

# ASIP Governance Framework v04

## Grant and Executive Board Processes

**Document Purpose:** Establish transparent, accountable governance for executive and grant board policy for ASIP and its' SAIT and SAT tokens.

### Companion Documents:

- [ASIP White Paper](#)
- [ASIP Allocation & Vesting Schedule](#)
- [ASIP: SAIT/SAT Equilibrium Document](#)

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

**Governance Model:** Board-Controlled with Grant Voting Exception

### ASI Executive Board Authority:

- ASIP treasury management and SAT reserve operations
- ASIP KPI definitions and milestone verification
- Strategic partnerships and institutional agreements
- Grant Committee appointments and budget allocations
- Emergency actions and all operational/strategic decisions

### SAIT Holder Authority:

- **Grant Recipient Selection:** Holders with 1%+ of circulating SAIT vote on which finalist receives funding after board approves grant tier, budget, and criteria
- **No other voting rights:** Token holders cannot vote on treasury, KPIs, board appointments, or any other governance matters

### Why This Model:

- **Regulatory Clarity:** Board accountability provides clear compliance pathway
- **Operational Efficiency:** Professional management enables rapid decision-making
- **Mission Protection:** Board maintains AI safety focus without speculation pressure
- **Research Engagement:** Grant voting allows community to influence peer selection
- **Institutional Confidence:** Predictable governance attracts institutional participation

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

### PART I: GOVERNANCE FOUNDATIONS

1. Governance Structure: Board-Controlled Model

### PART II: BOARD GOVERNANCE

2. Grant & Executive Board Operations & Decision-Making

### PART III: GRANT GOVERNANCE

3. Grant Committee: Structure & Operations

4. Grant Evaluation & Selection Process

5. Token Holder Grant Voting Rights (1%+ Circulating Supply)

### PART IV: TOKEN HOLDER PARTICIPATION

6. Token Holder Grant Voting Procedures

7. Institutional Participant Enhanced Engagement

8. Advisory Input & Community Feedback

### PART V: OPERATIONAL GOVERNANCE

9. KPI Development & Milestone Verification

10. Treasury Management & Oversight

11. Compliance Event Authentication & Buyback Operations

## PART I: GOVERNANCE FOUNDATIONS

### Section 1: Governance Structure - Board-Controlled Model

#### 1.1 Mission-First Governance

SAIT exists to fund AI safety research without the dilution, mission drift, and time compression inherent in traditional venture capital models.

Core Commitments:

- Research Autonomy: Grant recipients maintain control over research direction
- Non-Dilutive Funding: No equity stakes or board seats demanded
- Patient Capital: 36-month funding cycles match research timelines
- Open Source Mandate: All funded research remains publicly accessible
- Geographic Diversity: Combat centralization of AI funding

#### 1.2 Governance Principles

##### Principle 1: Accountable Board Control

Professional board governance with clear fiduciary duties ensures mission alignment, regulatory compliance, and operational excellence.

##### Principle 2: Strategic Token Holder Participation

Token holders participate in grant selection—the area where distributed expertise adds most value—while professional management handles treasury, compliance, and operations.

### **Principle 3: Transparency by Default**

All governance actions publicly documented except where security or legal concerns require confidentiality. Real-time dashboard, quarterly reports, and annual audits provide complete visibility.

### **Principle 4: Multi-Layered Accountability**

No single point of failure: board multi-signature, independent Grant Committee, third-party auditors, public reporting, and dispute resolution create checks and balances.

### **Principle 5: Long-Term Stability**

Governance designed for decades, not years. No planned transition to different model; board-controlled governance with grant voting exception is the permanent structure.

## **1.3 Board Authority**

**Regulatory Certainty:** Clear board accountability meets regulatory expectations; DAO governance creates legal uncertainty; board model proven in non-profit contexts

**Operational Excellence:** Treasury management requires professional expertise; emergency situations demand coordinated action; strategic partnerships need confidential negotiation

**Mission Protection:** Token speculation cannot override AI safety priorities; board maintains research integrity against market pressures

**Institutional Confidence:** Predictable governance attracts institutional SAIT purchases; professional management reassures treasury custodians

## **1.4 The Grant Voting Exception**

**Distributed Expertise:** AI safety research community has deep expertise in evaluating proposals; institutional holders bring diverse perspectives; multiple evaluators reduce bias

