

Unified Study Definitions Model Implementation Guide (USDM-IG)

Version 4.0 (Draft)

Prepared by the **DDF Team**

Notes to Readers

- This is the draft version of the Unified Study Definitions Model Implementation Guide (intended to be USDMIG v4.0).
- This version has been created using a simple print from the USDMIG Wiki version and not the full copy edited version. This copy editing step will take place before public review and publication.
- Note that the Data Dictionary section contains a table that is truncated. Please refer to the the <u>Wiki</u> version to see the full table.

Revision History

| Date | Version | | |
|------|-----------|--|--|
| | 4.0 Draft | | |

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1 Introduction

CDISC, in collaboration with TransCelerate Biopharma and Accenture as a part of <u>TransCelerate's Digital Data Flow (DDF) Project</u>, have developed a Study Definition Reference Architecture called the Unified Study Definitions Model (USDM).

The aim of TransCelerate's DDF initiative is to optimize study start-up (SSU) processes and automate system configuration and readiness. The current state typically involves disconnected study design services and assets and transcription or re-entry of the same information into many systems across sponsors, contract research organizations,

and systems vendors. This inefficiency results in systems configuration falling onto the critical path for SSU and adds risks for transcription errors and unnecessary delays.

Ideally, a solution would enable interoperability across multiple systems in a clinical study, improve efficiency and data quality, and reduce cycle times. That solution should capture protocol elements and present them in standardized formats to enable automated configuration of downstream systems and efficient consumption of protocol information across the study ecosystem.

The challenge is that SSU system configuration workflow and asset creation is currently not automated, which makes it inefficient and increases the risk of error. Current workflows also include a number of redundant, manual activities. Sponsors are not able to utilize resources efficiently due to the siloed, document-based environment. Additional information can be found on the <u>TransCelerate Digital Data Flow Solutions</u> web page.

The collaborative effort between TransCelerate and CDISC has enabled the development of the USDM reference architecture in conjunction with development of a Study Definitions Repository (a reference implementation of the USDM architecture). For more information on the SDR, visit the <u>TransCelerate DDF GitHub site</u> and the <u>SDR</u> Github site.

1.1 Purpose

The USDM Implementation Guide (USDM-IG) is intended for companies and individuals involved in the set-up of clinical studies—sponsors or stakeholders involved in upstream (protocol and content authoring tools)—and downstream consumers of system (e.g., electronic data capture (EDC), clinical trial management, trial master file) and document (e.g., protocol, clinical study reports, statistical analysis plans) standardized digitized study definitions.

This document provides users with sufficient information to understand the USDM and also its potential implementations with the study design process by showing examples of the types of study definition information that can be represented in the USDM.

1.2 Organization of this Document

This document is divided into the following sections:

- Section 1, Introduction, provides an overall introduction to the purpose and goals of the USDM-IG.
- Section 2, <u>Fundamentals of the USDM</u>, provides a boundary of the scope of this version of the USDM and what use cases this version is intended to support.
- Section 3, Relationship to Other Standards and Formats, describes at a high level how the USDM relates to other standards (both CDISC and non-CDISC) and to the TransCelerate Common Protocol Template.
- Section 4, <u>USDM Features</u>, provides an overview of enhancements that support increased trial complexity.
- Section 5, <u>USDM Data Dictionary</u>, illustrates the types of information that can be represented using the USDM, and includes various study designs ranging in complexity.
- Section 6, USDM API, provides information on the USDM application programming interface.
- Section 7, <u>Mapping to Other Standards and Formats</u>, describes the alignment between the USDM and SDTM Trial Design domains and controlled terminology elements, and provides definitions for protocol registration data elements submitted to ClinicalTrials.gov.
- Appendices provide additional background material and describe other supplemental material relevant to the USDM.

Examples of use of the model in JSON, .PNG, and .XLS format as well as other information can be found here.

1.3 How to Read this Document

- First, become familiar with the DDF project; see the <u>TransCelerate DDF Project web page</u> and <u>CDISC DDF</u> resources. If new to DDF, visit the TranCelerate <u>YouTube channel</u>, which includes several videos describing DDF.
- 2. Read this guide all the way through (without skipping any sections) at least once.
- 3. Finally, revisit any sections of particular interest.

2 Fundamentals of the USDM

The USDM comprises 4 parts, which are official CDISC standards:

- 1. Unified Study Definitions Model (USDM) class diagram represented as a unified modeling language (UML) class diagram
- 2. Application programming interface (API) specification
- 3. CDISC Controlled Terminology
- 4. Unified Study Definitions Model Implementation Guide (USDM-IG)

3 USDM v1.0

USDM v1.0 (released August 2022) provided a base model of structured study design.

Please note that USDM v1.0 did not have a corresponding implementation guide. The USDM-IG was initially developed for USDM v2.0 and further updated for USDM v3.0.

4 USDM v2.0

Building on the USDM v1.0 foundation, USDM v2.0 (released June 2023) was developed to satisfy an agreed set of use cases based around

- updates to the USDM that enable greater population of SSU elements and represent structured study design information for more complex trials,
- updates to the USDM that support EDC automation, and
- updates to the USDM that demonstrate population of the TransCelerate Common Protocol Template (CPT).

4.1 Support for More Complex Trials

The first version of the USDM provided a model for simple study designs. Version 2.0 implemented additional elements that allow for representation of more complex study designs in USDM. Section 4, <u>USDM Features</u>, provides an overview of enhancements that support increased trial complexity. One main area of development has been the implementation of study timing (see <u>Section 4.14</u>) within the model, allowing for complex timing and visit structures to be represented.

4.2 Enabling EDC Automation

In order to support EDC automation, the CDISC <u>Biomedical Concepts model</u> was adapted and included as a submodel in the USDM. The addition of biomedical concepts to the model adds a machine-readable "data" layer to the study design. This data layer can be used in a variety of ways to inform about what data relates to particular assessments within a study design. This biomedical concepts model not only assists in informing an EDC system as to the individual data items required for an assessment (e.g., automating identification of a form in an EDC library with the same/similar set of biomedical concepts) but also provide basic information required to build a new form should there be no EDC library, or no form that matches.

Implementation of the biomedical concepts model in the USDM provides a machine-readable data specification that can support other data-source use cases such as digital health technologies, electronic patient-reported outcomes (ePROs), and electronically supplied data (e.g., central lab, central ECG data).

4.3 Populating protocol standards

In Version 2.0, additional elements were added to the model as a proof-of-viability (POV) exercise, demonstrating that structured study design information could be moved from an upstream study design application into USDM format and then used to populate the TransCelerate CPT. Additional information on the USDM elements used for this POV can be found in Section 7.3, <u>Use of USDM for Populating Protocol Content</u>. Note that only a selected set of CPT elements is included for the POV.

5 USDM v3.0

USDM v3.0 development topics included:

- Ability to represent the draft ICH Clinical electronic Structured Harmonised Protocol (CeSHarP) developed by the ICH M11 group in USDM
- Add elements to expand population of SDTM trial design datasets
- Identify elements within USDM that can assist in population of trial planning elements for clinical trial registration in trial registries
- Addition of elements and model amendments required to represent structured study design information for more complex studies, including complex cohort trial designs
- Model enhancements to support use of the USDM and ensure consistency within the model

5.1 Representation of ICH M11 CeSHarP in USDM

Working closely with ICH, USDM v3.0 has been aligned to cover the breadth of sections found in the ICH M11 CeSHarP template. This will allow a USDM study design to be represented in the ICH CeSHarP template. **Note:** At the time of publication of USDM v3.0, ICH CeSHarP was still in the development phase. In future phases of USDM development, CDISC will continue to collaborate with the ICH team in order to ensure that USDM remains aligned with the ICH M11 CeSHarP template.

5.2 SDTM Trial Design Population

During development of USDM v2.0, elements within the USDM were identified that would allow data from a USDM compliant system to be used to populate SDTM Trial Design datasets related to trial planning. This was expanded during USDM v3.0 development to include additional elements that can be used for SDTM Trial Design population. Additional information can be found in Section 7.1, <u>Creation of SDTM Trial Design Domains</u>.

5.3 Clinical Trial Registry Population

Working alongside clinical trial registry subject-matter experts (SMEs), an evaluation was performed to determine how USDM can be utilized to assist in the population of elements required for clinical trial registries. In Version 3.0, this was restricted to ClinicalTrials.gov. Additional information can be found in Section 7.2, Informing ClinicalTrials.gov Registry

5.4 Support for More Complex Trials

An evaluation was performed to determine model changes that could support more complex cohort trials designs. This resulted in new USDM classes being developed (i.e., Population Definitions, Study Cohort, Characteristic) to support these types of studies. Additional information can be found in Section 4.19, <u>Populations, Cohorts, and Eligibility Criteria</u>.

5.5 Model Enhancements

Version 3.0 includes model enhancements to support use of the USDM and ensure consistency within the model, such as updating the UML to make it a more logical model, removing the API implementation elements and links, and making naming more consistent between classes. Additional information can be found in Section 4.2, Principles, Section 4.3, Naming Conventions, Section 4.4, Internal Identifiers Within the Model, and Section 4.5, Controlled Terminology.

6 Relationship to Other Standards and Formats

The USDM covers a wide range of concepts related to study design that also appear in other published standards such as trial registry standards (<u>EudraCT</u>, <u>ClinicalTrials.gov</u>), <u>HL7 FHIR</u> standards, and <u>ICH</u> guidance documents. As part of the development process, these standards were used as input in order to try to ensure harmonization with these standards, where possible.

6.1 Relationship to Other CDISC Standards

The USDM development process relies on published CDISC standards and other products that serve as references for modeling and naming conventions. To the extent possible, an effort has been made to align or be compatible with these sources where the content was determined to be conceptually identical or closely related to those being developed for the USDM.

6.1.1 BRIDG

The Biomedical Research Integrated Domain Group (BRIDG) is a CDISC, <u>HL7</u>, and <u>ISO</u> "standard for biomedical research concepts designed to support computable semantic interoperability."[1] BRIDG can be used for various purposes: as a reference model, a data integration/mapping solution, an exchange format, an ontology, or to create a BRIDG-based database. The use of BRIDG helps support the meaningful exchange of data between software systems and databases.

When BRIDG is used as a reference model to create or add new content to a standard, it can help ensure that relationships between and among biomedical research concepts represented using the standard are consistently modeled.

6.1.2 PRM

The <u>Protocol Representation Model</u> (PRM) provides a standard for planning and designing a research protocol with focus on study characteristics such as study design; eligibility criteria; and requirements from <u>ClinicalTrials.gov</u>, <u>World Health Organization</u> (WHO) registries, and <u>EudraCT</u> registries. The PRM assists in automating CRF creation and EHR configuration to support clinical research and data sharing.

Note: The PRM was released in 2012 and includes some overlap with the USDM. It is anticipated that the USDM will develop to be more content rich and implementable as a model and will therefore supersede the PRM.

6.1.3 SDTM and SDTMIG

The <u>Study Data Tabulation Model</u> (SDTM) provides a standard for organizing and formatting data to streamline processes in collection, management, analysis, and reporting. Implementing SDTM supports data aggregation and warehousing, fosters mining and reuse, facilitates sharing, helps perform due diligence and other important data review activities, and improves the regulatory review and approval process. The SDTM provides a standard model for organizing and formatting data for human and animal studies; the <u>SDTM Implementation Guide</u> (SDTMIG) is intended to guide the organization, structure, and format of standard clinical trial tabulation datasets. The SDTMIG was developed to support data submitted to a regulatory authority, such as the US Food and Drug Administration (FDA), but is not restricted to use in regulated submissions. The SDTM is one of the required standards that

sponsors must use, as specified in the FDA's Data Standards Catalog,[2] for New Drug Applications (NDAs), Abbreviated New Drug Applications (ANDAs), and certain Biologics License Applications (BLANDAs). The SDTMIG includes a section related to Trial Design Model datasets. Section 9.1 (Annex IIIa and Annex IIIb) of the ICH *Guideline for Industry: Structure and Content of Clinical Study Reports*[3] calls for a brief, clear description of the overall plan and design of the study, and supplies examples of charts and diagrams for this purpose. Each annex corresponds to an example trial and provides a diagram describing the study design and a table showing the schedule of assessments. The Trial Design Model provides a standardized way to describe aspects of the planned conduct of a clinical trial shown in the study design diagrams of these examples. Standard Trial Design datasets allow reviewers to

- clearly and quickly grasp the design of a clinical trial,
- compare the designs of different trials,
- search a data warehouse for clinical trials with certain features, and
- compare planned and actual treatments and visits for subjects in a clinical trial.

Modeling a clinical trial in this standardized way requires the explicit statement of certain decision rules that may not be addressed or may be vague or ambiguous in the usual prose protocol document. Prospective modeling of the design of a clinical trial should lead to a clearer, better protocol. Retrospective modeling of the design of a clinical trial should ensure a clear description of how the trial protocol was interpreted by the sponsor. Automated creation of SDTM Trial Design datasets is possible using data structured in USDM v3.0 format as detailed in Section 7.1, Creation of SDTM Trial Design Domains.

6.1.4 Controlled Terminology

CDISC, in collaboration with the National Cancer Institute's (NCI) Enterprise Vocabulary Services (EVS), supports the controlled terminology (CT) needs of the CDISC standards. Controlled terminology is the set of codelists, definitions, and valid values used with CDISC model elements. Within CDISC there are many volunteer teams that evaluate and manage CDISC CT. For example, the Protocol Entities Terminology Team develops and publishes the semantics for concepts found in clinical research protocols; the CDISC Glossary Team harmonizes the semantics and definitions for concepts commonly found in CDISC standards documents. The DDF terminology subset of CDISC CT is one of the main deliverables supporting the USDM, and development of CDISC CT for the USDM has been harmonized with existing, published CDISC CT (including SDTM, Protocol, and CDISC Glossary) in order to ensure maximum reuse of terms and definitions. Any new CT that has been developed for the USDM has undergone review from the Protocol Entities and CDISC Glossary Teams. USDM-related CT is developed and published using the same process as all other CDISC CT, in order to ensure a consensus based, fit for use, and harmonized set of terms.

6.1.5 CTR

Clinical Trial Registry (CTR)-XML lets technology vendors implement tools that support a "write once, use many times" solution based on a single XML file that holds the information needed to generate submissions for multiple clinical trials for clinical trial registry submissions, primarily to the World Health Organization (WHO), the European Medicines Agency (EMA), the EudraCT Registry, and United States ClinicalTrials.gov. Working alongside clinical trial registry SMEs, an evaluation was performed to determine how USDM could be utilized to assist in the population of elements required for clinical trial registries. In Version 3.0, this was restricted to ClinicalTrials.gov. Additional information can be found in Section 7.2, Informing ClinicalTrials.gov Registry.

6.1.6 ODM

Operational Data Model (ODM)-XML is a vendor-neutral, platform-independent format for exchanging and archiving clinical and translational research data, along with their associated metadata, administrative data, reference data, and audit information. The ODM-XML facilitates the regulatory-compliant acquisition, archival, and exchange of metadata and data. It has become the language of choice for representing CRF content in many EDC tools. ODM-XML v2.0 (released August 2023) added significant functionality to the ODM standard, including:

- Multilingual support
- Data query support
- Traceability (Trace-XML features) support
- HL7 FHIR interoperability

- Study/Trial Design Model in XML (SDM-XML) integration and enhancement
- CDISC 360 support
- Data capture

Although the USDM is a reference model and the ODM is a transport model, there is overlap between the standards in terms of elements related to study design (e.g., biomedical concepts) and elements related to EDC build (e.g., visits, forms, variables). Therefore, during the development of the USDM, areas of development for ODM-XML v2.0 were investigated and, where possible, aligned with USDM.

6.1.7 SDM

Study/Trial Design Model in XML (SDM-XML) is an extension of the ODM-XML and allows organizations to provide rigorous, machine-readable, interchangeable descriptions of the designs of their clinical studies, including treatment plans, eligibility, and times and events. SDM-XML defines 3 key submodules (i.e., structure, workflow, timing), permitting various levels of detail in any representation of a clinical study's design.

Note: SDM v1.0, released in 2011, was incorporated into ODM-XML v2.0. The SDM was used as an input reference model during the development of the USDM.

6.2 Relationship to Other Standards

6.2.1 ICH M11 Guideline, Clinical Study Protocol Template, and Technical Specifications

The ICH M11 guideline[4] introduced CeSHarP; the technical specification ensures that protocols are prepared in a consistent fashion and provided in a harmonized data-exchange format acceptable to regulatory authorities. The guideline, clinical study protocol template, and technical specifications were released in October 2022 for public review; where possible, these were used as reference input during USDM v3.0 development. Working closely with ICH, USDM v3.0 has been aligned to cover the breadth of sections found in the ICH M11 CeSHarP template. This allows a USDM study design to be represented in the ICH CeSHarP template. **Note:** At the time of publication of USDM v3.0, the ICH CeSHarP was still in the development phase. In future phases of USDM development, CDISC will continue to collaborate with the ICH team in order to ensure that USDM remains aligned with the ICH M11 CeSHarP template.

6.2.2 HL7 FHIR SOA

The <u>Vulcan Schedule of Activities (SOA) Project</u> defines a pattern for a clinical trial SOA structure using FHIR resources and processes that enables sharing, interpretation, and implementation in healthcare (EHR, PHR) systems. When a subject is enrolled in a study, research personnel will be able to attach them to the ResearchSubject and ResearchStudy, connecting the CarePlan with the schedule of activities (the research visits and corresponding tests/activities).

7 USDM Features

- Overview
- Principles
- Naming Conventions
- Internal Identifiers Within the Model
- Controlled Terminology
- Study, Protocols, and Amendments
- Study Identifiers and Titles
- Study Design

- Study Roles and Organizations
- Arms and Epochs
- Activities
- Procedures
- Biomedical Concepts
- Study Timing
- Indications
- Study Interventions
- Study Objectives and Endpoints
- Study Estimands
- Populations, Cohorts, and Eligibility Criteria
- Unstructured Content
- Addressing Footnotes
- Syntax Templates
- XHTML Attributes
- Abbreviations

7.1 Overview

The USDM normative form is a UML model. The USDM provides the ability to define a version of a clinical study that includes:

- 1. The main study details, such as:
 - a. Version of the external protocol that the study relates to
 - b. Various identifiers allocated to the study
- 2. One or more study designs within the study, with each study design detailing:
 - a. Arms and epochs within the design and the relationships between them
 - b. Encounters planned for the study and the relationship with the epochs of the study
 - c. A detailed data specification for the data to be captured as part of the study
 - d. Procedures to be performed as part of the study design
 - e. Timing of collection of data and the performance of procedures
 - f. Subject populations defined within the study design
 - g. Objectives and endpoints defined within the study design
 - h. Study estimands defined within the study design
 - i. Interventions defined as part of the study design
 - j. The relevant indication

Although the USDM is designed to hold a single version of a study, the model can be used to implement systems that hold multiple versions of multiple studies.

Note: The use of the terms above and their respective definitions are defined within the USDM class definitions and the related controlled terms.

7.2 Principles

The main principles applied to the development of the USDM include:

- Try not to reinvent the wheel. At the same time, improve. Use and learn from existing models.
- Align with existing CDISC models as much as possible but do not be constrained by them.
- Where sensible, provide standardized codes from CDISC CT. Allow for aliases.
- Allow for references to any CT where sensible.
- Do not recreate the paper world.
- Be aware of model versus presentation.

- The model should represent a complete protocol, not a partially completed one. Implementators should be
 able to relax constraints if they are building protocols.
- The model should not prevent implementators from extending the model.
- Keep the approach simple at the start; iterate, learn, and add complexity as it is understood.
- Support the planned design, not subsequent execution.
- Support the whole protocol document.

With respect to terminology, principles include:

- Standardize on a codelist/value set; be prescriptive.
- Where there is misalignment, standardize on the best global standard.
- Allow for regional differences (e.g., FDA in the US).

7.3 Naming Conventions

7.4 General

USDM v3.0 defines standard naming conventions. This includes improving the names of classes and, in particular, attributes to make the model more implementation friendly.

This section details the conventions used for naming and the use of attribute data types.

7.5 Class and Attribute Naming

The naming convention as currently used is:

- Nouns are used for class names.
- Every class has an attribute named "id" such that a unique identifier, within the scope of a study, can be allocated to instances of the class.
- A class can have a number of standard attributes. The attribute names should not be used for any other purpose than:
 - o name: the literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) for an instance of the class
 - o description: a narrative representation for an instance of the class
 - o label: the short descriptive designation for an instance of the class
 - notes: a USDM relationship between the class and the CommentAnnotation class which provides the set of notes related to the class

Note: a class may employ these attributes if they are required and thus not all classes use them.

A class can have additional attributes.

7.6 Data Types

Attributes have been provided with simple data types. The USDM generally avoids the use of complex data types. Where there is a need for a complex data type, a separate class is created.

7.7 Relationships

Relationships have, in general, been formed from the names of the class at either end of the relationship with singular names used for one-to-one relationships and plural names used for one-to-many relationships.

7.8 Internal Identifiers Within the Model

Each class defined within the UML has an identification attribute that can be used to provide a unique identifier for an instance of the class. The identifier should be unique and self-consistent within the scope of a version of a study. No attempt is made to define the form, type, or structure of these identifiers; the attributes are defined as strings. The only exception is the identifier at the head of the model within the Study class. Implementations are free to allocate the value to this field using, for example, a UUID, to ensure uniqueness within the implementation.

7.9 Controlled Terminology

Controlled terminology is referenced in multiple places across the USDM. So as to provide a mechanism to refer to controlled terms in a consistent manner, the USDM employs the Code class. The Code class uses 4 attributes to define the term being used (a code and decode pair), the terminology from which the term is taken, and the version of that terminology. This allows for any controlled term—whether CDISC, SNOMED, LOINC, or other—to be referred to in a consistent manner.

Certain attributes within the USDM Code class have been constrained to using terms from a given codelist from specified terminologies; these are specified in the controlled terminology spreadsheet. Although most of the terms referenced are CDISC CT, some other controlled vocabularies are referenced.

Where a standard code (typically a CDISC code but not always) is demanded by the model but flexibility is desirable / needed, users may include other terms (aliases) using the AliasCode class. Here one standard term is required but zero, 1, or more aliases can be provided. One particular instance is geographic references. The standard code should be from ISO 3166; other code aliases (e.g., GENC) can be provided.

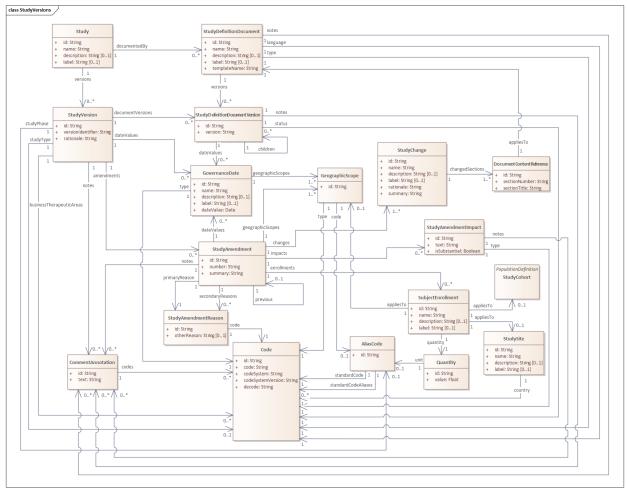
7.10 Study, Protocols, and Amendments

The Study class is the root of the USDM, collecting together the definition of the study and its corresponding versions as a whole. A study is documented by a study definition document which usually is a protocol but could be of other types as well. The overarching study and the study definition document each have their versioning with corresponding governance dates. These dates are to be focused to a specific geographic scope (e.g. global, regional, country).

Because the traditional paper/PDF protocol document has been split into 2 parts (i.e., the document and an electronic design using the USDM), there is a need to link which electronic definition is valid with which version of the document. The Study Version class links to the StudyDefinitionDocumentVersion class to define to which versions of an external protocol document the study definition relates. The study version provides a few basic study details (e.g., type, phase, rationale) and links the study with its constituent parts that include 1 or more study designs (see Section 4.8), identifiers, and titles (see Section Study Identifiers and Titles) for the study.

A study version may represent an amendment. Corresponding amendment details - including reasons for the amendment, number or percentage of subjects enrolled at time of amendment, list of amendment changes and substantial impact per type - are captured in the StudyAmendment class and corresponding sub classes. All amendment details may be reflected in the corresponding study definition document version via the StudyVersion class. The content of this study definition document version is captured in the USDM as unstructured content (see Section 4.20) and may include direct linkage to the specific study amendment information.

Each amendment includes one ore more changes. Each change can be detailed with a summary, a rationale and one or more references to specific sections of the current study definition document that are changed.

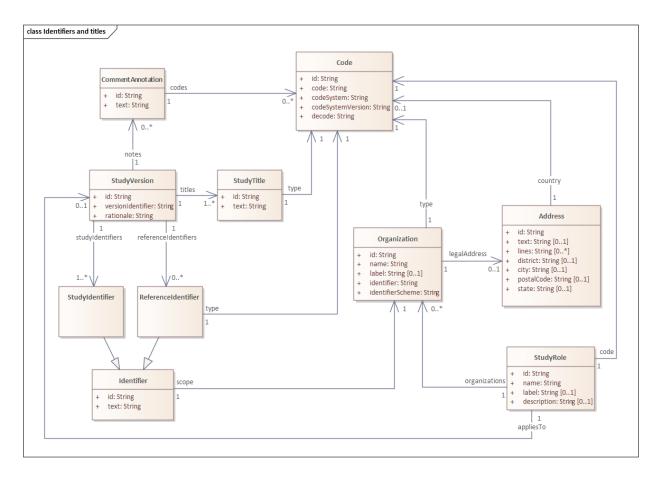


Abbreviations that are used to describe the study design are defined at the study version level and can be reused (e.g. referenced) both in the syntax template text (e.g. for eligibility criteria or assessment conditions) as well as in unstructured document content. Some examples are presented in the paragraph <u>Abbreviations</u>. The full list defined for the study can also be used to automatically create the full list of abbreviations in the protocol document. The StudyVersion class also allows for stating the business therapeutic area. **Note:** The business therapeutic area is provided for downstream processes and for sponsor organizations to define the business areas within the enterprise handling the study. It should be noted that business therapeutic area is not the same as the therapeutic area defined in the StudyDesign class.

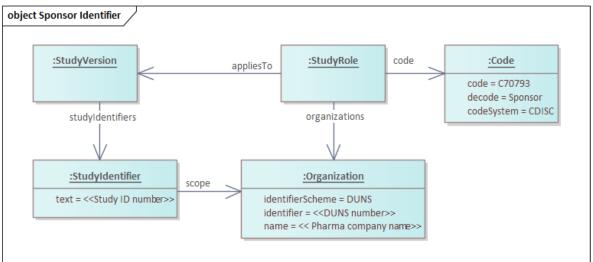
The Study class allows for 1 or more study designs to be included. This provides a single mechanism for master and umbrella studies. Multiple study designs are permitted so as to accommodate multiple designs that test multiple drugs and/or multiple cancer subpopulations in parallel under a single protocol without a need to develop new protocols for every trial. Typically, there would be a one-to-one relationship between study version and study design with 1 or more protocol versions related to the study covering the different designs. The studyDesign can refer to the study protocol version directly related to the specific design.

7.11 Study Identifiers and Titles

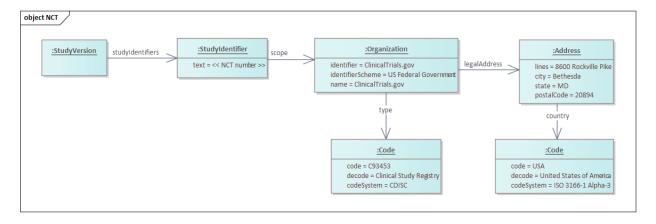
Study identifiers, reference identifiers and titles are stored in separate dedicated classes as presented in the UML below and are referred to from out of the StudyVersion class.

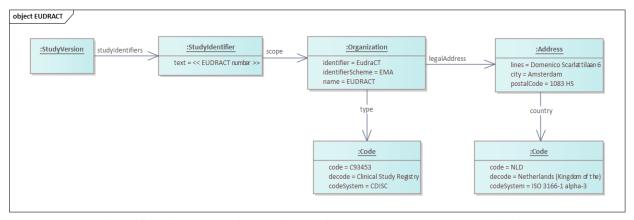


A study identifier specifically identifies the study represented in the data model. The StudyVersion class allows for including one or more study identifiers. Although multiple identifiers are permitted, the study definition should have 1, and only 1, sponsor identifier. A sponsor identifier is identified by it's scope of an organization that has the Sponsor study role as shown in the instance diagram below. Identifiers of co-sponsors may be linked in a similar fashion to the co sponsor study role.

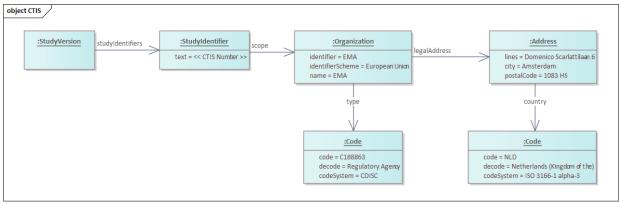


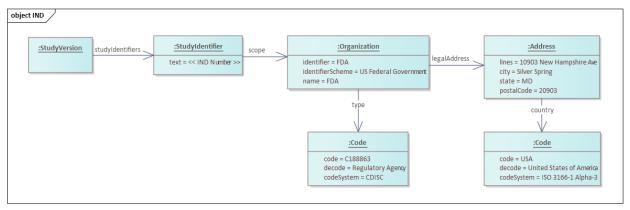
Registry identifiers like NCT and EUDRACT numbers should refer to a Clinical Study Registry organization type as presented below.





Regulatory agency identifiers like CTIS and NCT should refer to a Regulator Agency Organization type as presented below.





Note the use of ISO 3166-1 country codes within the address field referenced by the organization class.

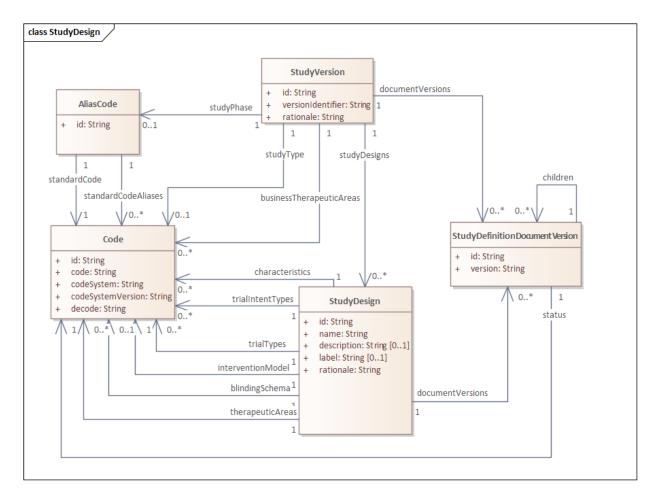
A reference identifier is optional and identifies an overarching plans like a pediatric investigational plan number or a clinical development plan number.

One or more study titles are required for a study. They can be of different types (e.g., official, scientific, short titles). If available, the acronym should be stored as a title as well, with specifying the type as acronym.

7.12 Study Design

The StudyDesign class is the container for a single design within a study definition and includes references to Study Timelines (see Study Timing), Objectives and endpoints (Study Interventions), Populations (see Populations, Cohorts, and Eligibility Criteria), Study Interventions (see Study Interventions), and design elements like arms, epochs and encounters (See Arms and Epochs). It provides the slots for key parameters such as the trial types, trial intent types, blinding schema, intervention model and other study design characteristics such as whether the design is adaptive, and/or randomized.

The Study Design may be documented at the Study Design level or at the complete study version level.



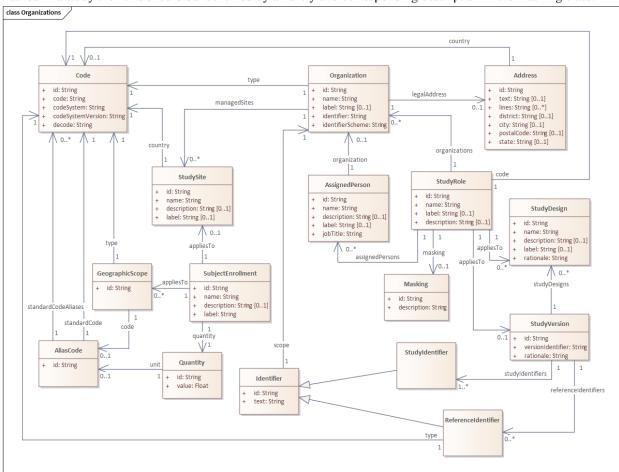
The class also provides a place to store 1 or more codes defining the therapeutic area to which the study design relates from a regulatory perspective. No controlled terminology is provided for the population of this therapeutic area field; the following table details controlled vocabularies that are available for users to populate 1 or more values into the attribute.

| Dictionary/Terminol | URL | |
|---------------------|--|--|
| ogy | | |
| EudraCT | https://eudract.ema.europa.eu/docs/technical/EUDRACT_Eutct_Pick_Lists_and_coded_va | |
| | <u>lues v1 0.xls</u> | |
| ICD-10 | https://www.icd10data.com/ICD10CM/Codes | |
| MedDRA | https://www.meddra.org/ | |
| MeSH | https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/ | |
| NCI Thesaurus | https://ncit.nci.nih.gov/ncitbrowser/ | |
| SNOMED-CT | https://www.nlm.nih.gov/healthit/snomedct/index.html | |
| US FDA | https://www.fda.gov/drugs/development-resources/spectrum-diseasesconditions | |

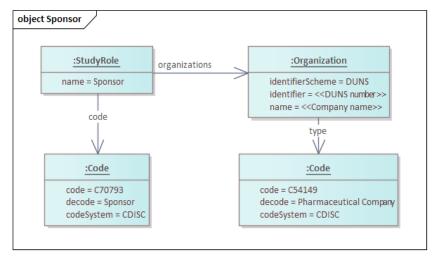
7.13 Study Roles and Organizations

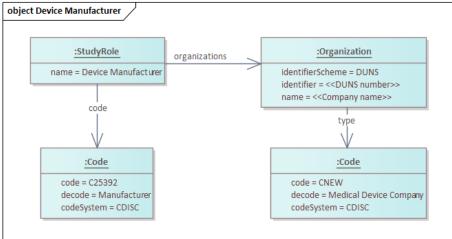
A clinical study may include a number of different roles on different levels. This includes sponsors, investigators, monitoring committees, and more. These roles are stored in the StudyRole class. A role may apply to the study as a whole or to one or more study designs specified within that study. Specific names of persons assigned to a study role are specified in the AssignedPerson class. If no specific persons are assigned then the StudyRole may directly link to an organization being responsible for the role as a whole. The organization type identifies what kind of organization

is specified (e.g., Pharmaceutical Company, Healthcare Facility, Contract Research Organization, Regulatory Agency, etc.). An identifier should be referring to one of the defined organizations as it's scope (see Section 4.7). An organization can optionally manage 1 or more study sites. These study sites may be referred to in case a subject enrollment status for an amendment is specific for a site (See Study, Protocols, and Amendments). If a role is masked in a study then this should be identified by an entry and corresponding description in the masking class.

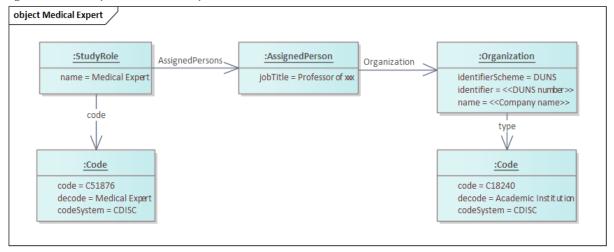


Examples of a sponsor entry and a device manufacturer entry are presented below. In case of a commercial organization, the DUNS number is expected to be specified to uniquely identify the commercial entity.

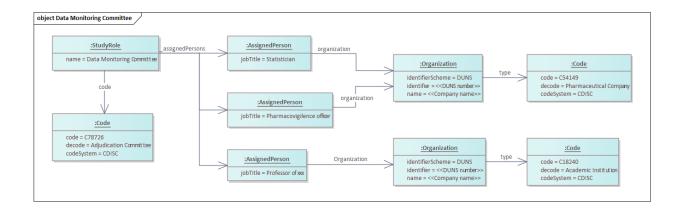




The study role may include either one or more organizations as a whole or one or more assigned persons. Assigned persons are specified in the AssignedPerson class which then subsequently may link to the corresponding organization as depicted in the example below.

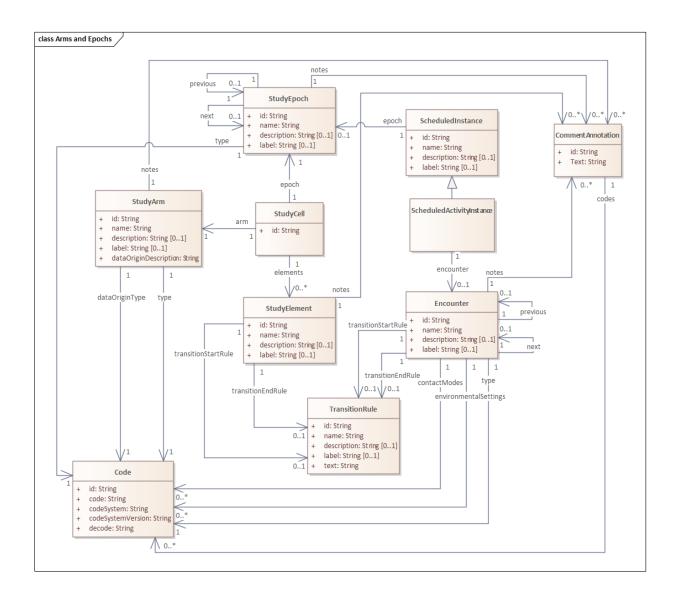


The below example shows how a data monitoring committee includes more assigned persons referring to their respective organizations.



7.14 Arms and Epochs

The high-level study design consisting of the arms and epochs is defined using the StudyArm, StudyEpoch, StudyCell, and StudyElement classes. The manner in which the classes are used follows the CDISC SDTM. Epochs are related to the study encounters (a more generic term for visits) via ScheduledInstances that form a ScheduleTimeline (for more information see Section 4.14, Study Timing). StudyElements can relate to the corresponding studyInterventions that are planned for the specific StudyArm and in the specific StudyEpoch. StudyElements and Encounters have entry and exit rules that are defined using the TransitionRule class. It should be noted that although the StudyElements and Encounter classes share the use of the TransitionRule class, it is not expected that the instances within any study design will overlap; they are, most likely, distinct sets. Given that the use of the classes is based on the SDTM, the information within these classes can be used to populate the SDTM Trial Design domains (see Section 7.1).

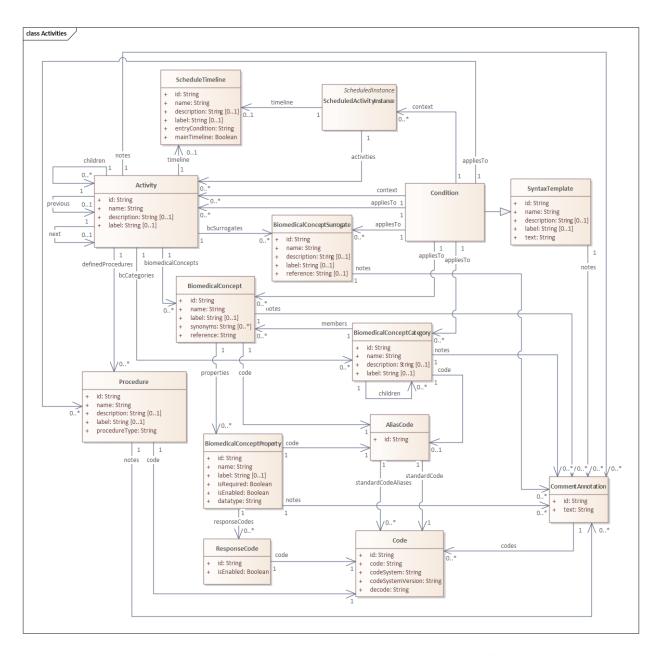


7.15 Activities

Activities are the means by which the procedures to be performed and the data to be captured are specified at a detailed level. The Activity class is used to group together data capture and procedures. The composition of these groupings is left to those designing studies and may align with the activities presented in the schedule of activities. The presentation ordering in the schedule of activities can be handled with the previous and next attributes. Any presentation groupings can be handled with the children attribute. Activities can be reused across multiple points within a study timeline via the ScheduledActivityInstance class (see Section 4.14, Study Timing).

The Activity class can be linked to 1 or more procedures (see Section 4.12), 1 or more biomedical concepts (see Section 4.13), 1 or more groups of biomedical concepts, 1 or more surrogate biomedical concepts and/or a sub timeline. A sub timeline referred to from an activity would typically be a sequency of actions covered by the activity description (e.g. blood glucose profiles, sitting/standing vital signs sequences etc.).

Activities or the corresponding assessments and procedures may be conditional. These conditions, specified in the Condition class, apply to at least 1 activity, biomedical concept, group of biomedical concepts, biomedical concept surrogate or procedure. The context of the condition can be to the activity in general (at every timepoint it is scheduled) or to a specific timepoint in the timeline via ScheduledActivityInstance.



The example below shows how the values for activities that are typically present in the first column of the schedule of activities are stored in the USDM activity class and how "grouping" headings can be accommodated. The previous and next attribute is used to identify the order of presentation while the children attribute is used to identify the group members, for example 'Efficacy' or 'Safety'. This grouping activity (e.g. having children) is typically only used for presentation purposes and is not expected to be referred to from an scheduled activity instance or to point to biomedical concepts or procedures. It is recommended that only two levels of grouping (i.e, parent and child) are used.

| Schedule of activities | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-------|---|--|
| | Screening | Day 1 | | |
| Subject related Assessments | | | | |
| Informed consent | Х | | | |
| In/Exclusion criteria | X | Χ | | |
| Demography | X | | | |
| Medical history | X | | | |
| Randomisation | | Х | | |
| Efficacy | | | | |
| Lab efficacy assessments | | X | X | |
| PRO questionnaire | | X | X | |
| Safety | | | | |
| Vital signs | X | Х | X | |
| ECG | X | X | | |
| Hematology | X | X | | |
| Biochemistry | Х | Х | | |
| Adverse events | X | Х | X | |
| Intervention | | | | |
| Drug dispension | | X | X | |
| Drug accountability | | Х | | |

| label | id | previous | next | children |
|-----------------------------|-------|----------|-------|-----------------------------------|
| Subject related Assessments | id_01 | | id_02 | id_02, id_03, id_04, id_05, id_06 |
| Informed consent | id_02 | id_01 | id_03 | |
| In/Exclusion criteria | id_03 | id_02 | id_04 | |
| Demography | id_04 | id_03 | id_05 | |
| Medical history | id_05 | id_04 | id_06 | |
| Randomisation | id_06 | id_05 | id_07 | |
| Efficacy | id_07 | id_06 | id_08 | id_08, id_09 |
| Lab efficacy assessments | id_08 | id_07 | id_09 | |
| PRO questionnaire | id_09 | id_08 | id_10 | |
| Safety | id_10 | id_09 | id_11 | id_11, id_12, id_13, id_14, id_15 |
| Vital signs | id_11 | id_10 | id_12 | |
| ECG | id_12 | id_11 | id_13 | |
| Hematology | id_13 | id_12 | id_14 | |
| Biochemistry | id_14 | id_13 | id_15 | |
| Adverse events | id_15 | id_14 | id_16 | |
| Intervention | id_16 | id_15 | id_17 | id_17, id_18 |
| Drug dispension | id_17 | id_16 | id_18 | |
| Drug accountability | id_18 | id_17 | | |

7.16 Procedures

The procedures linked to the Activity class allow for the procedures required by the activity to be detailed. A procedure consists of a free-text name and description; procedures can be classified using a free-text type attribute and coded using the code attribute. In cases where the procedure includes a study intervention (e.g., drug administration), the corresponding study intervention can be referenced.

7.17 Biomedical Concepts

The CDISC <u>Biomedical Concepts model</u> defines a clinical concept in a standardized and reusable manner; it is a specification focused on the data, not how the data are captured or processed. As such, biomedical concepts (BCs) are atomic entities and should not be split apart; to do so causes a loss of meaning. A BC is identifiable (has an identifier) and is complete (contains everything needed to use it).

A BC defines an observation but it requires context: the context of a clinical study. This is why, in the USDM, BCs are linked to activities and thus the remainder of a study design.

Within the USDM, the BC model has been represented in a manner consistent with the rest of the USDM. For example, controlled terminology references use the Code object to be compatible with all of the CT references across the USDM. Additional attributes have been added to allow for configuration as part of a study to enable or disable certain qualifiers or to constrain terminology responses to match the needs of a study (e.g., constraining units to metric values).

When a BC is included within a study design the BC can be constrained if the BC definition allows for such. When those constraints are applied or by whom is not dictated by the model; that is an implementation and process concern. For example, a study definition may leave everything in the BCs unconstrained and only when the study design is deployed in capture systems will any constraints be applied. Constraints take the form of disabling optional properties; for example, the method used for an observation does not need to be captured, or the terms for a property can be constrained (e.g., body position is always going to be supine for a particular observation and so standing can be disabled as an option). The constraints are applied via a enabled boolean flag. Some properties, such as a result, are always required. Required properties are indicated by a second boolean flag.

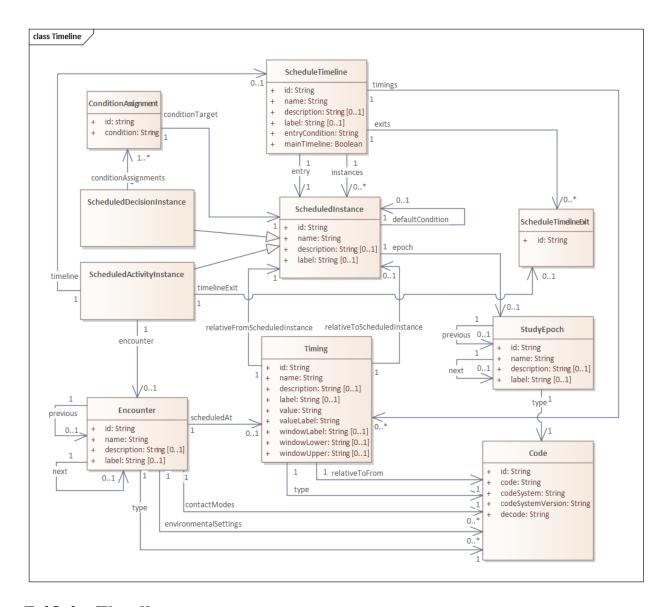
The USDM allows for the inclusion of a single BC (e.g., heart rate), a collection of BCs (e.g., vital signs preconfigured to include height, weight, heart rate, and other tests), or surrogate BCs. Surrogate BCs are a placeholder mechanism for when a BC definition is not available. This allows the name of a test to be specified but no further detail need be provided. Surrogates can contain a name and description pair for the concept required. A reference field is also provided to allow for links to reference materials (e.g., a URL for an external resource). A single BC uses the BiomedicalConcept class as its root instance connected to one or more BiomedicalConceptProperty instances to define the various properties of the BC (e.g., result value, units, qualifiers).

Some of the property nodes will require controlled terminology references; these are placed within ResponseCode instances which then onward refer to a Code instance holding the actual term reference.

One or more BCs can be grouped using a BiomedicalConceptCategory. It is assumed that, to be useful, more than a single BC should be added to a grouping such as the vital signs described above. These groupings are expected to be sponsor defined but, in the future, some can be expected to be industry defined.

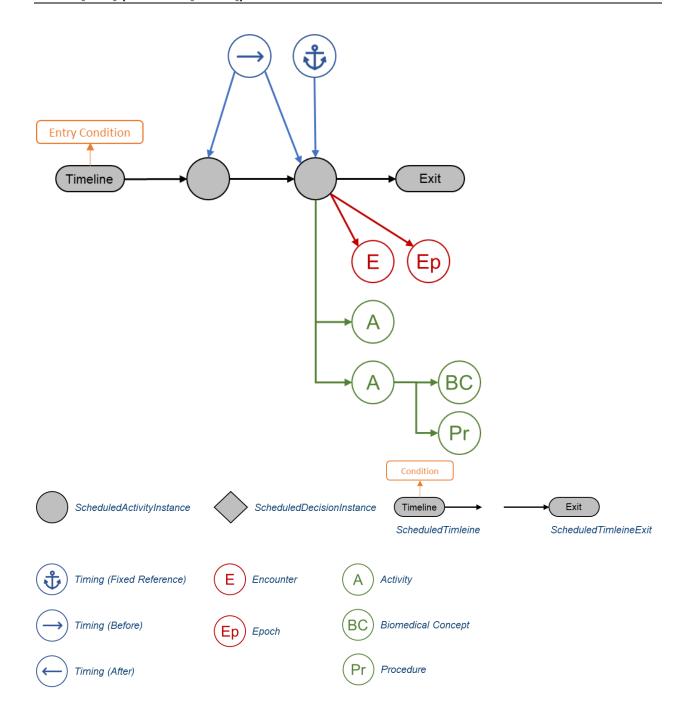
7.18 Study Timing

One of the key aspects of a study design is the timing of encounters (visits) and the activities to be performed within those encounters. The USDM includes a mechanism for building timelines that can be reused within a study and, given external library management, across studies. The corresponding classes and attributes are shown in the following UML diagram. This model allows for multiple planned timings within an encounter as well as for decision points in the study process. The corresponding information is stored in a timeline as scheduled activity instances and scheduled decision instances, respectively. Both inherit all attributes and relationships from the ScheduledInstance class (indicated by the closed arrows in the UML) and can be linked to the corresponding study epoch. The Timing class includes all timing information with details on time between instances and corresponding windowing. One or more scheduled activity instance can be related to a corresponding encounter, which is usually presented as a visit in the schedule of activities.



7.18.1 Timelines

The study timing mechanism depicted in the following figure is based on the notion of a timeline. A *timeline* is composed of an entry point with an associated entry condition (see ScheduleTimeline class), a sequence of steps (the ScheduledActivityInstance class and scheduledDecisionInstance class), timing relating the steps (the Timing class), and 1 or more exits (the ScheduleTimelineExit class) that mark the end of timeline processing. A timeline is named and can be referenced or reused within other timelines. The steps within a timeline link the encounters with the activities required for each step and thus define the timing for the encounters. The ScheduledActivityInstance class is the link between the high-level study design defined by the StudyArms and StudyEpochs classes, the Encounter classes, and the detailed study design defined by the Activity class.



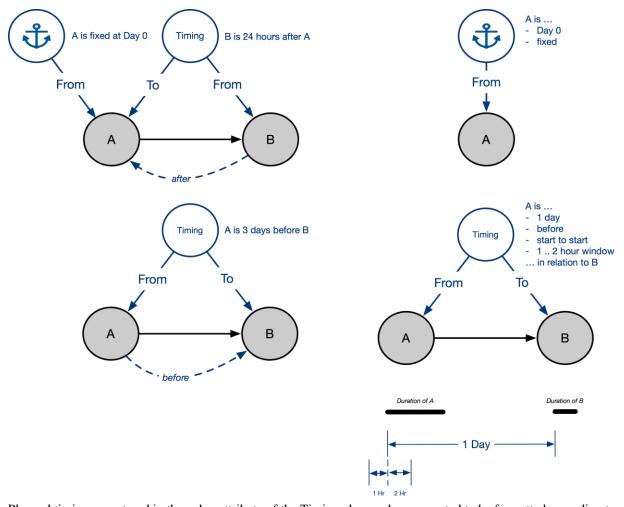
7.18.2 Timing

The timing between steps comprises a relative time of before or after, and an anchor time that is fixed. The following figure illustrates the timing capabilities. The Timing class allows for explicit timing to be built into a timeline using a combination of anchors (fixed timing) and relative timing. The timing definitions should be read as "the <Timing.relativeFromScheduledInstance> node is <Timing.value> <Timing.type of before or after> the <Timing.relativeToScheduledInstance> node". The timing definition allows for further precision in the timing by specifying the relativeToFrom type.

For anchors, the relativeFrom node refers to the scheduled instance that provides the fixed reference. The corresponding relativeTo node should either refer to the same scheduled instance or should be missing.

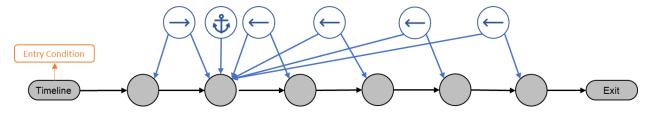
A timing may be referenced from an Encounter using the scheduleAt attribute allowing for a specific encounter timing and corresponding windowing to be defined and presented in a scheduled of activities. An Encounter timing might potentially overarch multiple scheduledInstances representing different blocks of activities within an encounter.

Note that in the timing diagrams the relativeFromScheduledInstance and relativeToScheduledInstance relationships have been shortened ("From" and "To," respectively) so as to make the diagrams readable.



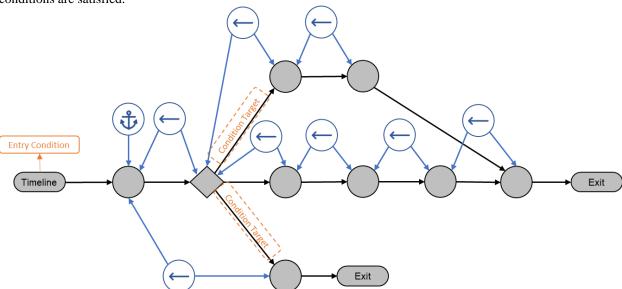
Planned timings are stored in the value attribute of the Timing class and are expected to be formatted according to ISO 8601. A corresponding window can be identified using the window attributes. The windowLower and windowUpper attributes are also expected to be formatted according to ISO 8601. Textual representations of these values can be stored in the valueLabel and windowLabel attributes, respectively.

Note that timings can be defined between each consecutive scheduled instance or all or part of the timings can be related to a fixed (anchor) timepoint:

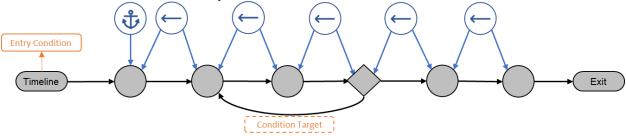


7.18.3 Decisions and Branching

Decisions and branching are handled using instances of the ScheduledDecisionInstance class within a timeline as shown in the following figure. Each decision point can handle multiple conditions; for example, simple yes/no decisions as well as a complex switch with multiple paths. Each possible route is set up with an associated destination. For switches, there should be a "default" condition specified for the case when none of the other conditions are satisfied.



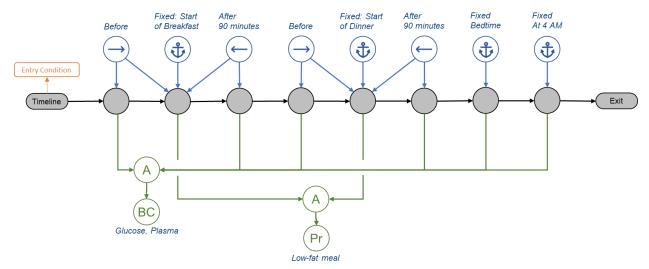
The decision can also be used to create cycles:



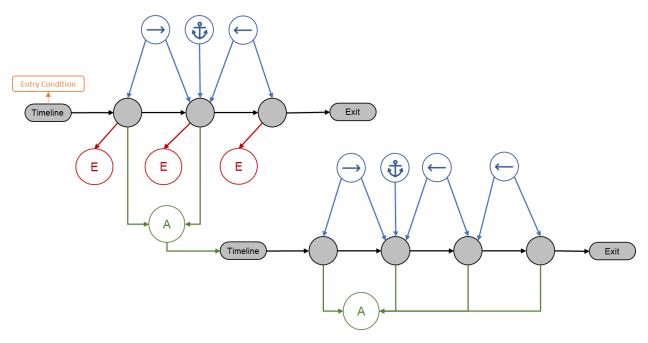
Descriptions of the decision and pointer are defined using the conditionAssignment class. This class includes 2 attributes: a description of a condition and the reference to the target instance of the scheduledActivityInstance class that it points to once this condition is met—for example: "not reached cycle 12 and fulfilling eligibility to enter next cycle", "ScheduledActivityInstance_2".

7.18.4 Profiles

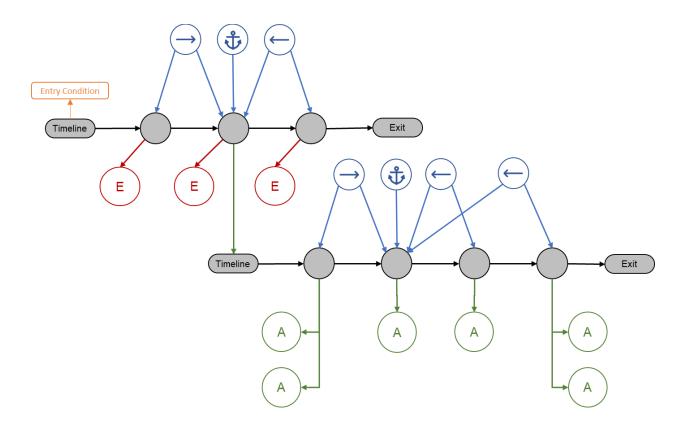
Profiles can be created using the various classes, as depicted in the following figure. A profile is another use of the timeline pattern and may reflect a sub-timeline within an encounter. A condition for entry can be defined but need not be. In this example, anchors are used to fix meal times over a single day and the associated observations scheduled in relation to the fixed meal times. The activities are shared across the steps within the profile.



The profile can be "attached" to an activity using the ActivityTimeLineId attribute so that it is executed as part of that activity, as illustrated in the following figure. This is useful for a sequence of repeated measures within the same activity.

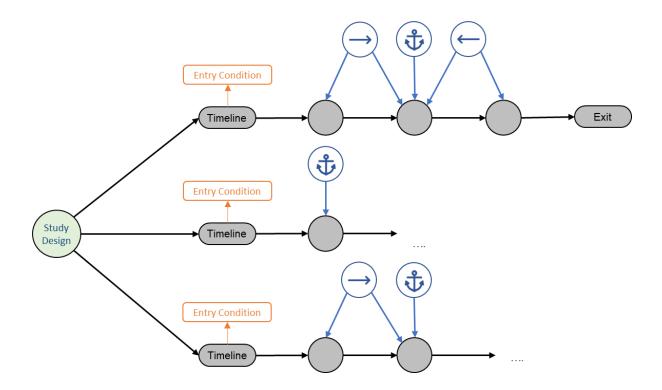


The timeline can also be attached to a ScheduledActivityInstance from another timeline using the timeline reference, thus allowing timepoints within a visit to be constructed, as shown in the following figure.



7.18.5 Unscheduled Visits

Unscheduled visits within a study are handled by creating separate timelines for each unscheduled "event" that needs to be handled within the study design. A study design would typically have 1 "main" timeline with a condition such as "subject identified". Further timelines can be created and linked to the StudyDesign instance with the timeline having an appropriate condition (e.g., "Adverse event", "Lost contact with subject"). Each timeline is then free to detail the steps taken under the respective circumstances.



7.18.6 Timeline Exit

It should be noted that the ScheduledTimelineExit instance does not perform any role other than marking the end of a timeline. It is linked from the last ScheduledActivityInstance instances in the timeline.

7.19 Indications

The indication for a study design can be placed into the Indication class. Each indication has a textual description plus the ability to define 1 or more codes from external code systems (including a sponsor's own terminology) that define the indication.

The attribute isRareDisease can be utilized to indicate whether an indication is regarded as a rare disease according to applicable rare disease registries (e.g., NIH GARD, <u>Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center</u>).

7.20 Study Interventions

The interventions for a study can be placed into the StudyIntervention class. Each intervention needs to be defined by role and type. Optionally, information on one or more codes from external coding systems and the expected duration to minimum response can be added. Corresponding administration details can be specified in the Administration class. The frequency, dose, route, administrable product, medical device and duration can be specified for each administration. If the administrable product is embedded (eg. inseparable) in the medical device then the administrable product are expected to be defined via the medical device as an embedded product and not directly via the administration class.

For each medical device optionally information on sourcing, embedded products and medical device identifiers may be specified.

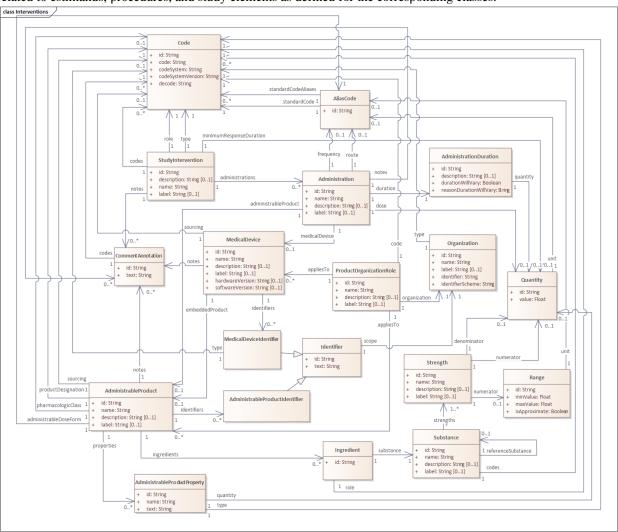
For each administrable product optionally, information on the product designation (IMP/NIMP), pharmacological class, sourcing and 1 or more administrable product identifiers, properties and ingredients may be specified. Each ingredient specified by its substance may have a reference substance. The corresponding reference strength

represents the strength (quantitative composition) of the active moiety of the active substance or of another substance used to express the strength of the product. There are situations when the active substance and active moiety are different resulting in different expression of the strength. Note that the internal sponsor code or compound number for the administrable product can be stored as the administrable product identifier.

The strength of each substance is specified in the strength class using a numerator and preferably a denominator. In case the strength is not exact but estimated to be within a range, the numerator can be expressed as a range using minValue and maxValue attributes instead of the quantity value attribute. For IDMP, the strength value or minValue and corresponding denominator value refers to the IDMP strength lower limit, while, if applicable, the strength maxValue and corresponding denominator value, refers to the strength upper limit.

Product related organization roles like manufacturer and supplier may be defined in the ProductOrganizationRole class which refers to the corresponding defined organization and applies to one or more medical devices and/or administrable products.

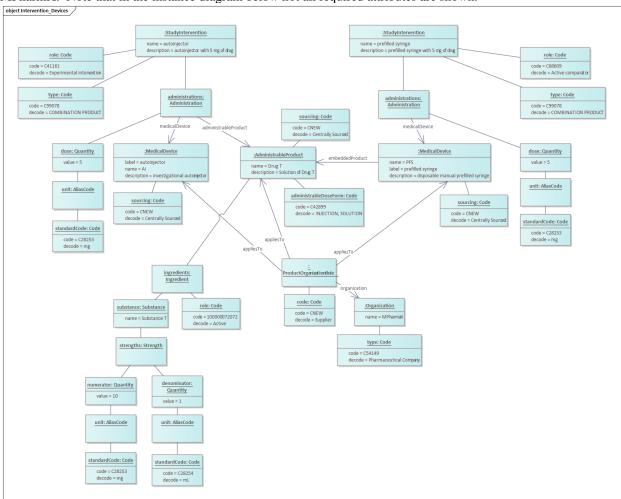
Study interventions need to be directly referred to from the Study Design class. In addition, they can be directly related to estimands, procedures, and study elements as defined for the corresponding classes.



An example of an bioequivalence study comparing the bioavailability of one drug administered via different devices is shown below. The test (experimental intervention) and reference (active comparator) interventions are stored as two separate instances in the StudyIntervention class both as a combination product type of intervention. The experimental intervention includes a device which can be refilled with the administrable product. Hence the medical device and administrable product are separately linked to the corresponding administration class. Contrary, for the

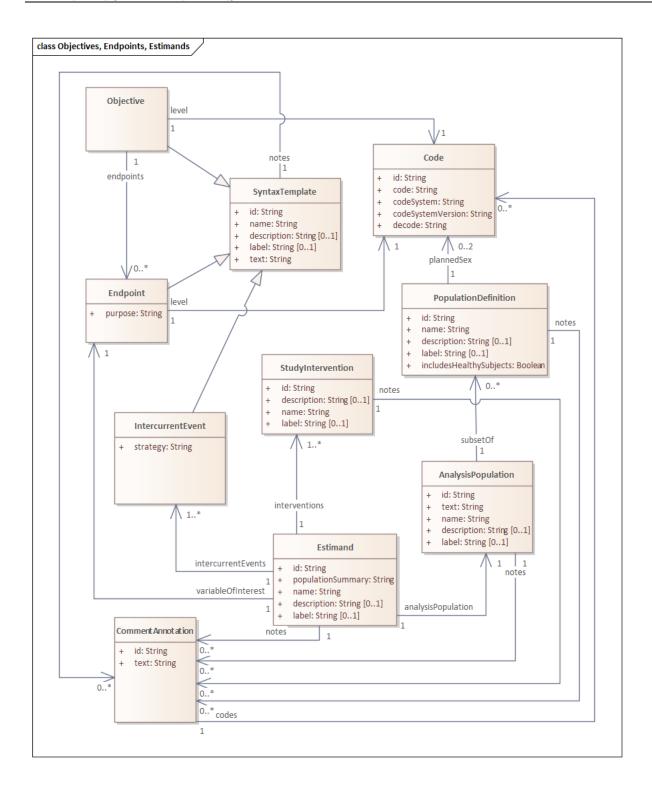
active comparator study intervention the product is prefilled and therefore specified as an embedded product for the medical device.

The actual dose given for both administrations is equal and set to 5 mg. The administrable product referred to for both interventions and is specified (via its ingredients/substance and strength nominator and denominator) to be 10 mg/mL. All products are centrally sourced and a product organization role as supplier was specified which applies to all products. The corresponding organization in this case is a pharmaceutical company with the hypothetical name MPharmX. Note that in the instance diagram below not all required attributes are shown.



7.21 Study Objectives and Endpoints

The study design objectives and endpoints can be defined within the Objective class and the Endpoint class. The Objective class allows for the textual description of the objective and its level (e.g., primary, secondary, exploratory) and a link to 1 or more associated endpoints containing the endpoint definition in textual form. Both the objective and endpoint class inherit from the syntax template (see Section 4.21), allowing for references to information stored elsewhere in the data model. The endpoint may be a variable of interest for the study estimand (see Section 4.18).



7.22 Study Estimands

Aligning to the ICH guideline E9 (R1) addendum,[5] study estimands and the definition of the treatments to be investigated, the population, the variable, the population summary, and the handling of intercurrent events (ICEs) are handled within the Estimand, IntercurrentEvent, and AnalysisPopulation classes along with the relationships to the corresponding endpoints (for the variable of interest; see Section 4.17) and study intervention (see Section 4.16) for the treatment.

The AnalysisPopulation may be defined as a subsetOf a Study Design Population or Study Cohort which inherit their features from the population Definition class (See <u>Populations</u>, <u>Cohorts</u>, and <u>Eligibility Criteria</u>).

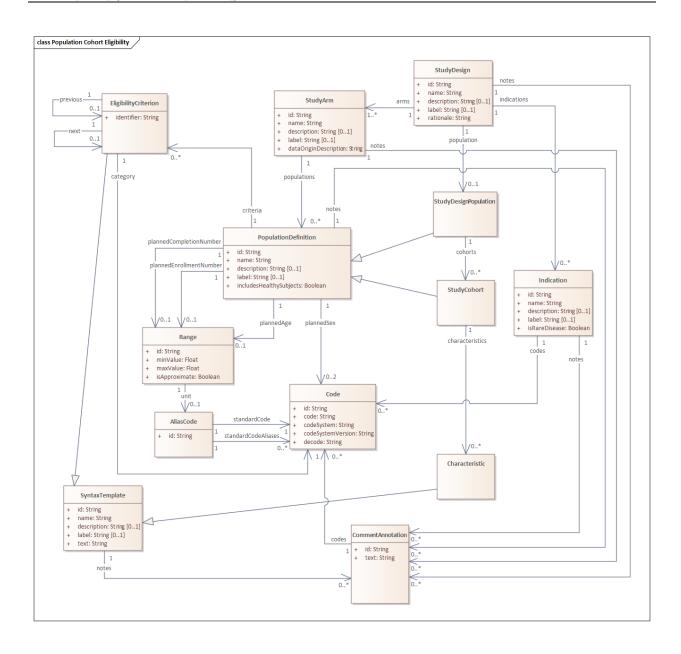
7.23 Populations, Cohorts, and Eligibility Criteria

Population and cohort definitions define a (sub-)group of subjects that take part in the study. The parent class PopulationDefinition is used to define a group of patients in general. This class includes references to the eligibility criteria that are applicable to this population. All the elements of the PopulationDefinition class are inherited by both the StudyDesignPopulation class, which stores the population details for a specific study design, and the StudyCohort class, which stores the details of subpopulations that, based on their characteristics, may deviate in how they are treated, assessed, or analyzed.

In addition to the inherited attributes from the PopulationDefinition class, the StudyDesignPopulation class may refer to the corresponding subgroups stored as study cohorts. The standard PopulationDefinition attributes criteria, PlannedCompletionNumber and/or plannedEnrollmentNumber, plannedAge, and plannedSex are either defined at the StudyDesignPopulation level or at the StudyCohort level. The allowed coded values for plannedSex are 'male' or 'female'. Either one, or both can be specified for a study design population or for a study cohort.

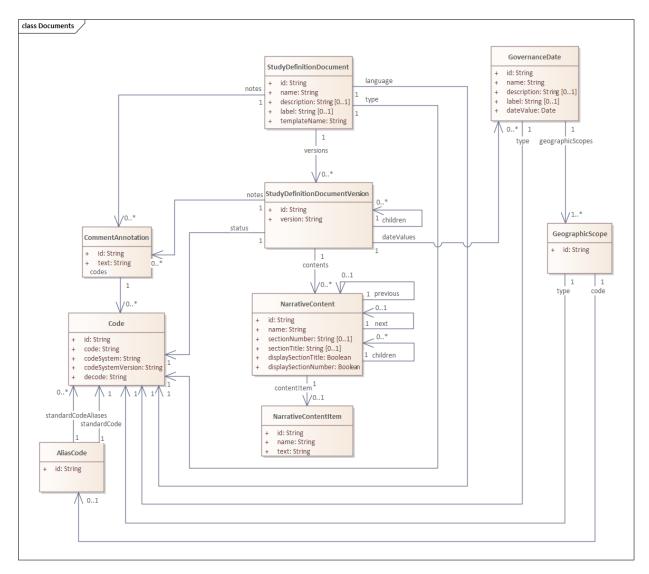
The StudyCohort class may refer to additional characteristics not defined by any of the other attributes in the PopulationDefinition class. These characteristics are stored in the Characteristic class, which inherits its attributes from the Syntax Template class (see Section 4.21) and can thus refer to any item stored elsewhere in the USDM. Eligibility criteria inherit from the Syntax Template class as well, allowing for referencing any item stored in the USDM, such as assessments stored as BCs or an indication stored in the Indication class. They are defined within a study version which allows reuse within different study designs and different cohorts. The previous and next attributes define the presentation ordering within an eligibility criterion category or overall. The identifier attribute may be used to store the short name used for mapping to SDTM TI domains (see Creation of SDTM Trial Design Domains).

In case needed, specific notes for example for grouping, mapping or providing additional information can be added to the items in a class. Corresponding codes can optionally be added to these notes aligning with internal or external standards that are applicable to the notes.



7.24 Unstructured Content

Study protocols and other study definition documents include content that is best described as "unstructured content", granting the author considerable flexibility in determining what information to include, the level of detail it will contain, the order in which it is introduced and discussed, and how it will be presented. Blocks of unstructured content can range from short text statements to many paragraphs which may also contain figures and tables. The Narrative Content class in the UML is modeled to contain such blocks of user-defined unstructured content using HTML format. The recursive nature of this class with its attribute "children" provides the user the ability to add multiple named blocks of unstructured content, allowing for a hierarchy of related information to be built up and ordered by the section number and/or the "previous" and "next" attributes. The actual blocks of unstructured content are stored in the NarrativeContentItem class allowing for reuse within and between documents. The HTML format of the "text" attribute and the section ordering provides the capability for organizing the information in a way that is compatible with any required document structure such as ICH M11,[4] the



7.25 Addressing Footnotes

Information represented by footnotes in a schedule of activities (SOA) can be stored structurally in the USDM and as such can be parsed and presented as footnotes when feasible. By using this computer-readable format, the often complex and extensive footnote information is more usable for downstream processes. This section describes the following different types of footnotes that may be identified in SOAs and how they can be stored in the USDM:

- Footnotes representing sub-timelines
- Footnotes representing timing and/or order of activities
- Footnotes representing alternative visit schedules
- Footnotes representing conditional activities, assessments, and procedures
- Repeated activities not presented in the SOA

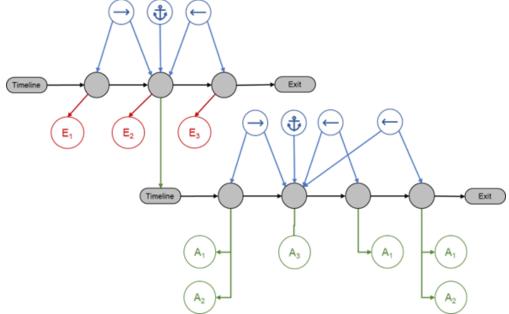
- Footnotes representing optional alternative encounter methods
- Footnotes representing measurements to be done for a specified activity
- Footnotes representing optional alternative measurement methods
- Additional instructions for procedures and/or performing assessments
- Visit and timing window information
- Eligibility requirements
- Complex combinations

7.26 Footnotes Representing Sub-timelines

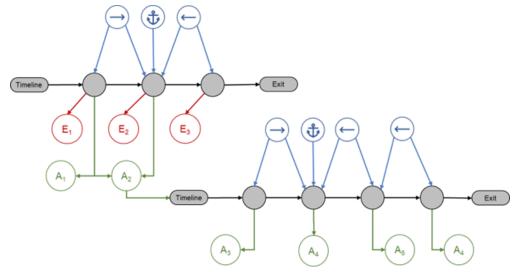
These footnotes indicate at what exact timepoints activities not presented in the SOA should be performed, for example:

- 1. Blood samples for ... predose, 1h, 24 h, ...
- 2. X assessment to be performed predose and at 40 minutes and 1.5h postdose
- 3. Measurement after 5 minutes in supine position and after 3 minutes in standing position

In case of assessments relating to dosing (examples 1 and 2), individual timepoints can be stored as ScheduledActivityInstances forming together a sub-timeline (see following diagram). This sub-timeline is referred to from a ScheduledActivityInstance on the main timeline. The time relationships (->, <- in the diagram) of these instances will be defined using the corresponding Timing classes. The timing related to the instance for the dosing activity (A_3) is defined as the anchor. Activities such as pharmacokinetic samples (A_1) and vital signs measurements (A_2) can then be added as needed, reflecting the correct timings related to dosing. Sub-timelines can be reused across multiple ScheduledActivityInstances on the main timeline.



In case of an assessment sequence relating to 1 activity (e.g., repeated blood pressure measurements in different positions), a sub-timeline can be directly referenced from the corresponding activity using the timeline relationship in this class (see following diagram). The activity A_2 (e.g., vital signs), refers to the sub-timeline indicating the corresponding positioning and assessment actions. For example, put subject in supine position (A_3), assess blood pressure (A_4); put subject in standing position (A_5) and repeat the blood pressure assessments (A_4). The timings in between are defined by the information in the corresponding Timing class.



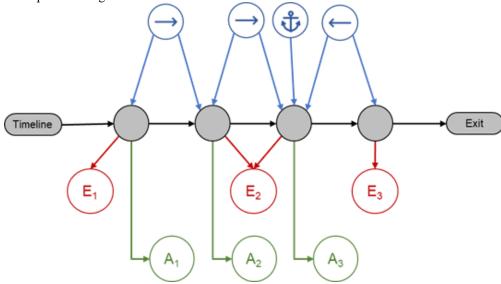
See Section 4.14, Study Timing, for more information on timelines.

7.27 Footnotes Representing Timing and/or Order of Activities

These footnotes indicate an order of activities and what should be done first, for example:

- 1. Informed consent must be obtained prior to any study-related procedure
- 2. Assessment X should be done before all other
- 3. Assessments to be done on day of admission

A simple sequence of 1 activity or groups of activities can be represented by separate instances of the scheduledActivityInstance class in the main timeline pointing to the same encounter. For example, in the following diagram, encounter E2 includes 2 scheduledactivityInstances. The first links to activities that need to be done prior to any other activity (e.g., informed consent) and the second scheduledActivityInstance relates to all other activities that are required during that encounter.



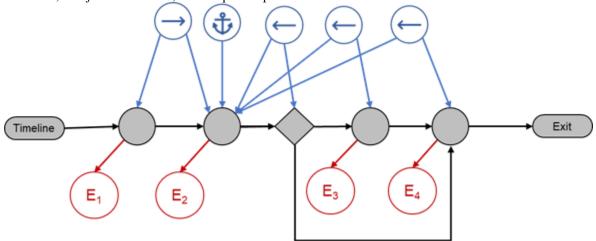
7.28 Footnotes Representing Alternative Visit Schedules

These footnotes indicate optional alternative visits based on conditions, for example:

1. Visits in case of events, inability to continue, or withdrawal (early-withdrawal visit)

- 2. An additional optional period of up to 3 weeks is permitted
- 3. Visits can occur on same day if no additional period is needed

To optionally add a visit, a scheduledDecisionInstance needs to be added to the timeline. Apart from the default next step in the timeline (defined by a defaultCondition), this scheduledDecisionInstance includes a condition and corresponding alternative next step that can be defined. In the following diagram, encounter E₃ is skipped when the condition is met. This condition as defined in the attribute conditionAssignments could then be "inability to continue", "subject withdrawn", or "no optional period of 3 weeks".



Example 3, visits occurring on the same day, is more complex. Visits can optionally be combined; the ScheduledDecisionInstance needs to be set to "no additional period needed?" If yes, then the next visit (E_3) can be skipped. In cases where activities were planned at this skipped visit E_3 (and not at the previous visit E_2), these should be added to the previous visit E_2 with the conditionality that they only need to be done when the next visit is skipped.

7.29 Footnotes Representing Conditional Activities, Assessments, and Procedures

These footnotes indicate conditions for a specified activity to be performed (or not), such as:

- 1. Assessments only for women with childbearing potential
- 2. At the discretion of the investigator
- 3. Assessments only if within x days after y
- 4. Only in case of extra wash-out needed; all others to perform assessment at end of week x
- 5. Discharge after criteria for discharge are met
- 6. Only if dipstick urinalysis is positive
- 7. Assessment to be done every 3 cycles
- 8. Only for subjects electing to participate in the additional substudy
- 9. If needed

These footnotes can be stored in the Condition class. The footnote text is stored in the text attribute and can optionally link to other elements stored in the USDM as described for syntax templates (see Section 4.21). Each specified condition in this class applies to the whole activity, a BC, a BC category, a BC surrogate, or a procedure. The context indicates to what part of the SOA it applies. This relates to where the footnote indicator is placed in the SOA. A footnote directly linked to the activity description is applicable for all occasions of that activity and should therefore have the context related to that activity. If the condition holds for a specific timepoint of that activity, then the context should be set to the corresponding scheduledActivityInstance to indicate when it is applicable. See Section 4.11, Activities, for more information.

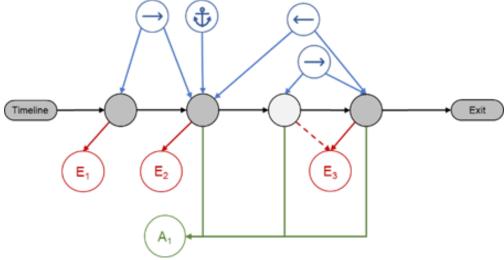
7.30 Repeated Activities Not Presented in the SOA

These footnotes specify activities that are not directly presented in the SOA because they need to be done in between regular visits, for example:

1. Questionnaire will be filled in every 2 weeks until ...

2. During run-in period, patients will perform XX measurements and inhale placebo medication at approximately 12-hour intervals for a minimum of 14 days and maximum of 21 days.

The first step in mapping these activities is to identify instances where they do not match the regular encounters represented in the SOA. These instances need to be added as ScheduledActivityInstances to the timeline with the corresponding timing information. The implementer can choose to create a separate encounter for them or to link them to the last or next encounter as required by the implementation and downstream processes (e.g., EDC setup).



7.31 Footnotes Representing Optional Alternative Encounter Methods

These footnotes specify potential encounter methods, such as:

- 1. Performed by telephone by qualified staff
- 2. If regularly allowed, visits may take place at home

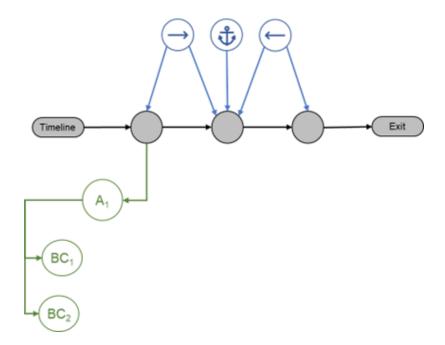
The encounter methods are specified by the attributes environmental Setting and contact Modes in the Encounter class. More than 1 contact Mode may be entered if optional alternative encounter methods are allowed.

7.32 Footnotes Representing Measurements to Be Done for a Specified Activity

In most protocols the exact assessments to be done are specified in dedicated paragraphs. However, in some cases, they are specified in the footnotes of the SOA, for example:

- 1. Hematology must include CBC with differential including but not limited to
- 2. T/B/NK cell count (i.e. CD3, CD4, CD8, CD19, CD16/56)

These assessments can be specified as BCs and linked to the corresponding SOA activity as shown in the following diagram.



7.33 Footnotes Representing Optional Alternative Measurement Methods

These footnotes indicate more than 1 alternative for an assessment, for example:

- 1. Diagnosis confirmed with either chest x-ray or CT scan
- 2. Urine or plasma pregnancy test

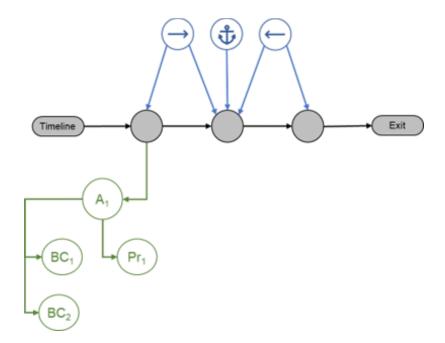
As with conditional footnotes, these footnotes can be handled using the Condition class. The text can then be stored in the corresponding text attribute. Both assessments need to be specified as a BC, procedure, or BC surrogate. The specified condition then can be related to both using the appliesTo relationship.

7.34 Additional Instructions for Procedures and/or Performing Assessments

These footnotes give details on how assessments need to be done, for example:

- 1. A ruler will be provided to assess ...
- 2. Samples will be sent to ...
- 3. Subjects should adhere to low-fat diet on day of sample collection
- 4. In order to assess y, the add-on medication should be continued for at least x weeks
- 5. X will be assessed by a blinded assessor
- 6. Patients should be instructed to use the inhaler in the morning at approximately the same time

Depending on the nature and level of instruction, this can be included in the BC when directly related to a specific assessment or added as a procedure (Pr_1) to the same activity as illustrated in the following diagram.



7.35 Visit and Timing Window Information

Visit window information is often shown in the column header of the corresponding visit, but in some cases may be added as footnotes; for example:

- 1. Assessments need to be done within 10 minutes after dosing
- 2. Visits need to take place between 5 and 10 days after dosing

As explained in Section 4.14, <u>Study Timing</u>, all specific groups of activities that occur at a specific timepoint are stored as separate scheduledActivityInstances and are linked to the corresponding timing. This timing class has attributes that can be used to specify the timing window. The window attribute is used to store the textual value of the window (e.g., "within 10 minutes after dosing") whereas the windowLower and windowUpper attributes are used for the computer readable version in ISO 8601 format (e.g., "T0M", "T10M").

7.36 Eligibility Requirements

Eligibility criteria are stored in the EligibilityCriteria class (see Section 4.19, <u>Populations, Cohorts, and Eligibility Criteria</u>). In some cases they are repeated in the SOA; for example:

- 1. Screening spirometry must demonstrate a value of In the morning of the first day of treatment value must also be in range
- 2. Patients must demonstrate >= 15% reversibility of FEV1 within .. following inhalation of ...

The EligibilityCriteria class uses text templates for the specifications of the criteria. Using these text templates, criteria can refer to the corresponding activity or assessment (BC) in the SOA. If required, these cross-references could be used by an implementation to link the criteria to the SOA and present them with the corresponding activities in the SOA.

7.37 Complex Combinations

Footnotes are often complex, long text that includes different kinds of requirements (e.g., a combination of timing, duration, conditionality, and/or methods), such as:

1. All subjects will perform a X profile for any 3 days (not required to be consecutive) during week (-2) to week (01), week 11-12, week 23-24 and week 51-52. Blood glucose readings will consist of 3 preprandial measurements (1-15 minutes before breakfast, 1-15 minutes before lunch, and 1-15 minutes before dinner) AND 3 postprandial measurements (1~1-2 hours after breakfast, 1~1-2 hours after lunch, and 1~1-2 hours

- after dinner).) The initial preprandial 6-point glucose measurement on the x day should be a fasting plasma glucose reading.
- 2. SpO2 before activity (baseline), during activity until the end of anaesthesia, and during postoperative recovery

For the purpose of comprehensibility of the SOA and for consistency throughout the study process, it is helpful to deduct the separate requirements from these footnotes and digitize them according to the solutions presented in this section.

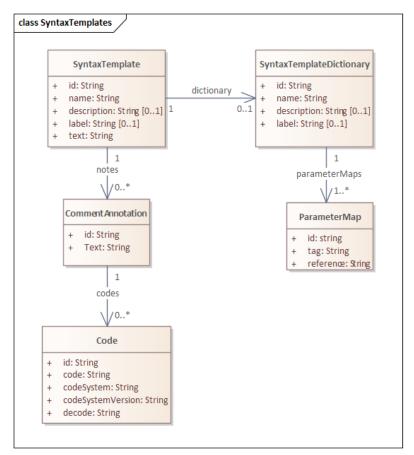
7.38 Syntax Templates

With syntax templates, human-interpretable plain text sentences are structured and linked to structured items held elsewhere in the USDM. Examples of items typically represented in the protocol as plain text that might be structured include:

- Endpoints that can be linked to a corresponding assessment and timing
- Objectives that can be linked to corresponding interventions and indications
- Eligibility criteria referring to an indication, a population, minimum and maximum age, and/or 1 or more assessments
- Conditions that can be linked to a corresponding BC or indication
- Cohort characteristics that can be linked to corresponding BCs or indications

The links are achieved by inserting tags into the plain text that reference structured content that is to be inserted into the text. These tags can be reused multiple times. This allows for consistency throughout the study design. In addition, the structured items can be more readily processed in downstream systems. The intent is that structured text allows for eligibility criteria, endpoints, objectives, and so on to be standardized and thus reused across studies, facilitating comparison and meta-analyses.

The syntax template classes are presented in the following UML.



The attributes and relationships of the SyntaxTemplate class are inherited by any class that is reusing its capabilities (e.g., Endpoint, EligibilityCriterion, Characteristic, termed "template instances"). The text attribute stores the structured text of the corresponding endpoint, criterion, or characteristic. The text attribute contains free text with embedded XHTML tags that refer to the mapping in the SyntaxTemplateDictionary. Within the SyntaxTemplateDictionary class, dictionaries can be defined that link the tags to the corresponding structured data references (to data stored elsewhere in the USDM data model) or to a fixed value.

The tags used within the text attribute of SyntaxTemplate are formatted as follows:

<usdm:tag name="parametername"/>

These tags are used as illustrated in the following example:

Subjects shall be between <usdm:tag name="min_age"/> and <usdm:tag name="max_age"/>

Instances of the SyntaxTemplateDirectory class are linked to 1 or more ParameterMap class instances. Each ParameterMap instance includes the tag (stored in the tag attribute) and a single reference or fixed value (stored in the reference attribute) as follows:

<usdm:ref klass="klassName" id="idValue" attribute="attributeName"/> or 'fixedValue'
in which:

klassName is the name of the class that holds the referenced structured data.

idValue is the id attribute value of the referenced instance of klassName.

attributeName is the name of the referenced data attribute within klassName.

fixedValue is a fixed string.

Some examples of ParameterMap references are (formatted here as tag: reference or fixedValue):

min_age: <usdm:ref klass="Range" id="Range_3" attribute="minValue"/>

max_age: <usdm:ref klass="Range" id="Range_3" attribute="maxValue"/>

 $Study Population: < usdm: ref~klass = "Study Design Population" id = "Study Design Population_1" \\$

attribute="description"/>

RefHbMax: "7.0"

It should be noted that instances of classes that inherit from SyntaxTemplate, the template instances, inherit the dictionary relationship to the SyntaxTemplateDictionary class. Each of these template instances references a single

dictionary but the dictionary can be shared across 1 or more of the template instances. Thus it is possible that a single dictionary instance—named, for example, StudyDictionary—containing a wide range of tags might be used by all the template instances or 1 dictionary instance could be created for the IE instances (named, for example, IE Dictionary), 1 dictionary instance for the Objectives and Endpoints template instances (named, for example, OEDictionary), or some mix thereof as required by implementors.

7.39 XHTML Attributes

The SyntaxTemplate and NarrativeContentItem classes each contain an attribute that contain XHTML formatted text: They are

- SyntaxTemplate text attribute
- NarrativeContentItem text attribute

The content held within these attributes should be treated at XHTML content and processed as such. It is recommended that a single root <div xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"> element is used to wrap the content of the attribute. These attributes can also contain <usdm:ref> elements used to reference content held within the remainder of the model. These elements use 3 attributes to form a complete reference:

'<usdm:ref klass=''klassName'' id="'idValue" attribute=''attributeName''/>' where:

- *klassName* is the name of the class that holds the referenced data element.
- *idValue* is the id value of the referenced data element within *klassName*.
- attributeName is the attribute name of the referenced data element within klassName.

Further details of the use of these references can be found in Sections 4.20, <u>Unstructured Content</u>, and 4.21, <u>Syntax Template</u>.

7.40 Abbreviations

8 General

Abbreviation are often used with protocol documents. So as to allow for consistency of definitions throughout the study definition documents as well as in downstream processes, the USDM allows for abbreviations to be defined at the study version level. This is shown in the UML in paragraph Study, Protocols, and Amendments.

Abbreviations can be reused (i.e. referenced) both from within unstructured document content as well as from within syntax template text (e.g. for eligibility criteria or assessment conditions). In addition, the full list of abbreviations can be easily used to automatically create the full list of abbreviations in the corresponding protocol document section.

9 Abbreviations

Abbreviations consist of two parts, the abbreviated text and the expanded text. Several examples of Abbreviation instances are shown below:

| Abbrevi | iation | |
|---------|------------------|---|
| id | abbreviated Text | expandedText |
| Abbr_1 | AD | Alzheimer Disease |
| Abbr_2 | MMSE | Mini-Mental State Examination |
| Abbr_3 | CDR | Clinical Dementia Rating Scale |
| Abbr_4 | FCSRT | Free and Cued Selective Recall Reminding Test |
| Abbr_5 | AChE-Is | acetylcholinesterase inhibitors |
| Abbr_6 | DAT | Dementia of Alzheimer Type |

10 Referencing From Unstructured Text

Unstructured text (held within NarrativeContentItem instances) can directly reference an abbreviation (abbreviatedText) and/or the expanded text (expandedText) using XHTML referencing (see XHTML Attributes). An example of a text item concerning the rationale is shown below. Note the example references the above example abbreviations:

| Narrativ | eContentIte | em | | | | | | |
|----------|-------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| id | Name | text | | | | | | |
| Item001 | Rationale1 | 7 11 | | | | | | |
| | | klass="Abbreviation" id="Abbr_1" attribute="abbreviatedText"/> treatment is purely | | | | | | |
| | | symptomatic. Registered symptomatic treatment consists of <usdm:ref <="" klass="Abbreviation" td=""></usdm:ref> | | | | | | |
| | | id="Abbr_5" attribute="expandedText"/> (<usdm:ref <="" id="Abbr_5" klass="Abbreviation" td=""></usdm:ref> | | | | | | |
| | | attribute="abbreviatedText"/>) and memantine. <usdm:ref <="" klass="Abbreviation" td=""></usdm:ref> | | | | | | |
| | | id="Abbr_5" attribute="abbreviatedText"/> in general and donepezil in particular can be | | | | | | |
| | | currently regarded as gold standard for treatment of mild-to moderate <usdm:ref< td=""></usdm:ref<> | | | | | | |
| | | klass="Abbreviation" id="Abbr_6" attribute="abbreviatedText"/> and is considered as | | | | | | |
| | | reference drug. | | | | | | |

11 Referencing From Syntax Templates

Abbreviations can also be referenced from <u>syntax templates</u>. Two examples are given in the following sections. Note the examples reference the above example abbreviations.

11.1 Objective

An objective is defined for Alzheimer's Disease which is abbreviated to AD. The objective class is based on syntax templates and therefore we can tag attributes stored with the associated dictionary and parameter maps. Instead of using the AD as text it is replaced by a corresponding tag as follows:

Objective.text= '<div>To assess the efficacy, safety and tolerability of different doses of Study Drug compared to placebo in treatment of prodromal **<usdm:tag name=" AD"**/><div>'

11.2 Inclusion Criterion

The inclusion criterion for the same study is defining the diagnosis and the corresponding definition. The EligibilityCriterion class which stores these criteria is also based on syntax templates and therefore we can also replace all the abbreviations by the corresponding tags as follows.

EligibilityCriterion.text= '<div>Patients with a confirmed diagnosis of prodromal **<usdm:tag name="_AD"/>** on neuropsychological testing defined as: - Mini-Mental State Examination **<usdm:tag name="_MMSE"/>** score: \geq 24 and - a global **<usdm:tag name="_CDR"/>** -score of 0 or 0.5 and - Free and Cued Selective Recall Reminding Test (**<usdm:tag name="_FCSRT"/>**) score: o free recall test: \leq 20 (out of 48) and o total recall test: \leq 42 (out of 48).<div>'

The reference from the tag used in the syntax template texts of Objective and EligibilityCriterion to the specific instance in the Abbreviation class is specified in the SyntaxTemplateDictionary and the ParameterMap instances specified within the dictionary as follows:

| Parameter | rMap | |
|-----------|--------|---|
| id | tag | reference |
| Param001 | _AD | <pre><usdm:ref attribute="abbreviatedText" id="Abbr_1" klass="Abbreviation"></usdm:ref></pre> |
| Param002 | _MMSE | <pre><usdm:ref attribute="abbreviatedText" id="Abbr_2" klass="Abbreviation"></usdm:ref></pre> |
| Param003 | _CDR | <pre><usdm:ref attribute="abbreviatedText" id="Abbr_3" klass="Abbreviation"></usdm:ref></pre> |
| Param004 | _FCSRT | <pre><usdm:ref attribute="abbreviatedText" id="Abbr_4" klass="Abbreviation"></usdm:ref></pre> |

12 USDM Data Dictionary

Note: Properties without a description in the following table are either relationships or instance identifiers and were deemed to be out of scope for terminology development. Please see Section 4.4, <u>Internal Identifiers Within the Model</u>, for additional information on the use of identifier variables in the model.

| Class Name | Attribute Name | Data Type | NCI C- Code | Cardinalit y | Preferred Term | Definition | Codelist Ref | Inherited From |
|--------------|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|---|--------------|----------------|
| Abbreviation | id | string | C42610 | | Abbreviation | A set of letters that are drawn from a word or from a sequence of words and that are used for brevity in place of the full word or phrase. (CDISC Glossary) | | |
| | abbreviatedText | string | C42610 | | Abbreviation | A set of letters that are drawn from a word or from a sequence of words and that are used for brevity in place of the full word or phrase. (CDISC Glossary) | | |
| | expandedText | string | CNEW | | Abbreviation Long Name | The full literal representation of the abbreviation. | | |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the Abbreviation and Comment Annotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the abbreviation. | | |
| Activity | | | C71473 | | Study Activity | An action, undertaking, or event, which is anticipated to be performed or observed, or was performed or observed, according to the study protocol during the execution of the study. | | |
| | id name | string string | C18884 | | Study Activity | The literal identifier (i.e., | | |
| | | | 2 | | Name | distinctive designation) of the study activity. | | |
| | description | string | C70960 | | Study Activity Description | A narrative representation of the study activity. | | |
| label | label | string | C20745 8 | | Study Activity Label | The short descriptive designation for the study activity. | | |
| | definedProcedures | Procedure | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the Activity and Procedure classes which identifies the set of defined procedures associated with the activity. | | |
| | biomedicalConcepts | BiomedicalConcept | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the Activity and BiomedicalConcept classes which identifies the set of biomedical concepts associated with the activity. | | |
| | next | Activity | | 01 | | A USDM relationship within the Activity class which identifies the activity that follows the current activity in the display order. | | |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the Activity and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the activity. | | |
| | timeline | ScheduleTimeline | | 01 | | A USDM relationship between the Activity and ScheduleTimeline classes which provides the details associated with an instance of the scheduled timeline related to the activity. | | |
| | children | Activity | | 0* | | A USDM relationship within the Activity class which identifies the set of child activities associated with an activity. | | |
| | previous | Activity | | 01 | | A USDM relationship within the Activity class which identifies the activity that precedes the current activity in the display order. | | |
| | bcSurrogates | BiomedicalConceptSurrogate | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the Activity and BiomedicalConceptSurrogate classes which identifies the set of biomedical concept surrogates associated with the activity. | | |
| | bcCategories | BiomedicalConceptCategory | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the Activity and BiomedicalConceptCategory classes which identifies the set of biomedical concept categories associated with the activity. | | |
| Address | | | C25407 | | Address | A standardized representation of the location of a person, business, | | |
| | id | string | | <u> </u> | | building, or organization. (NCI) | <u> </u> | |
| | text | string | C20131 | | Address Full Text | A standardized representation of the complete set of components denoting the physical address of the person, business, building, or organization. | | |
| | lines | string | C25690 | | Address Line | The street name and number, building number, apartment or unit number, or post office box number where an entity is physically located. | | |
| | district | string | C17622 9 | | District | An administrative or territorial division of a city, town, county, | | |
| | | | 1 | | <u> </u> | parish, state, country, or other | | |

| Class Name | Attribute Name | Data Type | NCI C- Code | Cardinalit v | Preferred Term | Definition | Codelist Ref | Inherited From |
|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|---|---|---|----------------|
| | | | Couc | , | | locality based on a shared characteristic. | | |
| | city | string | C25160 | | City | A relatively large and/or densely populated area of human habitation with administrative or legal status that may be specified as a component of a postal address. | | |
| | postalCode | string | C25621 | | Postal Code | An alphanumeric code assigned to a mail delivery area. | | |
| | state | string | C87194 | 01 | State | A sub-division of a country that forms part of a federal union. States are usually, but not always, more autonomous than provinces and may have different laws from the central government. A sovereign nation occupying a | (Point out to | |
| | Country | Code | | 01 | - | distinct territory and ruled by an autonomous government. | ISO 3166-1 Alpha-3 Country code) | |
| AdministrableProduct | | | CNEW | | Administrable Product | Any study product that is formulated and presented in the form that is suitable for administration to a study participant. | | |
| | id name | string string | CNEW | | Administrable | The literal identifier (i.e., | | |
| | | | | | Product Definition Name | distinctive designation) of the administrable product. | <u></u> | |
| | description | string | CNEW | | Administrable Product Definition Description | A narrative representation of the administrable product. | | |
| | label | string | CNEW | | Administrable Product Definition Label | The short descriptive designation for the administrable product. | | |
| | productDesignation administrableDoseForm | Code AliasCode | CNEW | 1 | Administrable Product Dose Form | The physical form in which formulated ingredient(s) are presented in the administrable product. | SDTM Terminology Codelist C66726 | |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the AdministrableProductn and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the administrable product. | | |
| | pharmacologicClass | Code | CNEW | 01 | Administrable Product Pharmacologic Class | The pharmacological class of the administrable product. | (Points to external codelists such as UNII, MED-RT) | |
| | identifiers | AdministrableProductIdentifier | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the AdministrableProduct and AdministrableProductIdentifier classes which provides the set of identifiers related to the administrable product. | | |
| | properties | AdministrableProductProperty | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the Administrable Product and Administrable Product Property classes which provides the set of properties related to the administrable product. | | |
| | sourcing ingredients | Code Ingredient | | 01 | | A USDM relationship between | | |
| | ingredients | ingredient | | 0* | | the AdministrableProduct and Ingredient classes which provides the set of ingredients related to the administrable product. | | |
| AdministrableProductIdentifier | id | string | CNEW | | Administrable Product Identifier | A sequence of characters used to identify, name, or characterize the administrable product. | | Identifier |
| | text | string string | CNEW | | Administrable Product Identifier Text | An instance of structured text that represents the administrable product. | | Identifier |
| | scope | Organization | | 1 | | A USDM relationship between the AdministrableProductIdentifier and Organization class which provides the details associated with which provides the details associated with each organization that has assigned the administrable product identifier. | | Identifier |
| AdministrableProductProperty | id | string | CNEW | | Administrable Product Property | A characteristic from a set of characteristics used to define an administrable product. | | |
| | name | string | CNEW | | Administrable | The literal identifier (i.e., | | |
| | text | string | CNEW | | Product Property Name Administrable Product Property | distinctive designation) of the administrable product property. An instance of structured text that represents the administrable | | |
| | type | Code | CNEW | 1 | Text Administrable Product Property Type | product property. A characterization or classification of the administrable product property. | CNEW Administrabl e Product Property Type | |
| | quantity | Quantity | CNEW | 01 | Administrable Product Property Quantity Value | The numeric value associated with an administrable product property. | 71. | |
| Administration | | | C25409 | | Administration | The act of dispensing, applying, or tendering a product, agent, or therapy. | | |

| Class Name | Attribute Name | Data Type | NCI C- Code | Cardinalit y | Preferred Term | Definition | Codelist Ref | Inherited From |
|------------------------|------------------------|---|----------------|-----------------|--|---|---|----------------|
| | id name | string string | C20746 | | Administration | The literal identifier (i.e., | | |
| | name | sumg | 5 | | Name | distinctive designation) for the administration of a product, agent, or therapy. | | |
| | description | string | C20746 3 | | Administration Description | A narrative representation for the administration of a product, agent, or therapy. | | |
| | label | string | C20746 4 | | Administration Label | The short descriptive designation for the administration of a product, agent, or therapy. | | |
| | administrableProduct | AdministrableProduct | | 01 | | A USDM relationship between the Administration and AdministrableProductDefinition classes which identifies the administrable product associated with the administration of the product, agent, or therapy. | | |
| | route | AliasCode | C38114 | 01 | Route of Administration | The pathway by which a substance is administered in order to reach the site of action in the body. | SDTM Terminology Codelist C66729 | |
| | dose | Quantity | C16719 0 | 01 | Administration Dose | The value representing the amount of an agent given to an individual at one time. | C00729 | |
| | frequency | AliasCode | C89081 | 01 | Dosing Frequency | The number of doses administered per a specific interval. | SDTM Terminology Codelist C71113 | |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation AdministrationDuration | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the Administration and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the administration of the product, agent, or therapy. A USDM relationship between | | |
| | medicalDevice | Administration Duration Medical Device | | 01 | | A USDM relationsing between the Administration and AdministrationDuration classes which provides the duration of an instance of product, agent, or therapy administration. | | |
| AdministrationDuration | medicansevice | WedicalDevice | C69282 | 01 | Administration Duration | The amount of time elapsed during the administration of an agent. | | |
| | id | string | C20745 | | Administration | | | |
| | description | string | C20745 9 | | Administration Duration Description | A narrative representation of the agent administration duration. | | |
| | durationWillVary | Boolean | C20746 | | Administration Duration Will Vary Indicator | An indication as to whether the agent administration duration is planned to vary within and/or across subjects. | | |
| | reasonDurationWillVary | string | C20746 2 | | Administration Duration Reason Duration Will Vary | The explanation for why the agent administration duration will vary within and/or across subjects. | | |
| | quantity | Quantity | C20746 0 | 01 | Administration Duration Quantity Value | The value representing the amount of time over which the administration of an agent occurs. | | |
| AliasCode | | | C20134 4 | | Alias Code | An alternative symbol or combination of symbols which is assigned to the members of a collection. | | |
| | id | string | | | | | | |
| | standardCode | Code | | 1 | | A USDM relationship between the AliasCode and Code classes which provides the details of the standard code. | | |
| | standardCodeAliases | Code | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the AliasCode and Code classes which identifies the set of standard code aliases associated with the alias code. | | |
| AnalysisPopulation | | | C18881 4 | | Analysis Population | A target study population on which an analysis is performed. These may be represented by the entire study population, a subgroup defined by a particular characteristic measured at baseline, or a principal stratum defined by the occurrence (or non-occurrence, depending on context) of a specific intercurrent event. (ICH E9 R1 Addendum) | | |
| | id text | string string | C20746 | | Analysis | An instance of unstructured text | | |
| | name | string | 8 C20746 | | Population Text Analysis | that represents the analysis population. The literal identifier (i.e., | | |
| | description | string | 7 C18885 | | Population Name Analysis | distinctive designation) of the analysis population. A narrative representation of the | | |
| | label | string | 4 C20746 | | Population Description Analysis | analysis population. The short descriptive designation | | |
| | subsetOf | PopulationDefinition | 6 | 0* | Population Label | for the analysis population. A USDM relationship between the AnalysisPopulation and PopulationDefinition classes which identifies the population definition of which the analysis population is a subset. | | |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the AnalysisPopulation and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the analysis population. | | |

| Class Name | Attribute Name | Data Type | NCI C- Code | Cardinalit | Preferred Term | Definition | Codelist Ref | Inherited From |
|---------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|----------------|------------|---|--|--------------|----------------|
| AssignedPerson | | | CNEW | , | Assigned Person | An individual person who is allotted or appointed to a particular role, function, or other | | |
| | id | string | | | | entity. | | |
| | name | string | CNEW | | Assigned Person Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the assigned person. | | |
| | description | string | CNEW | | Assigned Person Description | A narrative representation of the assigned person. | | |
| | label | string | CNEW | | Assigned Person | The short descriptive designation | | |
| | jobTitle | string | CNEW | | Label Assigned Person Job Title | for the assigned person. An identifying designation related to the assigned person's | | |
| | organization | Organization | 1 | 01 | | occupation. A USDM relationship between | | |
| | | | | | | the AssignedPerson and Organization classes that identifies that organization to which the assigned person belongs. | | |
| BiomedicalConcept | id | string | C20134 5 | | Biomedical Concept | A unit of biomedical knowledge created from a unique combination of characteristics that include implementation details like variables and terminologies, used as building blocks for standardized, hierarchically structured clinical research information. | | |
| | name | string | C20131 2 | | Biomedical Concept Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the | | |
| | label | string | C20747 | | Biomedical | biomedical concept. The short descriptive designation | | |
| | synonyms | string | 0 C20131 | | Concept Label Biomedical | for the biomedical concept. A word or an expression that | | |
| | synonyms | 3.1.1.g | 4 | | Concept Synonym | serves as a figurative, symbolic, or exact substitute for a biomedical concept, and which has the same meaning. | | |
| | reference | string | C20131 3 | | Biomedical Concept Reference | A citation to an authoritative source for a biomedical concept. | | |
| | code | AliasCode | C20746 9 | 1 | Biomedical Concept Concept Code | A concept unique identifier assigned to a biomedical concept that points to the meaning of that biomedical concept. | | |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the BiomedicalConcept and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the biomedical concept. | | |
| | properties | BiomedicalConceptProperty | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the BiomedicalConcept and BiomedicalConceptProperty classes which identifies the set of properties associated with the biomedical concept. | | |
| BiomedicalConceptCategory | | | C20134 6 | | Biomedical Concept Category | A grouping of biomedical concepts based on some commonality or by user defined characteristics. | | |
| | id | string | G20121 | | Di F 1 | The French Levice of | | |
| | name | string | C20131 7 | | Biomedical Concept Category Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the biomedical concept category. | | |
| | description | string | C20131 6 | | Biomedical Concept Category Description | A narrative representation of the biomedical concept category. | | |
| | label | string | C20747 1 | | Biomedical Concept Category Label | The short descriptive designation for the biomedical concept category. | | |
| | code | AliasCode | C20131 5 | 01 | Biomedical Concept Category Code | A symbol or combination of symbols which is assigned to the biomedical concept category. | | |
| | members | BiomedicalConcept | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the BiomedicalConceptCategory and BiomedicalConcept classes which identifies the set of biomedical concept members associated with the biomedical concept category. | | |
| | children | BiomedicalConceptCategory | | 0* | | A USDM relationship within the BiomedicalConceptCategory class which identifies the set of child categories of a biomedical concept. | | |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the BiomedicalConcept and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the biomedical concept category. | | |
| BiomedicalConceptProperty | | | C20249 3 | | Biomedical Concept Property | A characteristic from a set of characteristics used to define a biomedical concept. | | |
| | id name | string | C20249 | | Biomedical | The literal identifier (i.e., | | |
| | | string | 4 | | Concept Property Name | distinctive designation) of the biomedical concept property. | | |
| | label | string | C20747 2 | | Biomedical Concept Property Label | The short descriptive designation for the biomedical concept property. | | |
| | isRequired | Boolean | C20249 5 | | Biomedical Concept Property | An indication as to whether the biomedical concept property is required. | | |

| Attribute Name | Data Type | NCI C- Code | Cardinalit v | Preferred Term | Definition | Codelist Ref | Inherited From |
|-------------------|---|---|-----------------|--|--|--------------|--|
| | | Code | , | Required Indicator | | | |
| isEnabled | Boolean | C20249 6 | | Biomedical Concept Property Enabled Indicator | An indication as to whether the biomedical concept property is activated for use within a given usage context for a biomedical concept. | | |
| datatype | string | C20131 9 | | Biomedical Concept Property Response Data Type | The structural format of the biomedical concept property response value. The datatype is carried in the attribute and influences the set of allowable values the attribute may assume. (After HL7) | | |
| code | AliasCode | C20131 8 | 1 | Biomedical Concept Property Concept Code | A concept unique identifier assigned to a biomedical concept property that points to the meaning of that biomedical concept property | | |
| responseCodes | ResponseCode | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the BiomedicalConceptProperty and ResponseCode classes which identifies the set of response codes associated with the biomedical concept property. | | |
| notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the BiomedicalConcept and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the biomedical concept property. | | |
| | | C20759 0 | | Biomedical Concept Surrogate | A concept that substitutes for a standard biomedical concept from the designated source. | | |
| id name | string string | C20747 4 | | Biomedical Concept | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the | | |
| description | string | C20132 0 | | Surrogate Name Biomedical Concept Surrogate Description | A narrative representation of the biomedical concept surrogate. | | |
| label | string | C20747 3 | | Biomedical Concept Surrogate Label | The short descriptive designation for the biomedical concept surrogate. | | |
| reference | string | C20132 1 | | Biomedical Concept Surrogate | A citation to an authoritative source for a biomedical concept surrogate. | | |
| notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the BiomedicalConcept and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the biomedical concept surrogate. | | |
| | | C25447 | | Characteristic | The distinguishing qualities or | | |
| id name | string string | C20747 | | Characteristic | | | SyntaxTemplate SyntaxTemplate |
| | | 7 | | Name | distinctive designation) of the characteristic. | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | | 5 | | Description | characteristic. | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | | 6 | | Label | for the characteristic. | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | | 8 | 0.* | Text | represents the characteristic. | | |
| notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the Characteristic and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the characteristic. | | SyntaxTemplate |
| dictionary | SyntaxTemplateDictionary | | 01 | | A USDM relationship between the Characteristic and SyntaxTemplateDictionary classes which provides the set of dictionary entries related to characteristics. | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | | C25162 | | Code | A symbol or combination of symbols which is assigned to the members of a collection. | | |
| id code | string string | C18885 8 | | Code Value | The literal value of a code. | | |
| codeSystem | string | C18885 9 | | Code System Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the system used to assign and/or manage codes. | | |
| codeSystemVersion | string | C18886 8 | | Code System Version | The version of the code system. | | |
| decode | string | C18886 1 | | Decode | Standardized or dictionary- derived human readable text associated with a code. | | |
| | | C44272 | | Comment Annotation | An explanatory or critical comment, or other in-context information (e.g., pattern, motif, link), that has been associated with data or other types of information. | | |
| id | string | | 1 | Comment | An instance of unstructured text | - | |
| text | string | CNEW | | Annotation Text | that represents the comment annotation. | | |
| | isEnabled isEnabled datatype code responseCodes notes id name description label reference notes id name description label codescription label text notes | isEnabled Boolean datatype string code AliasCode responseCodes ResponseCode notes CommentAnnotation id string name string description string reference string notes CommentAnnotation id string reference string description string description String reference string description string id string ame string description string ame string description string text string codeSystem string string code string codeSystem string string codeSystem string string codeSystem string | IsEnabled | Scale Scal | Isenabled | Code y | Inlanded Boolean (CO) Regioned As inclusion as to whether the boundard concept property is broaded laboration Compared Compa |

| Class Name | Attribute Name | Data Type | NCI C- Code | Cardinalit v | Preferred Term | Definition | Codelist Ref | Inherited From |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|-----------------|--|--|---------------------|--|
| | id | string | C20748 | | Condition Name | The literal identifier (i.e., | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | name | string | 3 | | Condition Name | distinctive designation) of the condition. | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | description | string | C20748 | | Condition Description | A narrative representation of the condition. | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | label | string | C20748 | | Condition Label | The short descriptive designation | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | text | string | C20748 | | Condition Text | for the condition. An instance of structured text that | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | 4 | 0* | | represents the condition. A USDM relationship between | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | | | | | | the Condition and CommentAnnotation classes | | |
| | | | | | | which provides the set of notes related to the condition. | | |
| | dictionary | SyntaxTemplateDictionary | | 01 | | A USDM relationship between | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | | | | | | the Condition and SyntaxTemplateDictionary | | |
| | | | | | | classes which provides the set of dictionary entries related to | | |
| | context | Activity, | | 0* | | conditions. A USDM relationship between | | |
| | Context | ScheduledActivityInstance | | 0 | | the Condition and the ScheduledActivityInstance or | | |
| | | | | | | Activity classes which identifies | | |
| | | | | | | the scheduled activity instance or activity to which the condition | | |
| | appliesTo | Activity, BiomedicalConcept, | - | 0* | | belongs. A USDM relationship between | | |
| | аррисото | BiomedicalConceptCategory, BiomedicalConceptSurrogate, | | 0 | | the Condition and the Activity, Procedure, BiomedicalConcept, | | |
| | | Procedure | | | | BiomedicalConceptSurrogate, or | | |
| | | | | | | BiomedicalConceptCategory classes which identifies the | | |
| | | | | |] | procedure, activity, biomedical concept, biomedical concept | | |
| | | | | |] | surrogate, or biomedical concept category that applies to the | | |
| Contribution Assistance | | | G20122 | | G Pri | condition. | | |
| ConditionAssignment | | | C20133 5 | | Condition Assignment | An allotting or appointment to a condition or set of conditions that | | |
| | | | | <u> </u> | | are to be met in order to make a logical decision. | | |
| | id condition | string string | C47953 | | Logical | An assumption on which rests the | | |
| | Condition | sumg | C47733 | | Condition | validity or effect of something | | |
| | conditionTarget | ScheduledInstance | | 1 | | else. A USDM relationship between | | |
| | | | | | | the ConditionAssignment and ScheduledInstance classes which | | |
| | | | | | | identifies the scheduled instance associated with the condition | | |
| DocumentContentReference | | | CNEW | | Document | assignment. A citation pointing to the location | | |
| DocumentContentReference | | | CNEW | | Content | of specific content within a | | |
| | id | string | | | Reference | document. | | |
| | sectionNumber | string | CNEW | | Document Content | The numeric identifier of a particular section for the | | |
| | | | | | Reference Section Number | document content reference. | | |
| | sectionTitle | string | CNEW | | Document | An identifying designation for a | | |
| | | | | | Content Reference | particular section for the document content reference. | | |
| | appliesTo | StudyDefinitionDocument | | 1 | Section Title | A USDM relationship between | | |
| | - | • | | | | the DocumentContentReference and StudyDefinitionDocument | | |
| | | | | | | classes which identifies the study | | |
| | | | | | | definition document to which the document content reference | | |
| EligibilityCriterion | | | C16112 | | Study Eligibility | applies. Characteristics which are | | |
| | | | | | Criterion | necessary to allow a subject to participate in a clinical study, as | | |
| | | | | |] | outlined in the study protocol. The concept covers inclusion and | | |
| | ., | etring | | ļ | | exclusion criteria. | | Suntay Ta1-t- |
| | | string | 1 | | 1 | The President Conf. | | SyntaxTemplate SyntaxTemplate |
| | id name | string | C20748 | | Study Eligibility | The literal identifier (i.e., | | |
| | | | C20748 8 | | Study Eligibility Criterion Name | distinctive designation) of the study eligibility criterion. | | |
| | | | 8 C20748 | | Criterion Name Study Eligibility | distinctive designation) of the study eligibility criterion. A narrative representation of the | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | name description | string string | 8 C20748 6 | | Criterion Name Study Eligibility Criterion Description | distinctive designation) of the study eligibility criterion. A narrative representation of the study eligibility criterion. | | |
| | name description label | string string string | 8 C20748 6 C20748 7 | | Criterion Name Study Eligibility Criterion Description Study Eligibility Criterion Label | distinctive designation) of the study eligibility criterion. A narrative representation of the study eligibility criterion. The short descriptive designation for the study eligibility criterion. | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | name description | string string | C20748 6 C20748 | | Criterion Name Study Eligibility Criterion Description Study Eligibility | distinctive designation) of the study eligibility criterion. A narrative representation of the study eligibility criterion. The short descriptive designation for the study eligibility criterion. An instance of structured text that represents the study eligibility | | |
| | name description label | string string string | 8 C20748 6 C20748 7 C20748 | 0* | Criterion Name Study Eligibility Criterion Description Study Eligibility Criterion Label Study Eligibility | distinctive designation) of the study eligibility criterion. A narrative representation of the study eligibility criterion. The short descriptive designation for the study eligibility criterion. An instance of structured text that represents the study eligibility criterion. A USDM relationship between | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | name description label text | string string string string | 8 C20748 6 C20748 7 C20748 | 0* | Criterion Name Study Eligibility Criterion Description Study Eligibility Criterion Label Study Eligibility | distinctive designation) of the study eligibility criterion. A narrative representation of the study eligibility criterion. The short descriptive designation for the study eligibility criterion. An instance of structured text that represents the study eligibility criterion. A USDM relationship between the Eligibility Criterion and | | SyntaxTemplate SyntaxTemplate |
| | name description label text | string string string string | 8 C20748 6 C20748 7 C20748 | 0* | Criterion Name Study Eligibility Criterion Description Study Eligibility Criterion Label Study Eligibility | distinctive designation) of the study eligibility criterion. A narrative representation of the study eligibility criterion. The short descriptive designation for the study eligibility criterion. An instance of structured text that represents the study eligibility criterion. A USDM relationship between the Eligibility Criterion and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes | | SyntaxTemplate SyntaxTemplate |
| | name description label text | string string string string | 8 C20748 6 C20748 7 C20748 | 0* | Criterion Name Study Eligibility Criterion Description Study Eligibility Criterion Label Study Eligibility | distinctive designation) of the study eligibility criterion. A narrative representation of the study eligibility criterion. The short descriptive designation for the study eligibility criterion. An instance of structured text that represents the study eligibility criterion. A USDM relationship between the Eligibility Criterion and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the eligibility criterion. | | SyntaxTemplate SyntaxTemplate |
| | name description label text notes | string string string string CommentAnnotation | 8 C20748 6 C20748 7 C20748 | | Criterion Name Study Eligibility Criterion Description Study Eligibility Criterion Label Study Eligibility | distinctive designation) of the study eligibility criterion. A narrative representation of the study eligibility criterion. The short descriptive designation for the study eligibility criterion. An instance of structured text that represents the study eligibility criterion. A USDM relationship between the Eligibility criterion and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the eligibility criterion. A USDM relationship between the Eligibility Criterion and SyntxTemplateDictionary classes | | SyntaxTemplate SyntaxTemplate SyntaxTemplate |
| | name description label text notes | string string string string CommentAnnotation | 8 C20748 6 C20748 7 C20748 | | Criterion Name Study Eligibility Criterion Description Study Eligibility Criterion Label Study Eligibility | distinctive designation) of the study eligibility criterion. A narrative representation of the study eligibility criterion. The short descriptive designation for the study eligibility criterion. An instance of structured text that represents the study eligibility criterion. A USDM relationship between the Eligibility Criterion and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the eligibility Criterion and Syntx TemplateDictionary classes which provides the set of some selated to the eligibility Criterion and Syntx TemplateDictionary classes which provides the set of | | SyntaxTemplate SyntaxTemplate SyntaxTemplate |
| | name description label text notes dictionary | string string string commentAnnotation SyntaxTemplateDictionary | 8 C20748 6 C20748 7 C20748 5 | | Criterion Name Study Eligibility Criterion Description Study Eligibility Criterion Label Study Eligibility Criterion Text | distinctive designation) of the study eligibility criterion. A narrative representation of the study eligibility criterion. The short descriptive designation for the study eligibility criterion. An instance of structured text that represents the study eligibility criterion. An instance of structured text that represents the study eligibility criterion. A USDM relationship between the Eligibility Criterion and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the eligibility criterion. A USDM relationship between the Eligibility Criterion and SyntxTemplateDictionary classes which provides the set of dictionary entries related to eligibility criteria. | | SyntaxTemplate SyntaxTemplate SyntaxTemplate |
| | name description label text notes | string string string string CommentAnnotation | 8 C20748 6 C20748 7 C20748 | | Criterion Name Study Eligibility Criterion Description Study Eligibility Criterion Label Study Eligibility Criterion Text Study Eligibility Criterion Text | distinctive designation) of the study eligibility criterion. A narrative representation of the study eligibility criterion. The short descriptive designation for the study eligibility criterion. An instance of structured text that represents the study eligibility criterion. A USDM relationship between the Eligibility Criterion and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the eligibility Criterion and A USDM relationship between the Eligibility Criterion and Lymbor and the eligibility Criterion and Eligibility Criterion and SyntXTemplateDictionary classes which provides the set of dictionary entries related to eligibility criteria. A sequence of characters used to identify, name, or characterize | | SyntaxTemplate SyntaxTemplate SyntaxTemplate |
| | name description label text notes dictionary | string string string commentAnnotation SyntaxTemplateDictionary | 8 C20748 6 C20748 7 C20748 5 | | Criterion Name Study Eligibility Criterion Description Study Eligibility Criterion Label Study Eligibility Criterion Text Study Eligibility Criterion Text | distinctive designation) of the study eligibility criterion. A narrative representation of the study eligibility criterion. The short descriptive designation for the study eligibility criterion. An instance of structured text that represents the study eligibility criterion. An USDM relationship between the Eligibility Criterion and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the eligibility criterion. A USDM relationship between the Eligibility Criterion and SyntxTemplateDictionary classes which provides the set of force the Eligibility Criterion and SyntxTemplateDictionary classes which provides the set of dictionary entries related to eligibility criteria. | | SyntaxTemplate SyntaxTemplate SyntaxTemplate |
| | name description label text notes dictionary | string string string commentAnnotation SyntaxTemplateDictionary | 8 C20748 6 C20748 7 C20748 5 | | Criterion Name Study Eligibility Criterion Description Study Eligibility Criterion Label Study Eligibility Criterion Text Study Eligibility Criterion Text | distinctive designation) of the study eligibility criterion. A narrative representation of the study eligibility criterion. The short descriptive designation for the study eligibility criterion. An instance of structured text that represents the study eligibility criterion. A USDM relationship between the Eligibility Criterion and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the eligibility Criterion and SyntxTemplateDictionary classes which provides the set of dictionary entries related to eligibility criterion. A USDM relationship between the Eligibility Criterion and SyntxTemplateDictionary classes which provides the set of dictionary entries related to eligibility criteria. A sequence of characters used to identify, name, or characterize the inclusion or exclusion | SDTM Terminology | SyntaxTemplate SyntaxTemplate SyntaxTemplate |

| Class Name | Attribute Name | Data Type | NCI C- Code | Cardinalit y | Preferred Term | Definition | Codelist Ref | Inherited From |
|------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--|---|--|--------------------------------|
| | | | | | | | Codelist C66797 | |
| | next | EligibilityCriterion | | 01 | | A USDM relationship within the EligibilityCriterion class which identifies the eligibility criterion that follows the current eligibility criterion in the display order. | C00777 | |
| | previous | EligibilityCriterion | | 01 | | A USDM relationship within the EligibilityCriterion class which identifies the eligibility criterion that precedes the current eligibility criterion in the display order. | | |
| Encounter | | | CNEW | | Study Encounter | Any physical or virtual contact between two or more parties involved in a study, at which an assessment or activity takes place. | | |
| | id name | string string | C17101 | | Study Encounter | The literal identifier (i.e., | | |
| | | | 0 | | Name | distinctive designation) for a protocol-defined study encounter. | | |
| | description | string | C18883 6 | | Study Encounter Description | A narrative representation of the protocol-defined study encounter. | | |
| | label | string | C20749 0 | | Study Encounter Label | The short descriptive designation for the study encounter. | | |
| | environmentalSettings | Code | C18884 0 | 0* | Environmental Setting | The environment/setting where the event, intervention, or finding occurred. | SDTM Terminology Codelist C127262 | |
| type notes | contactModes | Code | C18884 1 | 0* | Contact Mode | The means by which an interaction occurs between the subject/participant and person or entity (e.g., a device). | SDTM Terminology Codelist C171445 | |
| | type | Code | C18883 9 | 1 | Study Encounter Type | A characterization or classification of the study encounter. | C188728 | |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the Encounter and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to an encounter. | | |
| | transitionEndRule | TransitionRule | | 01 | | A USDM relationship between the Encounter and TransitionRule classes which provides the details associated with a transition rule used to trigger the end of an encounter. | | |
| | next | Encounter | | 01 | | A USDM relationship within the Encounter class which identifies the encounter that chronologically follows the | | |
| | transitionStartRule | TransitionRule | | 01 | | current encounter. A USDM relationship between the Encounter and TransitionRule classes which provides the details associated with a transition rule used to trigger the start of an encounter. | | |
| | scheduledAt | Timing | | 01 | | A USDM relationship between the Encounter and Timing classes which provides information related to the scheduled timing of an encounter. | | |
| | previous | Encounter | | 01 | | A USDM relationship within the Encounter class which identifies the encounter that chronologically precedes the current encounter. | | |
| Endpoint | | | C25212 | | Study Endpoint | A defined variable intended to reflect an outcome of interest that is statistically analyzed to address a particular research question. NOTE: A precise definition of an endpoint typically specifies the type of assessments made, the timing of those assessments, the assessment tools used, and possibly other details, as applicable, such as how multiple assessments within an individual are to be combined. [After BEST Resource] (CDISC Glossary) | | |
| | id | string | C20749 | | Study Endocint | | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | name | string | 2 | | Study Endpoint Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the study endpoint. | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | description | string | C18882 4 | | Study Endpoint Description | A narrative representation of the study endpoint. | | SyntaxTemplate SyntaxTemplate |
| | label | string | C20749 1 | | Study Endpoint Label | The short descriptive designation for the study endpoint. | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | notes | string CommentAnnotation | C20749 3 | 0* | Study Endpoint Text | An instance of structured text that represents the study endpoint. A USDM relationship between the Endpoint and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes | | SyntaxTemplate SyntaxTemplate |
| | dictionary | SyntaxTemplateDictionary | | 01 | | related to the study endpoint. A USDM relationship between the Endpoint and Syntax TemplateDictionary classes which provides the set of dictionary entries related to study endpoints. | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | purpose | string | C18882 5 | | Study Endpoint Purpose Description | The textual representation of the study endpoint purpose. | | |

| Class Name | Attribute Name | Data Type | NCI C- Code | Cardinalit v | Preferred Term | Definition | Codelist Ref | Inherited From |
|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|---|---|--|----------------|
| | level | Code | C18882 6 | 1 | Study Endpoint Level | A characterization or classification of the study endpoint that determines its category of importance relative to other study endpoints. | C188726 | |
| Estimand | id | string | C18881 3 | | Estimand | A precise description of the treatment effect reflecting the clinical question posed by a given clinical trial objective. It summarises at a population level what the outcomes would be in the same patients under different treatment conditions being compared. (ICH E9 R1 Addendum) | | |
| | populationSummary | string | C18885 3 | | Population-Level Summary | A synopsis of the clinical endpoint of interest within the analysis target study population. | | |
| | name | string | CNEW | | Estimand Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the estimand. | | |
| | description | string | CNEW | | Estimand Description | A narrative representation of the estimand. | | |
| | label | string | CNEW | | Estimand Label | The short descriptive designation for the estimand. | | |
| | analysisPopulation | AnalysisPopulation | | 1 | | A USDM relationship between the Estimand and AnalysisPopulation classes which provides the details associated with an instance of the analysis population used to partially define a study estimand. | | |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the Estimand and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to a study estimand. | | |
| | variableOfInterest | Endpoint | | 1 | | A USDM relationship between the Estimand and Endpoint classes which provides the details associated with an instance of the variable of interest within a study endpoint used to partially define a study estimand. | | |
| | intercurrentEvents | IntercurrentEvent | | 1* | | A USDM relationship between the Estimand and IntercurrentEvent classes which identifies the set of intercurrent events associated with a study estimand. | | |
| | interventions | StudyIntervention | | 1* | | A USDM relationship between the Estimand and StudyIntervention classes which identifies the set of study interventions associated with the Estimand. | | |
| GeographicScope | | | C20759 | | Geographic Scope | The extent or range related to the physical location of an entity. | | |
| | id code | string AliasCode | C20749 4 | 01 | Geographic Scope Code | A symbol or combination of symbols which is assigned to the geographic scope. A characterization or | (Point out to external dictionaries: Standard code is ISO- 3166; Alias codes drawn from GENC, UN Region Codes, etc.) C207412 | |
| GovernanceDate | type | Code | 5 C20759 | * | Scope Type Study | classification of the geographic scope. Any of the dates associated with | C207412 | |
| - Cortembrate State | id | string | 5 | | Governance Date | event milestones within a clinical study's oversight and management framework. | | |
| | name | string | C20749 9 | | Study Governance Date Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the study governance date | | |
| | description | string | C20749 7 | | Study Governance Date Description | A narrative representation of the study governance date. | | |
| | label | string | C20749 8 | | Study Governance Date Label | The short descriptive designation for the study governance date. | | |
| | dateValue | Date | C20750 0 | | Study Governance Date Value | The information contained in the date field. | G205115 | |
| | type | Code | C20749 6 | 1 | Study Governance Date Type | A characterization or classification of the study governance date. | C207413 | |
| | geographicScopes | GeographicScope | | 1* | | A USDM relationship between the GovernanceDate and GeographicScope classes which identifies the set of geographic scopes associated with the governance date. | | |
| Identifier | | | C25364 | | Identifier | One or more characters used to identify, name, or characterize the nature, properties, or contents of a thing. | | |
| | id | string | | | | | | |
| | text | string | CNEW | | Identifier Text | An instance of structured text that represents the identifier. | | |
| | scope | Organization | | 1 | | A USDM relationship between the Identifier and Organization | | |

| Class Name | Attribute Name | Data Type | NCI C- Code | Cardinalit y | Preferred Term | Definition | Codelist Ref | Inherited From |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|-----------------|---|--|--|-----------------|
| | | | | | | classes which provides the details associated with each organization | | |
| Indication | | | C41184 | | Disease/Conditio | that has assigned the identifier. The disease or condition the | | |
| | | | | | n Indication | intervention will diagnose, treat, prevent, cure, or mitigate. | | |
| | id name | string string | C20750 | | Disease/Conditio | The literal identifier (i.e., | | |
| | | | 3 | | n Indication Name | distinctive designation) of the disease/condition indication. | | |
| | description | string | C11203 8 | | Disease/Conditio n Indication Description | A narrative representation of the condition, disease or disorder that the clinical trial is intended to | | |
| | label | string | C20750 2 | | Disease/Conditio n Indication | investigate or address. The short descriptive designation for the disease/condition | | |
| | isRareDisease | Boolean | C20750 1 | | Label Disease/Conditio n Indication Is Rare Disease | indication. An indication as to whether the disease/condition indication under study is considered a rare | | |
| | codes | Code | C18882 | 0* | Indicator Disease/Conditio | disease. A short sequence of characters | (Point out to | |
| | Codes | Code | 2 | 0 | n Indication Code | A sind sequence or clanaciers that represents the disease/condition indication. | multiple Biomedical coding dictionaries such as SNOMEDCT (for FDA), MedDRA, NCIt, ICD's, etc.) | |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between | | |
| | | | | | | the Indication and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the disease/condition | | |
| Ingredient | | | C51981 | | Ingredient | Any component that constitutes a | | |
| | ., | | | | | part of a compounded substance or mixture. | | |
| | id role | string Code | CNEW | 1 | Ingredient Role | The intended use of the | (Point to | |
| | | | | | | ingredient within the context of the compounded substance or mixture. | FHIR value set: Ingredient | |
| | substance | Substance | | 1 | | A USDM relationship between the Ingredient and Substance classes that identifies the | Role) | |
| | | | | | | substance associated with the ingredient. | | |
| IntercurrentEvent | | | C18881 5 | | Intercurrent Event | An event(s) occurring after treatment initiation that affects either the interpretation or the existence of the measurements associated with the clinical question of interest. (ICH E9 Addendum on Estimands) | | |
| | id | string | | | | | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | name | string | C18885 5 | | Intercurrent Event Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the intercurrent event. | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | description | string | C18885 | | Intercurrent Event Description | A narrative representation of the intercurrent event. | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | label | string | C20750 | | Intercurrent | The short descriptive designation | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | text | string | 4 CNEW | | Event Label Intercurrent | for the intercurrent event. An instance of structured text that | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | Event Text | represents the intercurrent event. A USDM relationship between the IntercurrentEvent and CommentAnnotation classes | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | dictionary | SyntaxTemplateDictionary | | 01 | | which provides the set of notes related to the intercurrent event. A USDM relationship between | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | dictionary | SymaxTempareDictionary | | 01 | | the IntercurrentEvent and SyntaxTemplateDictionary classes which provides the set of dictionary entries related to the intercurrent event. | | Syntax remplate |
| | strategy | string | C18885 7 | | Intercurrent Event Strategy | A textual description of the planned strategy to manage and/or mitigate intercurrent events. | | |
| Masking | | | C19127 8 | | Masking | The mechanism used to obscure the distinctive characteristics of the study intervention or procedure to make it indistinguishable from a comparator. (CDISC Glossary) | | |
| | id | string | C20750 | | Masking | | | |
| MadicalDavisa | description | string | 5 | | Masking Description | A narrative representation of the study masking strategy, based on a person's role within the study. | | |
| MedicalDevice | id | string | | | | | | |
| | name description | string string | + | <u> </u> | | | | |
| | label | string | | | | | | |
| | hardware Version software Version | string string | - | | | | | |
| | embeddedProduct | AdministrableProduct | | 01 | | | | |
| | sourcing notes | Code CommentAnnotation | | 01 | | | | |
| Madical Davis - Libert C | identifiers | MedicalDeviceIdentifier | | 0* | | | | |
| MedicalDeviceIdentifier | id | string | | 1 | 1 | | | Identifier |

| Class Name | Attribute Name | Data Type | NCI C- Code | Cardinalit | Preferred Term | Definition | Codelist Ref | Inherited From |
|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------|--------------|--|---|--------------|----------------------------------|
| | text | string | Couc | J | | | | Identifier |
| | scope type | Organization Code | | 1 | | | | Identifier |
| NarrativeContent | type | Code | C20759 2 | | Narrative Content | The container that holds an instance of unstructured text and which may include objects such as tables, figures, and images. | | |
| | id | string | | | | | | |
| | name | string | C20750 7 | | Narrative Content Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the narrative content. | | |
| | sectionNumber | string | C20750 9 | | Narrative Content Section Number | The numeric identifier assigned to a particular document section containing narrative content. | | |
| | sectionTitle | string | C20751 0 | | Narrative Content Section Title | An identifying designation for the document section containing narrative content. | | |
| | displaySectionTitle | Boolean | CNEW | | Narrative Content Section Title Display Indicator | An indication as to whether the section title is to be displayed in the document containing narrative content. | | |
| | displaySectionNumber | Boolean | CNEW | | Narrative Content Section Number Display Indicator | An indication as to whether the section number is to be displayed in the document containing narrative content. | | |
| | contentItem | NarrativeContentItem | | 01 | | A USDM relationship between the NarrativeContent and NarrativeContentItem classes which identifies the content item associated with the narrative content. | | |
| | previous | NarrativeContent | | 01 | | A USDM relationship within the NarrativeContent class which identifies the narrative content that precedes the current narrative content in the display order. | | |
| | next | NarrativeContent | | 01 | | A USDM relationship within the NarrativeContent class which identifies the narrative content that follows the current narrative content in the display order. | | |
| | children | NarrativeContent | | 0* | | A USDM relationship within the NarrativeContent class which identifies the set of child content associated with an instance of narrative content. | | |
| NarrativeContentItem | | | CNEW | | Narrative Content Item | An individual item within the container that holds an instance of unstructured text and which may include objects such as tables, figures, and images. | | |
| | id name | string string | CNEW | | Narrative Content | The literal identifier (i.e., | | |
| | text | string | CNEW | | Item Name Narrative Content | distinctive designation) of the narrative content item. An instance of unstructured text | | |
| | ton. | Same | | | Item Text | that represents the narrative content item. | | |
| Objective | | | C14245 0 | | Study Objective | The reason for performing a study in terms of the scientific questions to be answered by the analysis of data collected during the study. | | |
| | id name | string string | C20751 2 | | Study Objective Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the | | SyntaxTemplate SyntaxTemplate |
| | description | string | C94090 | | Study Objective | study objective. A narrative representation of the | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | label | string | C20751 | | Description Study Objective | study objective. (BRIDG) The short descriptive designation | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | text | string | 1 C20751 | | Label Study Objective | for the study objective. An instance of structured text that | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | 3 | 0* | Text | represents the study objective. A USDM relationship between the Objective and CommentAnnotation classes | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | | | | 0.1 | | which provides the set of notes related to the study objective. | | |
| | dictionary | SyntaxTemplateDictionary | | 01 | | A USDM relationship between the Objective and SyntaxTemplateDictionary classes which provides the set of dictionary entries related to study | | SyntaxTemplate |
| | level | Code | C18882 3 | 1 | Study Objective Level | objectives. A characterization or classification of the study objective that determines its category of importance relative to | C188725 | |
| | endpoints | Endpoint | | 0* | | other study objectives. A USDM relationship between the Objective and Endpoint classes which identifies the set of endpoints associated with the study objective. | | |
| Organization | | | C19711 | | Organization | study objective. A formalized group of persons or other organizations collected together for a common purpose (such as administrative, legal, political) and the infrastructure to carry out that purpose. (BRIDG) | | |
| | id name | string string | C93874 | | Organization | The literal identifier (i.e., | | |
| | label | string | C20751 | | Name Organization | distinctive designation) of the organization. The short descriptive designation | | |
| | 14001 | sumg | 4 | | Label | for the organization. | | 1 |

| Class Name | Attribute Name | Data Type | NCI C- Code | Cardinalit | Preferred Term | Definition | Codelist Ref | Inherited From |
|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------|------------|--|---|--|----------------|
| | identifier | string | C93401 | <i>J</i> | Organization Identifier | A unique symbol that establishes identity of the organization. | | |
| | identifierScheme | string | C18881 9 | | Identifier Provider Organization | (BRIDG) The name of the organization that provides the identifier for the entity. | | |
| | legalAddress | Address | | 01 | Name | A USDM relationship between the Organization and Address classes which provides the legal | | |
| | type | Code | C18882 0 | 1 | Organization Type | address for an organization. A characterization or classification of the formalized group of persons or other organizations collected together for a common purpose (such as administrative, legal, political) and the infrastructure to carry out that purpose. | C188724 | |
| | managedSites | StudySite | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the Organization and StudySite classes which identifies the set of study sites managed by the organization. | | |
| ParameterMap | | | C20745 6 | | Parameter Map | The paired name and value for a given parameter. | | |
| | id tag | string string | C20751 | | Programming | Character strings bounded by | | |
| | | | 5 | | Tag | angle brackets that act as containers for programming language elements. | | |
| | reference | string | C20751 6 | | Programming Tag Reference | The reference for a tag used in programming languages, such as a markup language (e.g., HTML, XML), to store attributes and elements. | | |
| PopulationDefinition | | | C20759 3 | | Population Definition | A concise explanation of the meaning of a population. | | |
| | id name | string string | C20752 | | Population | The literal identifier (i.e., | | |
| | description | string | 0 C20751 | | Definition Name Population | distinctive designation) of the population definition. A narrative representation of the | | |
| | description | sung | 7 | | Definition Description | population definition. | | |
| | label | string | C20751 9 | | Population Definition Label | The short descriptive designation for the population definition. | | |
| | includesHealthySubjects | Boolean | C20751 8 | | Population Definition Includes Healthy Subjects Indicator | An indication as to whether the population definition includes healthy subjects, that is, subjects without the disease or condition under study. | | |
| | plannedSex | Code | C20752 3 | 02 | Population Definition Planned Sex | The protocol-defined sex within the population definition. | SDTM Terminology Codelist C66732 | |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the PopulationDefinition and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the population definition. | | |
| | criteria | EligibilityCriterion | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the PopulationDefinition and EligibilityCriterion classes which identifies the set of eligibility criteria associated with the population definition. | | |
| | plannedAge | Range | C20770 1 | 01 | Population Definition Planned Age | The anticipated age of subjects within the population definition. | | |
| | plannedEnrollmentNumber | Range | C20752 2 | 01 | Population Definition Planned Enrollment Number | The value representing the planned number of subjects to be entered in a clinical trial, within the population definition. | | |
| | plannedCompletionNumber | Range | C20752 | 01 | Population Definition Planned Completion Number | The value representing the planned number of subjects that must complete the study in order to meet the objectives and endpoints of the study, within the population definition. | | |
| Procedure | | | C98769 | | Procedure | Any activity performed by manual and/or instrumental means for the purpose of diagnosis, assessment, therapy, prevention, or palliative care. | | |
| | id name | string string | C20132 5 | | Procedure Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the procedure. | | |
| | description | string | C20132 4 | | Procedure Description | A narrative representation of the procedure. | | |
| | label | string | C20752 4 | | Procedure Label | The short descriptive designation for the procedure. | | |
| | procedureType | string | C18884 8 | | Procedure Type | A characterization or classification of the study procedure. | | |
| | code | Code | C15462 6 | 1 | Procedure Code | A symbol or combination of symbols which is assigned to medical procedure. | (Point out to external dictionary like CPT, MedDRA, SNOMEDCT , etc.) | |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the Procedure and CommentAnnotation classes | | _ |

| Class Name | Attribute Name | Data Type | NCI C- Code | Cardinalit | Preferred Term | Definition | Codelist Ref | Inherited From |
|-------------------------|---------------------|--|----------------|------------|--|--|---|--------------------------|
| | | | Code | У | | which provides the set of notes | | |
| ProductOrganizationRole | studyIntervention | StudyIntervention | | 01 | | related to a procedure. A USDM relationship between the Procedure and StudyInterventionclasses which provides the details associated with an instance of an intervention performed during the conduct of a procedure. | | |
| | id | string | | | | | | |
| | name description | string string | | | | | | |
| | label appliesTo | string AdministrableProduct, MedicalDevice | | 0* | | | | |
| | code | Code | | 1 | | | | |
| Quantity | organization | Organization | C25256 | 1 | Quantity | How much there is of something that can be measured; the total amount or number. | | |
| | id value | string Float | C25712 | | Quantity Value | A numerical quantity measured | | |
| | | | | | | or assigned or computed. | | |
| | unit | AliasCode | C44258 | 01 | Quantity Unit | The type of unit of measure being used to express a quantity. | SDTM Terminology Codelist C71620 | |
| Range | | | C38013 | | Range | The difference between the lowest and highest numerical values; the limits or scale of variation. | | |
| | id minValue | string Float | C25570 | | Minimum Value | The smallest value in quantity or | | |
| | maxValue | Float | C25564 | | Maximum Value | degree in a set of values. The largest value in quantity or degree in a set of values. | | |
| | isApproximate | Boolean | C20752 5 | | Value Range is Approximate Indicator | An indication as to whether the value range is almost, but not quite, exact. | | |
| | unit | AliasCode | C25709 | 01 | Unit of Measure | A named quantity in terms of which other quantities are measured or specified, used as a standard measurement of like kinds. | SDTM Terminology Codelist C71620 | |
| ReferenceIdentifier | | | CNEW | | Reference Identifier | A sequence of characters used to identify, name, or characterize the reference. | | |
| | id text | string string | CNEW | | Reference | An instance of structured text that | | Identifier Identifier |
| | text | | CNEW | | Identifier Text | represents the reference identifier. | | |
| | scope | Organization | | 1 | | A USDM relationship between the Referenceldentifier and Organization classes which provides the details associated with each organization that has assigned the reference identifier. | | Identifier |
| | type | Code | CNEW | 1 | Reference Identifier Type | A characterization or classification of the reference identifier. | CNEW Reference Identifier Type | |
| ResponseCode | | | C20134 7 | | Response Code | A symbol or combination of symbols representing the response to the question. | Турс | |
| | id isEnabled | string Boolean | C20133 | | Response Code | An indication as to whether the | | |
| | | | 0 | | Enabled Indicator | response code is activated for use within a given usage context. | | |
| | code | Code | C25162 | 1 | Code | A symbol or combination of symbols which is assigned to the members of a collection. | | |
| ScheduleTimeline | id | string | C20134 8 | | Schedule Timeline | A chronological schedule of planned temporal events. | | |
| | name | string | C20133 4 | | Schedule Timeline Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the schedule timeline. | | |
| | description | string | C20133 2 | | Schedule Timeline Description | A narrative representation of the schedule timeline. | | |
| | label | string | C20753 0 | | Schedule Timeline Label | The short descriptive designation for the schedule timeline. | | |
| | entryCondition | string | C20133 3 | | Schedule Timeline Entry Condition | A logical evaluation on which rests the validity of entry into a schedule timeline. | | |
| | mainTimeline | Boolean | C20133 | | Main Timeline Indicator | An indication as to whether the timeline or timeline component is part of the central or principal timeline. | | |
| | instances | ScheduledInstance | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the ScheduleTimeline and ScheduledInstance classes which identifies the set of scheduled instances (e.g., scheduled activity instances or scheduled decision instances) associated with the scheduled timeline. | | |
| | entry | ScheduledInstance | | 1 | | A USDM relationship between the ScheduleTimeline and ScheduledInstance classes which defines the entry into a scheduled instance (e.g., scheduled activity instances or scheduled decision instances) for a timeline. | | |
| | exits | ScheduleTimelineExit | 1 | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the ScheduleTimeline and | | |

| ScheduleTimelineExit id ScheduledActivityInstance id nan des labe defi epo acti | me scription bel faultCondition | Timing string string string string string String ScheduledInstance StudyEpoch Activity | C20134 9 C20135 C20753 C20753 1 C20753 2 | 0* | Schedule Timeline Exit Scheduled Activity Instance Scheduled Activity Instance Name Scheduled Activity Instance Description Scheduled Activity Instance Label | ScheduleTimelineExit classes which identifies the set of exits from the scheduled timeline. A USDM relationship between the ScheduledTimeline and Timing classes which identifies the set of timings associated with the scheduled timeline. To go out of or leave the scheduled timeline. A scheduled occurrence of an activity event. The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the scheduled activity instance. A narrative representation of the scheduled activity instance. The short descriptive designation for the scheduled activity instance. A USDM relationship within the ScheduledActivityInstance class which identifies the default condition within a scheduled activity instance. A USDM relationship between the ScheduledActivityInstance and StudyEpoch classes which identifies the study epoch associated with a scheduled associated with a scheduled | | ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance |
|--|--|---|--|-----|--|--|---|---|
| ScheduleTimelineExit id ScheduledActivityInstance id nan des lab defi epo acti | me scription bel faultCondition och | string string string string String String ScheduledInstance StudyEpoch Activity | 9 C20135 0 C20753 3 C20753 1 | 01 | Timeline Exit Scheduled Activity Instance Scheduled Activity Instance Name Scheduled Activity Instance Description Scheduled Activity Instance Description Activity Instance | A USDM relationship between the ScheduleTimeline and Timing classes which identifies the set of timings associated with the scheduled timeline. To go out of or leave the scheduled timeline. A scheduled occurrence of an activity event. The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the scheduled activity instance. The short descriptive designation for the scheduled activity instance. The short descriptive designation for the scheduled activity instance. A USDM relationship within the ScheduledActivityInstance class which identifies the default condition within a scheduled activity instance. A USDM relationship between the ScheduledActivityInstance class which identifies the default condition within a scheduled activity instance. | | ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance |
| ScheduledActivityInstance id id nan des labe def epo acti tim | me scription bel faultCondition och | string string string String String String ScheduledInstance StudyEpoch Activity | 9 C20135 0 C20753 3 C20753 1 | 01 | Timeline Exit Scheduled Activity Instance Scheduled Activity Instance Name Scheduled Activity Instance Description Scheduled Activity Instance Description Activity Instance | Timing classes which identifies the set of timings associated with the scheduled timeline. To go out of or leave the scheduled timeline. A scheduled occurrence of an activity event. The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the scheduled activity instance. A narrative representation of the scheduled activity instance. The short descriptive designation for the scheduled activity instance. A USDM relationship within the ScheduledActivityInstance class which identifies the default condition within a scheduled activity instance. A USDM relationship between the ScheduledActivityInstance and StudyEpoch classes which identifies the study epoch | | ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance |
| ScheduledActivityInstance id id nan des labe defi epo acti tim | me scription bel faultCondition och | string string string String String String ScheduledInstance StudyEpoch Activity | 9 C20135 0 C20753 3 C20753 1 | 01 | Timeline Exit Scheduled Activity Instance Scheduled Activity Instance Name Scheduled Activity Instance Description Scheduled Activity Instance Description Activity Instance | To go out of or leave the schedule timeline. A scheduled occurrence of an activity event. The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the scheduled activity instance. The short descriptive designation for the scheduled activity instance. The short descriptive designation for the scheduled activity instance. A USDM relationship within the ScheduledActivityInstance class which identifies the default condition within a scheduled activity instance. A USDM relationship between the ScheduledActivityInstance and StudyEpoch classes which identifies the study epoch | | ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance |
| ScheduledActivityInstance id nam des labe defi epo acti tim | me scription bel faultCondition och | string string string String String String ScheduledInstance StudyEpoch Activity | C20753 3 C20753 1 C20753 | 01 | Scheduled Activity Instance Name Scheduled Activity Instance Description Scheduled Activity Instance Description Activity Instance | activity event. The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the scheduled activity instance. A narrative representation of the scheduled activity instance. The short descriptive designation for the scheduled activity instance. A USDM relationship within the Scheduled ActivityInstance class which identifies the default condition within a scheduled activity instance. A USDM relationship between the ScheduledActivityInstance and StudyEpoch classes which identifies the study epoch | | ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance |
| acti | me scription pel faultCondition och | string string string ScheduledInstance StudyEpoch Activity | C20753 3 C20753 1 | 01 | Scheduled Activity Instance Name Scheduled Activity Instance Description Scheduled Activity Instance | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the scheduled activity instance. A narrative representation of the scheduled activity instance. The short descriptive designation for the scheduled activity instance. A USDM relationship within the ScheduledActivityInstance class which identifies the default condition within a scheduled activity instance. A USDM relationship between the ScheduledActivityInstance and StudyEpoch classes which identifies the study epoch | | ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance |
| acti | me scription pel faultCondition och | string string string ScheduledInstance StudyEpoch Activity | 3 C20753 1 C20753 | 01 | Activity Instance Name Scheduled Activity Instance Description Scheduled Activity Instance | distinctive designation) of the scheduled activity instance. A narrative representation of the scheduled activity instance. The short descriptive designation for the scheduled activity instance. A USDM relationship within the ScheduledActivityInstance class which identifies the default condition within a scheduled activity instance. A USDM relationship between the ScheduledActivityInstance and StudyEpoch classes which identifies the study epoch | | ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance |
| acti | bel faultCondition och | string ScheduledInstance StudyEpoch Activity | 1 C20753 | 01 | Scheduled Activity Instance Description Scheduled Activity Instance | A narrative representation of the scheduled activity instance. The short descriptive designation for the scheduled activity instance. A USDM relationship within the ScheduledActivityInstance class which identifies the default condition within a scheduled activity instance. A USDM relationship between the ScheduledActivityInstance and StudyEpoch classes which identifies the study epoch | | ScheduledInstance ScheduledInstance |
| epo et control definition definit | faultCondition och tivities | ScheduledInstance StudyEpoch Activity | | 01 | Scheduled Activity Instance | for the scheduled activity instance. A USDM relationship within the Scheduled Activity Instance class which identifies the default condition within a scheduled activity instance. A USDM relationship between the Scheduled Activity Instance and Study Epoch classes which identifies the study epoch | | ScheduledInstance |
| epo | och | StudyEpoch Activity | | 01 | | A USDM relationship within the ScheduledActivityInstance class which identifies the default condition within a scheduled activity instance. A USDM relationship between the ScheduledActivityInstance and StudyEpoch classes which identifies the study epoch | | |
| enc | tivities | Activity | | | | A USDM relationship between the ScheduledActivityInstance and StudyEpoch classes which identifies the study epoch | | ScheduledInstance |
| enc | | | | 0.* | | and StudyEpoch classes which identifies the study epoch | | |
| enc | | | | 0.* | 1 | activity instance. | 1 | |
| tim | counter | Encounter | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between | | |
| tim | counter | Encounter | | | | the ScheduledActivityInstance and Activity classes which identifies the set of activities associated with a scheduled activity instance. | | |
| | | | | 01 | | A USDM relationship between | | |
| | | | | | | the ScheduledActivityInstance and Encounter classes which defines the subject encounter associated with the | | |
| | neline | ScheduleTimeline | | 01 | | ScheduleActivityInstance. A USDM relationship between | | |
| | | | | | | the ScheduledActivityInstance and ScheduleTimeline classes | | |
| | | | | | | which provides the details associated with an instance of a | | |
| | | | | | | scheduled timeline related to a | | |
| time | nelineExit | ScheduleTimelineExit | | 01 | | scheduled activity instance. A USDM relationship between | | |
| | | | | | | the ScheduledActivityInstance and ScheduleTimelineExit | | |
| | | | | | | classes which provides the details associated with the exit from a timeline related to a scheduled activity instance. | | |
| ScheduledDecisionInstance | | | C20135 | | Scheduled | A scheduled occurrence of a | | |
| id | | string | 1 | | Decision Instance | decision event. | | ScheduledInstance |
| nan | me | string | C20753 6 | | Scheduled Decision Instance Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the scheduled Decision instance. | | ScheduledInstance |
| des | scription | string | C20753 4 | | Scheduled Decision Instance Description | A narrative representation of the scheduled Decision instance. | | ScheduledInstance |
| labe | bel | string | C20753 5 | | Scheduled Decision Instance Label | The short descriptive designation for the scheduled Decision instance. | | ScheduledInstance |
| defa | faultCondition | ScheduledInstance | | 01 | | A USDM relationship within the ScheduledDecisionInstance class which identifies the default condition within a scheduled | | ScheduledInstance |
| | och | StudyEpoch | - | 01 | | decision instance. A USDM relationship between | | ScheduledInstance |
| еро | ocn | StudyEpoch | | 01 | | the ScheduledDecisionInstance and StudyEpoch classes which identifies the study epoch associated with a scheduled | | Scheduledinstance |
| соп | nditionAssignments | ConditionAssignment | + | 1* | | decision instance. A USDM relationship between | | |
| | | | | | | the ScheduledDecisionInstance and ConditionAssignment classes which identifies the set of | | |
| | | | | | | condition assignments associated with a scheduled decision instance. | | |
| ScheduledInstance | | | C20129 | | Scheduled | A scheduled occurrence of a | | |
| id | | string | | | Instance | temporal event. | | |
| nan | me | string | C20745 5 | | Scheduled Instance Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the scheduled instance. | | |
| dese | scription | string | C20745 3 | | Scheduled Instance Description | A narrative representation of the scheduled instance. | | |
| labe | bel | string | C20745 4 | | Scheduled Instance Label | The short descriptive designation for the scheduled instance. | | |
| def | faultCondition | ScheduledInstance | | 01 | | A USDM relationship within the ScheduledInstance class which identifies the default condition | | |
| еро | och | StudyEpoch | 1 | 01 | | within a scheduled instance. A USDM relationship between the ScheduledInstance and | - | |

| Class Name | Attribute Name | Data Type | NCI C- Code | Cardinalit y | Preferred Term | Definition | Codelist Ref | Inherited From |
|----------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|---|--------------|----------------|
| | | | | | | StudyEpoch classes which identifies the study epoch associated with a scheduled instance. | | |
| Strength | | | CNEW | | Substance Strength | The content of an substance expressed quantitatively per dosage unit, per unit of volume, or per unit of weight, according to the pharmaceutical dose form of the product. | | |
| | id | string | CNEW | | Cubatanaa | | | |
| | name | string | CNEW | | Substance Strength Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the substance strength. A narrative representation of the | | |
| | description | string | | | Substance Strength Description | substance strength. | | |
| | label | string | CNEW | | Substance Strength Label | The short descriptive designation for the substance strength. | | |
| | numerator | Quantity, Range | | 01 | | A USDM relationship between the Strength and the Quantity and Range classes that identifies the numerator's value or range of values associated with the substance strength. | | |
| | denominator | Quantity | | 01 | | A USDM relationship between the Strength and Quantity classes that identifies the denominator associated with the substance strength. | | |
| Study | | | C15206 | | Clinical Study | A clinical study involves research using human volunteers (also called participants) that is intended to add to medical knowledge. There are two main types of clinical studies: clinical trials (also called interventional studies) and observational studies, (CDISC Glossary) | | |
| | id name | string string | C68631 | | Clinical Study Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the clinical study. | | |
| | description | string | C14270 4 | | Clinical Study Description | A narrative representation of the clinical study. | | |
| | label | string | C20747 9 | | Clinical Study Label | The short descriptive designation for the clinical study. | | |
| | versions | StudyVersion | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the Study and StudyVersion classes which identifies the set of versions associated with the study. | | |
| | documentedBy | StudyDefinitionDocument | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the Study and StudyDefinitionDocument classes signifying that the study is documented in a study definition document. | | |
| StudyAmendment | | | C20759 4 | | Study Amendment | A written description of a change(s) to, or formal clarification of, a study. | | |
| | id number | string string | C20753 | | Study | A string of numerals that | | |
| | | | 7 | | Amendment Number | uniquely identifies a protocol amendment. | | |
| | summary | string | C11562 7 | | Study Amendment Summary | A short narrative representation describing the changes introduced in the current version of the protocol. | | |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyAmendment and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the study amendment. | | |
| | geographicScopes | GeographicScope | | 1* | | A USDM relationship between the Study Amendment and Geographic Scope classes which identifies the set of geographic scopes associated with the study amendment. | | |
| | dateValues | GovernanceDate | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the Study Amendment and GovernanceDate classes which provides the set of governance dates associated with the study amendment. | | |
| | impacts | StudyAmendmentImpact | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyAmendment and StudyAmendmentImpact classes which identifies the set of impacts that the study amendment has on the study or study subjects. | | |
| | enrollments | SubjectEnrollment | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyAmendment and SubjectEnrollment classes which provides the set of subject enrollments associated with the study amendment. | | |
| | secondaryReasons | StudyAmendmentReason | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyAmendment and StudyAmendmentReason classes which identifies the set of secondary reasons for issuing the study amendment. | | |
| | changes | StudyChange | | 1* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyAmendment and | <u> </u> | |

| Class Name | Attribute Name | Data Type | NCI C- Code | Cardinalit y | Preferred Term | Definition | Codelist Ref | Inherited From |
|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|----------------|
| | | | | | | identifies the set of changes associated with the study amendment. | | |
| | previous | StudyAmendment | | 01 | | A USDM relationship within the StudyAmendment class which identifies the study amendment that chronologically precedes the current study amendment. | | |
| | primaryReason | StudyAmendmentReason | | 1 | | A USDM relationship between the StudyAmendment and StudyAmendmentReason classes which identifies the primary reason for issuing the study amendment. | | |
| StudyAmendmentImpact | ., | | CNEW | | Study Amendment Impact | The effect or consequence of an amendment on some aspect of the study. | | |
| | id text | string | CNEW | | Study Amendment Impact Text | An instance of unstructured text that represents the study amendment impact. | | |
| | isSubstantial | Boolean | C20753 8 | | Study Amendment Impact Substantial Indicator | An indication as to whether the study amendment's impact on the study is substantial. | | |
| | type | Code | CNEW | 1 | Study Amendment Impact Type | A characterization or classification of the study amendment impact. | CNEW Study Amendment Impact Type Response | |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyAmendmentImpact and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the study amendment impact. | | |
| StudyAmendmentReason | | | C20745 7 | | Study Amendment Reason | The rationale for the change(s) to, or formal clarification of, a protocol. | | |
| | id otherReason | string string | C20753 9 | | Other Reason for Study Amendment | The rationale for the change(s) to, or formal clarification of, a protocol that is not otherwise specified. | | |
| | code | Code | C20754 0 | 1 | Study Amendment Reason Code | A symbol or combination of symbols which is assigned to the study amendment reason. | C207415 | |
| StudyArm | | | C17444 7 | | Study Arm | A planned pathway assigned to the subject as they progress through the study, usually referred to by a name that reflects one or more treatments, exposures, and/or controls included in the path. | | |
| | id name | string string | C17098 | | Study Arm Name | The literal identifier (i.e., | | |
| | description | string | C93728 | | Study Arm | distinctive designation) of the study arm. A narrative representation of the | | |
| | label | string | C17245 | | Description Study Arm Label | study arm. The short descriptive designation | | |
| | dataOriginDescription | string | 6 C18882 | | Study Arm Data | for the study arm. The textual representation of the | | |
| | dataOriginType | Code | 8 C18882 | 1 | Origin Description Study Arm Data | study arm data origin. A characterization or | C188727 | |
| | | | 9 | | Origin Type | classification of the study arm with respect to where the study arm data originates. | | |
| | type | Code | C18882 7 | 1 | Study Arm Type | A characterization or classification of the study arm. | Protocol Terminology Codelist C174222 | |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the Study Arm and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the study arm. | | |
| | populations | PopulationDefinition | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyArm and PopulationDefinition classes which identifies the set of populations associated with the study arm. | | |
| StudyCell | | | C18881 0 | | Study Design Cell | A partitioning of a study arm into individual pieces, which are associated with an epoch and any number of sequential elements within that epoch. | | |
| | id arm | string StudyArm | + | 1 | | A USDM relationship between | | |
| | | | | | | the StudyCell and StudyArm classes which identifies the study arm associated with a study cell. | | |
| | epoch | StudyEpoch | | 1 | | A USDM relationship between the StudyCell and StudyEpoch classes which identifies the study epoch associated with a study cell. | | |
| | elements | StudyElement | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyCell and StudyElement classes which identifies the set of study elements associated with the study cell. | | |
| StudyChange | | | CNEW | 1 | Study Change | The act of alteration or modification to a study. | | |
| | id | string | | | | modification to a study. | | |

| Class Name | Attribute Name | Data Type | NCI C- Code | Cardinalit v | Preferred Term | Definition | Codelist Ref | Inherited From |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--------------------------|
| | name | string | CNEW | | Study Change Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the | | |
| | description | string | CNEW | | Study Change | A narrative representation of the | | |
| | label | string | CNEW | | Description Study Change | study change. The short descriptive designation | | |
| | rationale | string | CNEW | | Label Study Change Rationale | for the study change. An explanation as to the logical reasons for why a study change has occurred. | | |
| | summary | string | CNEW | | Study Change Summary | A short narrative representation describing the changes introduced in the current version of the study. | | |
| | changedSections | DocumentContentReference | | 1* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyChange and DocumentContentReference class which provides the set of changed document sections related to the study change. | | |
| StudyCohort | | | C61512 | | Study Cohort | A group of individuals who share a set of characteristics (e.g., exposures, experiences, attributes), which logically defines a population under study. | | |
| | id | string | | | | | | PopulationDefinitio n |
| | name | string | C20754 4 | | Study Cohort Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the study cohort. | | PopulationDefinitio n |
| | description | string | C20754 2 | | Study Cohort Description | A narrative representation of the study cohort. | | PopulationDefinitio n |
| | label | string | C20754 3 | | Study Cohort Label | The short descriptive designation for the study cohort. | | PopulationDefinitio n |
| | includesHealthySubjects | Boolean | C20748 0 | | Study Cohort Includes Healthy Subjects Indicator | An indication as to whether the study cohort includes healthy subjects, that is, subjects without the disease or condition under study. | | PopulationDefinitio n |
| | plannedSex | Code | C20754 1 | 02 | Study Cohort Planned Sex | The protocol-defined sex within the study cohort. | SDTM Terminology Codelist C66732 | PopulationDefinitio n |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyCohort and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the study cohort. | C06/32 | PopulationDefinitio n |
| | criteria | EligibilityCriterion | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyCohort and EligibilityCriterion classes which identifies the set of eligibility criteria associated with the study cohort. | | PopulationDefinitio n |
| | plannedAge | Range | C20754 | 01 | Study Cohort Planned Age | The anticipated age of subjects within the study cohort. | | PopulationDefinitio |
| | plannedEnrollmentNumber | Range | C20770 2 | 01 | Study Cohort Planned Enrollment Number | The value representing the planned number of subjects to be entered in a clinical trial, within the study cohort. | | PopulationDefinitio n |
| | plannedCompletionNumber | Range | C20754 6 | 01 | Study Cohort Planned Completion Number | The value representing the planned number of subjects that must complete the study in order to meet the objectives and endpoints of the study, within the study cohort. | | PopulationDefinitio n |
| | characteristics | Characteristic | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyCohort and Characteristic classes which identifies the set of subject characteristics associated with the study cohort. | | |
| StudyDefinitionDocument | | | CNEW | | Study Definition Document | Any physical or electronic document that is related to defining a study or part of a study. | | |
| | id name | string string | CNEW | | Study Definition Document Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the | | |
| | description | string | CNEW | | Study Definition Document | distinctive designation) of the study definition document. A narrative representation of the study definition document. | | |
| | label | string | CNEW | | Document Description Study Definition Document Label | The short descriptive designation for the study definition | | |
| | templateName | string | CNEW | | Study Definition Document | document. The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the | | |
| | language | Code | CNEW | 1 | Template Name Study Definition | study definition document template. The language in which the study | (Point out to | |
| | | | CNEW | 1 | Document Language | definition document is written. | ISO 639 language value list) CNEW Study | |
| | type | Code | CNEW | | Study Definition Document Type | A characterization or classification of the study definition document. | Definition Document Type | |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyDefinitionDocument and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the study definition document. | | |
| | versions | StudyDefinitionDocumentVersio n | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyDefinitionDocument and StudyDefinitionDocumentVersio | | |

| Class Name | Attribute Name | Data Type | NCI C- Code | Cardinalit y | Preferred Term | Definition | Codelist Ref | Inherited From |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|----------------|
| | | | | | | n classes which identifies the set of versions associated with the study definition document. | | |
| StudyDefinitionDocumentVersio n | | | CNEW | | Study Definition Document | A representation of a particular edition or snapshot of the study | | |
| | | | | | Version | definition document as it exists at a particular point in time. | | |
| | id version | string string | CNEW | | Study Definition | A representation of a particular | | |
| | Version | S. III. | C.I.Z.II | | Document Version | edition or snapshot of the study definition document as it exists at a particular point in time. | | |
| | status | Code | CNEW | 1 | Study Definition Document Status | A condition of the study definition document at a point in time with respect to its state of readiness for implementation. | C188723 | |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the | | |
| | | | | | | StudyDefinitionDocumentVersio n and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the study | | |
| | dateValues | GovernanceDate | | 0* | | definition document version. A USDM relationship between the | | |
| | | | | | | StudyDefinitionDocumentVersio n and GovernanceDate classes which provides the set of governance dates associated with the study definition document version. | | |
| | contents | NarrativeContent | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyDefinitionDocumentVersio n and NarrativeContent classes which identifies the set of narrative content associated with the version of the study definition | | |
| | children | StudyDefinitionDocumentVersio n | | 0* | | document. A USDM relationship within the StudyDefinitionDocumentVersion class which identifies the set of child documents of a study | | |
| StudyDesign | | | C15320 | | Study Design | definition document version. A plan detailing how a study will be performed in order to represent the phenomenon under examination, to answer the research questions that have been asked, and informing the | | |
| | id | string | | | | statistical approach. | | |
| | name | string | C20133 8 | | Study Design Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the study design. | | |
| | description | string | C14713 9 | | Study Design Description | A narrative representation of the study design. | | |
| | label | string | C20754 8 | | Study Design Label | The short descriptive designation for the study design. | | |
| | rationale | string | C14270 5 | | Study Design Rationale | Reason(s) for choosing the study design. This may include reasons for the choice of control or comparator, as well as the scientific rationale for the study design. | | |
| | activities | Activity | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyDesign and Activity classes which identifies the set of activities associated with the study design. | | |
| | trialIntentTypes | Code | C49652 | 0* | Trial Intent Type | The planned purpose of the therapy, device, or agent under study in the clinical trial. | SDTM Terminology Codelist C66736 | |
| | blindingSchema | Code | C49658 | 01 | Trial Blinding Schema | The type of experimental design used to describe the level of awareness of the study subjects and/ or study personnel as it relates to the respective intervention(s) or assessments being observed, received or administered. | SDTM Terminology Codelist C66735 | |
| | therapeuticAreas | Code | C10130 2 | 0* | Therapeutic Areas | A categorization of a disease, disorder, or other condition based on common characteristics and often associated with a medical specialty focusing on research and development of specific therapeutic interventions for the purpose of treatment and prevention. | (Point out to external dictionaries) | |
| | characteristics | Code | C20754 7 | 0* | Study Design Characteristic | The distinguishing qualities or prominent aspect of a study design. | C207416 | |
| | trialTypes | Code | C49660 | 0* | Trial Type | The nature of the interventional study for which information is being collected. | SDTM Terminology Codelist C66739 | |
| | interventionModel | Code | C98746 | 1 | Intervention Model Type | The general design of the strategy for assigning interventions to subjects in a clinical study. (clinicaltrials.gov) | SDTM Terminology Codelist C99076 | |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyDesign and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the study design. | | |

| Class Name | Attribute Name | Data Type | NCI C- Code | Cardinalit v | Preferred Term | Definition | Codelist Ref | Inherited From |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--|---|---|--------------------------|
| | encounters | Encounter | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyDesign and Encounter classes which identifies the set of encounters associated with the | | |
| | estimands | Estimand | | 0* | | study design. A USDM relationship between the StudyDesign and Estimand classes which identifies the set of estimands associated with the | | |
| | indications | Indication | | 0* | | study design. A USDM relationship between the StudyDesign and Indication classes which identifies the set of indications associated with the study design. | | |
| | objectives | Objective | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyDesign and Objective classes which identifies the set of objectives associated with the study design. | | |
| | scheduleTimelines | ScheduleTimeline | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyDesign and ScheduleTimeline classes which identifies the set of scheduled timelines associated with the study design. | | |
| | arms | Study Arm | | 1* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyDesign and StudyArm classes which identifies the set of study arms associated with the | | |
| | studyCells | StudyCell | | 1* | | study design. A USDM relationship between the StudyDesign and StudyCell classes which identifies the set of study cells associated with the | | |
| | documentVersions | StudyDefinitionDocumentVersio n | | 0* | | study design. A USDM relationship between the StudyDesign and StudyDefinitionDocumentVersio n classes which identifies the version of the study definition documents associated with the | | |
| | elements | StudyElement | | 0* | | study design. A USDM relationship between the StudyDesign and StudyElement classes which identifies the set of study elements associated with the study design. | | |
| | studyInterventions | StudyIntervention | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyDesign and StudyIntervention classes which identifies the set of study interventions associated with study design. | | |
| | epochs | StudyEpoch | | 1* | | Study design. A USDM relationship between the StudyDesign and StudyEpoch classes which identifies the set of study epochs associated with the study design. | | |
| | population | StudyDesignPopulation | | 01 | | A USDM relationship between the StudyDesign and StudyDesignPopulation classes which identifies the population associated with the study design. | | |
| StudyDesignPopulation | | | C14272 8 | | Study Design Population | The population within the general population to which the study results can be generalized. | | |
| | id | string | | | | | | PopulationDefinitio n |
| | name | string | C20755 | | Study Design Population Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the study design population. | | PopulationDefinitio n |
| | description | string | C70834 | | Study Design Population Description | A narrative representation of the study design population. | | PopulationDefinitio n |
| | label | string | C20755 | | Study Design Population Label | The short descriptive designation for the study design population. | | PopulationDefinitio |
| | includesHealthySubjects | Boolean | C20754 9 | | Study Design Population Includes Healthy Subjects Indicator | An indication as to whether the study design population includes healthy subjects, that is, subjects without the disease or condition under study. | | PopulationDefinitio |
| | plannedSex | Code | C20755 | 02 | Study Design Population Planned Sex | The protocol-defined sex within the study design population. | SDTM Terminology Codelist C66732 | PopulationDefinitio n |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyDesignPopulation and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the study design population. | | PopulationDefinitio n |
| | criteria | EligibilityCriterion | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyDesignPopulation and EligibilityCriterion classes which identifies the set of eligibility criteria associated with the study design population. | | PopulationDefinitio n |
| | plannedAge | Range | C20745 0 | 01 | Study Design Population Planned Age | The anticipated age of subjects within the study design population. | | PopulationDefinitio n |
| | plannedEnrollmentNumber | Range | C20745 2 | 01 | Study Design Population Planned Enrollment Number | The value representing the planned number of subjects to be entered in a clinical trial, within the study design population. | | PopulationDefinitio n |

| Class Name | Attribute Name | Data Type | NCI C- Code | Cardinalit y | Preferred Term | Definition | Codelist Ref | Inherited From |
|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------|---|--|---|--------------------------|
| | plannedCompletionNumber | Range | C20745 | 01 | Study Design Population Planned Completion Number | The value representing the planned number of subjects that must complete the study in order to meet the objectives and endpoints of the study, within the study design population. | | PopulationDefinitio n |
| | cohorts | StudyCohort | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyDesignPopulation and StudyCohort classes which identifies the set of study cohorts associated with the study design population. | | |
| StudyElement | | | C14273 5 | | Study Design Element | A basic building block for time within a clinical study comprising the following characteristics: a description of what happens to the subject during the element; a definition of the start of the element; a rule for ending the element. | | |
| | id name | string string | C18883 3 | | Study Design Element Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the | | |
| | description | string | C18883 4 | | Study Design Element Description | study design element. A narrative representation of the study design element. | | |
| | label | string | C20755 | | Study Design | The short descriptive designation | | |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | 4 | 0* | Element Label | for the study design element. A USDM relationship between the StudyElement and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the study element. | | |
| | transitionEndRule | TransitionRule | | 01 | | A USDM relationship between the StudyElement and TransitionRule classes which provides the details associated with a transition rule used to trigger the end of a study element. | | |
| | studyInterventions | StudyIntervention | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyElement and StudyIntervention classes which identifies the set of study interventions associated with the study element. | | |
| | transitionStartRule | TransitionRule | | 01 | | A USDM relationship between the StudyElement and TransitionRule classes which provides the details associated with a transition rule used to trigger the start of a study element. | | |
| StudyEpoch | | | C71738 | | Study Epoch | A named time period defined in the protocol, wherein a study activity is specified and unchanging throughout the interval, to support a study- specific purpose. | | |
| | id name | string string | C93825 | | Study Epoch | The literal identifier (i.e., | | |
| | | | | | Name | distinctive designation) of the study epoch, i.e., the named time period defined in the protocol, wherein a study activity is specified and unchanging throughout the interval, to support a study-specific purpose. | | |
| | description | string | C93824 | | Study Epoch Description | A narrative representation of the study epoch. | | |
| | label | string | C20755 | 1 | Study Epoch Label | The short descriptive designation for the study epoch. | | |
| | type | Code | C18883 0 | 1 | Study Epoch Type | A characterization or classification of the study epoch, i.e., the named time period defined in the protocol, wherein a study activity is specified and unchanging throughout the interval, to support a study- specific purpose. | SDTM Terminology Codelist C99079 | |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyEpoch and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the study epoch. | | |
| | previous | StudyEpoch | | 01 | | A USDM relationship within the StudyEpoch class which identifies the study epoch that chronologically precedes the current study epoch. | | |
| | next | StudyEpoch | | 01 | | A USDM relationship within the StudyEpoch class which identifies the study epoch that chronologically follows the current study epoch. | | |
| StudyIdentifier | | | C83082 | | Study Identifier | A sequence of characters used to identify, name, or characterize the study. | | |
| | id text | string string | CNEW | | Study Identifier | An instance of structured text that | | Identifier Identifier |
| | scope | Organization | 3.2.7 | 1 | Text | represents the study identifier. A USDM relationship between the Studyldentifier and Organization classes which provides the details associated with each organization that has assigned the study identifier. | | Identifier |

| Class Name | Attribute Name | Data Type | NCI C- Code | Cardinalit | Preferred Term | Definition | Codelist Ref | Inherited From |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|------------|---------------------------------|--|---|----------------|
| StudyIntervention | | | C20764 9 | y | Study Intervention | Any agent, device, or procedure being tested or used as a | | |
| | | | | | Intervention | reference or comparator in the conduct of a clinical trial. | | |
| | id description | string string | C20764 | | Study | A narrative representation of the | | |
| | | | 7 | | Intervention Description | study intervention. | | |
| | name | string | C20755 8 | | Study Intervention | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the | | |
| | label | string | C20755 | | Name Study | study intervention. The short descriptive designation | | |
| | | | 6 | | Intervention Label | for the study intervention. | | |
| | administrations | Administration | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyIntervention and AgentAdministration classes which identifies the set of agent administrations associated with | | |
| | type | Code | C98747 | 1 | Study Intervention Type | the study intervention. The kind of product or procedure studied in a trial. | SDTM Terminology Codelist | |
| | role | Code | C20756 | 1 | Study | The intended use of the trial | C99078 C207417 | |
| | | | 0 | | Intervention Role | intervention within the context of the study design. | | |
| | codes | Code | C20764 8 | 0* | Study Intervention Code | A symbol or combination of symbols which is assigned to the study intervention. | (Point out to multiple Biomedical coding dictionaries such as WHODrug, ATC, UNII, etc.) | |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyIntervention and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the study intervention. | , | |
| | minimumResponseDuration | Quantity | C20755 | 01 | Study Intervention | The value representing the minimum amount of time | | |
| | | | | | Minimum Response Duration | required to meet the criteria for response to study intervention. | | |
| StudyRole | | | CNEW | | Study Role | A designation that identifies the function of study personnel within the context of the study. | | |
| | id name | string string | CNEW | | Study Role Name | The literal identifier (i.e., | | |
| | | | | | | distinctive designation) of the study role. | | |
| | label | string | CNEW | | Study Role Label | The short descriptive designation for the study role. | | |
| | description | string | CNEW | | Study Role Description | A narrative representation of the study role. | | |
| | assignedPersons | AssignedPerson | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyRole and AssignedPerson classes that identifies the set of individuals that are assigned to fill a particular role within the study. | | |
| | code | Code | CNEW | 1 | Study Role Code | A symbol or combination of symbols which is assigned to the study role. | CNEW Study Role Code | |
| | masking | Masking | | 01 | | A USDM relationship between the StudyRole and Masking classes which describes the masking associated with the study role. | | |
| | organizations | Organization | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyRole and Organization classes which identifies the set of organizations associated with the study role. | | |
| | appliesTo | StudyDesign, StudyVersion | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the StudyRole and either StudyVersion or StudyDesign classes that identifies the study version or study design to which the study role applies. | | |
| StudySite | | | C80403 | | Study Site | The location at which a study investigator conducts study activities. | | |
| | id name | string string | C20756 6 | | Study Site Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the study site. | | |
| | description | string | C20756 | | Study Site Description | A narrative representation of the study site. | | |
| | label | string | C20756 | | Study Site Label | The short descriptive designation for the study site. | | |
| | country | Code | C17099 0 | 1 | Country of Study Site | The country in which the study site is located. | (Point out to ISO 3166-1 Alpha-3 Country | |
| StudyTitle | | | C49802 | | Study Title | The sponsor-defined name of the clinical study. | code) | |
| | id | string | Canaer | | Study Tista Tree | - | | |
| | text | string | C20756 7 | , | Study Title Text | An instance of unstructured text that represents the study title. | G207416 | |
| Canda Vannia | type | Code | C20756 8 | 1 | Study Title Type | A characterization or classification of the study title. | C207419 | |
| StudyVersion | | | C18881 6 | | Study Version | A plan at a particular point in time for a study. | | |

