# AI1103: Assignment 3

# BATHINI ASHWITHA **CS20BTECH11008**

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/ASHWITHA-11008/ Assignment-3/blob/main/Assignment-3.tex

## 1 Problem

10 balls are placed in 10 boxes independently at random. Assuming that all 10 boxes were initially empty, what is the expected number of boxes that remain empty?

1) 
$$\left(\frac{9}{10}\right)^9$$

2) 
$$\frac{9^9}{10^{10}}$$

3) 
$$\frac{9^{10}}{10^9}$$

4) 
$$\left(\frac{9}{10}\right)^{10}$$

### 2 Solution:

Let X be the random variable for the number of boxes to be empty.  $i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, 10$ , define  $X_i$  by  $X_i = 1$  if box i ends up with zero balls, and  $X_i = 0$ otherwise.

$$X_i = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{box } i \text{ is empty} \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (2.0.1)

$$\implies X = \sum_{i=1}^{i=10} X_i \tag{2.0.2}$$

$$X_i = 1 \ \forall i = 1, 2, 3, \dots 10. \ So, \ E[X_i] = P(X_i = 1)$$
(2.0.3)

Using binomial distribution,

$$P_x(k) = {}^{n}C_k \times p^k \times q^{n-k}$$
 (2.0.4)

Here,

$$n = 10$$
 (2.0.5)

$$p = \frac{1}{10} \tag{2.0.6}$$

$$q = \frac{9}{10} \tag{2.0.7}$$

Probability of box i is empty,

$$P_x(0) = P(X_i = 1) = {}^{10}C_0 \left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^0 \left(\frac{9}{10}\right)^{10-0}$$
 (2.0.8)

Thus,

$$E[X_i] = \left(\frac{9}{10}\right)^{10} \tag{2.0.9}$$

Expected number of boxes that remain empty are,

$$E[X] = \sum_{i=1}^{i=10} \left(\frac{9}{10}\right)^{10}$$
 (2.0.10)

$$= 10 \left( \frac{9^{10}}{10^{10}} \right)$$
 (2.0.11)  
$$= \frac{9^{10}}{10^9}$$
 (2.0.12)

$$=\frac{9^{10}}{10^9}\tag{2.0.12}$$

So, option 3 is correct.