**Lower Risk Domain:** Grant selection doesn't affect treasury security (board sets budgets); no emergency decisions required; mistakes are learning opportunities, not existential threats

**Transparency & Engagement:** Public voting demonstrates governance beyond speculation; community participation builds ecosystem engagement

## **PART II: GRANT & EXECUTIVE BOARD**

### **Section 2: Grant Board Operations & Decision-Making**

#### **2.1 Grant Board Structure**

##### **Composition:**

- **Size:** 5 members minimum, 9 maximum
- **Expertise:** AI safety research, governance, finance, legal, operations
- **Diversity:** Geographic, institutional, safety or security expertise
- **Terms:** Staggered 2-year terms, renewable twice (6 years maximum)

### **Independence Requirements:**

- No more than 2 members from same organization
- At least 3 different sectors represented (academic, industry, nonprofit)
- Majority must be independent (no financial interest in grant recipients)

## **2.2 Executive Board Authority**

### **Comprehensive Authority:**

The Executive Board has complete authority over all governance matters except grant recipient selection. These responsibilities include, but are not limited to:

- Treasury management and SAT reserve operations
- KPI definitions, tiers, and milestone verification
- Strategic partnerships and institutional agreements
- Grant Committee appointments and removals
- Budget allocations and operational expenses
- Emergency governance actions
- All strategic and operational decisions

### **Shared Authority - Grant Selection:**

- 1. Board:** Defines grant programs, sets budgets, approves grant tiers, sets evaluation criteria, confirms vote integrity, executes agreements, monitors progress
- 2. Grant Committee:** Evaluates proposals, creates finalist list, publishes summaries, answers questions
- 3. Token Holders:** Review finalists, vote on winners

## **2.3 Decision-Making Thresholds**

### **Grant Board Voting:**

- **Simple Majority (50%+1):** Routine operational decisions, Tier 1 KPIs, standard grant approvals
- **Supermajority (2/3):** Major strategic decisions, Tier 2 KPIs, major amendments, Grant Committee appointments
- **Unanimous (100%):** New board appointments, Tier 3 KPIs, emergency actions, fundamental amendments

### **Grant Voting (Token Holders):**

- **Simple Majority (50%+1):** All grant selections
- **No Quorum Required:** Prevents blocking via non-participation
- **Vote Weight:** 1x standard, 1.5x institutional participants

## **2.4 Grant Board Limitations**

### **The Grant Board CANNOT:**

- Modify any ASIP operational procedures or policies
- Accelerate vesting schedules beyond allocation document terms
- Override valid grant votes except for fraud/security concerns
- Award grants to other board members or immediate family
- Delegate board authority to non-board members (except routine operations)
- Make decisions while holding undisclosed conflicts of interest
- Bypass multi-signature requirements for treasury transactions
- Eliminate public transparency dashboard or reporting requirements
- Expand board beyond 9 members without a governance amendment, unanimous vote.

## **2.5 Executive and Grant Board Fiduciary Duties**

**Duty of Care:** Make informed decisions after reasonable investigation; attend meetings; review materials; exercise independent judgment

**Duty of Loyalty:** Act in best interests of ASIP mission; avoid conflicts or disclose and recuse; not use position for personal benefit; maintain confidentiality

**Duty of Obedience:** Ensure ASIP operates within AI safety research mission; comply with laws; honor governance commitments; maintain nonprofit/public benefit focus

**Duty of Transparency:** Publish board decisions with rationale; maintain accurate public records; respond to legitimate stakeholder inquiries; acknowledge mistakes. Full and immediate disclosure on any matters that affect the character or legal standing of a board member as it relates to their position. Non-compliance is cause for immediate dismissal.

## **2.6 Board Operations**

### **Meeting Requirements:**

- Regular meetings: Monthly minimum
- Special meetings: As needed with 72-hour notice
- Emergency meetings: Immediate with retroactive disclosure
- Meeting minutes: Published within 7 days (except confidential matters)

### **Reporting:**

- Quarterly reports: Comprehensive governance, financial, and grant updates
- Annual report: Audited financials, full governance review, research impact assessment
- Real-time dashboard: Treasury status, KPI progress, grant activity, voting results

## **PART III: GRANT GOVERNANCE**

### **Section 3: Grant Committee - Structure & Operations**

#### **3.1 Mission**

Evaluate AI safety research proposals to maximize impact on alignment, robustness, interpretability, and risk mitigation while preserving researcher autonomy.

#### **Core Responsibilities:**

1. Review grant proposals using board-approved criteria
2. Score and rank proposals objectively
3. Select finalists for token holder voting
4. Provide evaluation rationale for public review
5. Monitor grant outcomes and report to board

#### **3.2 Composition**

##### **Size:**

- Core Members: up to 9 voting members
- Advisory Members: 3-5 non-voting domain experts (rotational)

- Ex Officio: 1 board member (non-voting observer)

**Expertise Requirements:**

Core members must have ONE of the following:

- PhD in AI, computer science, neuroscience, or related field
- 10+ years professional AI research experience with publication record
- Proven track record in cybersecurity grant funding or research management

**AND demonstrate:**

- Understanding of AI safety research landscape
- Objectivity and fairness in evaluation
- Time commitment capability (15+ hours/month)
- No disqualifying conflicts of interest

**Diversity Requirements:**

- **Institutional:** MAX 2 from same organization; min 3 types (academic, industry, nonprofit); min 2 from non-US institutions
- **Expertise:** Technical AI safety, social/ethical implications, AI research, AI SME experience
- **Demographics:** Gender diversity (30-70% range), 3+ continents, career stage mix

**Term Structure:**

- 2-year initial term, renewable once (4 years maximum continuous)
- Can return after 1-year hiatus
- Staggered rotations: 3-4 seats rotate annually

### 3.3 Appointment & Operations

**Appointment Authority:** Board appoints all members (majority vote); board cannot appoint majority from board members (independence)

**Nomination Sources:** Board members, current committee members, institutional participants (5+ endorsements), AI safety community (open call)

**Selection Criteria:** Technical expertise, evaluation experience, objectivity reputation, diversity contribution, time availability

**Onboarding:** Governance training, historical grant review, calibration exercise, conflict/ethics training, mission introduction

**Meeting Schedule:**

- **Grant cycle:** Kickoff, midpoint check-in, final deliberation, post-award debrief
- **Standing:** Monthly progress review, quarterly strategic session, annual retreat

**Conflict Management:** MUST recuse for collaborators (past 3 years), personal relationships, financial interest, professional competition

- Self-report before assignments
- Chair reassigned conflicted proposals
- Recused member cannot participate
- Breach = removal + potential legal action

**Confidentiality:** Maintain confidentiality of proposal details, reviewer comments, deliberations, rejected proposals

### 3.4 Accountability

#### Performance Metrics:

- Grant success rate (% achieving stated objectives)
- Research impact (publications, citations, real-world adoption)
- Process quality (timeliness, fairness, thoroughness)
- Diversity (distribution across institutions, geographies, research areas)
- Token holder satisfaction (surveys on finalist quality)

**Board Oversight:** Quarterly reports, annual performance review, random evaluation audits, authority to remove for cause

**Public Transparency:** Annual publication of member roster, methodology, aggregate statistics, success stories, lessons learned

## Section 4: Grant Evaluation & Selection Process

### 4.1 Grant Tier Structure

#### Tier 3: Transformational Research

- Budget: \$1M+ per grant | Duration: 24-36 months
- Focus: High-risk, high-reward foundational AI safety research
- Board Approval: Unanimous vote | Finalists: 3-5

#### Tier 2: Applied Research

- Budget: \$250K+ per grant | Duration: 12-24 months
- Focus: Applied AI safety research with near-term impact
- Board Approval: 2/3 supermajority | Finalists: 3-5

#### Tier 1: Targeted Projects

- Budget: \$50K+ per grant | Duration: 6-12 months
- Focus: Specific tools, datasets, proof-of-concept work
- Board Approval: Simple majority | Finalists: 3-8 if multiple

### 4.2 Application Requirements

#### Required Sections:

1. **Abstract (250 words):** Problem, approach, expected contribution
2. **Research Plan (1500-3000 words):** Methodology, timeline, success criteria, risk mitigation
3. **Team & Qualifications (500-1000 words):** PI bio, team roles, publications, institutional support
4. **Budget Justification:** Detailed breakdown (personnel, equipment, compute, travel, indirect costs)
5. **Impact & Dissemination (500 words):** Publication plan (open access), real-world applications, collaboration opportunities
6. **Ethics & Safety (250-500 words):** Potential risks, safeguards, dual-use considerations, data privacy

