MCA Driver Programming Interface

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Table of Contents

1. Introduction	4
2. Known Bugs And Assumptions	5
3. Public Functions Provided	
mca_find_adapter	<i>6</i>
mca_find_unused_adapter	
mca_read_stored_pos	7
mca_read_pos	
mca_write_pos	
mca_set_adapter_name	g
mca_set_adapter_procfn	10
mca_is_adapter_used	11
mca_mark_as_used	
mca_mark_as_unused	12
mca_get_adapter_name	13
mca_isadapter	13
mca_isenabled	14
4. DMA Functions Provided	16
mca_enable_dma	16
mca_disable_dma	16
mca_set_dma_addr	17
mca_get_dma_addr	17
mca_set_dma_count	18
mca_get_dma_residue	19
mca_set_dma_io	19
mca set dma mode	20

Chapter 1. Introduction

The MCA bus functions provide a generalised interface to find MCA bus cards, to claim them for a driver, and to read and manipulate POS registers without being aware of the motherboard internals or certain deep magic specific to onboard devices.

The basic interface to the MCA bus devices is the slot. Each slot is numbered and virtual slot numbers are assigned to the internal devices. Using a pci_dev as other busses do does not really make sense in the MCA context as the MCA bus resources require card specific interpretation.

Finally the MCA bus functions provide a parallel set of DMA functions mimicing the ISA bus DMA functions as closely as possible, although also supporting the additional DMA functionality on the MCA bus controllers.

Chapter 2. Known Bugs And Assumptions

None.

Chapter 3. Public Functions Provided

mca_find_adapter

Name mca_find_adapter — scan for adapters

Synopsis

```
int mca_find_adapter (int id, int start);
```

Arguments

```
id
     MCA identification to search for
start
    starting slot
```

Description

Search the MCA configuration for adapters matching the 16bit ID given. The first time it should be called with start as zero and then further calls made passing the return value of the previous call until MCA_NOTFOUND is returned.

Disabled adapters are not reported.

mca_find_unused_adapter

Name mca_find_unused_adapter — scan for unused adapters

Synopsis

```
int mca_find_unused_adapter (int id, int start);
```

Arguments

id

MCA identification to search for

start

starting slot

Description

Search the MCA configuration for adapters matching the 16bit ID given. The first time it should be called with start as zero and then further calls made passing the return value of the previous call until MCA_NOTFOUND is returned.

Adapters that have been claimed by drivers and those that are disabled are not reported. This function thus allows a driver to scan for further cards when some may already be driven.

mca_read_stored_pos

Name mca_read_stored_pos — read POS register from boot data

Synopsis

```
unsigned char mca_read_stored_pos (int slot, int reg);
```

Arguments

```
slot slot number to read from reg
register to read from
```

Description

Fetch a POS value that was stored at boot time by the kernel when it scanned the MCA space. The register value is returned. Missing or invalid registers report 0.

mca_read_pos

```
Name mca_read_pos — read POS register from card
```

Synopsis

```
unsigned char mca_read_pos (int slot, int reg);
```

Arguments

```
slot slot number to read from reg register to read from
```

Description

Fetch a POS value directly from the hardware to obtain the current value. This is much slower than mca_read_stored_pos and may not be invoked from interrupt context. It handles the deep magic required for onboard devices transparently.

mca_write_pos

Name mca_write_pos — read POS register from card

Synopsis

```
void mca_write_pos (int slot, int reg, unsigned char byte);
```

Arguments

```
slot
slot number to read from

reg
register to read from

byte
byte to write to the POS registers
```

Description

Store a POS value directly from the hardware. You should not normally need to use this function and should have a very good knowledge of MCA bus before you do so. Doing this wrongly can damage the hardware.

This function may not be used from interrupt context.

Note that this a technically a Bad Thing, as IBM tech stuff says you should only set POS values through their utilities. However, some devices such as the 3c523 recommend that you write back some data to make sure the configuration is consistent. I'd say that IBM is right, but I like my drivers to work.

This function can't do checks to see if multiple devices end up with the same resources, so you might see magic smoke if someone screws up.

mca_set_adapter_name

Name mca_set_adapter_name — Set the description of the card

Synopsis

```
void mca_set_adapter_name (int slot, char* name);
```

Arguments

```
slot slot to name

name text string for the namen
```

Description

This function sets the name reported via /proc for this adapter slot. This is for user information only. Setting a name deletes any previous name.

mca_set_adapter_procfn

```
Name mca_set_adapter_procfn — Set the /proc callback
```

Synopsis

```
void mca_set_adapter_procfn (int slot, MCA_ProcFn procfn, void* dev);
```

Arguments

```
slot
slot to configure

procfn
callback function to call for /proc

dev
device information passed to the callback
```

Description

This sets up an information callback for /proc/mca/slot?. The function is called with the buffer, slot, and device pointer (or some equally informative context information, or nothing, if you prefer), and is expected to put useful information into the buffer. The adapter name, ID, and POS registers get printed before this is called though, so don't do it again.