| Marchenterina Marchenterin | Class Name | Attribute Name | Data Type | NCI C- Code | Cardinalit y | Preferred Term | Definition | Codelist Ref | Inherited From |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|---------------|----------------|
| Street S | | | | C20757 | | Study Version | A sequence of characters used to | | |
| and the second section of the control of the contro | | | | | | Identifier | identify, name, or characterize | | |
| Absorbision Absor | | rationale | string | C94122 | | Study Rationale | A statement describing the | | |
| Adversion Adversion Abbrevious Ab | | | | | | | This field describes the | | |
| Abbreviation Abbreviation | | | | | | | product development, i.e., what | | |
| And the control of th | | abbraviations | Abbraviation | | 0.* | | from the conduct of this study. | | |
| ministrate min | | aboreviations | Abbieviation | | 0 | | the Study Version and | | |
| ### Absolution A | | | | | | | provides the set of abbreviations | | |
| Solitor Comment Annual Comment (Comment Annual Comment (Comment Comment Commen | | studyPhase | AliasCode | C48281 | 01 | Trial Phase | A step in the clinical research and | | |
| The foregoing continued and the continued of the continue | | | | | | | initial clinical trials to post- | Codelist | |
| Substitute Sub | | | | | | | trials are generally categorized | C66737 | |
| Section of the procession of | | | | | | | phases. A therapeutic | | |
| Interest Therepositic Areas Temporary Type Code Cod | | | | | | | | | |
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| titles StudyTitle titles StudyTitle Lin* A USDM relationship between the Study Version and StudyTitle classes which identifies the set of study titles associated with the study version and StudyTitle classes which identifies the set of study titles associated with the study version and Study Title classes which identifies the set of study titles associated with the study version. SubjectEnrollment Subject Enrollment Subject Enrollment id string CNEW Subject Enrollment Name Enrollment Name Enrollment. Description String CNEW Subject Enrollment A narrative representation of the subject enrollment. Subject enrollment. A papliesTo GeographicScope, StudyCohort, StudySite StudySite O.1 A USDM relationship between the Study version. A USDM relationship between the Study version and Study Site, Study Cohort, or GeographicScope classes which identifies the study site, study | | | | | | | StudyIdentifier classes which | | |
| titles StudyTitle | | | | | | | identifiers associated with the | | |
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| appliesTo GeographicScope, StudyCohort, StudySite 01 A USDM relationship between the SubjectEnrollment and StudySite, StudyCohort, or GeographicScope classes which identifies the study site, st | | label | string | CNEW | | | for the subject enrollment | | |
| StudySite, StudyCohort, or GeographicScope classes which identifies the study site, study | | appliesTo | | | 01 | | A USDM relationship between | | |
| identifies the study site, study | | | | | | | StudySite, StudyCohort, or | | |
| cohort, or geographic scope to | | | | | | | identifies the study site, study | | |

| Class Name | Attribute Name | Data Type | NCI C- Code | Cardinalit v | Preferred Term | Definition | Codelist Ref | Inherited From |
|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--|--|---|----------------|
| | | | | | | which the subject enrollment | | |
| | quantity | Quantity | C20757 | 1 | Subject Enrollment | applies. The value representing the number of individuals enrolled in | | |
| Substance | | | C45306 | | Quantity Value Substance | a study. Any matter of defined | | |
| | | | | | | composition that has discrete existence, whose origin may be | | |
| | id | string | | | | biological, mineral or chemical. | | |
| | name | string | CNEW | | Substance Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the | | |
| | description | string | CNEW | | Substance | substance. A narrative representation of the | | |
| | label | string | CNEW | | Description Substance Label | substance. The short descriptive designation | | |
| | | | | | | for the substance. | | |
| | codes | Code | CNEW | 0* | Substance Code | A symbol or combination of symbols which is assigned to the substance. | (Point out to multiple Biomedical coding dictionaries such as WHODrug, ATC, UNII, etc.) | |
| | strengths | Strength | | 1* | | A USDM relationship between the Substance and Strength class which provides the values of the strengths of the substance. | | |
| | referenceSubstance | Substance | | 01 | | A USDM relationship within the | | |
| | | | | | | Substance class that identifies the association between two substances, one of which is used as a reference for the other. | | |
| SyntaxTemplate | | | C20759 | | Syntax Template | A standardized pattern used for | | |
| | | | 6 | | | the arrangement of words and phrases to create well-formed, structured sentences. | | |
| | id | string | C20757 | | Syntax Tamalar | | | |
| | name | string | C20757 7 | | Syntax Template Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the syntax template. | | |
| | description | string | C20757 | | Syntax Template Description | A narrative representation of the syntax template. | | |
| | label | string | C20757 | | Syntax Template | The short descriptive designation | | |
| | text | string | 6 C20757 | | Label Syntax Template | for the syntax template. A structured text string | | |
| | text | sung | 8 | | Text | containing prescribed text interspersed with user-defined parameter values. | | |
| | notes | CommentAnnotation | | 0* | | A USDM relationship between the SyntaxTemplate and CommentAnnotation classes which provides the set of notes related to the syntax template. | | |
| | dictionary | SyntaxTemplateDictionary | | 01 | | A USDM relationship between the SyntaxTemplate and SyntaxTemplateDictionary classes which provides the dictionary entry associated with a syntax template. | | |
| SyntaxTemplateDictionary | | | C20759 7 | | Syntax Template Dictionary | A reference source that provides a listing of valid parameter names and values used in syntax template text strings. | | |
| | id | string | C20759 | | Contan Tamalata | The literal identifies (i.e. | | |
| | name | string | C20758 | | Syntax Template Dictionary Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the syntax template dictionary. | | |
| | description | string | C20757 9 | | Syntax Template Dictionary Description | A narrative representation of the syntax template dictionary. | | |
| | label | string | C20758 0 | | Syntax Template Dictionary Label | The short descriptive designation for the syntax template dictionary. | | |
| | parameterMaps | ParameterMap | | 1* | | A USDM relationship between the SyntaxTemplateDictionary and ParameterMap classes which identifies the set of parameter maps (parameter map entries) associated with a syntax template dictionary. | | |
| Timing | | | C80484 | | Timing | The chronological relationship between temporal events. | | |
| | id | string | | | | | | |
| | name | string | C20758 4 | | Timing Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the timing. | | |
| | description | string | C16464 8 | | Timing Description | A narrative representation of the chronological relationship between temporal events. | | |
| <u> </u> | label | string | C20758 | | Timing Label | The short descriptive designation for the timing. | | |
| | value | string | C20134 | | Timing Value | The temporal value of the chronological relationship | | |
| | valueLabel | string | C20758 | | Timing Value | between temporal events. The short descriptive designation | | |
| | windowLabel | string | 5 C20758 | 1 | Label Timing Window | for the timing value. The short descriptive designation | | |
| | | | 6 | | Label | for a time period, or other type of interval, during which a temporal event may be achieved, obtained, or observed. | | |
| | windowLower | | C20134 | | Timing Window, | The earliest chronological value | | |

| Class Name | Attribute Name | Data Type | NCI C- Code | Cardinalit y | Preferred Term | Definition | Codelist Ref | Inherited From |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|--|--------------|----------------|
| | | | | | | during which a temporal event takes place. | | |
| | windowUpper | string | C20134 3 | | Timing Window, Upper | The latest chronological value of an allowable period of time during which a temporal event takes place. | | |
| | relativeToFrom | Code | C20129 7 | 1 | Timing Relative To From | The name of the reference event used to define the temporal relationship with another event. | C201265 | |
| | type | Code | C20129 8 | 1 | Timing Type | A characterization or classification of the chronological relationship between temporal events. | C201264 | |
| | relativeToScheduledInstance | ScheduledInstance | | 01 | | A USDM relationship between the Timing and ScheduledInstance classes which identifies the scheduled instance (e.g., scheduled activity instances) or scheduled decision instances) to which the timing is relative to. | | |
| | relativeFromScheduledInstanc e | ScheduledInstance | | 1 | | A USDM relationship between the Timing and ScheduledInstance classes which identifies the scheduled instance (e.g., scheduled activity instances or scheduled decision instances) to which the timing applies. | | |
| TransitionRule | | | C82567 | | Transition Rule | A guide that governs the allocation of subjects to operational options at a discrete decision point or branch (e.g., assignment to a particular arm, discontinuation) within a clinical trial plan. | | |
| | id | string | | | | | | |
| | name | string | C20758 8 | | Transition Rule Name | The literal identifier (i.e., distinctive designation) of the transition rule. | | |
| | description | string | C18883 5 | | Transition Rule Description | A narrative representation of the transition rule. | | |
| | label | string | C20758 7 | | Transition Rule Label | The short descriptive designation for the transition rule. | | |
| | text | string | C20758 9 | | Transition Rule Text | An instance of unstructured text that represents the transition rule. | | |

13 USDM API

13.1 General

The reference architecture API is designed as a mechanism for bulk transfer to allow for the creation of a study within the SDR, the reading of such a study, and the update of a study. No other API features are defined, nor is a granular API defined at this time. The API has been defined using the OpenApi Specification. The various routes, rules, and constraints for the use of the API are contained within the API specification itself. If further routes, rules, and constraints are required, these will be added to the machine-readable specification.

13.2 Serialization

When expressing USDM data in a monolithic, hierarchical document format (e.g., JSON, XML), the same element will appear multiple times because the model uses only class references for USDM entities. This is not optimal for an API and, so as not to repeat the same information within the JSON structure, the API has been designed to include an instance once and only once and allow for zero, 1, or more references to it as dictated by the USDM and the relationships therein. This mechanism relies on the unique identifiers of each class.

To ensure no duplication of content in the API JSON format, the following series of steps are taken to translate the logical USDM into the JSON format:

- 1. Where content is shared (referenced from 2 or more places), the "natural parent" relationship is identified. An example is the Endpoint class that is referenced from both the Objective and Estimand classes. Objective is considered the natural parent.
- 2. If a natural parent can be identified in the API, then the content of the child is included in the corresponding item of the natural parent (attribute names remain unchanged) and other relationships are added as cross-references, with the attribute names modified with a suffix of "Id" (singular) or "Ids" (plural) relationships. The datatype is modified to string so as to accommodate the cross-references and the corresponding identifiers.

3. If the natural parent cannot be identified, then a "collection" from a logical higher level class is formed and all relationships to this class in the logical model are added as cross-references in the API with the corresponding naming modifications as specified in step 2. This results in an additional relationship in the API for the higher level class to the collection. An example is for the class BiomedicalConcepts, where a collection is placed within the StudyDesign class.

13.3 API Additional Attributes

A number of additional attributes have been added to the API to aid processing. These attributes are API-only artifacts and, as such, are not present within the UML specification or defined within the CT. The additional attributes are:

- 1. An **instanceType** attribute, included within all classes and used to state the class name.
- 2. Three attributes, included within the root node of the API:
 - **a. usdmVersion**: The version of the USDM to which the data transported have been generated from and conform to. This is a required attribute.
 - **b. systemName**: The name of the system that generated the data. This is an optional attribute.
 - **c. systemVersion**: The version of the system that generated the data. This is an optional attribute.

13.4 Required Content

When sending data using the API it is recommended that the data include the following:

- 1. There is only 1 StudyVersion.
- 2. There is 1 StudyIdentifier within the StudyVersion, scoped by an Organization of type Clinical Study Sponsor (C70793).
- 3. There is at least 1 StudyDesign within the StudyVersion.

14 Mapping to Other Standards and Formats

- <u>Creation of SDTM Trial Design Domains</u>
- Informing ClinicalTrials.gov Registry
- <u>Use of USDM for Populating Protocol Content</u>

14.1 Creation of SDTM Trial Design Domains

Alignment between the USDM and SDTM Trial Design domains and controlled terminology elements related to study design enables the (automated) creation of the SDTM Trial Design Domains. The <u>SDTM Implementation Guide</u> (SDTMIG) includes a section related to Trial Design datasets. The corresponding trial design concepts include:

- Trial design
- Epoch
- Arm
- Study cell
- Element
- Branch
- Treatments
- Visit
- Criteria

These concepts are used for the following Trial Design Domains:

• Trial Arms (TA)

- Trial Elements (TE)
- Trial Visits (TV)
- Trial Inclusion/Exclusion Criteria (TI)
- Trial Summary (TS)

Other trials design domains like Trial Disease Assessments (TD) and Trial Disease Milestones (TM) that are described in the SDTMIG contain information that is stored in the USDM as well; these, however, are not explicitly discussed in this section.

The USDM structure that informs the TA, TE, and TV domains is described in Section 4.10, Arms and Epochs.

The following table provides an overview of the mapping of USDM to the SDTM TA domain.

| Variable | Variable | Typ | Role | Cor | USDM Path and Attribute | Required USDM relationships | Selection / Derivation |
|--------------|--|------|------------------------------|----------|--|---|--|
| Name | Label | e | 71 .:C | e | 0.1/0 | | 1 1 1 1 1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |
| STUDYID | Study Identifier | Char | Identifie r | Req | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyIdentifiers /StudyIdentifier/@studyIdentifier | | study.studyVersion.studyIdentifier.organizat ion. type.code=C188724 (Clinical StudySponsor) |
| DOMAIN | Domain Abbreviatio n | Char | Identifie r | Req | | | Set to "TA" |
| ARMCD | Planned Arm Code | Char | Topic | Req | Study/@versions /StudyVersion@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@arms /StudyArm/@name | | |
| ARM | Description of Planned Arm | Char | Synony m Qualifie r | Req | Study/@versions /StudyVersion@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@arms /StudyArm/@description | | |
| TAETORD | Planned Order of Element within Arm | Num | Timing | Req | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign@studyCells /StudyCell/@epoch /StudyEpoch/@previous @next | /StudyCell/@arm /StudyCell/@elements | Link epochs via StudyCell to the corresponding study elements. Order epochs and their related elements based on previous StudyEpoch and next StudyEpoch attributes and derive a corresponding ordering number. |
| ETCD | Element Code | Char | Record Qualifie r | Req | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyCells /StudyCell/@elements /StudyElement/@name | /StudyCell/@arm | |
| ELEMENT | Description of Element | Char | Synony m Qualifie r | Per m | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyCells /StudyCell/@elements /StudyElement/@description | /StudyCell/@arm | |
| TABRANC H | Branch | Char | Rule | Exp | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign@scheduleTimelines /ScheduleTimeline/@instances /ScheduleDecisionInstance/@conditionAssignments | /StudyCell/@epoch /StudyCell/@arm | ScheduledInstances in a timeline point to a StudyEpoch (see Section 4.14, Study Timing). Branching information can be stored as scheduledDecisionInstances using the ConditionAssignment that points to the first instance related to the next epoch. |
| TATRANS | Transition Rule | Char | Rule | Exp | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign@scheduleTimelines /ScheduleTimeline/@instances /ScheduledDecisionInstance/@conditionAssignments | /ScheduledActivityInstance/@ep och /StudyCell/@epoch /StudyCell/@arm | ScheduledInstances in a timeline point to a StudyEpoch (see Section 4.14, Study Timing). Transition rule information is stored as scheduledDecisionInstances using the ConditionAssignment that points to an instance not being the default next instance on the timeline. |
| EPOCH | Epoch | Char | Timing | Req | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyCells /StudyCell/@epoch /StudyEpoch/@name | /StudyCell/@arm | |

The following table provides an overview of the mapping of USDM to the SDTM TE domain.

| | The following table provides an overview of the mapping of USDM to the SD1M 1E domain. | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--|------|----------------------|------|---|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Variable Name | Variable Label | Type | Role | Core | USDM Path and Attribute | Required USDM relationships | Selection / Derivation | | | | |
| STUDYID | Study Identifier | Char | Identifier | Req | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyIdentifiers /StudyIdentifier/@studyIdentifier | | study.studyVersion.studyIdentifier.organization. type.code=C188724 (Clinical StudySponsor) | | | | |
| DOMAIN | Domain Abbreviation | Char | Identifier | Req | | | Set to "TE" | | | | |
| ETCD | Element Code | Char | Topic | Req | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@elements /StudyElement/@name | | | | | | |
| ELEMENT | Description of Element | Char | Synonym Qualifier | Req | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@elements /StudyElement/@description | | | | | | |
| TESTRL | Rule for Start of Element | Char | Rule | Req | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@elements /StudyElement/@transitionStartRule /TransitionRule/@text | | | | | | |
| TEENRL | Rule for End of Element | Char | Rule | Perm | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@elements | | | | | | |

| Variable | Variable | Type | Role | Core | USDM Path and Attribute | Required USDM relationships | Selection / Derivation |
|----------|-----------------------------------|------|--------|------|--|--|---|
| Name | Label | | | | | | |
| | | | | | /StudyElement/@transitionEndRule /TransitionRule/@text | | |
| TEDUR | Planned Duration of Element | Char | Timing | Perm | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@scheduleTimelines /ScheduleTimeline/@instances /ScheduledActivityInstance/@timings /Timing/@value | /ScheduledActivityInstance/@epoch /StudyCell/@epoch /StudyCell/@elements | Select scheduleInstances that relate to start of the associated StudyEpoch associated with the corresponding study Element via StudyCell. Select the scheduleInstance associated with the start of the next studyEpoch. Use Timing, values of all related timings that specify the period in between for calculation of the total element duration. |

The following table provides an overview of the mapping of USDM to the **SDTM TV domain**

| Variable | Variable | Type | Role | Core | USDM Path and Attribute | Required USDM relationships | Selection / Derivation |
|----------|----------------------------------|------|----------------------|------|---|---|---|
| Name | Label | | | | | | |
| STUDYID | Study Identifier | Char | Identifier | Req | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyIdentifiers /StudyIdentifier/@studyIdentifier | | study.studyVersion.studyIdentifier.organization. type.code=C188724 (Clinical StudySponsor) |
| DOMAIN | Domain Abbreviation | Char | Identifier | Req | | | Set to "TV" |
| VISITNUM | Visit Number | Num | Topic | Req | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@encounter /Encounter/@previous @next | | Order encounters based previous and next attributes and derive the visit order number correspondingly. Assign numbers based on applicable standard visit numbering rules. |
| VISIT | Visit Name | Char | Synonym Qualifier | Req | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@encounter /Encounter/@name | | |
| VISITDY | Planned Study Day of Visit | Num | Timing | Perm | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@encounter /Encounter/@timing /Timing/@timingValue | | |
| ARMCD | Planned Arm Code | Char | Record Qualifier | Exp | Study@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyCells /StudyCell/@arm /StudyArm/@name | /StudyCell/@epoch /ScheduledActivityInstance/@epoch /ScheduledActivityInstance/@encounter | In case visits differ by arm, the corresponding arm can be derived via the ScheduledActivityInstance relating the encounter via StudyEpoch and StudyCell to the corresponding StudyArm. |
| ARM | Description of Planned Arm | Char | Synonym Qualifier | Perm | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyCells /StudyCell/@arm /StudyArm/@description | /StudyCell/@epoch /ScheduledActivityInstance/@epoch /ScheduledActivityInstance/@encounter | |
| TVSTRL | Visit Start Rule | Char | Rule | Req | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@encounter /Encounter/@transitionStartRule /TransitionRule/@text | | |
| TVENRL | Visit End Rule | Char | Rule | Perm | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@encounter /Encounter/@transitionEndRule /TransitionRule/@text | | |

The following table provides an overview of the mapping of USDM to the **SDTM TI domain**.

| Variable Name | Variable Label | Type | | | USDM Path and Attribute | Required USDM relationships | Selection / Derivation |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|------|-----------------------|------|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| STUDYID | Study Identifier | Char | Identifier | Req | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyIdentifiers /StudyIdentifier/@studyIdentifier | | study.studyVersion.studyIdentifier.organization. type.code=C188724 (Clinical StudySponsor) |
| DOMAIN | Domain Abbreviation | Char | Identifier | Req | | | Set to "TI" |
| IETESTCD | Incl/Excl Criterion Short Name | Char | Topic | Req | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign@population //StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts) /StudyDesignPopulation/StudyCohort/@criteria //EligibilityCriteria/@identifier | | Eligibility criteria might be directly linked to a study Population or via one of the corresponding cohorts. Therefore an alternative path is specified via the StudyCohort class. |
| IETEST | Inclusion/Exclusion Criterion | Char | Synonym Qualifier | Req | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign@population //StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts) //StudyDesignPopulation/StudyCohort/@criteria //EligibilityCriteria/@text | | The eligibility criteria are based on the SyntaxTemplate class (see Section 4.21). Referenced values need to be replaced by actual values before creation of IETEST. |
| IECAT | Inclusion/Exclusion Category | Char | Grouping Qualifier | Req | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign@population (/StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts) /StudyDesignPopulation StudyCohort/@criteria /EligibilityCriteria/@category /code/@decode | | |
| IESCAT | Inclusion/Exclusion Subcategory | Char | Grouping Qualifier | Perm | | | Permitted value. Not available in USDM. Can be applied according to user preference. |
| TIRL | Inclusion/Exclusion Criterion Rule | Char | Rule | Perm | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population (/StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts) | | The eligibility criteria are based on the SyntaxTemplate class (see Section 4.21), which enhances computer readability. References values should not be replaced by actual values for TIRL. |

| Variable Name | Variable Label | Type | Role | Core | USDM Path and Attribute | Required USDM relationships | Selection / Derivation |
|------------------|-------------------------------|------|---------------------|------|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | | | /StudyDesignPopulation StudyCohort/@criteria /EligibilityCriteria/@text | | |
| TIVERS | Protocol Criteria Versions | Char | Record Qualifier | Perm | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@documentVersion /StudyProtocolDocumentVersion/@protocolVersion | | |

The following table provides an overview of the mapping of USDM to the SDTM TS domain.

| Variable Name | Variable Label | Type | Role | Core | USDM Path and Attribute | Required USDM relationships | Selection / Derivation |
|------------------|--|------|----------------------|------|---|-----------------------------------|---|
| STUDYID | Study Identifier | Char | Identifier | Req | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyIdentifiers /StudyIdentifier/@studyIdentifier | | study.studyVersion.studyIdentifier.organization. type.code=C188724 (Clinical StudySponsor) |
| DOMAIN | Domain Abbreviation | Char | Identifier | Req | | | Set to "TS" |
| TSSEQ | Sequence Number | Num | Identifier | Req | See TSPARM mapping table below | | |
| TSGRPID | Group ID | Char | Identifier | Perm | See TSPARM mapping table below | | |
| TSPARMCD | Trial Summary Parameter Short Name | Char | Topic | Req | See TSPARM mapping table below | | |
| TSPARM | Trial Summary Parameter | Char | Synonym Qualifier | Req | See TSPARM mapping table below | | |
| TSVAL | Parameter Value | Char | Result Qualifier | Exp | See TSPARM mapping table below.If not otherwise specified:Code/@decode | | |
| TSVALNF | Parameter Value Null Flavor | Char | Result Qualifier | Perm | Fill in case of missing values with expected data as described in the SDTMIG | | |
| TSVALCD | Parameter Value Code | Char | Result Qualifier | Exp | See TSPARM mapping table below.If not otherwise specified:Code/@decode | | |
| TSVCDREF | Name of Reference Terminology | Char | Result Qualifier | Exp | See TSPARM mapping table below. If not otherwise specified:Code/@codeSystem | | |
| TSVCDVER | Version of the Reference Terminology | Char | Result Qualifier | Exp | See TSPARM mapping table below. If not otherwise specified:Code/@codeSystemVersion | | |

The following table provides a list of published Trial Summary parameters (TSPARM) and their mapping to USDM elements (i.e., entities, attributes, valid values). The table includes only those parameters for which there is a mapping. Frequently used and required parameters are included.

The table is based on the SDTM Controlled Terminology codelist C66738, from SDTM Terminology Version 2023-

09-29. For all synonyms and definitions, please see the corresponding terminology file.

| | | | | Transit | | maana | TOODDID |
|-----------------------|----------|---------|----------|---|--|---------|------------------------------------|
| TSPARM | TSPARMCD | Code | Codelist | | Selection / Derivations | TSSEQ | TSGRPID |
| | | | Code | USDM Path and Attribute | | | |
| Adaptive Design | ADAPT | C146995 | C66738 | Study/@versions | If characteristics include "ADAPTIVE" then TSVAL="Y" | | |
| | | | | /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns | and TSVALCD="C49488" | | |
| | | | | /StudyDesign/@characteristics | Otherwise TSVAL="N" and TSVALCD="C49487" | | |
| | | | | /code/@decode | | | |
| Planned Minimum Age | AGEMIN | C49693 | C66738 | Study/@versions | Use minimum of minimum age values of all populations | | |
| of Subjects | | | | /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns | included (studyDesignPopulations and Cohorts). Transform | | |
| | | | | /StudyDesign/@population | according to ISO 8601 standards. If one ore more | | |
| | | | | (/StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts) | populations have a null minValue then TSVAL should be | | |
| | | | | /StudyDesignPopulation StudyCohort/@plannedAge | set to null and TSVALNF should be filled instead | | |
| | | | | /Range/@minValue + @unit | according to ISO 21090. | | |
| Planned Minimum Age | AGEMAX | C49694 | C66738 | Study/@versions | Use maximum of maximum age values of all populations | | |
| of Subjects | | | | /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns | included (studyDesignPopulations and Cohorts). Transform | | |
| | | | | /StudyDesign/@population | according to ISO 8601 standards. If one ore more | | |
| | | | | (/StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts) | populations have a null maxValue then TSVAL should be | | |
| | | | | /StudyDesignPopulation StudyCohort/@plannedAge | set to null and TSVALNF should be filled instead | | |
| | | | | /Range/@maxValue + @unit | according to ISO 21090. | | |
| Comparative Treatment | COMPTRT | C68612 | C66738 | Study/@versions | StudyIntervention/@role/ Code/@Code<>"C41161" | Add | If applicable, |
| Name | COMITICI | C00012 | C00730 | /Study/eversion/@studyDesigns | (not "Experimental Intervention") | Unique | combine with the |
| Name | | | | /StudyDesign/@studyInterventions | andStudyIntervention/@productDesignation/ | number | corresponding |
| | | | | | Code/@decode="IMP" | if more | intervention |
| | | | | /StudyIntervention/@name | Code/@decode= IMP | than 1 | variables by a |
| | | | | | | tnan 1 | |
| | CHIPPER | COSSOS | 0.0000 | D. 1.10 | G. 1.1 | | common tsgrpid |
| Current Therapy or | CURTRT | C85582 | C66738 | Study/@versions | StudyIntervention/@role/Code/@Code="C165822" | Add | If applicable, combine with the |
| Treatment | | | | /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns | ("Background Treatment") | Unique | |
| | | | | /StudyDesign/@studyInterventions | | number | corresponding |
| | | | | /StudyIntervention/@name | | if more | intervention |
| | | | | | | than 1 | variables by a |
| | | | | | | | common tsgrpid |
| Dose Level; Dose per | DOSE | C25488 | C66738 | Study/@versions | | | If applicable, |
| Administration | | | | /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns | | | combine with the |
| | | | | /StudyDesign/@studyInterventions | | | corresponding |
| | | | | /StudyIntervention/@administrations | | | intervention |
| | | | | /AgentAdministration/@dose | | | variables by a |
| | | | | /Quantity/@value | | | common tsgrpid |
| Dosing Frequency | DOSFRQ | C89081 | C66738 | Study/@versions | | | If applicable, |
| | | | | /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns | | | combine with the |
| | | | | /StudyDesign/@studyInterventions | | | corresponding |
| | | | | /StudyIntervention/@administrations | | | intervention |
| | | | | /AgentAdministration/@frequency | | | variables by a |
| | | | | | | | common tsgrpid |
| Dose Units | DOSU | C73558 | C66738 | Study/@versions | | | If applicable, |
| | | 1 | | /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns | | ĺ | combine with the |
| | | 1 | | /StudyDesign/@studyInterventions | | ĺ | corresponding |
| | | 1 | | /StudyIntervention/@administrations | | ĺ | intervention |
| | | 1 | | /AgentAdministration/@dose | | ĺ | variables by a |
| | | | | /Quantity/@unit | | l | common tsgrpid |
| Extension Trial | EXTTIND | C139274 | C66738 | Study/@versions | If characteristics include "Extension" then TSVAL="Y" | | |
| Indicator | 1 | | | /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns | and TSVALCD="C49488" | l | l |
| | | 1 | | | Otherwise TSVAL="N" and TSVALCD="C49487" | l | l |
| | 1 | | | | | | |

| TSPARM | TSPARMCD | Code | Codelist Code | TSVAL USDM Path and Attribute | Selection / Derivations | TSSEQ | TSGRPID |
|---|----------|---------|------------------|--|--|--|---|
| | | | Coue | /StudyDesign/@characteristics | | | |
| Planned Country of | FCNTRY | C98770 | C66738 | /code/@decode Study/@versions | SubjectEnrollment/@type | Add | |
| Investigational Sites | | | | /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns //StudyDesign/@appliesTo //StudyStie/@currentEnrollment //SubjectEnrollment/@code //AliasCode/@StandardCode | /code/@code=C25464 ("Country") | Unique number if more than 1 | |
| Healthy Subject Indicator | HLTSUВЛ | C98737 | C66738 | Study/@versions // // // // // // // // // // // // // | If True then TSVAL="Y" and TSVALCD="C49488" If False then TSVAL="N" and TSVALCD="C49487" | | |
| Trial Disease/Condition Indication; Trial Disease/Condition Indication Description | INDIC | C112038 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@indications /Indication/@name or @description | | | |
| Intervention Model | INTMODEL | C98746 | C66738 | /mudation/@name of @description Study/@version/@studyDesigns /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@interventionModel | | | |
| Intervention Type | INTTYPE | C98747 | C66738 | Study/@versions /Study/Version/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyInterventions /StudyIntervention/@type | | | If applicable, combine with the corresponding intervention variables by a common tsgrpid |
| Trial Length | LENGTH | C49697 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign @escheduleTimelines /ScheduleTimeline/@instances /ScheduledActivityInstance/@timings /Timing/@value | Select scheduleInstances that relate to start of the study. Select the scheduleInstance associated with the end of the study. Use Timing, values of all related timings that specify the period in between for calculation of the total trial length. | | common agrae |
| Planned Number of Arms | NARMS | C98771 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@arms | Count number of instances (each instance is an arm) defined in StudyArm class | | |
| Number of Groups/Cohorts | NCOHORT | C126063 | C66738 | /Study/Arm Study/@versions /Study/Version/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population /StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts /StudyChestort | Count number of instances (each instance is an cohort) defined in StudyCohort class | | |
| Trial Exploratory Objective | OBJEXP | C163559 | C66738 | Study/@versions /Study/Version/@studyDesigns /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@objectives /Objective/@text | Objective/@level /code/@Code = C163559 ("Exploratory Objective") Objectives are based on the SyntaxTemplate class (see Section 4.20). References values need to be replaced by actual values before creation of OBJEXP. | Add Unique number | combine with the corresponding outcome measures by a common tsgrpid |
| Study Primary Objective; Trial Primary Objective | OBJPRIM | C85826 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@objectives /Objective/@text | Objective/@level / 'code/@Code = C85826 ("Study Primary Objective") Objectives are based on the SyntaxTemplate class. References values need to be replaced by actual values before creation of OBJPRIM. | Add Unique number | combine with the corresponding outcome measures by a common tsgrpid |
| Study Secondary Objective; Trial Secondary Objective | OBJSEC | C85827 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyDesign@objectives /Objective/@text | Objective/@level 'code/@Code = C85827 ("Study Secondary Objective") Objectives are based on the SyntaxTemplate class. References values need to be replaced by actual values before creation of OBJSEC. | Add Unique number | combine with the corresponding outcome measures by a common tsgrpid |
| Exploratory Outcome Measure | OUTMSEXP | C98724 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@objectives /Objective/@endpoints /Endpoint/@text | Endpoint/@level /code/@Code = C170559 ("Exploratory Endpoint") Endpoints are based on the SyntaxTemplate class. References values need to be replaced by actual values before creation of OUTMSEXP. Alternatively, the referenced biomedical concept can be used for OUTMSEXP. | Add Unique number | combine with the corresponding objective by a common tsgrpid |
| Primary Outcome Measure | OUTMSPRI | C98772 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyDesign@ohjectives /Objective@endpoints /Endpoint/@text | Endpoint/@level /code/@Code = C94496 ("Primary Endpoint") Endpoints are based on the Syntax Template class. References values need to be replaced by actual values before creation of OUTMSPRI. Alternatively, the referenced biomedical concept can be used for OUTMSPRI. | Add Unique number | combine with the corresponding objective by a common tsgrpid |
| Secondary Outcome Measure | OUTMSSEC | C98781 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyDesign @ohjectives /Objective/@endpoints /Endpoint/@text | Endpoint/@level /code/@Code = C139173 ("Secondary Endpoint") Endpoints are based on the SyntaxTemplate class. References values need to be replaced by actual values before creation of OUTMSSEC. Alternatively, the referenced biomedical concept can be used for OUTMSSEC. | Add Unique number | combine with the corresponding objective by a common tsgrpid |
| Pharmacologic Class | PCLAS | C98768 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyInterventions /StudyIntervention/@pharmacologicClass | Corresponding @productDesignation should correspond to IMP | | If applicable, combine with the corresponding intervention variables by a common tsgrpid |
| Anticipated Enrollment; Planned Enrollment; Planned Number of Subjects; Target Enrollment | PLANSUB | C49692 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign @population /StudyDesignPopulation/@plannedEnrollmentNumber /Range/@MinValue + @MaxValue | Combine MinValue and MaxValue. If equal or only 1 available then only show once. | | |
| Planned Treatment Duration | PTRTDUR | C139276 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyDesign @studyInterventions /StudyDesign @studyInterventions /StudyIntervention @administrations /AgentADministration/@duration /AdministrationDuration/@quantity /Ouantity/@aube = @unit | | | If applicable, combine with the corresponding intervention variables by a common tsgrpid |
| Trial is Randomized | RANDOM | C25196 | C66738 | Study/@versions (Study/eversions/estudyDesigns /StudyDesign/@characteristics /code/@decode | If characteristics include "RANDOMIZED" then TSVAL="Y" and TSVALCD="C49488" Otherwise TSVAL="N" and TSVALCD="C49487" | | |
| Rare Disease Indicator | RDIND | C126070 | | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@indications /Indication/@isRareDisease | If True then TSVAL="Y" and TSVALCD="C49488" If False then TSVAL="N" and TSVALCD="C49487" | | |
| Registry Identifier | REGID | C98714 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyIdentifiers /StudyIdentifier/@studyIdentifier | StudyIdentifier/@studyIdentifierScope /Organization/@type /Code/@code=C93453 ("Clinical Study Registry") | Add Unique number if more than 1 | |

| TSPARM | TSPARMCD | Code | Codelist Code | TSVAL USDM Path and Attribute | Selection / Derivations | TSSEQ | TSGRPID |
|--|----------|---------|------------------|--|---|--|---|
| | | | | | Fill TSVCDREF with corresponding organization name. studyIdentifier/@studyIdentifierScope /Organization/@name | | |
| Route of Administration | ROUTE | C38114 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign@studyInterventions /StudyIntervention/@administrations /AsenItAministration/@oute | | | |
| Sex of Participants | SEXPOP | C49696 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population /StudyDesignPopulation/@plannedSex | | | |
| Clinical Study Sponsor; Sponsor; Study Sponsor | SPONSOR | C70793 | C66738 | Study/@versions /Study/esrion/@studyldentifiers /Studyldentifier/@studyldentifierScope /Organization/@name | Organization/@type/Code/@code=C70793 ("Clinical Study Sponsor") TSVALCD=Organization/@identifier TSVCDREF=Organization/@identifierScheme | | |
| Sponsor's Study Reference ID | SPREFID | C135009 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyIdentifiers /StudyIdentifier/@studyIdentifier | StudyIdentifier/@studyIdentifierScope /Organization/@type/Code/@code=C70793 ("Clinical Study Sponsor") | | |
| Study Type; Study Type Classification | STYPE | C142175 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyType | | | |
| Study Blinding Design; Study Blinding Schema; Study Masking Design; Trial Blinding Design; Trial Blinding Schema; Trial Masking Design | TBLIND | C49658 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@blindingSchema | | | |
| Control Type | TCNTRL | C49647 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyInterventions /StudyIntervention/@role | StudyIntervention/@productDesignation/ Code/@Decode="NIMP" Map valid values of @role to TCNTRL | | |
| Therapeutic Area | THERAREA | C101302 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@therapeuticAreas | | | |
| Trial Intent Type | TINDTP | C49652 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@trialIntentTypes | | Add Unique number if more than 1 | |
| Official Study Title; Study Title; Trial Title | TITLE | C49802 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@titles /StudyTitle/@Text | StudyTitle/@Type/Code/@decode="Official Study Title" | | |
| Trial Phase; Trial Phase Classification | TPHASE | C48281 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyPhase /AliasCode/@standardCode | | | |
| Investigational Therapy or Treatment | TRT | C41161 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyInterventions /StudyIntervention/@name | StudyIntervention/@role/Code/@Code="C41161" | | If applicable, combine with the corresponding intervention variables by a common tsgrpid |
| Trial Scope; Trial Type | ТТҮРЕ | C49660 | C66738 | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@trialTypes | | Add Unique number if more than 1 | |

14.2 Informing ClinicalTrials.gov Registry

The ClinicalTrials.gov registry can largely be filled with the study design information captured in the USDM. The definitions for protocol registration data elements submitted to <u>ClinicalTrials.gov</u> for interventional studies (clinical trials) and observational studies are provided on the corresponding <u>definitions site</u>. Included topics and whether they are covered in USDM are presented in the table below.

| CT.gov topic | USDM coverage |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Study Identification | Yes |
| Study Status | No; not available at study design stage |
| Sponsor/Collaborators | No |
| Oversight | No |
| Study Description | No; protocol text covered by the Unstructured Content (see Section 4.20) class may be used for this. |
| Conditions and Keywords | No |
| Study Design | Yes; Interventional Study design parameters |
| Arms, Groups, and Interventions | Yes |
| Outcome Measures | Yes |
| Eligibility | Yes; Interventional Study design parameters |
| Contacts, Locations, and Investigator | Limited; not presented in this overview |
| Information | |
| IPD Sharing Statement | No |
| References | No |

The mapping for the required data elements of topics that are covered is specified below.