**Submission & Screening:**

- Administrative review (10-20 business days): Completeness, eligibility, budget reasonableness
- Conflict check: Committee members disclose conflicts, recused from evaluation
- Incomplete proposals returned with feedback

**4.3 Evaluation Methodology****Evaluation Criteria (each scored 1-10):**

1. Scientific Merit & Innovation
2. Feasibility & Approach Quality
3. Team Capability & Track Record
4. Impact Potential on AI Safety
5. Budget Reasonableness
6. Ethical Considerations & Risk Management

**Reviewer Assignment:**

- Each proposal: 3 primary + 2 secondary reviewers
- Primaries: Deep evaluation (500+ words)
- Secondaries: Broader perspective (200+ words)
- Workload: 8-12 proposals per member per cycle

**Scoring Process:**

- Independent scoring (14-day period)
- Score aggregation: Weighted average (primaries 2x, secondaries 1x)
- Statistical outliers flagged (>2 standard deviations)
- Committee deliberation: Top 30-40% discussed, borderline cases debated
- Final finalist list: Committee vote (majority required)

**Finalist Preparation:**

- Evaluation summaries (500-1000 words per finalist)
- Strengths, concerns, committee perspectives
- Published 7 days before token holder vote
- Applicants notified of finalist status

**4.4 Grant Monitoring & Outcomes****Milestone-Based Disbursement:**

- Tier 2 & 3: Quarterly milestones with deliverables
- Tier 1: Single or bi-annual milestones
- Grantee submits milestone report
- Committee reviews within 21 days
- Board approves next payment

**Performance Tracking:**

- Quarterly progress reports from grantees
- Annual impact assessment
- Publication tracking and cataloging
- Citation monitoring
- Real-world adoption documentation

**Intervention Process:**

- Missed milestones trigger intervention plan
- Grantee given 30-60 days to remediate

- Persistent issues may lead to grant termination
- Remaining funds returned to treasury

## **Section 5: Token Holder Grant Voting Rights**

### **5.1 Qualification Requirements**

Stake Threshold: Minimum 1% of Circulating Supply

Required SAIT =  $1\% \times \text{Circulating Supply}$

Circulating Supply = Total Supply – Treasury – Unvested Tokens

Example: If Circulating = 30M SAIT, Required = 300K SAIT

#### **Why 1% Threshold:**

- Serious stakeholders: Prevents spam voting, ensures meaningful financial commitment
- This approach encourages independent delegation pools for individual retail holders
- Institutional scale: Typical institutions easily exceed threshold
- Manageable voter base: Likely 20-50 qualifying voters
- Quality over quantity: Focus on informed, engaged voters; encourage delegation

#### **Holding Period:**

- Must hold threshold at vote announcement (7 days before)
- Must maintain through vote close
- Verification via blockchain snapshots at both times
- Prevents gaming: Cannot buy to vote then sell

#### **Token Eligibility:**

- Eligible: Vested SAIT in personal/institutional wallet, SAIT purchased in private sale (if vested)
- NOT Eligible: Unvested SAIT, SAIT in escrow, Treasury holdings (300M), SAIT on centralized exchanges unless proven in self-custody.

### **5.2 Verification & Registration**

#### **Wallet Verification (All Voters):**

- Cryptographic signature proves ownership
- Sign message: "I am voting on SAIT Grant [ID] from address [address]"
- Verification via governance portal
- Address must meet threshold at announcement AND close

#### **Institutional Participants (Enhanced Status):**

- KYB verification completed
- Registered as institutional participant (\$100K+ initial purchase)
- Annual attestation of continued compliance
- Public identification (optional but enables 1.5x multiplier)

#### **Conflict Disclosure:**

Must attest NOT affiliated with any finalist, no financial interest in applicant organizations, no family relationships, not committee/board member for this grant. Undisclosed conflicts = vote invalidated; repeated violations = suspension from future votes.

