## Pete V. Domenici U.S. Courthouse Sustainable Landscape Renovation Albuquerque, New Mexico, U.S.A.

The Pete V. Domenici Courthouse Sustainable
Landscape Renovation in Albuquerque, New Mexico,
transformed a neglected public plaza into a showcase
of sustainable landscape design. Set within a high
desert transitional region, the two-star Sustainable
Sites Initiative (SITES)-certified landscape features a
creative reuse of materials, xeriscaping, and ecological
stormwater management. The previous space, known
as McClellan Park, used resources inefficiently and was
disconnected from its surroundings. It was also full
of impervious surfaces, overwatered but underused
lawns, and ill-adapted plant materials. There was also
concern that the water-intensive landscape was causing
water-related damage to the parking structure located
underneath the courthouse.

Landscape architects Rios Clementi Hale Studios viewed the landscape as a "selective quarry." 21,000 square feet of concrete sidewalks were removed and cut it into 10,000 8"x 16" blocks. 84 percent of these concrete blocks were reused and stacked to make seatwalls, which divide areas within the plaza. These walls provide seating while also directing site stormwater into a system of rain gardens. The reuse of concrete reduced the need for purchasing new materials, increased permeability across the site, and helped reduce the urban heat island effect. Had the concrete not been reused, 480 tons of it would have ended up in landfills, costing \$9,949 in landfill fees.

Due to the scarcity of water in the desert region and the intensity of storms when they occur, developing a comprehensive stormwater management strategy was complex. While the original courtyard, tens of thousands of gallons of untreated stormwater runoff used to drain into the city storm drain every month. Now, three strategies help to slow and move water

through the site: A new series of trench drains release water into rock-lined bioswales in the parking lot; trench drains direct water from the entry plaza to a rock garden designed for stormwater detention; and a series of terraced gardens slowly direct water through the south edge of the site. The designers also replaced existing lawn with native plantings. Any excess stormwater runoff is captured in two 16,000-gallon underground cisterns and used for irrigation. These measures combined have reduced the site's water use by more than 86 percent.

The courtyard uses drought-tolerant plants and 79 percent native plants. The 18 native species include Sunset Hyssop, Mescal Agave, Mormon Tea, Apache Plume, Modesto Ash, Red Yucca, Pineleaf Penstemon, and Soaptree Yucca. Plants, which have attracted an array of urban wildlife, were grouped together by their water needs. Wet plants were placed at the base of sloped rain gardens, mimicking the regional Rio Grande Floodplain Bosque ecology, while drought-tolerant plants occupy higher ground. In addition to adding new regionally-adapted plants, the designers preserved 87 Honey Locust and Sycamore trees.

Capitalizing on Albuquerque's 300-plus days of annual sun, a 41,300-kilowatt hour (Kwh) array of solar panels was installed on the roof of the courthouse. These solar panels entirely power the upgraded LED lighting fixtures across the site.

Improved connections make the courthouse landscape more walkable. In place of former concrete sidewalks, ADA-accessible decomposed granite pathways have enhanced access and connected visitors. Honey locusts shade these new pathways, further encouraging strolling. At maturity, these trees will provide shade for

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43 percent of hardscape surfaces.

The new courtyard is rooted in the history of the place. The diagonal arrangement of landscape elements is derived from abstractions of Pueblo patterns, while stormwater management elements mimic the function and location of historic irrigation canals. An existing stone art piece created by artist Doug Hyde was relocated to fit within the new landscape design.

### **Project Resources**

#### LEAD LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT

#### **Rios Clementi Hale Studios:**

Mark Rios, FAIA, FASLA Samantha Harris, RLA, ASLA, LEED, AP Mike Tramutola, RLA Brent Jacobsen, RLA, ASLA

#### **CLIENT**

#### **General Services Administration:**

Leslie Shepherd, FAIA
Christian Gabriel, RLA, ASLA
Tim Widerman, Senior PM
Stuart Blakely, Property Manager
Christopher Adams, Operations Manager
Sam Lopez, Supervisory PM
Steve Kline, AIA
Keven Myles, PM, Sustainability Coordinator
Carrie Haman, CO

#### **TENANT**

#### **United States District Courts:**

Scott Ferguson, Facilities Supervisor Lydia Piper, PM AIC - General Contractor Tiffany Gaede John Monteverdi Lindsay Wright

#### LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR

The Hilltop: Aaron Forrester

#### CIVIL, WATER RECLAMATION, PLUMBING

#### **Biohabitats**

Erin English, PE, LEED AP

Justin Lyon, PE, LEED AP, CGBP Ryan Case Nicole Stern, RLA, LEED AP

#### LOCAL LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT / IRRIGATION DESIGN

#### **Surroundings Studio**

Faith Okuma, AICP, LEED AP, RLA

#### **ARBORIST**

Master Arborist: Bryan Suhr

#### **LIGHTING**

#### **KGM**

Mike Gehring, FAIA, IALD Kris Sandheinrich, LC