The mapping to **Study Identification** is presented below. See Section 4.7, <u>Study Identifiers and Titles</u>, for a

description of the related features in the USDM.

| CT.gov Path | CT.gov Variable | CT.gov Requirement | USDM path and attribute | Selection/Derivation |
|--|--------------------|---|--|--|
| Study Identification | Brief Title | Required | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@titles /StudyTitle/@Text | StudyTitle/@Type/Code/@decode="Brief Study Title" limit to 300 characters |
| Study Identification. Brief Title | Acronym | Required, If available | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@titles /StudyTitle/@Text | StudyTitle/@Type/Code/@decode="Study Acronym" limit to 14 characters |
| Study Identification | Official Title | Required | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@titles /StudyTitle/@Text | StudyTitle/@Type/Code/@decode="Official Study Title" limit to 600 characters |
| Study Identification | Secondary ID | Required, If available | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyIdentifiers//StudyIdentifier/@studyIdentifier | Studyldentifier/@studyldentifierScope /Organization/@type //Code/@code >> C70793 ("Clinical Study Sponsor")studyldentifier/@studyldentifierScope /Organization/@name <> "NCT" (or NCT alias) |
| Study Identification. Secondary ID | Туре | Required, If secondary ID available | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyIdentifiers /StudyIdentifier/@studyIdentifierScope /Organization/@name | Map organization name to corresponding CT.gov terminology. |
| Study Identification. Secondary ID | Description | Required, If secondary ID available | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyIdentifiers /StudyIdentifier/@studyIdentifierScope /Organization/@name | |
| Study Identification | Study Type | Required | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@Type/code/@decode | In case of "PATIENT REGISTRY" in USDM, map to "Observational" in CT.gov. Other Study types can be submitted as is. |

The mapping to Study Design, interventional study design parameters is presented below. See Section 4.6,

Study, Protocols, and Amendments, for a description of the related features in the USDM.

| | | | nts, for a description of the related feat | | |
|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|
| CT.gov Path | CT.gov Variable | CT.gov Requirement | USDM path and attribute | Required USDM relationship | Selection/Derivation |
| Study Design. Interventional Study Design | Primary Purpose | Required | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@trialTypes/code/@decode | | See Primary objective:/StudyDesign/@objectives/objective/@text where /StudyDesign/@objectives /objective/@level /code/@code=C85826 Select the TrialType that relates to the primary objective. There are 2 options to do this: • repeat of decode terminology in objective text • reference from primary objective text to corresponding trialtype instance |
| Study Design. Interventional Study Design | Study Phase | Required | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyPhase /AliasCode/@standardCode/code/@decode | | Remove "A" and "B" from SDTM terminology (codelist C66737) and map 1 to 1 to CT.gov terminology if possible. |
| Study Design. Interventional Study Design | Interventional Study Model | Required | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns/StudyDesign/@interventionModel/code/@decode | | Translate CROSS-OVER to CROSSOVER. Other decode values from SDTM terminology (codelist C99076) can be submitted as is. |
| Study Design. Interventional Study Design. Interventional Study Model | Model description | | study/@versions/studyVersion/@documentVersion studyProtocolDocumentVersion/@contents /NarrativeContent/@text | | NarrativeContent/@sectionTitle="Intervention Model" limit to 1000 characters |
| Study Design. Interventional Study Design | Number of Arms | Required | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns/StudyDesign/@arms/StudyArm | | Count number of instances (each instance is an arm) defined in StudyArm class |
| Study Design. Interventional Study Design | Masking | Required | Study/@versions / StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@maskingRoles /Masking/@role /code/@decode | | If no masking roles are defined in USDM then set Masking to "No Masking". If masking role in USDM = "Sponsor" then leave empty. All other values can be submitted as is |
| Study Design. Interventional Study Design. Masking | Masking Description | | Study/@versions / StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@maskingKoles /Masking/@role /code/@decode + @description | | If masking role in USDM = "Sponsor" then fill with "Sponsor" + corresponding description. |
| Study Design. Interventional Study Design | Allocation | Required | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@arms/StudyArm and Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@characteristics/code/@decode | | Count number of instances (each instance is an arm) defined in StudyArm class. If 1 or less then submission value is "N/A (not applicable)". Else If characteristics include "RANDOMIZED" then submission value is "Randomized" Otherwise submission value is "Nonrandomized" |
| Study Design. Interventional Study Design | Enrollment | Required | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign(@population /StudyDesignPopulation/@plannedEnrollmentNumber /Range(@MinValue + @MaxValue | | Combine MinValue and MaxValue. If equal or only 1 of them available then only show once. |

The mapping to **Arms, Groups and Interventions** is presented below. See Section 4.10, <u>Arms and Epochs</u>, and Section 4.17, Study Interventions, for descriptions of the related features in the USDM.

| CT.gov Path | CT.gov Variable | CT.gov | USDM path and attribute | Required USDM relationship | Selection/Derivation |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|---|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Requirement | | | |
| Arms, Groups and Interventions. | Arm Title | Required | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@arms /StudyArm/@name | | Limit to 100 characters. |

| CT.gov Path | CT.gov Variable | CT.gov Requirement | USDM path and attribute | Required USDM relationship | Selection/Derivation |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Arm | | | | | |
| Information Arms, Groups and Interventions. Arm Information | Arm Type | Required | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@arms /StudyArm/@type /code/@decode | | In case USDM arm types "Control" and "Treatment" are used they may be mapped to "Other" or any of the Experimental or Comparator types. All other USDM arm types can directly be used by moving the word "arm" from the USDM arm decode value. |
| Arms, Groups and Interventions. Arm Information | Arm Description | If needed | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@arms /StudyArm/@description | | Limit to 999 characters. |
| Arms, Groups and Interventions. Group/Cohort Information | Group/Cohort Label | For observational studies only | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population/ StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts /StudyCohort/@label | | Limit to 100 characters. |
| Arms, Groups and Interventions. Group/Cohort Information | Group/Cohort Description | Required | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population/ StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts /StudyCohort/@description | | Limit to 999 characters. |
| Arms, Groups and Interventions. Interventions | Intervention Type | Required | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyCells /StudyCell/@elements /StudyElement/@studyInterventions /StudyIntervention/@type /Code/@decode | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyCells /StudyCell/@StudyArm | StudyCell relates StudyArm with corresponding element that relates to the corresponding intervention. From ClinicalTrials.gov: "If the same intervention is associated with more than one arm or group, provide the information once and use the Arm or Group/Intervention Cross-Reference to associate it with more than one arm or group." Text transformation is needed for 1 to 1 mapping to ClinicalTrials.gov terminology. |
| Arms, Groups and Interventions. Interventions | Intervention Name | Required | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyCells /StudyCell/@elements /StudyElement/@studyInterventions /StudyIntervention/@name | | Limit to 200 characters. |
| Arms, Groups and Interventions. Interventions | Other Intervention Name | If any | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyCells /StudyCell/@elements /StudyElement/@studyInterventions /StudyIntervention/@label | | Upon judgement of (system) user to decide whether label should be included as other intervention name. Limit to 200 characters. |
| Arms, Groups and Interventions. Interventions | Intervention Description | Required | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyCells /StudyCell/@elements /StudyElement/@studyInterventions /StudyIntervention/@description | | Limit to 1000 characters. |
| Arms, Groups and Interventions. Interventions | Arm or Group/Interventional Cross-References | Required | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyCells /StudyCell/@elements /StudyElement/@studyInterventions /StudyIntervention/ | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyCells /StudyCell/@StudyArm | From ClinicalTrials.gov: "If the same intervention is associated with more than one arm or group, provide the information once and use the Arm or Group/Intervention Cross-Reference to associate it with more than one arm or group." |

The mapping to **Outcome Measures** is presented below. See Section 4.17, <u>Study Objectives and Endpoints</u>, for a description of the related features in the USDM.

| CT.gov Path | CT.gov Variable | CT.gov Requirement | USDM path and attribute | Required USDM relationship | Selection/Derivation |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------|---|--|--|
| Outcome Measures. Primary Outcome Measure Information | Title | Required | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@objectives /objective/@endpoints/Endpoint/@name | | /Endpoint/@level /code/@code=C94496 Limit to 254 characters. |
| Outcome Measures. Primary Outcome Measure Information | Description | If available | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@objectives /objective/@endpoints/Endpoint/@text | | /Endpoint/@level /code/@code=C94496 The endpoint text is based on the SyntaxTemplate class (see Section 4.21). Referenced values need to be replaced by actual values before submitting. Limit to 999 characters. |
| Outcome Measures. Primary Outcome Measure Information | Time Frame | Required | Study/@versions /StudyVersion@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@objectives /objective/@endpoints/Endpoint/@text | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@scheduleTimelines /ScheduleTimeline/@ScheduleInstance /Timing/@value | /Endpoint/@level /code/@code=C94496 In case of reference to the corresponding Timing class, check and use the referenced timing for this attribute. Limit to 254 characters. |
| Outcome Measures. Primary Secondary Measure Information | Title | If any | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@objectives /objective/@endpoints /Endpoint/@name | | /Endpoint/@level /code/@code=C139173 Limit to 254 characters. |
| Outcome Measures. Primary Secondary Measure Information | Description | If available | Study/@versions /StudyVersion@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@objectives /objective/@endpoints/Endpoint/@text | | /Endpoint/@level /code/@code=C139173 The endpoint text is based on the SyntaxTemplate class. Referenced values need to be replaced by actual values before submitting. Limit to 999 characters. |
| Outcome Measures. Primary Secondary Measure Information | Time Frame | If any | Study/@versions /StudyVersion@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@objectives /objective/@endpoints/Endpoint/@text | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@scheduleTimelines /ScheduleTimeline/@ScheduleInstance /Timing/@value | /Endpoint/@level /code/@code=C139173 In case of reference to the corresponding Timing class, check and use the referenced timing for this attribute. Limit to 254 characters. |
| Outcome Measures. Other Pre-specified Outcome Measures | Title | If any | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@objectives /objective/@endpoints/Endpoint/@name | | /Endpoint/@level /code/@code=C170559 Limit to 254 characters. |
| Outcome Measures. Other Pre-specified Outcome Measures | Description | If available | Study/@versions /StudyVersion@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@objectives /objective/@endpoints/Endpoint/@text | | /Endpoint/@level /code/@code=C170559 The endpoint text is based on the SyntaxTemplate class. Referenced values need to be replaced by actual values before submitting. Limit to 999 characters. |
| Outcome Measures. Other Pre-specified Outcome Measures | Time Frame | If any | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@objectives /objective/@endpoints/Endpoint/@text | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns/StudyDesign/@scheduleTimelines/ScheduleTimeline/@ScheduleInstance/Timing/@value | /Endpoint/@level /code/@code=C170559 In case of reference to the corresponding Timing class, check and use the referenced timing for this attribute. Limit to 254 characters. |

The mapping to Eligibility is presented below. See Section 4.19, Populations, Cohorts, and Eligibility Criteria, for a description of the related features in the USDM.

| CT.gov Path | CT.gov Variable | CT.gov Requirement | USDM path and attribute | Required USDM relationship | Selection/Derivation |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|---|--|--|
| Eligibility. Sex/Gender | Sex | Required | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns/StudyDesign/@population/StudyDesignPopulation/@plannedSex/code/@decode | | Map 1 to 1 to corresponding ct.gov terminology. |
| Eligibility. Sex/Gender | Gender Based | If applicable | Not in USDM v3.0 | | ClinicalTrials.gov: "Gender means a person's self-representation of gender identity." In general, it can be decided whether this is 'No' for all trials governed by the sponsor. |
| Eligibility. Sex/Gender | Gender Eligibility Description | | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population/StudyPopulation/@criteria/ EligibilityCriteria/@text | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population /StudyDesignPopulation/@plannedSex | The eligibility text is based on the SyntaxTemplate class (see <u>Section</u> 4.21). Referenced values need to be replaced by actual values before submitting. Limit to 1000 characters. Select the criterium referencing to the corresponding plannedSex value, if any. |
| Eligibility. Age Limits | Minimum Age | Required | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population/StudyPopulation/@plannedAge/ Range/@minValue | | |
| Eligibility. Age Limits | Unit of Time | Required | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population/StudyPopulation/@plannedAge/ Range/@unit/code/@decode | | Map 1 to 1 to corresponding ClinicalTrials.gov terminology. |
| Eligibility. Age Limits | Maximum Age | Required | RequiredStudy/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population /StudyPopulation/@plannedAge / Range/@maxValue | | |

| CT.gov Path | CT.gov Variable | CT.gov Requirement | USDM path and attribute | Required USDM relationship | Selection/Derivation |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|--|
| Eligibility. Age Limits | Unit of Time | Required | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population /StudyPopulation/@plannedAge / Range/@unit / code/@decode | | Map 1 to 1 to corresponding <u>ClinicalTrials.gov</u> terminology. |
| Eligibility | Accepts Healthy Volunteers | Required | Study/@versions /Study/ersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population /StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts) /StudyDesignPopulation /StudyCohort/@includesHealthySubjects | | If any of the values for the StudyDesignPopulation or a StudyCohort is True then set to "Yes"; otherwise set to "No". |
| Eligibility | Eligibility Criteria | Required | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population/StudyPopulation/@criteria/ EligibilityCriteria/@text | | The eligibility text is based on the SyntaxTemplate class. Referenced values need to be replaced by actual values before submitting. Select limited list for submission and limit to 20000 characters. |
| Eligibility | Study Population Description | For observational studies only | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns/StudyDesign/@population/StudyDesignPopulation/@description | | Limit to 1000 characters. |
| Eligibility | Sampling Method | For observational studies only | Not in USDM v3.0 | | |

14.3 Use of USDM for Populating Protocol Content

A secondary aim of the USDM is to demonstrate that protocol-related content can be pulled from a reference implementation of the USDM and populated programmatically into the corresponding fields of a structured document. The TransCelerate CPT is a <u>publicly available resource</u> proposed to harmonize clinical trial protocol content in a streamlined format. The below table indicates how the USDM v3.0 (*updating to v4.0 during phase 4 of development*) content can be used to populate the structured CPT fields of CPT version v010 including the <u>CPT_BWE document</u> that is the base word template and the <u>CPT_TEE document</u> that is required to be used with the Addin.

| CPT Section | CPT Variable Display Name | CPT Variable Name (compacted) | CPT Var Type | Mappin g Type (CPT to USDM) | USDM Path and Attribute | USD M Field Type | Selection / Derivations |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------------|--|
| Page Header / | Version | CPT:VersionNumber | Text | OneTo | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@documentVersion | Text, | protocolVersion sort by |
| Title Page Page Header / Title Page | Number Protocol ID | CPT:ProtocolID | Text | Many OneToO ne | /studyProtocolDocumentVersion/protocolVersion Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyIdentifiers /StudyIdentifier/@studyIdentifier | text | EffectiveDate and VersionstudyIdentifier/@studyIdentifierScope /Organization/@organizationTy pe /code/@code="C188724" (Clinical Study Sponsor) |
| Title Page | Acronym | CPT:Acronym | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@titles /StudyTitle/@Text | Text | StudyTitle/@Type/Code/@dec ode="Study Acronym" |
| Title Page | Protocol Short Title | CPT:ProtocolShortTitle | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@titles /StudyTitle/@Text | Text | StudyTitle/@Type/Code/@dec ode="Brief Study Title" |
| Title Page | Protocol Title | CPT:ProtocolTitle | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@titles /StudyTitle/@Text | Text | StudyTitle/@Type/Code/@dec ode="Official Study Title" |
| Title Page | Amendme nt Number | CPT:AmendmentNumber | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@amendments /StudyAmendment/@number | Text | protocolAmendment: use previous attribute for sorting and take the number of last amendment |
| Title Page | Compoun d Number | CPT:CompoundNumber | Text | OneToO ne | Will be added to USDM v4.0 | | |
| Title Page | Sponsor Name | CPT:SponsorName | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyIdentifiers /StudyIdentifier/@studyIdentifierScope /Organization/@name | Text | studyIdentifier/@studyIdentifierScope /Organization/@organizationTy pe /code/@code="C70793" (Clinical Study Sponsor) |
| Title Page | Sponsor Legal Address | CPT:SponsorLegalAddress | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyIdentifiers /StudyIdentifier/@studyIdentifierScope /Organization/@legalAddress /Address/@text+@line+@district+ @city+@postalCode+@state | Text | studyIdentifier/@studyIdentifierScope /Organization/@organizationTy pe /code/@code="C70793" (Clinical Study Sponsor) |
| Title Page | Study Phase | CPT:StudyPhase | Choic e | vs.Code List | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyPhase /AliasCode/@standardCode /code/@decode | Coded value | Retrieve decode Value from standardCode element. Transform into CPT master code value |
| Title Page / Synopsis | Blinding | | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@blindingSchema / code/@decode | Coded value | |
| Title Page / Synopsis | Primary Purpose | CPT:PrimaryPurpose | Text | OneTo Many | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns/StudyDesign/@trialIntentTypes/code/@decode | Coded value | See CDISC SDTM extensible codelist C66736 for USDM content aligning with CPT primary purpose codes. Note that USDM and the SDTM TS domain allows for multiple values. If more values are present in USDM then they |

| CPT Section | CPT Variable Display Name | CPT Variable Name (compacted) | CPT Var Type | Mappin g Type (CPT to USDM) | USDM Path and Attribute | USD M Field Type | Selection / Derivations |
|---|---|--|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| | Name | | | USDN1) | | Туре | need to be combined to fill |
| Title Page / Synopsis | Interventi on Model | CPT:InterventionModel | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@interventionModel / code/@decode | Coded value | Primary Purpose in CPT. See CDISC SDTM extensible codelist C99076 for USDM content aligning with CPT primary purpose codes. |
| Title Page / Synopsis | Condition or Disease | CPT:ConditionDisease | Text | OneTo Many | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@indications /indication/@name + @description | Text | |
| Title Page / Synopsis | Regulator y Agency ID | CPT:RegulatoryAgencyID | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyIdentifiers/StudyIdentifier/@scope/Organization/@name | Text | studyIdentifier/@studyIdentifierScope /Organization/@organizationTy pe /code/@code="C188863" (Regulatory Agency) |
| Title Page / Synopsis | Regulator y Agency Number | CPT:RegulatoryAgencyNumber | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyIdentifiers /StudyIdentifier/@text | Text | StudyIdentifier/@scope /Organization/@organizationTy pe /code/@code="C188863" (Regulatory Agency) |
| Title Page / Synopsis | Pediatric Investigati onal Plan Number | CPT:PediatricInvestigationalPlanNumber | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@referenceIdentifiers/ReferenceIdentifier/@text | Text | ReferenceIdentifier/@type /Code/@decode="Pediatric Investigation Plan" |
| Title Page / Study Population | Sex of participan ts | CPT:Sexofparticipants | Choic e | OneToO ne | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population /StudyDesignPopulation/@plannedSex/code/@decode | Coded value | Refer to CDISC codelist for Sex and corresponding eCPT mapping values in Data mapping sheet |
| Title Page | Protocol Approval Date | CPT:ApprovalDate | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@documentVersion/studyProtocolDocumentVersion/@dateValues/GovernanceDate/@dateValue | Date | GovernanceDate/@type /code/@Code = C132352 ("Sponsor approval date") |
| List of Abbreviations | List of Abbreviat ions | CPT:ListOfAbbreviations | Rich Text | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions /DocumentVersion/@contents /NarrativeContent/@contentItems/contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle For CPT the sectionTitle should be "List of Abbreviations". |
| Synopsis | Rationale | CPT:Rationale | Rich Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@Rationale | Text | |
| Synopsis | Number of Participan ts | CPT:NumberofParticipants | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population /StudyDesignPopulation/@plannedCompletionNumber /Range/@MinValue + @MaxValue | Intege r | Combine MinValue and MaxValue. If equal then only one of both. |
| Synopsis | Enrollmen t Target | CPT:EnrollmentTarget | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population /StudyDesignPopulation/@plannedEnrollmentNumber /Range/@MinValue + @MaxValue | Intege r | Combine MinValue and MaxValue. If equal then only one of both. |
| Synopsis | Number of Arms | CPT:NumberofArms | Text | Count | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns/StudyDesign/@arms | | Count the number of arms defined within the study design. |
| Synopsis / Objectives, En dpoints, and Estimands | Primary Objective s | CPT:ObjectivesPrimary | RichT ext | OneTo Many | Study/@versions/StudyDesigns/StudyDesign/@objectives/Objective/@text | Text | Objective/@level /code/@Code = C85826 ("Primary Objective") Objectives are based on the SyntaxTemplate class. References values need to be replaced by actual values before creation of ObjectivesPrimary |
| Synopsis / Objectives, En dpoints, and Estimands | Primary Endpoints | CPT:EndpointsPrimary | RichT ext | OneTo Many | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@objectives /Objective/@endpoints /Endpoint/@text | Text | Endpoint/@level /code/@Code = C94496 ("Primary Endpoint") Endpoints are based on the SyntaxTemplate class. References values need to be replaced by actual values before creation of EndpointsPrimary. They can be grouped with the corresponding objective via the objective-endpoint relationship. |
| Synopsis / Objectives, En dpoints, and Estimands | Secondary Objective s | CPT:ObjectivesSecondary | RichT ext | OneTo Many | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@objectives /Objective/@text | Text | Objective/@level /code/@Code = C85827 ("Secondary Objective") Objectives are based on the SyntaxTemplate class. References values need to be replaced by actual values before creation of ObjectivesSecondary. |
| Synopsis / Objectives, En dpoints, and Estimands | Secondary Endpoints | CPT:EndpointsSecondary | RichT ext | OneTo Many | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@objectives /Objective/@endpoints/Endpoint/@text | Text | Endpoint/@level /code/@Code = C139173 ("Secondary Endpoint") Endpoints are based on the SyntaxTemplate class. References values need to be replaced by actual values before creation of EndpointsSecondary. They can be grouped with the corresponding objective via the objective-endpoint relationship. |

| CPT Section | CPT Variable Display Name | CPT Variable Name (compacted) | CPT Var Type | Mappin g Type (CPT to USDM) | USDM Path and Attribute | USD M Field Type | Selection / Derivations |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| Synopsis | Overall Design Synopsis | CPT:OverallDesignSynopsis | Rich Text | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions /DocumentVersion/@contents /NarrativeContent/@contentItems /contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle For CPT the sectionTitle should be "Overall Design Synopsis" and it should be a child within section 1.1 with title "Synopsis". |
| Synopsis | Brief Summary | CPT:BriefSummary | Rich Text | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions //DocumentVersion/@contents //NarrativeContent/@contentItems /contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle For CPT the sectionTitle should be "Brief Summary" and it should be a child within section 1.1 with title "Synopsis". |
| Synopsis | Masking | CPT:Masking | Text | OneTo Many | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns/ StudyDesign/@maskingRoles /Masking/@role /code/@decode | Coded value | Combine decoded role(s) if more then 1. Align CPT coded values with DDF coded values for Masking roles. |
| Synopsis | Randomly Assigned / enrolled | CPT:RandomlyAssignedEnrolled | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns/StudyDesign/@characteristics/code/@decode | Coded value | If USDM decodes include "RANDOMIZED" then value for CPT will be randomized, otherwise depending on the study design it can be set to enrolled or assigned to investigational intervention. |
| Synopsis | Interventi on Groups and Duration | CPT:InterventionGroupsandDuration | Rich Text | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions //DocumentVersion/@contents //NarrativeContent/@contentItems /contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle For CPT the sectionTitle should be "Brief Summary" and it should be a child within section 1.1 with title "Study Arms and Duration". The Narrative content text may include references to the corresponding arm descriptions in the arm class and timing of the last intervention day. |
| Schema | Schema | CPT:Schema | Pictur e | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions //DocumentVersion/@contents //NarrativeContent/@contentItems //contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle. For CPT the section should be 1.2 with title "Schema". HTML content need to include the schema as picture. |
| Study Rationale | Study Rationale | CPT:StudyRationale | Rich Text | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions /DocumentVersion/@contents /NarrativeContent/@contentItems /contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle. For CPT the section should be 2.1 with title "Study Rationale". This may include a reference to Study/@versions/@Rationale which is mapped to the rationale presented in the synopsis. |
| Objectives, Endpoints, and Estimands | Objective s, Endpoints , and Estimands | CPT:ObjectivesEndpointsAndEstim ands | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions //DocumentVersion/@contents //NarrativeContent/@contentItems /contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum |
| Objectives, Endpoints, and Estimands | Tertiary Explorato ry Objective s | CPT:ObjectivesTertiaryExploratory | RichT ext | OneTo Many | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@objectives /Objective/@endpoints/Objective/@text | Text | Objective/@level /code/@Code = C163559 ("Exploratory Objective") Objectives are based on the SyntaxTemplate class. References values need to be replaced by actual values before creation of ObjectivesTertiaryExploratory. |
| Objectives, Endpoints, and Estimands | Tertiary Explorato ry Endpoints | CPT:EndpointsTertiaryExploratory | RichT ext | OneTo Many | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@objectives /Objective/@endpoints/Endpoint/@text | Text | Endpoint/@level /code/@Code = C170559 ("Exploratory Endpoint") Endpoints are based on the SyntaxTemplate class. References values need to be replaced by actual values before creation of EndpointsTertiaryExploratory. They can be grouped with the corresponding objective via the objective-endpoint relationship. |

| CPT Section | CPT Variable Display Name | CPT Variable Name (compacted) | CPT Var Type | Mappin g Type (CPT to USDM) | USDM Path and Attribute | USD M Field Type | Selection / Derivations |
|--|--|--|--------------------|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Objectives, Endpoints, and Estimands | Primary Estimands | CPT:PrimaryEstimands | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions //DocumentVersion/@contents /NarrativeContent/@contentItems /contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle For CPT the sectionTitle should be "Estimand(s) for Primary Objective(s)" and it should be a child within section 3. The text should link to the estimands corresponding population, endpoint, intervention and intercurrent events specified in the corresponding classes. |
| Objectives, Endpoints, and Estimands | Secondary Estimands | CPT:SecondaryEstimands | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions //DocumentVersion/@contents //NarrativeContent/@contentItems /contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle For CPT the sectionTitle should be "Estimand(s) for Secondary Objective(s)" and it should be a child within section 3. The text should link to the estimands corresponding population, endpoint, intervention and intercurrent events specified in the corresponding classes. |
| Objectives, Endpoints, and Estimands | Tertiary Estimands | CPT:TertiaryEstimands | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions // DocumentVersion/@contents // NarrativeContent/@contentItems /contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle For CPT the sectionTitle should be "Estimand(s) for Tertiary/Exploratory/Other Objectives" and it should be a child within section 3. The text should link to the estimands corresponding population, endpoint, intervention and intercurrent events specified in the corresponding classes. |
| Study Design | Study Design | CPT:StudyDesign | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions /DocumentVersion/@contents /NarrativeContent/@contentItems /contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle For CPT the sectionTitle should be "Study Design" with section number 4. The text may link to attributes that are stored elsewhere in the USDM and that are relevant to the study design. |
| Study Design | Overall Design | CPT:OverallDesign | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions //DocumentVersion/@contents /NarrativeContent/@contentItems /contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle For CPT the sectionTitle should be "Overall Design" with section number 4.1. The text may link to attributes that are stored elsewhere in the USDM and that are relevant to the overall design. |
| Study Design | Scientific Rationale for Study Design | CPT:ScientificRationaleforStudyDes ign | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions //DocumentVersion/@contents //NarrativeContent/@contentItems /contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle For CPT the sectionTitle should be "Scientific Rationale for Study Design" with section number 4.2. |
| Study Population | Inclusion Criteria Age | CPT:InclusionCriteriaAge | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population (/StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts) /StudyDesignPopulation StudyCohort/@criteria /EligibilityCriterion/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on /Eligibility Criterion @ notes The CPT parameter may be indicated in the corresponding /CommentAnnotation @ text or a custom code may indicate the grouping of the eligibility criteria. The criterion text may link to Minimum and Maximum age stored in the Study Design Population or Cohort classes. |
| Study Population | Planned Minimum Age of Subjects | CPT:PlannedMinimumAgeofSubject s | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population (/StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts) /StudyDesignPopulation (StudyCohort/@plannedAge /Range/@minValue + @unit | Text | Use minimum of minimum age values of all populations included (studyDesignPopulations and Cohorts). Transform according to ISO 8601 standards. If 1 or more populations have a null minValue then TSVAL should be set to null and TSVALNF |

| CPT Section | CPT Variable Display Name | CPT Variable Name (compacted) | CPT Var Type | Mappin g Type (CPT to USDM) | USDM Path and Attribute | USD M Field Type | Selection / Derivations |
|---------------------|--|---|--------------------|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---|
| | - Tunie | | | COZIII) | | 2,700 | should be filled instead |
| Study Population | Planned Maximum Age of Subjects | CPT:PlannedMaximumAgeofSubjec ts | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population (/StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts) /StudyDesignPopulation StudyCohort/@plannedAge /Range/@maxValue + @unit | Text | according to ISO 21090. Use maximum of maximum age values of all populations included (studyDesignPopulations and Cohorts). Transform according to ISO 8601 standards. If 1 or more populations have a null maxValue then TSVAL should be set to null and TSVALNF should be filled instead according to ISO 21090. |
| Study Population | Inclusion Criteria Type of Participan ts | CPT:InclusionCriteriaTypeOfPartici pant | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population (/StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts) /StudyDesignPopulation StudyCohort/@criteria /EligibilityCriterion/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on EligibilityCriterion/@category/code/@decode="INCLUSION" and /EligibilityCriterion/@notes The CPT parameter may be indicated in the corresponding /CommentAnnotation/@text or a custom code may indicate the grouping of the eligibility criteria. |
| Study Population | Inclusion Criteria Weight | CPT:InclusionCriteriaWeight | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population (/StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts) /StudyDesignPopulation StudyCohort/@criteria /EligibilityCriterion/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on EligibilityCriterion/@category/code/@decode="INCLUSION" and /EligibilityCriterion/@notes The CPT parameter may be indicated in the corresponding /CommentAnnotation/@text or a custom code may indicate the grouping of the eligibility criteria. |
| Study Population | Inclusion Criteria Sex | CPT:InclusionCriteriaSex | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population (/StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts) /StudyDesignPopulation StudyCohort/@criteria /EligibilityCriterion/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on EligibilityCriterion/@category/code/@decode="INCLUSION" and /EligibilityCriterion/@notes The CPT parameter may be indicated in the corresponding /CommentAnnotation/@text or a custom code may indicate the grouping of the eligibility criteria. The criterion text may link to planned Sex stored in the Study Design Population or Cohort classes. |
| Study Population | Inclusion Criteria Informed Consent | CPT:InclusionCriteriaInformedConsent | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population (/StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts) /StudyDesignPopulation/StudyCohort/@criteria /EligibilityCriterion/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on EligibilityCriterion/@category/code/@decode="INCLUSION" and /EligibilityCriterion/@notes The CPT parameter may be indicated in the corresponding /CommentAnnotation/@text or a custom code may indicate the grouping of the eligibility criteria. |
| Study Population | Inclusion Criteria Other | CPT:InclusionCriteriaOther | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population (/StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts) /StudyDesignPopulation StudyCohort/@criteria /EligibilityCriterion/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on EligibilityCriterion/@category/code/@decode="INCLUSION" and /EligibilityCriterion/@notes The CPT parameter may be indicated in the corresponding /CommentAnnotation/@text or a custom code may indicate the grouping of the eligibility criteria. |
| Study Population | Exclusion Criteria Medical Condition s | CPT:ExclusionCriteriaMedicalCond itions | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population (/StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts) /StudyDesignPopulation StudyCohort/@criteria /EligibilityCriterion/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on EligibilityCriterion/@category/code/@decode="EXCLUSION" and /EligibilityCriterion/@notes The CPT parameter may be indicated in the corresponding /CommentAnnotation/@text or a custom code may indicate the grouping of the eligibility criteria. |
| Study Population | Exclusion Criteria Liver Safety | CPT:ExclusionCriteriaLiverSafety | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population (/StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts) /StudyDesignPopulation StudyCohort/@criteria /EligibilityCriterion/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on EligibilityCriterion/@category/ code/@decode="EXCLUSION" and /EligibilityCriterion/@notes The CPT parameter may be |

| CPT Section | CPT Variable Display Name | CPT Variable Name (compacted) | CPT Var Type | Mappin g Type (CPT to USDM) | USDM Path and Attribute | USD M Field Type | Selection / Derivations |
|--|--|---|--------------------|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| | | | | | | | indicated in the corresponding /CommentAnnotation/@text or a custom code may indicate the grouping of the eligibility criteria. |
| Study Population | Exclusion Criteria Prior Concomit ant Therapy | CPT:ExclusionCriteriaPriorConcomi tantTherapy | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population (/StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts) /StudyDesignPopulation StudyCohort/@criteria /EligibilityCriterion/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on EligibilityCriterion/@category/code/@decode="EXCLUSION" and /EligibilityCriterion/@notes The CPT parameter may be indicated in the corresponding /CommentAnnotation/@text or a custom code may indicate the grouping of the eligibility criteria. |
| Study Population | Exclusion Criteria Prior Concurren t Clinical Study | CPT:ExclusionCriteriaPriorConcurr entClinicalStudy | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population (/StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts) /StudyDesignPopulation StudyCohort/@criteria /EligibilityCriterion/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on EligibilityCriterion/@category/ code/@decode="EXCLUSION" and /EligibilityCriterion/@notes The CPT parameter may be indicated in the corresponding /CommentAnnotation/@text or a custom code may indicate the grouping of the eligibility criteria. |
| Study Population | Exclusion Criteria Diagnosti c Assessme nts | CPT:ExclusionCriteriaDiagnosticAs sessments | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population (/StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts) /StudyDesignPopulation StudyCohort/@criteria /EligibilityCriterion/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on EligibilityCriterion/@category/code/@decode="EXCLUSION" and /EligibilityCriterion/@notes The CPT parameter may be indicated in the corresponding /CommentAnnotation/@text or a custom code may indicate the grouping of the eligibility criteria. |
| Study Population | Exclusion Criteria Other | CPT:ExclusionCriteriaOther | Text | OneToO ne | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@population (/StudyDesignPopulation/@cohorts) /StudyDesignPopulation StudyCohort/@criteria /EligibilityCriterion/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on EligibilityCriterion/@category/code/@decode="EXCLUSION" and /EligibilityCriterion/@notes The CPT parameter may be indicated in the corresponding /CommentAnnotation/@text or a custom code may indicate the grouping of the eligibility criteria. |
| Study Interventions Administered | Interventi on Label | CPT:InterventionLabel | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyInterventions /StudyIntervention/@label | Text | |
| Study Interventions Administered | Interventi on Name | CPT:InterventionName | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyInterventions /StudyIntervention/@name | Text | |
| Study Interventions Administered | Interventi on Descriptio n | CPT:InterventionDescription | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyInterventions /StudyIntervention/@description | Text | |
| Study Interventions Administered | Interventi on Type | CPT:InterventionType | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyInterventions /StudyIntervention/@type/code/@decode | Text | |
| Study Interventions Administered | Dose Formulati on | CPT:DoseFormulation | RichT ext | | Will be added to USDM v4.0 | | |
| Study Interventions Administered | Unit Dose Strength | CPT:UnitDoseStrength | RichT ext | | Will be added to USDM v4.0 | | |
| Study Interventions Administered | Dosage Level | CPT:DosageLevel | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyInterventions /StudyIntervention/@administrations /AgentAdministration/@dose/Quantity/@value +/Quantity/@unit / code/@decode +AgentAdministration/@frequency/AliasCode/@stand ardCode/Code/@decode | Text + Coded values | Combine administration strength, corresponding unit and frequency to 1 variable for CPT |
| Study Interventions Administered | Rout of Administr ation | CPT:RouteofAdministration | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@versions /StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyInterventions /StudyIntervention/@administrations /AgentAdministration/@route /code/@decode | Coded value | |
| Study Interventions Administered | Use | CPT:Use | RichT ext | OneToO ne | /Sguhratimistation/@rotac/code/decode Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyInterventions /StudyIntervention/@rote/code/@decode | Coded value | |
| Study Interventions Administered | IMP and NIMP | CPT:IMPandNIMP | RichT ext | OneToO ne | //Study/wersion/@tite/version/@study/Designs /Study/eversions/Study/Version/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@studyCells//StudyCell/@elements /StudyBelement/@studyInterventions /StudyIntervention/@productDesignation /code/@decode | Coded Value | |

| CPT Section | CPT Variable Display Name | CPT Variable Name (compacted) | CPT Var Type | Mappin g Type (CPT to USDM) | USDM Path and Attribute | USD M Field Type | Selection / Derivations |
|--|---|---|--------------------|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---|
| Study Interventions Administered | Sourcing | CPT:Sourcing | RichT ext | CSDNI) | Will be added to USDM v4.0 | Турс | |
| Study Interventions Administered | Packaging and Labeling | CPT:PackagingandLabeling | RichT ext | | Will be added to USDM v4.0 | | |
| Study Interventions Administered | Current Former Names Aliases | CPT:CurrentFormerNamesAliases | RichT ext | | Will be added to USDM v4.0 | | |
| Study Interventions Administered | Arm Name | CPT:ArmName | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns/StudyDesign/@arms/StudyArm/@name | Text | |
| Study Interventions Administered | Arm Type | CPT:ArmType | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns/StudyDesign/@arms/StudyArm/@type/code/@decode | Coded value | |
| Study Interventions Administered | Arm Descriptio n | CPT:ArmDescription | RichT ext | OneToO ne ManyTo One | Study/@versions/StudyVersion/@studyDesigns /StudyDesign/@arms/StudyArm/@description | Text | studyArmDescription, ArmName and Decode Value of ArmType to be sent as an arrayList in response. |
| Statistical Considerations | General Considera tions | CPT:GeneralConsiderations | RichT | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions //DocumentVersion/@contents //NarrativeContent/@contentItems //contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle For CPT the sectionTitle should be "General Considerations" with section number 9.1. |
| Statistical Considerations | Statistical Hypothes es | CPT:StatisticalHypotheses | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions // DocumentVersion/@contents // NarrativeContent/@contentItems // contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle For CPT the sectionTitle should be "Decision Criteria/Statistical Hypotheses" with section number 9.1.1 |
| Statistical Considerations | Populatio ns for Analyses | CPT:PopulationsForAnalyses | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions //DocumentVersion/@contents //NarrativeContent/@contentItems //contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle For CPT the sectionTitle should be "Analysis Sets" with section number 9.2. |
| Statistical Considerations | Statistical Analyses | CPT:StatisticalAnalyses | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions /DocumentVersion/@contents /NarrativeContent/@contentItems /contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle For CPT the sectionTitle should be "Analyses Supporting Primary Objective(s)" with section number 9.3. |
| Statistical Considerations | Primary Endpoint Analysis | CPT:PrimaryEndpointAnalysis | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions /DocumentVersion/@contents /NarrativeContent/@contentItems /contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle For CPT the sectionTitle should be "Primary Endpoint(s)/Estimand(s)" with section number 9.3.1. |
| Statistical Considerations | Secondary Endpoint Analysis | CPT:SecondaryEndpointAnalysis | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions // DocumentVersion/@contents // NarrativeContent/@contentItems /contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle For CPT the sectionTitle should be "Analyses Supporting Secondary Objective /[label]" with section number 9.4.1. |
| Statistical Considerations | Tertiary Explorato ry Endpoint Analysis | CPT:TertiaryExploratoryEndpointA nalysis | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions //DocumentVersion/@contents //NarrativeContent/@contentItems //contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle For CPT the sectionTitle should be "Analyses Supporting /[Tertiary/Exploratory/Other] Objective(s)" with section number 9.5. |
| Statistical Considerations | Other Safety Analyses | CPT:OtherSafetyAnalyses | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions /DocumentVersion/@contents /NarrativeContent/@contentItems /contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle For CPT the sectionTitle should be "/[Other] Safety Analyses" with section number 9.6. |
| Statistical Considerations | Other Analyses | CPT:OtherAnalyses | RichT | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions //DocumentVersion/@contents //NarrativeContent/@contentItems /contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle For CPT the sectionTitle should be "Other Analyses" with section number 9.7. |
| Statistical Considerations | Interim Analyses | CPT:InterimAnalyses | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions // DocumentVersion/@contents // NarrativeContent/@contentItems // contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle For CPT the sectionTitle should be "Interim [[Analysis/Analyses]" with section number 9.8. |

| CPT Section | CPT | CPT Variable Name (compacted) | CPT | Mappin | USDM Path and Attribute | USD | Selection / Derivations |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---|
| | Variable Display Name | | Var Type | g Type (CPT to USDM) | | M Field Type | |
| Statistical Considerations | Sample Size Determina tion | CPT:SampleSizeDetermination | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions /DocumentVersion/@contents /NarrativeContent/@contentItems /contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle For CPT the sectionTitle should be "Sample Size Determination" with section number 9.9. |
| References | Reference s | CPT:References | RichT ext | OneToO ne | Study/@documentedBy /Document/@versions //DocumentVersion/@contents //NarrativeContent/@contentItems /contentItems/@text | HTM L format ted Text | Select content based on NarrativeContent/@sectionNum ber and/or @sectionTitle For CPT the sectionTitle should be "References" with section number 11. |

15 Appendices

- USDM Team
- Glossary and Abbreviations
- References
- Revision History
- Representations and Warranties, Limitations of Liability, and Disclaimers

15.1 USDM Team

| Name | Institution/Organization |
|--------------------|--|
| John Owen | Project Manager, CDISC |
| Dave Iberson-Hurst | USDM Product Owner, CDISC |
| Berber Snoeijer | USDM Technical Team Lead, CDISC |
| Erin Muhlbradt | Controlled Terminology Expert, NCI-EVS |
| Craig Zwickl | Controlled Terminology Expert, CDISC |
| Richard Marshall | USDM Developer, CDISC |

The USDM has been developed in partnership with TransCelerate Biopharma and Accenture. CDISC would like to acknowledge the support and input from the following groups:

- TransCelerate DDF Core Team
- TransCelerate member company subject-matter experts
- Accenture DDF development team
- CDISC DDF volunteer teams and volunteer vendor organizations

15.2 Glossary and Abbreviations

The following abbreviations and terms are used in this document. Additional definitions can be found in the <u>CDISC</u> Glossary.

| ADaM | Analysis Data Model |
|-------|---|
| API | Application programming interface |
| BRIDG | Biomedical Research Integrated Domain Group |

| D.C. | D'and l'all and Andre Chian l'all and Labour at 1 Comment and Comm |
|------------------------|--|
| BC | Biomedical concept: A unit of biomedical knowledge created from a unique combination of |
| | characteristics that include implementation details like variables and terminologies, used as |
| CD + CH | building blocks for standardized, hierarchically structured clinical research information |
| CDASH | Clinical Data Acquisition Standards Harmonization Project |
| CDISC | Clinical Data Interchange Standards Consortium |
| CeSHarP | (ICH) Clinical Electronic Structured Harmonised Protocol |
| Collected | "Collected" refers to information that is recorded and/or transmitted to the sponsor. This includes data entered by the site on CRFs/eCRFs as well as vendor data such as core lab data. This term is a synonym for "captured." |
| CPT | (TransCelerate) Common Protocol Template |
| CRF | Case report form (sometimes, case record form): A printed, optical, or electronic document designed to record all required information to be reported to the sponsor for each trial subject |
| СТ | Controlled terminology: A finite set of values that represent the only allowed values for a data item. These values may be codes, text, or numeric. A codelist is a type of controlled terminology. |
| CTR | Clinical Trial Registry |
| DDF | Digital Data Flow (project) |
| Domain | A collection of observations with a topic-specific commonality about a subject |
| eCRF | Electronic case report form |
| ECG | Electrocardiogram |
| EDC | Electronic data capture |
| EHR | Electronic data capture Electronic health record |
| EMA | European Medicines Agency |
| ePRO | |
| EudraCT | Electronic patient-reported outcome |
| | European Union Drug Regulating Authorities Clinical Trial Database |
| FDA | (US) Food and Drug Administration |
| FHIR | (HL7) Fast Healthcare Interoperability Resources |
| Foundational standards | The suite of CDISC standards that describe the clinical study protocol (Protocol), design (Study Design), data collection (CDASH), laboratory work (Lab), analysis (ADaM), and data tabulation (SDTM and SEND) |
| GARD | (NIH) Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center |
| GENC | (FDA) Geopolitical Entities, Names and Codes |
| HL7 | Health Level Seven International |
| HTML | HyperText Markup Language |
| ICE | Intercurrent events; events that occur after randomization and alter the course of the randomized |
| ICL | treatment during the intended study treatment period |
| ICD | International Classification of Diseases |
| ICH | International Council for Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Pharmaceuticals for |
| | Human Use |
| JSON | JavaScript Object Notation |
| LOINC | Logical Observation Identifiers Names and Codes |
| MedDRA | Medical Dictionary for Regulatory Activities. A global standard medical terminology designed to |
| WicdDia | supersede, in regulatory submissions, other terminologies previously used in the medical product |
| | development process (such as COSTART and ICD9). |
| MeSH | Medical Subject Headings (thesaurus) |
| NCI EVS | (NIH) National Cancer Institute Enterprise Vocabulary Services |
| NIH | National Institutes of Health |
| ODM | Operational Data Model |
| Patient | A recipient of medical treatment |
| PDF | Portable data format |
| PHR | Personal health record |
| | |
| POC POV | Proof of concept |
| | Proof of viability Protocol Personnation Model |
| PRM | Protocol Representation Model |
| PRO | Patient-reported outcome |

CDISC [Title] (Version n [Status])

| SDM-XML | Study/Trial Design Model in XML |
|---------|---|
| SDR | Study Definitions Repository |
| SDTM | Study Data Tabulation Model |
| SDTMIG | SDTM Implementation Guide (for Human Clinical Trials) |
| SEND | Standard for the Exchange of Nonclinical Data |
| SME | Subject-matter expert |
| SNOMED | Systemized Nomenclature of Medicine |
| SOA | Schedule of activities |
| SSU | Study start-up |
| Subject | A participant in a study |
| UML | Unified modeling language |
| USDM | United Study Definitions Model |
| USDM-IG | USDM Implementation Guide |
| UUID | Universally unique identifier |
| WHO | World Health Organization |
| XML | Extensible markup language |

15.3 References

- 1. National Cancer Institute. About BRIDG. Accessed June 22, 2023. https://bridgmodel.nci.nih.gov
- 2. US Food & Drug Administration. *Guidance Document. Data Standards Catalog*. April 2023. Accessed June 21, 2023. https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/data-standards-catalog
- 3. International Council for Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Pharmaceuticals for Human Use. *Guideline for Industry. Structure and Content of Clinical Study Reports* (ICH E3). July 1996. Accessed June 21, 2023. https://www.fda.gov/media/71271/download
- 4. International Council for Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Pharmaceuticals for Human Use. *M11 Clinical Electronic Structured Harmonised Protocol (CeSHarP)*. September 2022. Accessed June 21, 2023. https://www.fda.gov/media/164112/download
- 5. European Medicines Agency. *ICH E9 (R1) addendum on estimands and sensitivity analysis in clinical trials to the guideline on statistical principles for clinical trials*. February 17, 2020. Accessed January 5, 2024. https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/scientific-guideline/ich-e9-r1-addendum-estimands-and-sensitivity-analysis-clinical-trials-guideline-statistical-principles-clinical-trials-step-5_en.pdf

15.4 Revision History

15.4.1 USDM Implementation Guide

The USDM v1.0 was released as part of the DDF Reference Architecture in August 2022. Version v1.0 of the USDM has no associated implementation guide therefore there is no revision history for the Implementation Guide. The first version of the USDMIG is therefore v2.0. This section details the changes made to the USDMIG between v2.0 and v3.0.

15.4.2 USDMIG Amendments between USDM v3.0 and USDM v4.0

| # | Release | Overview | Notes |
|---|---------|---|---|
| | # | | |
| 1 | 3.2 | UML update for Arms and Epochs section | Name of encounter attribute environmentalSetting changed to environmentalSettings |
| | | | Added notes attributes to Encounter, StudyArm, StudyElement and StudyEpoch |
| | | | classes |
| 2 | | UML update for Study Timing section | Moved relationships timeline and timelineExit. |
| | | | Name of encounter attribute environmentalSetting changed to environmentalSettings. |
| | | | Added description for encounter timing - scheduledAt |
| 3 | | UML and text update for Populations , Cohorts, | Added relationship criteria from Study Version to Eligibility Criterion. |
| | | and Eligibility Criteria section | Changed criteria cardinality from PopulationDefinition to EligibilityCriterion from |
| | | | 1* to 0* in UML. |

| # | Release # | Overview | Notes |
|----|--------------|--|---|
| 4 | | UML update for Study, Protocols, and Amendments section | Added notes attributes to PopulationDefinition, SyntaxTemplate, Indication, StudyArm, StudyDesign and StudyVersion classes. Updated text accordingly to specify that criteria should either be referenced from Study Population or from Study Cohort. Updated text regarding eligibility criteria: removed reference to context attribute and specify that they are defined within a study version. Added explanation of previous/next criteria Added notes attributes to StudyVersion and StudyDesign classes. |
| 5 | | UML update for Study Identifiers and Titles | Added notes attribute to StudyVersion class. |
| 6 | | UML and text update for Activities section | Added notes attribute to Study Version class. Added notes attribute to Activity, Procedure, BiomedicalConcept, BiomedicalConceptSurrogate, BiomedicalConceptCategory, and BiomedicalConceptProperty classes. Added ScheduleTimeline class to the UML view Explained the use of timeline attribute in the Activity class |
| 7 | | UML update for <u>Study Interventions</u> section | Added notes attributes to StudyIntervention and AgentAdministration classes. |
| 8 | | UML update for <u>Study Objectives and Endpoints</u> section | Added notes attributes to Estimand, AnalysisPopulation, IntercurrentEvent, StudyIntervention and SyntaxTemplate classes. Added name, description and label to Estimand class |
| 9 | | UML update for Syntax Templates section | Added notes attribute to SyntaxTemplate class. |
| 10 | 3.3 | UML and text update for <u>Activities</u> section | Added children attribute to Activity class Added example to explain how SoA activities are stored in the Activity class with respect to the previous, next and children attributes. |
| 11 | | UML and text update for for Study Timing section | Changed cardinality for relativeFromScheduleInstance relationship Added corresponding text for anchors relativeToScheduleInstance relationship should be equal to relativeFromScheduleInstance or missing. |
| 12 | 3.4 | Updated <u>CPT mapping</u> section for version 3,0 and further alignment | |
| 13 | | Updated <u>Unstructured Content</u> section to include multiple template support | Added new UML view for documents. Adjusted text to include new NarrativeContentItem and reusability of text across documents. |
| 14 | | Updated <u>Study, Protocols, and Amendments</u> section to include multiple template support | Updated UML.Adjusted text to refer to the right classes. |
| 15 | 3.5 | Updated Study, Protocols, and Amendments section to include abbreviations | Updated UML. Added text to explain the use of the new abbreviation class and corresponding attributes. |

| # | Release # | Overview | Notes |
|----|-----------|--|---|
| 16 | 3.6 | Created <u>Abbreviations</u> section to give examples of how it can be used. | Created new section with examples. |
| 17 | | Updated <u>Study</u> , <u>Protocols</u> , <u>and Amendments</u> section. | Created cross-reference to Abbreviations section. |
| 18 | | Updated XHTML Attributes section. | Referred to NarrativeContentItem instead of NarrativeContent. |
| 19 | | Updated <u>Study Identifiers and Titles</u> section. | Updated UML to include inheritance of identifier class and to add reference identifiers. Updated text to add explanation of reference identifiers. |
| 20 | | Updated Use of USDM for Populating Protocol | Include mapping to pediatric investigational plan number. |
| | | Content section | Updated mappings based on changed attribute names. |
| 21 | | Updated Study Interventions section | Updated UML to include all changes for the new model version. |
| | | | Updated explanation of the model and included some references to IDMP. |
| 22 | | Updated Controlled Terminology section | Small tweak to section on AliasCode to clarify that standard value sets do not have to be CDISC code lists. |
| 23 | | Updated Populations, Cohorts, and Eligibility | Updated UML to include small change on plannedSex relationship. |
| | | <u>Criteria</u> section | Updated text to explain the use of plannedSex (use Male and/or Female). |
| 24 | | Updated Study Roles and Organizations section | Changed section name from 'Organizations' to 'Study Roles and Organizations'. |
| | | | Updated UML to include significant changes in the model. |
| | | | Updated text to explain this part of the model and expected use. |
| 25 | 3.7 | Updated Study Identifiers and Titles section | Changed address line to lines in UML |
| 26 | | Updated Study Roles and Organizations section | Changed address line to lines in UML |
| 27 | | Updated Study, Protocols, and Amendments | Updated UML and text to include studyAmendMentChange, |
| | | section | StudyAmendmentImpact and changes to the studyEnrollment class |
| 20 | | 77.1.10.10.10.10 | Moved abbreviation part out of UML and text to abbreviation section. |
| 28 | | Updated <u>Study Design</u> section | Added UML |
| | | | Updated text to indicate all referenced areas not reflected in UML and explain other references |
| 29 | 3.8 | Updated Study Design section | Updated UML to include studyDocumentVersions relationship |
| | | | Added reference to Study, Protocols, and Amendments |
| 30 | 1 | Updated Study Objectives and Endpoints section | updated UML to include new estimand changes |
| 31 | 1 | Updated Study Estimands section | updated text to include new estimand changes |
| 32 | | Updated Principles section | Removed "(phase 3 onwards; not true for phases 1 and 2)" from "Support the whole protocol document". |
| 33 |] | Updated Study Identifiers and Titles section | Updated UML view to include StudyRole class |
| | | | Updated text regarding new StudyRole requirements for sponsor identifiers |
| | | | Added instance diagrams to further explain the representation of identifiers |

| # | Release | Overview | Notes |
|----|---------|---|---|
| | # | | |
| 34 | | Updated Study Roles and Organizations section | Textual improvements aligning with new CT |
| | | | Added instance diagrams to further illustrate the representation of roles and organizations |
| 35 | | Updated Study, Protocols, and Amendments | Updated UML to include the relationship appliesTo from |
| | | section | DocumentContentReference class to the StudyDefinitionDocument class. |
| 36 | 3.9 | Updated Study Interventions section | Updated UML and corresponding text for addition of medical devices to the model. |
| | | | Added instance diagram as an example with corresponding explanation. |
| 37 | | Updated Populations, Cohorts, and Eligibility | Updated UML for change of range unit. |
| | | <u>Criteria</u> section | |

15.4.3 USDMIG Amendments between USDM v2.0 and USDM v3.0

| # | | Overview | Notes | |
|---|-----|--|--|--|
| 1 | 2.1 | Created Naming Conventions section | This section details the conventions used for naming and the use of attribute datatypes To support model split and element renaming | |
| 2 | | Edits to Internal Identifiers Within the Model | 1. To support model split and element renaming Click here to see changes Versions Compared Key The form the support of the see added This is the support of the see added the see added This is the support of the see added to the see added the see added the see added to the see added the see added the see added the see added to the see added the see added to the see added the see added the see added to the see added to the see added the see added to | |
| 3 | | Edits to Overview | 1. To support model split and element renaming Click here to see changes Versions Compared Local Course to See Changes Versions Compared Local Course to See Changes Versions Compared Local Course to See Changes Ney This live was abled. The forest present to See See Changes Ney The Local Course to S | |
| 4 | | Edits to <u>USDM API</u> | To support model split and element renaming Click here to see changes | |

| # | Release | Overview | Notes | |
|----------------------|---------|--|---|--|
| | | | Versions Compared 2 Current 1 John Owen Bether Snoeijer Jul 28, 2023 View Page History The reference architecture API is designed as a mechanism for bulk transfer —The API has been designed to allow for bulk—the creation of a study within the SDR, the reading of such a study, and the update of a study—API—No other API features are defined nor is a granulur API at this time. The API has been defined using OpenApI Specification Version 3. The various routes, rules, and constraints for reflect the service of the API are contained within the API specification itself. If further routes, rules, and constraints are required, these will be added to the machinine-readable specification. Note: Regarding cross-referencing in the API, because the JSDN transport is large there is a need—not—to respect content. Therefore When expressing USDM data in a monolithic, herarchical document format, such as JSDN or XML, the same element will appear multiple times because the model uses only class references for USDM model entitles. This is not optimal for an API and, so as not to respect the same information within the SSDN student, the API has been designed to include an instance once and only once and allow for zero, 4 none, or more references to it as dictated by the USDM design and the relationships within. The sme challenge the class the federences are all of the type sting with the students are instance in classified by a psecking an articulate and the relationships within. The sme challenge to the class References are all of the type sting with the students are instance in classified by a psecking an articulate and the relationships are decided as a for several page. To ensure no duplication of content in the API JSDN format the following series of steps are taken to translate the logical USDM into the JDSN format. These steps are: Where content is shared (referenced from 2 or more places), the "natural pagered," classified to the a string so as to accommodate the identified of two a string of such as a string of such as | |
| 5 | | UML Split Model and Model Naming Changes | Replaced all String Id references in the UML to instances of the class. Changed all class properties for Id, Name and Description to consistent across the model. Removed the class name prefix from these properties. | |
| 7 | 2.3 | Added <u>Unstructured Content</u> section to the USDM Features Add <u>Syntax Templates</u> " section to the USDM Features | Added new section for unstructured content 1. This section introduces the content class that is used to store unstructured narrative content. 1. This section introduces the classes that enable syntax text templates 2. It explains the how the syntax text templates can be used in the USDM 3. It explains how references can be made to data elements stored elsewhere in the data model. 4. It gives examples of text templates and corresponding examples. | |
| 8 | | Added label to Naming Conventions section. | | |
| 9 | 2.4 | Change class name "Content" to "Narrative Content" in the <u>Unstructured</u> <u>Content</u> section of USDM Features | | |
| 10 | 2.8 | Update to Controlled Terminology section | Added detail on standard codes and alias code | |
| 11 12 13 14 | | inserted Principles section Update to API section Update to Arms and Epoch section Update to Activities section | Added notes on principles. Needs further work Improved text within API section and added details re the "instanceType" attribute Small updates to text, inserted UML and added links to related pages. Small updates to text, inserted UML, added conditional class information and added links to related pages. | |
| 15 |] | Update to <u>Study Population</u> section | Updates to text in accordance with model changes, added UML and cohort and eligibility description. | |
| 16 | | Update to <u>Intervention</u> section | updates to text in accordance with model changes and added UML | |

| # | Release # | Overview | Notes | |
|--|-----------|--|--|--|
| 17 | | Added new section Addressing Footnotes | identified 12 types of footnotes and describing how they can be included in the USDM | |
| 18 | | | | |
| 19 Updated section Relationship to Other Moved mapping to SDTM trial summary domains to Creation of SDTM T | | Moved mapping to SDTM trial summary domains to Creation of SDTM Trial Design Domains | | |
| | | CDISC Standards | | |
| 20 | | Updated <u>USDM Team</u> | Updated <u>USDM Team</u> page to include the latest team members for USDM v3.0 | |
| 21 | | Added <u>Creation of SDTM Trial Design</u> Domains | | |
| 22 | | Updated Study, Version, Identifier | Changed title to Study, Protocols, and Amendments. Added UML and description of protocol and | |
| 22 | | section | amendment versions. | |
| | | section | Identifiers will be handled in new section. | |
| 23 | | Updated Syntax Templates | Updated content according to html reference style | |
| 24 | | Added Study Identifiers and Titles | Moved description of Study Identifiers here and added Titles description | |
| 25 | | Updated Procedures | Added reference to study intervention. Removed conditionality which is described more general for | |
| | | opulated <u>Procedures</u> | all related classes in <u>Activities</u> | |
| 26 27 28 | | Updated <u>Indications</u> | Added description of new attribute isRareDisease | |
| 27 | | Updated Study Objectives and Endpoints | Inserted UML and reference to syntax template class | |
| 28 | | Updated <u>Study Estimands</u> | updated reference names | |
| 29 | 2.9 | Updated <u>Fundamentals of the USDM</u> | Added information on v3.0 | |
| 30 31 | | Updated <u>Arms and Epochs</u> | Added link to Creation of SDTM Trial Design Domains | |
| 31 | | Updated <u>Study Timing</u> | Replaced UML based on changed relationship to timing class. Some minor textual changes. | |
| 32 | | Updated Study Objectives and Endpoints | Replaced UML based on changed reference name from Estimand to studyIntervention class. | |
| 33 | | Updated Populations, Cohorts, and | Replaced UML based on chanced name of EligibilityCriterion class and small textual updates. | |
| | | Eligibility Criteria | | |
| 34 | | Updated Use of USDM for Populating | Adapted the POC mapping to v3.0 of USDM. No additional variables are mapped based on new | |
| 2.5 | | Protocol Content | features of USDM v3.0. This is indicated in the introduction. | |
| 35 | | Updated Study, Protocols, and | Removed study site information from UML and descriptions. Moved to new paragraph: <u>Study Roles</u> | |
| Amendments and Organizations | | | | |
| 36 | 2 11 | Added Study Roles and Organizations | Added UML and description of Organization class and corresponding research Organization and sites. | |
| | 2.11 | Updated Syntax Templates | Updated content requirements based on current reference strategy and JIRA comments. | |
| 38 39 | | Updated Arms and Epochs | Updated UML based on new version of ScheduleInstance class. | |
| 39 | | Updated <u>Study Timing</u> | Updated UML based on new ConditionAssignment class and updates in Timing class. Updated | |
| 40 | | Hadatad Chada Inton and an | corresponding text. | |
| 40 | | Updated <u>Study Interventions</u> | Updated UML based on Jira tickets of public review. This includes cardinality updates and adding the | |
| 4.1 | | The Land Control of the Land | option to add alias codes for unit, route and frequency. | |
| 41 | | Updated Study Objectives and Endpoints | Updated UML since objective level is required. Added option of exploratory objectives in the text. | |

| # | Release | Overview | Notes |
|----|---------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | # | | |
| 42 | | Updated Populations, Cohorts, and | Updated UML for plannedSex. Added requirement that plannedSex, plannedAge and |
| | | Eligibility Criteria | plannedEnrollment or plannedCompletion number should be either filled at the |
| | | | studyDesignPopulation level or the studyCohort level. |
| 43 | | Update to API section | Updated API to include initial rules for the minimum content to be included within the data sent via |
| | | | the API. Also added details with regard to the root attributes that includes the USDM version. |
| 44 | | Updated Naming Conventions | Updated to reflect latest practice |
| 45 | | Inserted XHTML Attributes | Inserted new section on XHTML attributes |
| 46 | | Updated Biomedical Concepts | Updated to include more details on enabled and required flags |
| 47 | | Updated <u>Unstructured Content</u> | Updated to refer to XHTML attributes paragraph |
| 48 | | Updated Study Roles and Organizations | Updated UML - included AliasCode class |

15.4.4 Amendments between USDM v1.0 and USDM v2.0 (UML, CT, API)

The following table lists at a high level the major changes that occurred between USDM v1.0 and USDM v2.0

| # | Sprint # | Overview | Notes |
|---|----------|---|--|
| 1 | 1 | Bugfixes and review comments from DDF Phase I | StudyEpoch Class: Add encounters relationship, 1 -> 0* IntercurrentEvent Class: strategy attribute rename to "intercurrentEventStrategy" and is of type String PointInTime Class: remove from the model |
| | | | Encounter Class Attributes "startRule" and "endRule" should be renames and prefixed with "transition", so "transitionStartRule", "transitionEndRule" Workflow Class Attribute "workflowId" renamed to "uuid" Estimand Class Attribute "variableOfInterest" type should be Endpoint not Encounter |
| 2 | 1 | Addition of Therapeutic Area | Class: Study Attribute businessTherapeuticArea Class: StudyDesign Attribute therapeuticAreas |
| 3 | 1 | Allow for multiple trial types entries on the StudyDesign class | Class StudyDesign Attribute trialType amended to a list |
| 4 | 2 | Terminology Flexibility | Code and CodeAlias classes added to the model |
| 5 | 2 | Addition of name and description for StudyDesign class | Class: StudyDesign Attribute studyDesignName Class: StudyDesign Attribute studyDesignDescription |
| 7 | 3 | Attribute name changes | Class: Study Attribute: studyIdentifier amended to studyIdentifiers Class: Study Attribute: studyProtocolVersion amended to studyProtocolVersions Class: Study Attribute: studyDesign amended to studyDesigns |
| 9 | 3 | Visit Contact Mode | 1. Not sure what has changed here |

| # | Sprint # | Overview | Notes |
|-----|----------|---|---|
| 10 | 4 | Allow Study Phase to use the Code Alias | Class: Study Attribute studyPhase amended from Code to AliasCode |
| 10 | 4 | Add flag for Activity and Procedures being optional | Class: Activity Attribute activityIsOptional added |
| | | | Class: Procedure Attribute procedureIsOptional added |
| | | | 3. Also see additional change to 16 below |
| 12 | 5 | Additional elements added in to support eCPT population | Class: Study Attribute; studyRationale added |
| | | | Class: Study Attribute: studyAcronym added |
| | | | 3. Class: StudyDesignPopulation Attribute: plannedNumberOfParticipants |
| | | | added |
| | | | 4. Class: StudyDesignPopulation Attribute: |
| | | | plannedMaximumAgeOfParticipants added |
| | | | 5. Class: StudyDesignPopulation Attribute: |
| | | | plannedMinimumAgeOfParticipants added |
| | | | 6. Class: StudyDesignPopulation Attribute: sexOfParticipants added |
| | | | 7. Class: StudyDesign Attribute: studyDesignRationale added |
| 1.7 | | N 1 C A 11 | 8. Class: Organization Attribute: organizationLegalAddress added |
| 15 | 6 | New class for Address | Class: Address added with the following attributes |
| | | | • Text |
| | | | • Line |
| | | | • City |
| | | | • District |
| | | | • State |
| | | | Postal Code |
| | | | Country |
| 16 | 6 | Amend activityIsOptional and procedureIsOptional to | Class: Activity Attribute activityIsOptional amended to |
| | | conditional | activityIsConditional |
| | | | 2. Class: Procedure Attribute procedureIsOptional amended to |
| 17 | | A 11'.' CODE DED OF ' 1 D1' 1' C 1 (1' 1 1 | procedureIsConditional |
| 17 | O | Addition of TBLIND/Trial Blinding Schema (valid values | Class: StudyDesign Attribute studyDesignBlindingScheme codelist TRI IND added. TRI IND added. TRI IND added. |
| 19 | 7 | in codelist C66735) code to studyDesignBlindingScheme Biomedical Concepts sub model added | TBLIND added See Biomedical Concepts section for additional information. |
| 19 | / | Biomedical Concepts sub model added | Addition of the following Classes (note that class StudyData was removed and |
| | | | replaced with the Biomedical Concept classes |
| | | | BiomedicalConcept |
| | | | BioemdcialConceptProperty |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | BiomedicalConceptCategory BiomedicalConceptSymmetry The second symmetry The second sy |
| | | | BiomedicalConceptSurrogate |

| # | Sprint | Overview | Notes |
|----|--------|--|--|
| | # | | |
| 20 | 9 | Study Timing and "Timepoints" added to the model | See <u>Study Timing</u> section for additional information. |
| | | | Addition of the following Classes (note that class StudyData was removed and |
| | | | replaced with the Biomedical Concept classes |
| | | | ScheduleTimeline |
| | | | • Timing |
| | | | ScheduledInstance |
| | | | ScheduledDecisionInstance |
| | | | ScheduledActivityInstance |
| | | | ScheduleTimelineExit |
| 21 | 11 | Internal Review Sprint Changes | API only: studyStudyDesignPopulations changed to studyPopulations |
| | | | StudyEpoch.encounters type List <encounter> Amended to</encounter> |
| | | | StudyEpoch.encounter Ids type List< String > |
| | | | StudyEpoch.trialIntentType type List <code> Amended to</code> |
| | | | StudyEpoch.trialIntentTypes type List <code></code> |
| | | | Procedure.procedureName type String Added |
| | | | Procedure.procedureDescription type String Added |
| 22 | 11-14 | Public Review Sprint Changes | StudyEpoch.encounters type List <encounter> changed to</encounter> |
| | | | StudyEpoch.encounterIds type List <string></string> |
| | | | StudyDesign.trialIntentType type List <code> changed to</code> |
| | | | StudyDesign.trialIntentTypes type List <code></code> |
| | | | Procedure.procedureDescription type String added |
| | | | Procedure.procedureName type String added |

As part of the v2.0 updates, the elements of the RA (USDM, CT, API, and IG) are stored within a <u>Github repository</u> and version managed as a series of releases corresponding to the sprints, a subsequent release for internal review, a release for public review, and a release for the final publication as v2.0.

- **Controlled Terminology:** For a complete list of controlled terminology changes between <u>USDM v1.0</u> and the public review version, see the USDM_CT_Changes.xlsx file in the <u>controlled terminology deliverable folder</u>.
- **UML:** A list of changes to the UML model between USDM v2.0 and the public review version can be found <u>here</u>. A list of model changes between Internal Review and Public Review can be found <u>here</u>. A list of changes between Public Review and Publication can be found <u>here</u>.
- **API:** For a complete list of API changes between USDM v1.0 and USDM v2.0, use a file-comparison tool to compare the API from <u>USDM v1.0</u> and the API for <u>USDM v2.0</u>. Please refer to the USDM API.yaml files in the API deliverable folder.

15.4.5 Amendments between USDM v2.0 and USDM v3.0

- Controlled Terminology: For a complete list of controlled terminology changes between USDM v2.0 and the public review version, see the USDM_CT_Changes.xlsx file in the controlled terminology deliverable folder.
- UML: A list of changes to the UML model between USDM v2.0 and the public review version can be found here.

• **API:** For a complete list of API changes between USDM v2.0 and USDM v3.0, use a file-comparison tool to compare the API from <u>USDM v2.0</u>. and the API for <u>USDM v3.0</u> Please refer to the USDM API.yaml files in the API deliverable folder.

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