**Registration:**

- Opens 7 days before voting
- Closes when voting begins
- Late registration not permitted
- Can register once and remain for future votes

**PART IV: TOKEN HOLDER PARTICIPATION****Section 6: Token Holder Grant Voting Procedures****6.1 Pre-Vote Information Period (7 days)****Published Materials:**

- Grant parameters (tier, budget, focus area)
- Finalist proposals (full text or detailed summaries)
- Grant Committee evaluation reports
- Scoring breakdowns (anonymized)
- FAQ document

**Discussion Forums:**

- Dedicated forum thread per grant vote
- Voters can ask questions, discuss finalists
- Grant Committee members available for Q&A
- Moderated to prevent manipulation or harassment

**Optional Finalist Presentations:**

- Finalists may present (15 minutes each)
- Q&A with voters
- Not required, opt-in for applicants
- Recorded and published

**6.2 Voting Period (7 days)****Method:**

- On-chain voting via smart contract
- Governance portal provides user-friendly interface
- Votes recorded immutably on blockchain
- Real-time results visible (transparency)

**Vote Options:**

- \* Single grant: Vote for Finalist A, B, or C
- Multiple grants: Rank finalists 1st, 2nd, 3rd (ranked-choice)
- Can abstain if no strong preference

**Vote Weight:**

- Standard: 1 SAIT = 1 vote
- Institutional multiplier: 1.5x for verified participants
- Example: Institutional with 3M SAIT = 4.5M voting power

**Vote Changes:**

- Can change vote anytime during period

- Final vote at snapshot when period closes
- Encourages deliberation during vote

## 6.3 Vote Counting & Results

### **Tallying:**

- Automatic on-chain counting
- Simple majority wins (single grant)
- Ranked-choice tabulation (multiple grants)
- Ties broken by highest committee score

### **Results Publication (Within 24 hours):**

- Winning finalist(s) announced
- Vote totals and percentages
- Participation rate (how many qualifying holders voted)
- Voting power distribution (institutional vs individual)
- Delegation statistics (if applicable)

### **Verification Period (48 hours):**

- Board reviews vote integrity
- Checks for technical issues, conflicts, fraud
- Can invalidate votes with published rationale
- Normal case: Vote confirmed immediately

## 6.4 Delegation (Optional)

### **Mechanism:**

- Non-custodial: Tokens stay in delegator's wallet
- On-chain transaction recorded transparently
- Revocable before vote snapshot
- Limited scope: Grant voting only

### **Eligible Delegates:**

- Other qualifying token holders (1%+ stake)
- Institutional participants (even if own stake <1%)
- Cannot delegate to Grant Committee or board members

### **Delegate Responsibilities:**

- Publish voting rationale for delegated votes
- Act in delegators' best interests
- Accountable to delegators
- Can refuse delegation

## Section 7: ASIP Institutional Participant, Enhanced Engagement

### 7.1 Definition

#### Organizations qualifying as institutional participants:

- 1% or greater of circulating supply (300K SAIT)

- KYB-verified with ongoing compliance
- Active engagement in ASIP ecosystem
- Annual attestation of continued qualification

## 7.2 Enhanced Rights

### **Enhanced Grant Voting:**

- 1.5x vote multiplier on grant selection
- Rationale: Larger financial commitment, professional due diligence, long-term perspective
- Limit: Cannot exceed 15% of total voting power even with multiplier

### **Early Information Access:**

- Receive grant finalist information 48 hours before public
- Allows institutional research teams deeper evaluation
- Not material non-public information (finalists already public to committee)
- Cannot trade SAIT based on early access

### **Direct Board Communication:**

- Quarterly meetings with board members (optional attendance)
- Submit questions and feedback directly
- Discuss ASIP strategy and research priorities
- Non-binding input but board seriously considers

### **Other Benefits:**

- Priority support for compliance processing and technical issues
- Early notice of governance changes or major decisions
- Advisory council eligibility
- Priority access to SAIT-funded research outputs (non-exclusive, public release shortly after)

## 7.3 Enhanced Responsibilities

- Annual attestation of continued compliance
- Public identification (institutional brand associated with SAIT)
- Governance engagement (participate in surveys, provide institutional perspective)
- Higher standard of conduct than individual holders
- Thought leadership (encouraged to publish perspectives, speak at events, mentor grantees)

