- 1. Write a python program to implement K-means Clustering algorithm
  - Generate 1000 2-D data points in the range 0-100 randomly.
  - Divide data points into 3 clusters.

## Program:

```
import numpy as np
import time
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
print("Name: Jiya Hona")
print("Symbol: 29097/078\n")
# Generate 1000 2D data points in range 0-100
data = np.random.rand(1000, 2) * 100
# Initialize K-means with 3 clusters
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=3, random_state=42)
# Measure execution time
start_time = time.time()
kmeans.fit(data)
end_time = time.time()
# Calculate and print results
time_taken = end_time - start_time
print(f"Time taken by K-means to find clusters: {time_taken:.4f} seconds\n")
print("Cluster Centers:\n", kmeans.cluster_centers_)
```

## **Output:**

```
Name: Jiya Hona
Symbol: 29097/078

Time taken by K-means to find clusters: 0.0111 seconds

Cluster Centers:
[[25.91194647 27.45654701]
[46.31333619 78.99389581]
[79.32395533 33.95158145]]
```

- 2. Write a python program to implement K-means++ Clustering algorithm.
  - Generate 1000 2-D data points in the range 0-200 randomly.
  - Divide data points into 4 clusters.

## Program:

```
import numpy as np
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
print("Name: Jiya Hona")
print("Symbol: 29097/078\n")
# Generate 1000 2-D data points in the range 0-200
data = np.random.rand(1000, 2) * 200
# Initialize K-means++ algorithm with 4 clusters
kmeans_plus = KMeans(n_clusters=4, init='k-means++', random_state=42)
# Fit the model
kmeans_plus.fit(data)
# Plot the data points and cluster centers
plt.scatter(data[:, 0], data[:, 1], c=kmeans_plus.labels_, cmap='viridis', s=30)
plt.scatter(kmeans_plus.cluster_centers_[:, 0], kmeans_plus.cluster_centers_[:, 1], s=300, c='red',
marker='X')
plt.title("K-means++ Clustering")
plt.xlabel("X")
plt.ylabel("Y")
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

## Output:

