/viewStatus	GET – Fetches Admission status	Admission Application Status

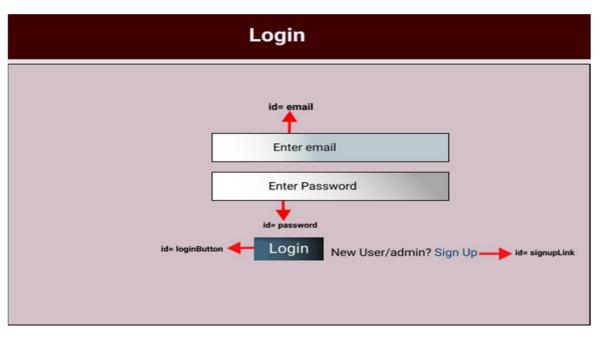
Frontend:

Customer:

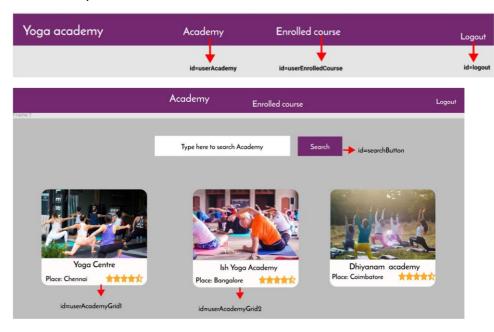
- 1. Auth: Design an auth component where the customer can authenticate login and signup credentials
- 2. Signup: Design a signup page component inside the auth where the new customer has options to sign up by providing their basic details.
 - a. Ids: Refer to the screenshot below for the id details.
 - b. Output screenshot:

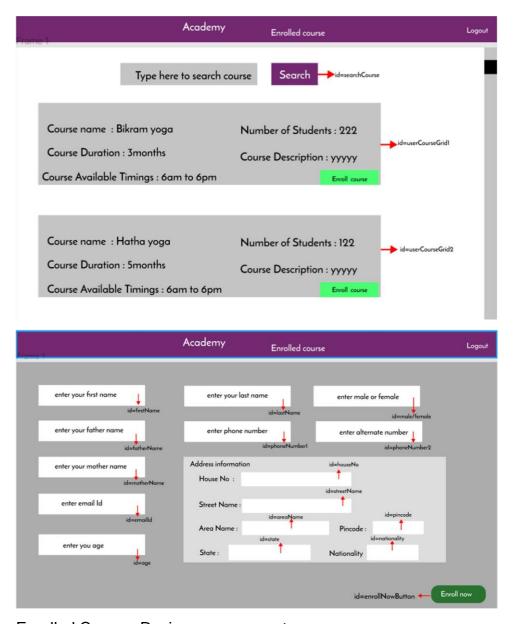


- 3. Login: Design a login page inside the auth where the existing customer can log in using the registered email id and password.
 - a. Ids: Refer to the screenshot below for the id details.
 - b. Output Screenshot:



- 4. View Academy: Design a component
 - a. Ids: Refer to the screenshot below for the id details.
 - b. Output Screenshot:



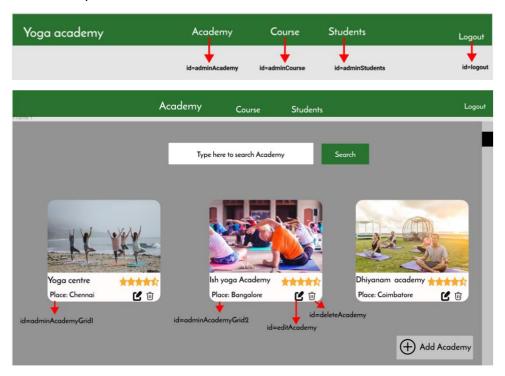


5. Enrolled Course: Design a component

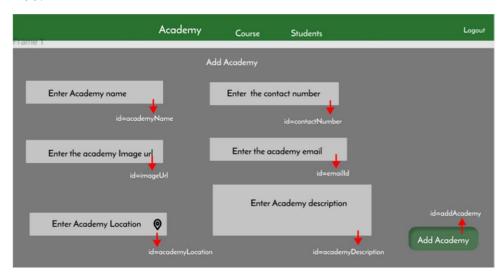
- a. Ids: Refer to the screenshot below for the id details.
- b. Output Screenshot:



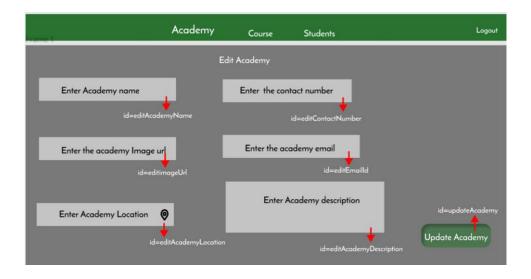
- 6. Admin Academy: Design a component .Admin can add the new academy details.
 - a. Ids: Refer to the screenshot below for the id details.
 - b. Output Screenshot:



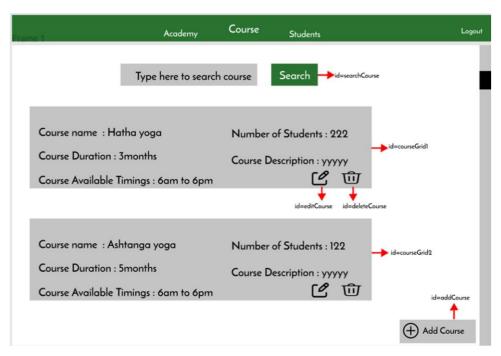
Add:



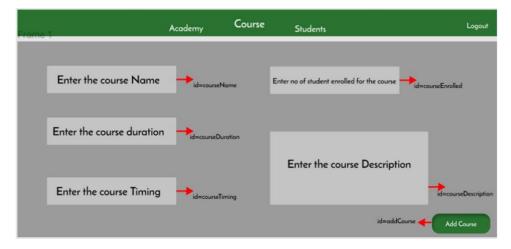
Edit:



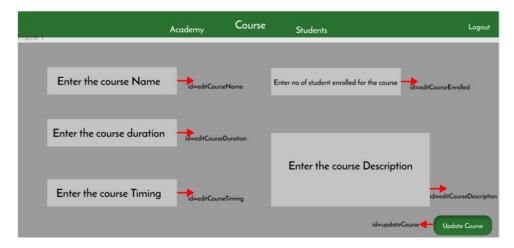
- 7. Admin Course: Design a component
 - a. Ids: Refer to the screenshot below for the id details.
 - b. Output Screenshot:



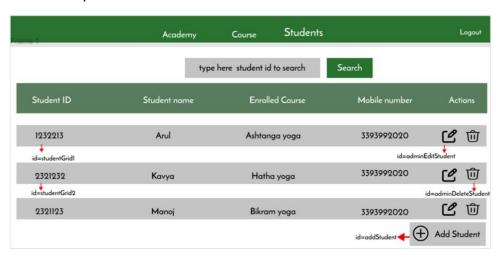
Add:



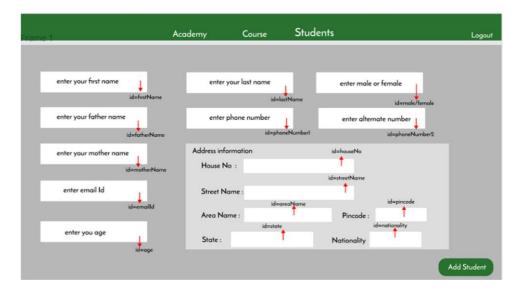
Edit:



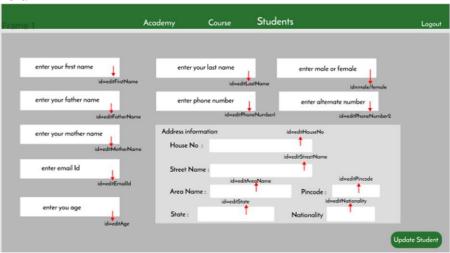
- 8. Admin Students: Design a component .In this component admin can edit and delete the students.
 - a. Ids: Refer to the screenshot below for the id details.
 - b. Output Screenshot:



Add:



Edit:



Backend:

Class and Method description:

Model Laver:

- 1. **UserModel**: This class stores the user type (admin or the customer) and all user information.
 - a. Attributes:

i. email: String

ii. password: String

iii. username: String

iv. mobileNumber: String

v. userRole: String

- 2. **LoginModel**: This class contains the email and password of the user.
 - a. Attributes:

i. email: String

ii. password: String

- 3. **AdminModel**: This class stores the details of the admin.
 - a. Attributes:

i. email:String

ii. password:String

iii. mobileNumber:String

iv. userRole:String

- 4. CourseModel: This class stores the details of the course
 - a. Attributes:

i. courseld: int

ii. courseName: String

iii. courseDescription: String

iv. courseDuration: int

- 5. InstituteModel: This class stores the details of the Institute or College
 - a. Attributes:

i. instituteld: int

ii. instituteName: String

iii. instituteDescription: String

iv. instituteAddress: String

v. mobile: String

vi. email: String

- 6. Student Model: This class stores the details of the students.
 - a. Attributes:

i. studentld: int

ii. studentName: String

iii. studentDOB: Date

iv. address: string

v. mobile: String

vi. Age:int

Controller Laver:

1. AuthController: This class control the user /admin signup and signin

- a. Methods:
 - i. isUserPresent(LoginModel data): This method helps to check whether the user present or not and check the email and password are correct and return the boolean value.
 - ii. isAdminPresent(LoginModel data): This method helps to check whether the admin present or not and check the email and password are correct and return the boolean value.
 - iii. saveUser(UserModel user): This method helps to save the user data in the database.
 - iv. saveAdmin(UserModel user): This method helps to save the admin data in the database.
- **2.** UserController: This class helps to add/edit/view/delete admission process.
 - a. Methods:
 - i. addAdmission(StudentModel student, int courseId, int instituteId):This method adds new admission.
 - ii. editAdmission(int admissionId): This method helps to edit admission details
 - iii. viewAdmission(int admissionId): This method helps to view the admission details
 - iv. deleteAdmission(int admissionId): This method helps to delete the admission
 - v. ViewStatus(int admissionId): This method helps to view the status of the

admission.

3. AdminController: This class helps to add/edit/view/delete various details necessary with admission process.

a. Methods:

- addStudent(StudentModel student): This method helps to add student.
- ii. viewStudent(int studentId): This method helps to view student.
- iii. editStudent(int studentId): This method helps to edit student.
- iv. deleteStudent(int studentId) This method helps to delete student.
- v. addCourse(CourseModel course): This method helps to add course.
- vi. editCourse(int courseld): This method helps to edit course.
- vii. deleteCourse(int courseld): This method helps to delete course.
- viii. viewCourse(int courseld): This method helps to view course.
- ix. addInstitute(int instituteId): This method helps to add institute.
- x. editInstitute(int instituteId): This method helps to edit institute.
- xi. deleteInstitute(int instituteId): This method helps to delete the institute
- xii. ViewInstitute(int instituteId): This method helps to view the institute details

How to run the Project

Back End API endpoint: 8080

Platform Guidelines:

To run the command use **Terminal** in the platform.

Spring Boot:

Navigate to the springapp directory => cd springapp To start/run the application 'mvn spring-boot:run'

To Connect Database Open Terminal Cmd:mysql -u root -protocol=tcp -p Password: examly

Front End

Step 1:

Open the terminal

Use "nvm use 14" command to change node version to 14

Step 1:

Use "cd reactapp" command to go inside the reactapp folder Install Node Modules - "npm install"

Step 2:

Write the code inside src folder

Create the necessary components

Step 3:

Click the run test case button to run the test cases

Note:

- Click PORT 8081 to view the result / output
- If any error persists while running the app, delete the node modules and reinstall them