## Section 8: Advisory Input & Community Feedback

### 8.1 Advisory Councils

#### **Purpose: Provide specialized expertise to board on specific domains**

##### **Formation:**

- Board establishes advisory councils as needed
- Typical councils: Technical safety, ethics, economics, legal/regulatory, research methodology
- 5-9 members per council
- 1-2 year terms, renewable

**Authority:** Non-binding input only; board not obligated to follow but should consider seriously and publish rationale if deviating

## 8.2 Community Feedback Mechanisms

### Governance Forum:

- Public forum for governance discussions
- All stakeholders can participate
- Board and committee members monitor and respond
- Proposals and feedback tracked

### Quarterly Surveys:

- Token holders, institutional participants, grant recipients
- Satisfaction with governance processes
- Suggestions for improvement
- Results published with board response

### Annual Town Halls:

- Open virtual meetings with board and committee
- Q&A sessions
- Presentations on governance performance
- Opportunity for direct stakeholder input

## PART V: OPERATIONAL GOVERNANCE

### Section 9: KPI Development & Milestone Verification

#### 9.1 KPI Purpose

Key Performance Indicators trigger escrow releases and measure SAIT ecosystem maturity.

**Core Principles:** Measurable, Verifiable, Relevant, Achievable, Time-Bound, Transparent

#### 9.2 KPI Tier Structure

- Max Active KPIs: 7 at any time
- Max Combined Release: 21% of circulating supply
- Min Timeframe: 6 months between definition and potential achievement

#### Tier 1 KPIs (Operational Milestones):

- Release: 1% MAX of circulating supply per KPI
- Approval: Unanimous board vote
- Verification: Multi-party external audit
- Examples: "SAIT-funded research cited in 5+ national AI safety regulations"; "100+ sovereign institutions actively participate"; "\$500M+ cumulative grants deployed with 80%+ success rate"

#### Tier 2 KPIs (Tactical Milestones):

- Release: 2% MAX of circulating supply per KPI
- Approval: 2/3 board supermajority
- Verification: Single credible third-party audit
- Examples: "50+ institutional SAIT participants with active grant voting"; "SAIT-funded research produces 100+ peer-reviewed publications"; "SAIT safety standards adopted by 10+ AI labs"

### **Tier 3 KPIs (Strategic Milestones):**

- Release: 3% of circulating supply per KPI
- Approval: Simple board majority
- Verification: Internal with public documentation
- Examples: "Complete 20+ grant cycles with published outcomes"; "Public dashboard achieves 99.5%+ uptime for 12 months"; "Establish 5+ advisory councils"

### **9.3 KPI Development Process**

- 1. Annual Strategic Planning:** Board conducts planning (Q4); identifies strategic priorities; proposes draft KPIs
- 2. Public Comment Period (30 days):** Draft KPIs published; stakeholders provide feedback; board reviews and revises
- 3. Board Approval:** Vote per KPI tier requirements; approved KPIs published with success criteria, evaluation methodology, verification process, timeline
- 4. Public Tracking:** KPIs tracked on real-time dashboard; regular progress updates; stakeholders can monitor achievement

### **9.4 Verification Process**

- 1. Claim Submission:** Entity submits evidence KPI achieved; documentation provided; initial review by operations team
- 2. Third-Party Audit:** Independent auditor evaluates (Tier 1/2) or internal verification (Tier 3); auditor issues report
- 3. Board Review:** Confirms or rejects auditor conclusion; if confirmed, authorizes escrow release; if rejected, explains rationale
- 4. Disputed Verifications:** Token holders (1M+ SAIT) can challenge within 14 days; board appoints independent review panel (3 experts); panel recommends confirm/reject; board makes final decision with published rationale

### **9.5 KPI Modification & Retirement**

- Board may modify KPI with same approval threshold as original
- Cannot modify within 90 days of expected achievement (prevents moving goalposts)
- Must publish rationale; if made easier, release may be reduced proportionally
- May retire KPI (2/3 supermajority) if becomes irrelevant/unachievable; tokens return to escrow

## **Section 10: Treasury Management & Oversight**

### **10.1 Treasury Composition**

#### **SAIT Treasury (30-33M SAIT, 30-33% of supply):**

- Operational stability and expense coverage
- SAT reserve backing
- SAIT buyback operations for compliance events
- Emergency reserves (cold storage)