This should be called with a NULL *procfn* when a module unregisters, thus preventing kernel crashes and other such nastiness.

mca_is_adapter_used

```
Name mca_is_adapter_used — check if claimed by driver
```

Synopsis

```
int mca_is_adapter_used (int slot);
```

Arguments

```
slot
```

slot to check

Description

Returns 1 if the slot has been claimed by a driver

mca_mark_as_used

Name mca_mark_as_used — claim an MCA device

Synopsis

```
int mca_mark_as_used (int slot);
```

Arguments

slot

slot to claim

FIXME

should we make this threadsafe

Claim an MCA slot for a device driver. If the slot is already taken the function returns 1, if it is not taken it is claimed and 0 is returned.

mca_mark_as_unused

Name mca_mark_as_unused — release an MCA device

Synopsis

```
void mca_mark_as_unused (int slot);
```

Arguments

```
slot
```

slot to claim

Description

Release the slot for other drives to use.

mca_get_adapter_name

Name mca_get_adapter_name — get the adapter description

Synopsis

```
char * mca_get_adapter_name (int slot);
```

Arguments

```
slot
```

slot to query

Description

Return the adapter description if set. If it has not been set or the slot is out range then return NULL.

mca_isadapter

Name mca_isadapter — check if the slot holds an adapter

Synopsis

```
int mca_isadapter (int slot);
```

Arguments

```
slot slot to query
```

Description

Returns zero if the slot does not hold an adapter, non zero if it does.

mca_isenabled

Name mca_isenabled — check if the slot holds an adapter

Synopsis

```
int mca_isenabled (int slot);
```

Arguments

slot

slot to query

Description

Returns a non zero value if the slot holds an enabled adapter and zero for any other case.

Chapter 4. DMA Functions Provided

mca_enable_dma

Name mca_enable_dma — channel to enable DMA on

Synopsis

void mca_enable_dma (unsigned int dmanr);

Arguments

dmanr

DMA channel

Description

Enable the MCA bus DMA on a channel. This can be called from IRQ context.

mca_disable_dma

Name mca_disable_dma — channel to disable DMA on

Synopsis

void mca_disable_dma (unsigned int dmanr);

Arguments

dmanr

DMA channel

Description

Enable the MCA bus DMA on a channel. This can be called from IRQ context.

mca_set_dma_addr

```
Name mca_set_dma_addr — load a 24bit DMA address
```

Synopsis

```
void mca_set_dma_addr (unsigned int dmanr, unsigned int a);
```

Arguments

```
dmanr
```

DMA channel

а

24bit bus address

Description

Load the address register in the DMA controller. This has a 24bit limitation (16Mb).

mca_get_dma_addr

Name mca_get_dma_addr — load a 24bit DMA address

Synopsis

```
unsigned int mca_get_dma_addr (unsigned int dmanr);
```

Arguments

dmanr

DMA channel

Description

Read the address register in the DMA controller. This has a 24bit limitation (16Mb). The return is a bus address.

mca_set_dma_count

Name mca_set_dma_count — load a 16bit transfer count

Synopsis

```
void mca_set_dma_count (unsigned int dmanr, unsigned int count);
```

Arguments

```
dmanr
```

DMA channel

count

count

Description

Set the DMA count for this channel. This can be up to 64Kbytes. Setting a count of zero will not do what you expect.

mca_get_dma_residue

Name mca_get_dma_residue — get the remaining bytes to transfer

Synopsis

```
unsigned int mca_get_dma_residue (unsigned int dmanr);
```

Arguments

dmanr

DMA channel

Description

This function returns the number of bytes left to transfer on this DMA channel.

mca_set_dma_io

Name mca_set_dma_io — set the port for an I/O transfer

Synopsis

```
void mca_set_dma_io (unsigned int dmanr, unsigned int io_addr);
```

Arguments

```
dmanr

DMA channel

io_addr

an I/O port number
```

Description

Unlike the ISA bus DMA controllers the DMA on MCA bus can transfer with an I/O port target.

mca_set_dma_mode

```
\textbf{Name} \ \texttt{mca\_set\_dma\_mode} - \text{set the DMA mode}
```

Synopsis

```
void mca_set_dma_mode (unsigned int dmanr, unsigned int mode);
```

Arguments

dmanr

DMA channel

mode

mode to set

Description

The DMA controller supports several modes. The mode values you can

set are

 ${\tt MCA_DMA_MODE_READ}$ when reading from the DMA device.

MCA_DMA_MODE_WRITE to writing to the DMA device.

 ${\tt MCA_DMA_MODE_IO}$ to do DMA to or from an I/O port.

MCA_DMA_MODE_16 to do 16bit transfers.