#### **SAT Treasury Assets:**

- Commodity and stablecoin backed pegged at \$150 per SAT
- Diversified basket: On-chain commodities and stablecoins

- 150% over-collateralization ensures resilience
- Dynamic rebalancing maintains peg stability

## 10.2 Treasury Management Authority

**Executive Board Authority:** Control over treasury—all SAT minting/burning/rebalancing, SAIT operations, multi-sig management, custody arrangements, emergency actions

No Token Holder Involvement: Professional management ensures security and compliance

### Multi-Signature Requirements:

- Standard operations: 3-of-5 board signatures
- Major transactions >5% treasury: 4-of-5
- Emergency actions: 2-of-5 with retroactive review

**Key Holder Requirements:** Geographically distributed (3+ countries), professionally diverse, secure key management, regular health checks, succession planning

## 10.3 Treasury Operations

### Operational Expense Coverage: Estimate

- Annual budget process: Operations team proposes, board reviews/approves
- Categories: Personnel (\$2-3M), infrastructure (\$500K-\$1M), legal/compliance (\$1-2M), marketing (\$500K-\$1M), audits (\$500K)
- Typical annual: \$5-8M
- Monthly draws from treasury for approved expenses
- Quarterly reconciliation reports

### SAT Reserve Management:

- Target reserve ratio: 10% of circulating SAIT held as SAT
- Rebalancing triggers: If <7% mint/purchase additional SAT; if >15% reduce holdings or increase buyback capacity
- Monthly reserve adequacy reports published
- SAT minting requires collateral acquisition (150% over-collateralization), board approval, transparency report within 24 hours

### SAIT Compliance Buyback Operations:

- Organizations triggering compliance events exchange SAIT for SAT
- Weekly batched processing every Monday
- Exchange rate: 7-day TWAP
- Safeguards: Authentication, rate limits, duplicate prevention
- Compliance event types: AI safety audits, data governance verification, milestone achievement, grant distribution approval
- SAIT collected moved to treasury custody (not burned)
- Transaction details published publicly

## 10.4 Treasury Risk Management

### Identified Risks:

- Market Risk: SAIT price volatility, commodity correlation, liquidity
- Custody Risk: Key compromise, jurisdictional risk, technical vulnerabilities
- Operational Risk: Human error, inadequate controls, system failures

### **Mitigation Strategies:**

- **Market:** Dynamic SAT reserves, diversified commodities, stress testing, gradual position building
- **Custody:** Multi-sig with geographic distribution, succession planning, multi-jurisdictional custody, security audits, insurance
- **Operational:** Dual control for transactions, documented procedures, regular training, redundant systems, incident response playbook

## **10.5 Treasury Transparency**

### **Real-time Dashboard:**

- Total SAIT treasury holdings
- Total SAT reserve holdings
- Asset breakdown (on-chain commodities and stablecoins)
- Custody locations (aggregated for security)
- Weekly buyback volumes
- Reserve ratios and health metrics

**Weekly Reports:** All treasury transactions from previous week, transaction hashes, purposes, compliance buyback details, running totals

**Quarterly Reviews:** Performance vs objectives, allocation changes/rationale, compliance statistics, expense breakdown, reserve adequacy, risk assessment

**Annual Audits:** Big Four or equivalent; all transactions verified, custody verification (proof of reserves), reserve adequacy, internal controls, published within 90 days

## **Section 11: Compliance Event Authentication & Buyback Operations**

### **11.1 Purpose**

Organizations demonstrating AI safety governance, data compliance, or research milestone achievement can exchange SAIT for SAT from treasury reserves. Creates utility and demonstrates governance activity.

### **11.2 Compliance Event Types**

- AI Safety Audits: Independent safety assessment completed
- Data Governance Verification: Demonstrated compliance with data standards
- Milestone Achievement: Research/development milestone verified by third party
- Grant Distribution Approval: Successfully received and executed SAIT grant

### **11.3 Authentication Requirements**

- Evidence Submission: Audit reports, verification records, milestone documentation
- Credential Verification: Organization must have valid organizational ID
- Third-Party Validation: Some events require independent auditor signature
- Rate Limits: Max frequency per organization (prevents abuse)
- Duplicate Prevention: Same event cannot be submitted multiple times
- Blacklist Check: Organizations previously flagged for fraud excluded

## 11.4 Buyback Execution Process

- 1. Submission:** Organization completes event, compiles evidence, submits via governance portal with credential, transfers SAIT to buyback contract, receives submission ID
- 2. Verification (24-48 hours):** Automated checks (credential, rate limits, duplicates), evidence review by operations team, third-party signature verification, approval or rejection with feedback
- 3. Weekly Batch (Every Monday):** All approved events compiled, exchange rates calculated (7-day TWAP), SAT amounts computed, treasury multi-sig executes batch, SAT distributed, SAIT moved to treasury custody, public report published
- 4. Failed Submissions:** Organization notified within 24 hours with reason, SAIT returned, can resubmit after addressing issues

## 11.5 Buyback Impact Tracking

### Public Metrics Dashboard:

- Total SAIT bought back (cumulative and monthly)
- Compliance events by type
- Participating organizations (count not identities)
- Average exchange rate trends
- Treasury SAT reserve levels post-buybacks

### Quarterly Analysis:

- Trend analysis (growing, stable, declining activity)
- Organization participation metrics
- Buyback impact on circulating supply
- Treasury reserve adequacy post-buybacks
- Projections for next quarter

### Annual Ecosystem Assessment:

- Correlation between buybacks and adoption
- Survey of participating organizations
- Economic impact on SAIT price (observational)
- Comparison to projections
- Recommendations for improvements

## APPENDICES

### Appendix A: Key Definitions

**Board Member:** Voting member of ASIP Board with full fiduciary responsibility; elected by existing board (unanimous approval); subject to removal for cause

**Qualifying Token Holder:** Entity holding 1%+ of circulating SAIT supply; eligible to vote on grant selection only; must maintain threshold through vote period

**Institutional Participant:** Organization with \$100K+ initial SAIT purchase; KYB-verified with ongoing compliance; enhanced engagement rights; 1.5x vote multiplier

**Grant Committee Member:** Expert appointed by board to evaluate proposals; cannot be board majority (independence); 2-year terms with staggered rotation

**Circulating Supply:** Total Supply (1B) – Treasury Holdings (300M) – Escrow (unvested Fund) – Unvested Team/Partners tokens

**Grant Vote:** Token holder vote on grant recipient selection; binding on which finalist receives funding; conducted on-chain; subject to board confirmation

## Appendix B: Amendment Procedures

### Minor Amendments:

- Scope: Clarifications, formatting, minor procedure adjustments
- Approval: Simple board majority | Delay: 14-day implementation
- Examples: Adjust meeting schedules, update contact information

### Major Amendments:

- Scope: Significant process or structure changes
- Approval: 2/3 board supermajority | Process: 30-day public comment, 60-day implementation delay
- Examples: Change KPI tier thresholds, modify grant evaluation criteria

### Fundamental Amendments:

- Scope: Changes to core governance model
- Approval: Unanimous board vote | Process: 60-day public comment, 90-day implementation delay
- Examples: Expand token holder voting beyond grants, change board size limits

### Protected Provisions (Cannot be amended):

- SAIT's AI safety research mission
- 1 Billion fixed supply
- 50/30/20 allocation percentages
- Board-controlled model with grant voting exception
- Transparency and public dashboard requirements

## Appendix C: Emergency Governance Protocols

### Emergency Classification:

- **Critical Security:** Treasury compromise, smart contract exploit, custody breach
- **Regulatory:** Immediate regulatory action requiring response
- **Operational:** System failure preventing normal operations

### Emergency Response:

- Board can take immediate action with 2-of-5 signatures (or 2/3 if available)
- Must publish rationale within 24 hours
- Subject to retroactive review by full board
- If board unavailable, emergency multi-sig can act with same transparency requirements

## Appendix D: Contact Information

- Board contact: [governance@asi2.org](mailto:governance@asi2.org)
- Grant Committee: [grants@asi2.org](mailto:grants@asi2.org)

- Compliance events: compliance@asi2.org
- Technical support: support@asi2.org
- Governance forum: forum@asi2.org

## NEXT STEPS

1. Executive Board Review: 7-day comment period on this framework
2. Legal Review: Ensure regulatory compliance
3. Technical Review: Verify smart contract feasibility
4. Governance Board Adoption: Final approval of this document by founding board
5. Implementation: Deploy governance policy in code before token launch